

LEGISLATIVE FISCAL ESTIMATE

[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 4164

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

DATED: JUNE 29, 2023

SUMMARY

Synopsis: Establishes fringe benefit rate for State colleges and universities.

Type of Impact: Annual impact on State revenues.

Agencies Affected: State colleges and universities; Department of the Treasury.

Office of Legislative Services Estimate

Annual Fiscal Impact	
State Revenue Impact	Indeterminate

- The Office of Legislative Services (OLS) finds that this bill will affect fringe benefit recoveries from the State colleges and universities, which are recorded as general State revenues.
- Given that the bill does not provide the specific manner in which a new fringe benefit rate for the State colleges and universities would be calculated, the impact on State revenues is indeterminate.
- Currently, the State funds the employer share of fringe benefits for public employees at the State's colleges and universities. The number of employees for which the State pays the employer share of fringe benefit costs is determined in the annual appropriations act by each college or university's number of State-funded positions. The colleges or universities reimburse the State for the fringe benefit costs of employees beyond the number authorized in the annual appropriations act, whether funded from State or non-State sources.

BILL DESCRIPTION

This bill directs the Department of the Treasury to establish a separate fringe rate for the State's colleges and universities that reflects the actual cost of employee fringe benefits. The separate fringe rate would be applied to all federal, dedicated, and non-State funded programs.

FISCAL ANALYSIS

EXECUTIVE BRANCH

None received.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE SERVICES

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Current Fringe Benefit Recovery Practice

Currently, the State funds the employer share of fringe benefits for public employees at the State's senior public colleges and universities. The State senior public colleges and universities that currently receive fringe benefit funding include: Rutgers, The State University; the New Jersey Institute of Technology; Rowan University; Montclair State University; Kean University; Thomas Edison State University; New Jersey City University; William Paterson University of New Jersey; The College of New Jersey; Ramapo College of New Jersey; and Stockton University. The fringe benefit costs that the State pays on behalf of these colleges and universities include retirement, social security, health and dental insurance contributions, workers' compensation, unemployment, survivors' and disability insurance.

The number of employees for which the State ultimately pays the employer share of fringe benefit costs for each of the colleges or universities is determined through language in the annual appropriations act that sets each college or university's number of State-funded positions. All employee fringe benefits are initially funded by State funds. However, the colleges or universities reimburse the State for the fringe benefit costs of employees beyond the number authorized in the annual appropriations act, whether funded from State or non-State sources. The reimbursements made by the senior public colleges or universities to the State for fringe benefit costs beyond the costs for the number of State-funded positions authorized in the annual appropriations act are recorded as general State revenues.

Information from the Office of Management and Budget indicates that the total amount of fringe benefits paid by the State to the senior public institutions of higher education are as follows: \$981.9 million in FY 2022; an estimated \$1.0 billion in FY 2023; and a projected \$1.1 billion in FY 2024. According to the FY 2024 Governor's Budget, fringe benefit recoveries from State senior public colleges and universities, as well as University Hospital, totaled \$283.6 million in FY 2022, are estimated at \$308.6 million in FY 2023, and are projected at \$331.2 million in FY 2024. According to an Office of Management and Budget circular, the applicable fringe benefit rate for the State's senior public colleges and universities in FY 2023 is 60.8 percent of base salaries. The circular also establishes a separate rate for the employer's share of the Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) and Medicare taxes, which rate is 7.65 percent in 2023.

According to testimony received during the FY 2023 and FY 2024 budget processes, the State senior public colleges and universities reimburse the State at a fringe benefit rate that incorporates a blended average pension component reflecting the overall State workforce and not that of the colleges and universities. According to the testimony, the blended State average reflects a State workforce in which roughly two-thirds of the employees are enrolled in defined benefit retirement plans (primarily the Public Employees Retirement System) and one-third of the employees are

enrolled in less costly defined contribution retirement plans (primarily the Alternate Benefit Program). However, it is estimated that approximately 80 percent of the employee profile at the State senior public colleges and universities are enrolled in the Alternate Benefit Program while the remaining 20 percent are in the Public Employees Retirement System.

Section: State Government

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This legislative fiscal estimate has been produced by the Office of Legislative Services due to the failure of the Executive Branch to respond to our request for a fiscal note.

This fiscal estimate has been prepared pursuant to P.L.1980, c.67 (C.52:13B-6 et seq.).