# SENATE, No. 2461 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 9, 2022

Sponsored by: Senator ANDREW ZWICKER District 16 (Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex and Somerset)

SYNOPSIS

The "New Jersey Town Center Microgrid Pilot Program Act."

**CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT** As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning the provision of electric supply to critical 2 facilities through microgrids. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "New Jersey 8 Town Center Microgrid Pilot Program Act." 9 10 2. As used in this act: 11 "Board" means the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities or any 12 successor agency. 13 "Critical facilities" means buildings and facilities that are 14 essential for the delivery of vital services or protection of a 15 community. 16 "Department" means the New Jersey Department of 17 **Environmental Protection.** 18 "Developer" means an entity that enters into an agreement with a 19 pilot agency for the design, financing, construction, and operation, 20 or any combination thereof, of a supply of electrical power pursuant 21 to this act. 22 "Distributed energy resource" or "DER" means one or more 23 electric power generation, management, or storage technologies, 24 excluding diesel fuel technologies, located in a pilot agency, that is 25 capable of providing the standard energy needs of a building or 26 structure, or group of buildings or structures, if the normal source of 27 electricity is disrupted due to a power outage. "Division" means the Division of Local Government Services in 28 29 the Department of Community Affairs. 30 "Electrical distribution company" means a public utility, as that 31 term is defined in R.S.48:2-13, holding a franchise from the Board 32 of Public Utilities to provide electric distribution service, and 33 whose electrical distribution service territory includes the pilot 34 agency. 35 "Microgrid" means a group of interconnected electrical supply loads and distributed energy resources within clearly defined 36 37 electrical boundaries that acts as a single controllable entity with 38 respect to the grid. A microgrid can connect and disconnect from 39 the grid to enable it to operate in both grid-connected or island-40 mode. "Microgrid tariff" means a tariff approved by the board for the 41 purpose of facilitating the development and operation of a TCDER 42 Microgrid, and which tariff may provide waivers of law and rules, 43 44 and impose conditions which the board determines to be necessary 45 and appropriate to facilitate the development and operation of a 46 TCDER Microgrid. A microgrid tariff shall not be construed as 47 establishing a precedent with regard to any other tariff subject to 48 board approval.

"Offtaker" means a party purchasing energy and related products
 that are produced and delivered from a TCDER Microgrid.
 "Pilot agency" means a municipal, county, or State government
 entity that participated in the Board of Public Utilities' TCDER
 Microgrid Feasibility Study Program and was informed by the

6 board to have met the feasibility study program requirements.

"Power purchase agreement" means a contract, between a pilot
agency and a developer, for the supply of electrical power from a
distributed energy resource to critical facilities through a TCDER
Microgrid, which contract may reference a project agreement for
the development of a distributed energy resource.

"Project" means a TCDER Microgrid being developed by a pilotagency pursuant to this act.

"Project agreement" means a contract, between a pilot agency 14 15 and a developer, setting forth terms and conditions related to: the 16 scope and location of the project, ownership rights, rights-of-way 17 access, land leases, insurance and bonding, fees and taxes, 18 operation, financing, and related issues not included in the terms 19 and conditions of the power purchase agreement. A project 20 agreement may address the terms of a proposed microgrid tariff and may be conditioned on approval of the tariff. A project agreement 21 22 shall not relax or modify any applicable requirement for approval 23 under the "Municipal Land Use Law," P.L.1975, c.291 (C.40:55D-1 24 et seq.).

25 "Town Center Distributed Energy Resources Microgrid" or
26 "TCDER Microgrid" means critical facilities within the municipal
27 boundary of a pilot agency that are connected as a microgrid to one
28 or more distributed energy resources.

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30 3. a. Pursuant to the provisions of this act, and notwithstanding
31 the provisions of any other law, rule, or regulation to the contrary,
32 for the purpose of developing a Town Center Distributed Energy
33 Resources Microgrid to supply electrical power for critical
34 facilities, a pilot agency may enter into a project agreement and a
35 power purchase agreement with a developer.

b. A pilot agency and a developer may enter into a power
purchase agreement under this act for a term not to exceed 20 years,
subject to the review and approval of the Division of Local
Government Services and the Board of Public Utilities.

40 (1) The Division of Local Government Services shall have the
41 duty and power to review and approve financial matters and risks
42 presented by a power purchase agreement.

43 (2) The Board of Public Utilities shall have the duty and power44 to:

45 (a) review and approve electrical supply and distribution matters46 of a power purchase agreement;

(b) provide guidance concerning offtaker rates and fees that arenecessary for a proposed power purchase agreement; and

1 (c) adopt a microgrid tariff affecting an electrical distribution 2 company in order to facilitate the development of a project.

c. The board and the division shall each establish application
forms and processes for approvals under this act, however, the
board and the division may establish a joint application form and
process for approvals.

d. (1) The division shall assist a pilot agency in developing a
private agency's developer procurement process or request for
proposals to ensure that the process or proposals reflects the
necessary knowledge, experience, financial capacity, and expertise
to develop, construct, and operate an energy supply facility in New
Jersey.

(2) The board shall assist a pilot agency in evaluating provisions
of a proposed power purchase agreement and tariff, including but
not limited to, assistance in matters of energy pricing, maintenance,
termination of the agreement, removal of infrastructure, assignment
of contract, cybersecurity, liability insurance, electrical system
connection and interfaces, and system upgrades.

19 e. A pilot agency may submit to the division a request for a 20 waiver of specific provisions of law that are within the division's 21 jurisdiction. The division may grant a request for a waiver and may 22 adopt alternative provisions upon a finding of public need for the 23 project and general consistency with the applicable provisions of 24 law if the division determines that enforcing the requirements 25 sought to be waived are not necessary to protect the overall public 26 interest and may compromise the viability of the proposed project.

27 f. The board and the division may each take actions not 28 specifically authorized by this act that the board or division deems 29 reasonable, prudent, and necessary to accomplish the purposes of 30 this act if those actions are consistent with the purposes of this act 31 and address issues not specifically covered by this act. For the 32 purpose of this subsection, the purposes of this act are to encourage 33 energy efficiency, reliability, resiliency, sound technical 34 development and operation, while ensuring the fiscal integrity of 35 each pilot agency and developer with regard to a power purchase 36 agreement and project agreement.

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4. Notwithstanding the provisions of the "Local Public
Contracts Law," P.L.1971, c.198 (C.40A:11-1 et seq.), and of rules
and regulations promulgated thereunder to the contrary, a pilot
agency may solicit proposals for the development of a TCDER
Microgrid project, and enter into a project agreement and a power
purchase agreement in the following manner:

a. A pilot agency shall publish notice of the availability of
request for proposal documentation at least 30 days prior to the date
established for the submission of proposals in at least one
newspaper of general circulation in the jurisdiction or service area
of the pilot agency to be served under the terms of the proposed

agreements and by posting notice on the website of the pilot agency. A pilot agency shall promptly provide request for proposal documentation to any known prospective developers upon publication and to any others upon request. The request for proposals shall also be posted on the pilot agency's internet website

6 on a page normally used for advertisement of bids.

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7 b. A prospective developer may submit a proposal, which shall 8 include all the information required by the request for proposals. A 9 pilot agency may disqualify a prospective developer's proposal 10 from consideration if the prospective developer does not comply 11 with a requirement set forth in the request for proposals. A pilot 12 agency may hold an informational meeting to discuss a proposed project and answer questions so long as the meeting is open to all 13 14 prospective developers. A pilot agency may host an Internet website to answer questions submitted by prospective developers. 15

16 A pilot agency shall conduct a preliminary review of the c. 17 proposals received from prospective developers to determine which 18 proposals meet the minimum qualifications and standards. The 19 review of proposals shall be conducted in a manner that avoids 20 disclosure of the contents of a proposal to prospective developers 21 that submitted competing proposals. A pilot agency may conduct 22 discussions with a prospective developer that submitted a qualified 23 proposal for the purpose of clarifying information submitted in the 24 proposal. After completing a preliminary review of the proposals 25 submitted by prospective developers, a pilot agency may revise its 26 request for proposal documentation if the pilot agency 27 simultaneously provides notice of the revision to each prospective 28 developer that submitted a proposal and provides a uniform and 29 reasonable period of time within which a prospective developer that 30 submitted a proposal may submit a revised proposal to the pilot 31 agency.

32 d. (1) A pilot agency shall appoint the agency's purchasing 33 agent, legal counsel, engineer, administrator, or other qualified 34 person, to evaluate submitted proposals in accordance with the 35 methodology set forth in the request for proposals. The governing 36 body may create a committee to assist the evaluating appointee in 37 the effort. After completing the evaluation of submitted proposals, 38 the person appointed to evaluate proposals shall prepare a report 39 explaining the evaluations and making recommendations, which 40 may include recommending the award of a contract or contracts to a 41 prospective developer. The report shall list each prospective 42 developer and shall summarize each submitted proposal. The report 43 shall rank prospective developers in order of preference, and may 44 recommend the selection of a developer. If the report recommends 45 the selection of a developer, the report shall clearly state the reasons 46 for recommending selection of the prospective developer over other 47 prospective developers.

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1 (2) The pilot agency shall make the report available to the 2 public, and to each prospective developer that submitted a proposal, 3 at least 48 hours prior to announcing selection of a prospective 4 developer and entering into negotiations with the selected 5 prospective developer.

6 (3) After receipt and review of the report, and at least 48 hours 7 after making the report available to the public and each prospective 8 developer, the governing body of a pilot agency may, by resolution, 9 select a prospective developer and authorize the pilot agency to 10 enter into negotiations for a power purchase agreement with the 11 selected prospective developer. If the governing body selects a 12 prospective developer other than the highest ranked developer, the 13 governing body shall include an explanation for doing so in the 14 resolution.

(4) The governing body of a pilot agency may reject all
proposals for any of the reasons set forth in section 21 of P.L.1999,
c.440 (C.40A:11-13.2).

e. (1) A pilot agency shall negotiate a preliminary project
agreement and a preliminary power purchase agreement with the
selected prospective developer.

21 If a pilot agency is unable to negotiate satisfactory (2)preliminary agreements with the selected prospective developer, the 22 23 pilot agency may, by resolution, abandon negotiations with that 24 prospective developer and select the next-highest-ranked 25 The pilot agency shall notify each prospective developer. 26 prospective developer that submitted a proposal of the selection of 27 the next-highest-ranked prospective developer at least 48 hours 28 prior to commencing negotiations with the next-highest-ranked 29 prospective developer.

30 (3) A pilot agency, the selected prospective developer, and the 31 applicable electrical distribution company shall consult on issues 32 relevant to the development and operation of a proposed project, 33 and shall negotiate the provisions of a proposed microgrid tariff for 34 the purpose of enabling a proposed project to operate in a manner 35 consistent with sound distribution grid engineering, safety 36 requirements, economics, and cross-subsidy standards. An 37 electrical distribution company shall not unreasonably withhold its 38 agreement to a proposed microgrid tariff and shall negotiate in good 39 faith with the pilot agency and the selected prospective developer in 40 order to facilitate the proposed project. The terms and conditions of 41 the proposed microgrid tariff shall be contingent upon approval by 42 the board.

(a) If the pilot agency, the selected prospective developer, and
the applicable electrical distribution company agree to the
provisions of a proposed microgrid tariff, the electrical distribution
company shall submit the proposed microgrid tariff to the board for
the board's approval.

1 (b) If the pilot agency, the selected prospective developer, and 2 the applicable electrical distribution company cannot agree on all 3 necessary provisions of a proposed microgrid tariff, the electrical 4 distribution company shall provide the pilot agency and the selected 5 prospective developer a written statement setting forth each issue 6 necessary to be addressed in the tariff, indicating whether the 7 parties have agreed on each issue, and explaining the electrical 8 distribution company's recommendations on each issue of 9 In this instance, the application for review and disagreement. 10 approval of the proposed agreement, submitted pursuant to 11 subsection h. of this section, shall include the pilot agency's 12 recommendations and the selected prospective developer's 13 recommendations on each issue of disagreement together with the 14 electrical distribution company's written statement on the proposed microgrid tariff. As part of its action on the application, the board 15 16 shall consider the submitted recommendations on each issue of 17 disagreement and make a determination to resolve each issue.

(4) After satisfactory completion of negotiations with a
prospective developer, a pilot agency shall set forth in a written
document a summary of the terms and conditions of the proposed
agreements and shall, upon request, make this document available
to the public along with the proposed agreements.

23 Prior to entering into a project agreement and a power f. 24 purchase agreement with a prospective developer, a pilot agency 25 shall conduct a public hearing on the proposed agreements. The 26 pilot agency shall provide at least 14 days' prior notice of the public 27 hearing by publication in at least one newspaper of general 28 circulation in the jurisdiction or service area of the pilot agency to 29 be served under the terms of the proposed agreement and by posting 30 notice of the public hearing on the website of the pilot agency. The 31 publication shall include notice of the date, time and place of the public hearing, and provide notice of the place and times, or 32 33 Internet website at which, a member of the public may review the 34 proposed agreements.

35 g. A pilot agency shall produce a verbatim record of the public 36 hearing. The pilot agency shall prepare a written hearing report, 37 which shall include a copy of the proposed agreements, a copy of 38 the statement setting forth the pilot agency's reasons for selecting 39 the proposal, the verbatim record of the public hearing, written 40 statements submitted by interested parties, and a statement prepared 41 by the pilot agency summarizing the major issues raised at the 42 public hearing and the pilot agency 's specific responses to those 43 issues. The pilot agency shall make copies of the hearing report 44 available to interested parties upon their request.

h. (1) Upon at least 10 days' prior written notice provided after
the close of a public hearing on a proposed project agreement and a
proposed power purchase agreement, a pilot agency shall submit:

1 (a) an application for review of the proposed project agreement 2 and for review and approval of the proposed power purchase 3 agreement to the division;

(b) an application for review of the proposed project agreement 4 5 and for review and approval of the proposed power purchase agreement and proposed microgrid tariff to the board; and 6

7 a copy of each application to the Department of (c) 8 Environmental Protection for the department's review and 9 comment.

10 (2) A pilot agency shall submit initial applications within three 11 years of the effective date of this act.

12 The division, the board, and the department shall i (1)coordinate their reviews, insofar as practicable, and may engage in 13 discussions with each other and the pilot agency to address any 14 15 concerns. The

16 department shall provide any written comments to the division, the 17 board, and the pilot agency, for their consideration, no later than 45 18 days after the department's receipt of an application, or within 10 19 days of being notified by the division or board of their intent to act 20 on the application.

21 (2) Within 60 days of receipt of an application, the board and the division shall each approve, disapprove, or conditionally 22 23 The board and the division shall approve, the application. 24 disapprove an application unless it was initially submitted for 25 review within three years of the effective date of this act. If the 26 board or division does not approve, disapprove, or conditionally 27 approve an application within 60 days of receipt, the application 28 shall be deemed approved, unless the public agency agrees to an 29 extension of the period or the application was not submitted within 30 three years of the effective date of this act.

31 If the board or division conditionally approves an (3) 32 application, the board or division shall provide the pilot agency 33 suggested changes or language for a required revision to the 34 proposed agreement or tariff, in writing, inclusion of which would 35 enable the board or division to approve the proposed agreement or 36 tariff.

37 (a) If the board or division determines that the required revision 38 is substantial, the pilot agency shall hold a public hearing on the 39 revision. A substantial revision shall be a change that materially 40 changes the terms and conditions of the proposed agreement or 41 tariff. A pilot agency shall submit a proposed revision to the board, 42 the division, and the department at least 15 days prior to the date of 43 the public hearing.

44 (b) If the board or division determines that the required revision 45 is not substantial, the pilot agency shall submit the proposed 46 revision to the board and the division for approval and to the 47 department for review. The board and the division, at their next 48 public meetings held at least 15 days after submission of a proposed

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revision, shall either: approve the proposed revision, if it is found to
be consistent with the conditions set forth in the conditional
approval; or disapprove the proposed revision with a written
explanation as to why the revision is not consistent with the
conditions set forth in the conditional approval.

6 (4) In its review of an application, the board shall apply the 7 following criteria in determining whether to approve a proposed 8 power purchase agreement and microgrid tariff:

9 (a) The prospective developer has the financial capacity and 10 technical and administrative experience to ensure continuity of 11 service over the term of the agreement and tariff and that the 12 standards and requirements contained in the application documents 13 concerning the financial, technical and administrative capacity of 14 the prospective developer are necessary and sufficient to protect the 15 public interest.

16 (b) The terms of the proposed power purchase agreement and 17 microgrid tariff are not unreasonable. In determining whether the 18 terms of the proposed agreement and tariff are not unreasonable, the 19 board shall review the fees and charges to be charged or assessed 20 under the proposed agreement and tariff to determine that they are 21 reasonable to the pilot agency, taking into consideration all the 22 obligations to be undertaken by the prospective developer and all 23 the benefits to be obtained by the pilot agency. In making this 24 determination, the board shall not use the traditional rate-based rate 25 of return methodology, pursuant to the provisions of Title 48 of the 26 **Revised Statutes.** 

27 The franchise customers of a public utility are protected (c) 28 from the risks of the proposed power purchase agreement and are 29 not subsidizing the agreement. If a prospective developer is not a 30 public utility, the board shall ensure that the terms of the proposed 31 power purchase agreement address the risks the agreement imposes on all offtakers, and that users of electricity who are not part of the 32 33 TCDER microgrid are not subsidizing the agreement through 34 increased charges, rates, or fees.

(d) If a prospective developer is not an electrical distribution
company, the prospective developer shall not be subject to laws,
rules, and regulations applicable to regulated public utilities, except
for the terms and conditions set forth in the applicable microgrid
tariff.

40 (e) A microgrid tariff may include, but shall not be limited to,41 the following:

42 (i) provisions enabling a developer to cross electric public utility43 rights of way and construct distribution wires and facilities.

(ii) provisions enabling an electric public utility to recover costs
of switches and related costs of integrating microgrid generated
energy into their system.

47 (iii) provisions addressing the assessment of standby, access,48 and social benefit, market transition fees, rates, or charges.

1 (iv) provisions allowing an electric public utility to own and 2 maintain distribution wiring, switches, and other facilities that 3 connect to or touch their system.

4 (v) provisions ensuring that the cost of the added distribution 5 infrastructure is passed on to the customers of the TCDER Microgrid over the life of that infrastructure. 6

7 (vi) provisions that supersede other statutes and regulations, 8 upon the board's determination that it is necessary, appropriate, and 9 in the public interest to do so, in order to facilitate the success of 10 the proposed project and power purchase agreement.

11 (5) In its review of an application, the division shall apply the 12 following criteria in determining whether to approve a proposed 13 power purchase agreement:

14 (a) The terms of the proposed power purchase agreement do not materially impair the ability of the pilot agency to punctually pay 15 16 principal and interest due on its outstanding indebtedness and to 17 supply other essential public improvements and services.

18 (b) The power purchase agreement contains satisfactory 19 provisions addressing:

20 (i) The allocation of the risks of operating and maintaining the 21 microgrid.

22 (ii) The allocation of the financial risks of the power purchase 23 agreement.

24 (iii) The defaulting and termination of the agreement.

25 (iv) The requirements for the provision of a performance bond 26 by the developer, if so required by the pilot agency.

27 The division shall also review and specifically approve any 28 agreement provision pursuant to which a pilot agency may execute 29 a financing instrument for the purposes set forth in the agreement. 30 A bond authorization or other obligation that pledges the full faith 31 and credit of a pilot agency shall be subject to the approval of the 32 Local Finance Board.

33 (6) The board and the division shall assess, and the pilot agency 34 shall pay, a fee equal to the cost incurred by the board or division 35 for an analysis of an application by an independent person who has 36 expertise in the area of electric supply services if during the review 37 of an application the board or division determine that such an 38 analysis is required and a person with the required expertise is not 39 readily available from within any executive department of the State 40 government.

41 (7) If the pilot agency and the developer require amendments to 42 a power purchase agreement after approval of an application by the 43 board and division, the pilot agency shall submit proposed 44 amendments to the board and division for approval and to the 45 department for review. At the next public meeting of the board and 46 of the division convened at least 20 days after receipt of proposed 47 amendments, the board and the division shall determine whether the 48 proposed amendments are substantial. If the amendments are

1 substantial in nature, as determined by either the board or the 2 division, the pilot agency shall conduct a hearing on the proposed 3 revision. Within 45 days of the receipt of proposed amendments 4 that are not determined to be substantial, or within 60 days of the 5 receipt of an application for approval of proposed amendments that 6 are determined to be substantial, the board and division shall 7 approve or conditionally approve the amendments in accordance 8 with the applicable procedures established for approval of an 9 original agreement.

(8) Any requirement of this section that requires notice in
writing to prospective developers may be provided by email in lieu
of physical mail.

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5. a. Subject to the provisions of a microgrid tariff approved by the board pursuant to this act, and with the approval of the pilot agency, a developer chosen to supply energy under a power purchase agreement may sell and distribute energy to other critical facilities that are located within the municipal boundary of the pilot agency.

b. Pursuant to the "Uniform Shared Services and Consolidation
Act," sections 1 through 35 of P.L.2007, c.63 (C.40A:65-1 through
C.40A:65-35), a pilot agency may enter into a shared service
agreement with a local unit or units for the resale of electrical
power purchased under a power purchase agreement.

c. A pilot agency may enter into agreements with State or
federal entities and not-for profit health care organizations for the
resale of electrical power purchased under a power purchase
agreement.

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6. The board, in consultation with the division and the department, shall prepare and submit, not later than four years after the effective date of this act, to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature, a report describing the implementation of the "New Jersey Town Center Microgrid Pilot Program Act."

7. This act shall take effect immediately.

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### STATEMENT

This bill would establish the "New Jersey Town Center Microgrid Pilot Program Act," for the purpose of facilitating implementation of a program currently before the New Jersey Board of Public Utilities (BPU). The BPU initiated the Town Center Distributed Energy Resources (TCDER) Microgrid program after Superstorm Sandy in order to help New Jersey become more energy resilient, particularly with respect to critical facilities. A TCDER 1 Microgrid is a cluster of critical facilities within a municipal 2 boundary, which facilities may operate as shelter for the public 3 during and after an emergency event or provide services that are 4 essential to function during and after an emergency situation. A 5 microgrid connects critical facilities with distributed energy 6 resources, which can operate when the main electric grid suffers a 7 power outage.

8 During 2018, the BPUs "Phase I" TCDER Microgrid Feasibility 9 Study Incentive Program funded thirteen Feasibility Studies. During 10 2019, BPU informed twelve Feasibility Study applicants that their 11 studies met program requirements and that they were eligible to 12 apply for the "Phase II" TCDER Microgrid incentive program (one Feasibility Study applicant withdrew from the program). The BPU 13 14 limited eligibility to apply for the Phase II TCDER Microgrid 15 Incentive Program to those applicants who met the Feasibility Study 16 program requirements.

17 The Phase II TCDER Microgrid Incentive Program provides 18 funding, on a competitive basis, for the design of a TCDER 19 Microgrid, in order to help move projects towards the development 20 and construction phase. Phase II TCDER Microgrid Incentive 21 Program guidelines require applicants to certify that projects are legally permissible, i.e., that they conform to existing law, code, 22 23 and standing Board Orders. This bill establishes a framework to 24 enable program participants that are unable to move their projects 25 forward due to legal or statutory impediments to do so consistent 26 with this process. Those program participants, defined as "pilot 27 agencies" in the bill, are Atlantic City, Camden County and its 28 utilities authority, Galloway Township, Highland Park Borough, 29 Hoboken City, Hudson County, Middletown Township, Montclair 30 Township, Neptune Township, Paterson City, Trenton City 31 (together with the State Department of Treasury), and Woodbridge 32 Township.

33 Under the bill, a pilot agency may enter into a project agreement, 34 concerning the development of a TCDER Microgrid, and a power 35 purchase agreement, concerning the procurement of electrical 36 power supply for critical facilities. A pilot agency and a developer 37 may enter into a power purchase agreement, for a term not to 38 exceed 20 years, subject to the review and approval of the Division 39 of Local Government Services (DLGS) and the BPU. The DLGS 40 would have power to review and approve financial matters and risks 41 associated with a proposed power purchase agreement. The BPU 42 would have power to: review and approve electrical supply and 43 distribution matters for a proposed power purchase agreement; 44 provide guidance concerning offtaker rates and fees that are 45 necessary for a proposed power purchase agreement; and adopt 46 specifically authorized microgrid tariffs affecting the electrical 47 distribution company in order to facilitate the development of a 48 TCDER Microgrid project.

1 The bill sets forth a procurement process, outside of the "Local 2 Public Contracts Law," for a pilot agency to solicit a developer, 3 with whom it would enter into a project agreement and a power 4 purchase agreement. After completing a request for proposals 5 process, the bill authorizes a pilot agency to select a prospective 6 developer, by resolution, and to enter into negotiations for a power 7 purchase agreement with the selected developer.

8 A pilot agency that intends to enter into a project agreement and 9 a power purchase agreement with a developer must conduct a public 10 hearing on the proposed agreements. Within 30 days after the 11 public hearing, the pilot agency would submit:

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an application for review of the proposed project agreement • and for review and approval of the proposed power purchase agreement to the DLGS;

an application for review of the proposed project agreement and for review and approval of the proposed power purchase agreement and proposed microgrid tariff to the BPU; and

a copy of each application to the Department of ٠ Environmental Protection (DEP) for the department's review and comment.

21 A pilot agency must submit initial applications within three years 22 of the effective date of this bill.

23 The bill directs BPU and DLGS to specify application forms and 24 processes for a pilot agency to seek approvals under the bill. The 25 DLGS would assist pilot agencies in developing procurement processes and requests for proposals. The BPU would assist pilot 26 27 agencies in evaluating provisions of proposed power purchase 28 agreements and tariffs.

29 The bill would allow a pilot agency to submit to the DLGS a 30 request for a waiver of specific provisions of law that are within the division's jurisdiction. The division may grant a request for a 31 32 waiver and may adopt alternative provisions upon a finding of 33 public need for the project and general consistency with the applicable provisions of law, if the division determines that 34 35 enforcing the requirements sought to be waived: is not necessary to 36 protect the overall public interest and may compromise viability of 37 the proposed TCDER microgrid project.

38 The bill would empower the BPU and the DLGS to each take actions not specifically authorized under the bill which the board or 39 40 division deems reasonable, prudent, and necessary to accomplish 41 the bill's purposes if those actions are consistent with the bill's 42 purposes and address issues not specifically covered by the bill. 43 For this purpose, the bill specifies that the purposes of the bill are to 44 encourage energy efficiency, reliability, resiliency, sound technical 45 development and operation, while ensuring fiscal integrity of each 46 pilot agency and its power purchase or related agreements with a 47 TCDER microgrid developer.

1 The bill directs the DLGS, the BPU, and the DEP to coordinate 2 their reviews, insofar as practicable, and to engage in discussions 3 with each other and the pilot agency to address any concerns. 4 Within 60 days of receipt of an application, the board and the 5 division must each either approve, disapprove, or conditionally approve the application. The board and the division shall 6 7 disapprove an application unless it was initially submitted for 8 review within three years of the effective date of this act. If the 9 board or division does not approve, disapprove, or conditionally 10 approve an application within 60 days of receipt, the application 11 would be deemed approved, unless the public agency has agreed to 12 an extension of the review period or the application was not 13 submitted within three years of the effective date of this act.

14 If the board or division conditionally approve an application, the 15 board or division must provide the pilot agency suggested language 16 for a required revision to the proposed agreement or tariff, in 17 writing, inclusion of which would enable the board or division to 18 approve the proposed agreement or tariff. If the board or division 19 determines that the required revision is substantial, the pilot agency 20 must hold a public hearing on the revision. The bill provides that a 21 substantial revision would be a change that materially changes the 22 terms and conditions of the proposed agreement or tariff. If the 23 board or division determines that the required revision is not 24 substantial, the pilot agency must submit the proposed revision to 25 the board and the division for approval and to the department for 26 review. The board and the division would approve the proposed 27 revision, if it is found to be consistent with the conditions set forth 28 in the conditional approval, or disapprove the application with a 29 written explanation as to why the revision is not consistent with the 30 conditions set forth in the conditional approval.

The bill sets forth criteria that the BPU and the DLGS would apply when determining whether to approve a proposed power purchase agreement and tariff.

The bill directs BPU in consultation with the DLGS and the DEP, to prepare a report describing implementation of the bill, and submit the report to the Governor and to the Legislature within four years of the bill's effective date.