ASSEMBLY, No. 2002

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman HERB CONAWAY, JR.
District 7 (Burlington)
Assemblywoman ANGELICA M. JIMENEZ
District 32 (Bergen and Hudson)
Assemblyman STERLEY S. STANLEY
District 18 (Middlesex)
Senator NELLIE POU

SYNOPSIS

Requires State registrar to permit county surrogate to provide certified copy of death certificate to authorized person under certain circumstances.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

District 35 (Bergen and Passaic)

As reported by the Assembly Health Committee with technical review.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 11/21/2022)

AN ACT concerning death certificates and amending R.S.26:8-24 and P.L.2003, c.221.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. R.S.26:8-24 is amended to read as follows:
- 26:8-24. The State registrar shall:
- a. Have general supervision throughout the State of the registration of vital records;
 - b. Have supervisory power over local registrars, deputy local registrars, alternate deputy local registrars, and subregistrars, in the enforcement of the law relative to the disposal of dead bodies and the registration of vital records;
- c. Prepare, print, and supply to all registrars, upon request therefor, all blanks and forms used in registering the records required by said law, and provide for and prescribe the use of the NJ-EDRS or any successor vital reporting system. The blanks and forms supplied under this subsection, and any electronic blanks and forms that are used in the NJ-EDRS, shall require the person registering a birth or death record, at a minimum, to provide the same information as is required by the National Center for Vital Health Statistics in its standardized U.S. certificates of live birth, death, and fetal death. No blanks, forms, or methods of registration shall be used, other than those that satisfy the requirements of this subsection, and which are supplied or approved by the State registrar;
 - d. Carefully examine the certificates or electronic files received periodically from the local registrars or originating from their jurisdiction; and, if any are incomplete or unsatisfactory, require such further information to be supplied as may be necessary to make the record complete and satisfactory;
 - e. Arrange or bind, and permanently preserve the certificates of vital records, or the information comprising those records, in a systematic manner and in a form that is deemed most consistent with contemporary and developing standards of vital statistical archival record keeping;
 - f. Prepare and maintain a comprehensive and continuous index of all vital records registered, the index to be arranged alphabetically:
 - 1. In the case of deaths, by the name of the decedent;
- 42 2. In the case of births, by the name of child, if given, and if 43 not, then by the name of father or mother;
- 3. In the case of marriages, by the surname of the husband and also by the maiden name of the wife;

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- 1 4. In the case of civil unions, by the surname of each of the parties to the civil union;
 - 5. In the case of domestic partnerships, by the surname of each of the partners;
 - g. Mark the birth certificate of a missing child when notified by the Missing Persons Unit in the Department of Law and Public Safety pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1995, c.395 (C.52:17B-9.8c);
 - h. Develop and provide to local registrars an education and training program, which the State registrar may require each local registrar to complete as a condition of retaining that position, and which may be offered to deputy local registrars, alternate deputy local registrars and subregistrars at the discretion of the State registrar, that includes material designed to implement the NJ-EDRS and to familiarize local registrars with the statutory requirements applicable to their duties and any rules and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, as deemed appropriate by the State registrar;
 - i. Facilitate the electronic notification, upon completion of the death record and issuance of a burial permit, of the decedent's name, Social Security number and last known address to the Department of Labor and Workforce Development and the Department of Human Services to safeguard public benefit programs and diminish the criminal use of a decedent's name and other identifying information; [and]
 - j. Facilitate the provision of relevant statistical data on maternal deaths to the Maternal Mortality Review Committee, in accordance with the provisions of section 12 of P.L.2019, c.75 (C.26:6C-12); and
 - k. Permit, upon the request of a county surrogate on behalf of an authorized person as identified pursuant to section 24 of P.L.2003, c.221 (C.26:8-59.1), a county surrogate to have real-time access, and facilitate a county surrogate's access, to the necessary vital statistics records in order for the county surrogate to provide a certified copy of a death certificate to the authorized person, who shall be otherwise engaged in receiving services provided by the requesting county surrogate.

(cf: P.L.2019, c.75, s.13)

- 39 2. Section 24 of P.L.2003, c.221 (C.26:8-59.1) is amended to 40 read as follows:
- 24. a. Persons authorized to obtain and receive a certification or certified copy of a death certificate from a local registrar, deputy registrar, alternate deputy registrar, subregistrar, county surrogate office, or an incorporated political subdivision comprising a registration district, shall include those individuals who establish themselves as one of the following: the parent, legal guardian or other legal representative of the subject of that record; the subject's spouse, child, grandchild or sibling, if of legal age, or the subject's

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- 1 legal representative; an agency of State or federal government for 2 official purposes; a person possessing an order of a court of 3 competent jurisdiction; or a person who is authorized under other 4 emergent circumstances as determined by the commissioner. For 5 the purposes of this section, any employee of a mortuary registered pursuant to P.L.1952, c.340 (C.45:7-32 et seq.), or a funeral director 6 7 licensed pursuant to that act who is affiliated with a registered 8 mortuary, if the mortuary was recorded on the original certificate of 9 death, shall be construed to be the subject's legal representative and 10 entitled to obtain full and complete copies of death certificates or 11 certifications thereof.
 - b. Any fee charged, by a local registrar, deputy registrar, alternate deputy registrar, subregistrar, county surrogate office, or an incorporated political subdivision comprising a registration district, to a funeral home as the legal representative for a person in securing a certified copy of a death certificate shall be in the form of a debit against the account of the funeral home and a credit to the applicable political subdivision within the NJ-EDRS.
- 19 (cf: P.L.2003, c.221, s.24)

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3. The Commissioner of Health shall adopt rules and regulations in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C52:14B-1 et seq.) as necessary to implement the provisions of this act.

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4. This act shall take effect immediately.