SENATE, No. 2423 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 221st LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 29, 2024

Sponsored by: Senator NELLIE POU District 35 (Bergen and Passaic) Senator ANGELA V. MCKNIGHT District 31 (Hudson)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Diegnan

SYNOPSIS

Renames Juvenile Justice Commission as Youth Justice Commission.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Law and Public Safety Committee with technical review.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/18/2024)

AN ACT renaming the Juvenile Justice Commission and amending 1 2 the various parts of the statutory law. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 1 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-20) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "New Jersey 10 Code of [Juvenile] Youth Justice." (cf: P.L.1982, c.77, s.1) 11 12 13 2. Section 3 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-22) is amended to 14 read as follows: 15 3. General definitions. As used in this act: "Juvenile" means an individual who is under the age of 18 16 a. 17 years. 18 b. "Adult" means an individual 18 years of age or older. 19 "Detention" means the temporary care of juveniles in c. 20 physically restricting facilities pending court disposition. 21 d. "Shelter care" means the temporary care of juveniles in 22 facilities without physical restriction pending court disposition. 23 "Commit" means to transfer legal custody to an institution. e. 24 f. "Guardian" means a person, other than a parent, to whom 25 legal custody of the child has been given by court order or who is 26 acting in the place of the parent or is responsible for the care and 27 welfare of the juvenile. 28 "Juvenile-family crisis" means behavior, conduct or a g. 29 condition of a juvenile, parent or guardian or other family member 30 which presents or results in (1) a serious threat to the well-being 31 and physical safety of a juvenile, or (2) a serious conflict between a 32 parent or guardian and a juvenile regarding rules of conduct which 33 has been manifested by repeated disregard for lawful parental 34 authority by a juvenile or misuse of lawful parental authority by a 35 parent or guardian, or (3) unauthorized absence by a juvenile for more than 24 hours from his home, or (4) a pattern of repeated 36 37 unauthorized absences from school by a juvenile subject to the 38 compulsory education provision of Title 18A of the New Jersey 39 Statutes, or (5) an act which if committed by an adult would 40 constitute prostitution in violation of N.J.S.2C:34-1 or any offense 41 which the juvenile alleges is related to the juvenile being a victim 42 of human trafficking. 43 "Repetitive disorderly persons offense" means the second or h. 44 more disorderly persons offense committed by a juvenile on at least

45 two separate occasions and at different times.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

1 "Court" means the Superior Court, Chancery Division, i. 2 Family Part unless a different meaning is plainly required. means the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 3 "Commission" i. 4 Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 5 (C.52:17B-170). 6 (cf: P.L.2011, c.195, s.2) 7 8 3. Section 1 of P.L.2015, c.89 (C.2A:4A-26.1) is amended to read 9 as follows: 10 1. a. A prosecutor seeking waiver of jurisdiction of a juvenile delinquency case by the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family 11 Part to an appropriate court and prosecuting authority without the 12 13 consent of the juvenile shall file a motion within 60 days after the receipt of the complaint, which time may be extended for good cause 14 15 shown. The motion shall be accompanied by a written statement of 16 reasons clearly setting forth the facts used in assessing all factors 17 contained in paragraph (3) of subsection c. of this section, together 18 with an explanation as to how evaluation of those facts support waiver 19 for each particular juvenile. 20 b. At a hearing, the court shall receive the evidence offered by the 21 State and by the juvenile. The State shall provide proof to satisfy the 22 requirements set forth in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection c. of this 23 section. The court also shall review whether the State considered the 24 factors set forth in paragraph (3) of subsection c. of this section. 25 c. Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, the 26 court shall waive jurisdiction of a juvenile delinquency case without 27 the juvenile's consent and shall refer the case to the appropriate court 28 and prosecuting authority having jurisdiction if: 29 (1) The juvenile was 15 years of age or older at the time of the 30 alleged delinquent act; and 31 (2) There is probable cause to believe that the juvenile committed 32 a delinquent act which if committed by an adult would constitute: 33 (a) criminal homicide, other than death by auto; 34 (b) strict liability for drug-induced deaths; 35 (c) first degree robbery; 36 (d) carjacking; 37 (e) aggravated sexual assault; 38 (f) sexual assault; (g) second degree aggravated assault; 39 40 (h) kidnapping; 41 (i) aggravated arson; 42 (j) possession of a firearm with a purpose to use it unlawfully 43 against the person of another under subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-4, or 44 possession of a firearm while committing or attempting to commit, 45 including the immediate flight therefrom, aggravated assault, 46 aggravated criminal sexual contact, burglary, or escape; 47 (k) a violation of N.J.S.2C:35-3 (Leader of a Narcotics Trafficking 48 Network);

1 (1) a violation of N.J.S.2C:35-4 (Maintaining and Operating a 2 CDS Production Facility); 3 (m)a violation of section 1 of P.L.1998, c.26 (C.2C:39-4.1) (Weapons Possession while Committing certain CDS Offenses); 4 5 (n) an attempt or conspiracy to commit any of the crimes 6 enumerated in subparagraphs (a) through (m) of this paragraph; or 7 (o) a crime committed at a time when the juvenile previously had 8 been sentenced and confined in an adult correctional facility. 9 (3) The court may deny a motion by the prosecutor to waive 10 jurisdiction of a juvenile delinquency case if it is clearly convinced that the prosecutor abused his discretion in considering the following 11 12 factors in deciding whether to seek a waiver: 13 (a) The nature and circumstances of the offense charged; 14 (b) Whether the offense was against a person or property, 15 allocating more weight for crimes against the person; (c) Degree of the juvenile's culpability; 16 17 (d) Age and maturity of the juvenile; 18 (e) Any classification that the juvenile is eligible for special education to the extent this information is provided to the prosecution 19 20 by the juvenile or by the court; 21 (f) Degree of criminal sophistication exhibited by the juvenile; 22 (g) Nature and extent of any prior history of delinquency of the 23 juvenile and dispositions imposed for those adjudications; 24 (h) If the juvenile previously served a custodial disposition in a 25 State juvenile facility operated by the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 26 Commission, and the response of the juvenile to the programs 27 provided at the facility to the extent this information is provided to the 28 prosecution by the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission; 29 (i) Current or prior involvement of the juvenile with child welfare 30 agencies; 31 (j) Evidence of mental health concerns, substance use disorder, or 32 emotional instability of the juvenile to the extent this information is 33 provided to the prosecution by the juvenile or by the court; and 34 (k) If there is an identifiable victim, the input of the victim or 35 victim's family. 36 The Attorney General may develop for dissemination to the county 37 prosecutors those guidelines or directives deemed necessary or 38 appropriate to ensure the uniform application of this section throughout the State. 39 40 d. An order waiving jurisdiction over a case and referring the case 41 to the appropriate court and prosecuting authority shall specify the 42 alleged act upon which the referral is based and all other delinquent 43 acts charged against the juvenile arising out of or related to the same 44 transaction. 45 e. Testimony of a juvenile at a hearing to determine referral under 46 this section shall not be admissible for any purpose in any subsequent 47 hearing to determine delinquency or guilt of any offense.

1 f. Upon waiver of jurisdiction and referral to the appropriate 2 court and prosecuting authority having jurisdiction:

3 (1) The case shall proceed as if it originated in that court and shall 4 be subject to the sentencing provisions available to that court; 5 provided, however, upon conviction for any offense which is subject to 6 waiver pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection c. of this section, there 7 shall be a presumption that the juvenile shall serve any custodial 8 sentence imposed in a State juvenile facility operated by the 9 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission until the juvenile reaches the 10 age of 21, except that:

(a) a juvenile who has not reached the age of 21 may, in the
discretion of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, be transferred
to the Department of Corrections in accordance with the plan
established pursuant to subsection e. of section 7 of P.L.1995, c.284
(C.52:17B-175) and regulations adopted pursuant to that section; and

(b) a juvenile who has reached or exceeds the age of 21 may
continue to serve a sentence in a State juvenile facility operated by the
[Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission in the discretion of the
[Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission and if the juvenile so consents;
otherwise the juvenile shall serve the remainder of the custodial
sentence in a State correctional facility;

(2) If a juvenile is not convicted of an offense set forth in
paragraph (2) of subsection c. of this section, a conviction for any
other offense shall be deemed a juvenile adjudication and be remanded
to the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part for disposition,
in accordance with the dispositional options available to that court and
all records related to the act of delinquency shall be subject to the
provisions of section 1 of P.L.1982, c.79 (C.2A:4A-60);

(3) With the consent of the defense and the prosecutor, at any point
in the proceedings subsequent to the decision ordering waiver the court
may remand to the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part if
it appears that:

(a) the interests of the public and the best interests of the juvenile
require access to programs or procedures uniquely available to that
court; and

(b) the interests of the public are no longer served by waiver.

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37 g. (1) The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, in consultation 38 with the Attorney General, shall establish a program to collect, record, 39 and analyze data regarding waiver of jurisdiction of a juvenile 40 delinquency case by the Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family 41 Part to an appropriate court and prosecuting authority. In furtherance 42 of this program, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall, in 43 cooperation with the Administrative Office of the Courts, Attorney 44 General, and county prosecutors, collect data related to the decision to 45 seek waiver of jurisdiction of a juvenile delinquency case, which shall 46 include but not be limited to data concerning:

47 (a) youth demographics, including age, gender, race, and ethnicity;

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1 (b) case characteristics, including the degree of the offense waived, 2 the degree of the offense convicted, and the final court resolution; 3 (c) case processing times; and 4 (d) waiver rates by race and ethnicity. 5 (2) The commission shall prepare and publish on its Internet 6 website biennial reports summarizing the data collected, recorded, and 7 analyzed pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection. 8 (3) The commission shall, pursuant to section 2 of P.L. 1991, 9 c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), biennially prepare and transmit to the Governor 10 and the Legislature the reports required in paragraph (2) of this 11 subsection, along with any recommendations the commission may 12 have for legislation concerning waiver of jurisdiction of juvenile 13 delinquency cases. 14 (cf: P.L.2023, c.177, s.1) 15 16 4. Section 18 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-37) is amended to 17 read as follows: 18. Place of detention or shelter. a. The [Juvenile] Youth 18 19 Justice Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, 20 c.284 (C.52:17B-170) shall specify the place where a juvenile may 21 be detained; and the Department of Children and Families shall 22 specify where a juvenile may be placed in shelter. 23 b. No juvenile shall be placed in detention or shelter care in 24 any place other than that specified by the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 25 Commission or Department of Children and Families as provided 26 in subsection a. c. A juvenile being held for a charge under this act or for a 27 violation of or contempt in connection with a violation of Title 39 28 29 of the Revised Statutes, chapter 7 of Title 12 of the Revised Statutes 30 or N.J.S.2C:33-13, including a juvenile who has reached the age of 31 18 years after being charged, shall not be placed in any prison, jail 32 or lockup nor detained in any police station, except that if no other 33 facility is reasonably available a juvenile may be held in a police 34 station in a place other than one designed for the detention of 35 prisoners and apart from any adult charged with or convicted of a 36 crime for a brief period if such holding is necessary to allow release 37 to his parent, guardian, other suitable person, or approved facility. 38 No juvenile shall be placed in a detention facility which has reached 39 its maximum population capacity, as designated by the [Juvenile] 40 Youth Justice Commission. 41 No juvenile charged with delinquency shall be transferred to d. 42 an adult county jail solely by reason of having reached age 18. The 43 following standards shall apply to any juvenile who has been placed 44 on probation pursuant to section 24 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-43) 45 and who violates the conditions of that probation after reaching the 46 age of 18; who has been placed on parole pursuant to the provisions 47 of the "Parole Act of 1979," P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.45 et seq.) 48 and who violates the conditions of that parole after reaching the age

of 18; or who is arrested after reaching the age of 18 on a warrant
 emanating from the commission of an act of juvenile delinquency:

3 (1) In the case of a person 18 years of age but less than 20 years 4 of age, the court, upon application by any interested party, shall 5 determine the place of detention, taking into consideration the age 6 and maturity of the person, whether the placement of the person in a 7 juvenile detention facility would present a risk to the safety of 8 juveniles residing at the facility, the likelihood that the person 9 would influence in a negative manner juveniles incarcerated at the 10 facility, whether the facility has sufficient space available for 11 juveniles and any other factor the court deems appropriate. Upon 12 application at any time by the juvenile detention facility administrator or any other interested party, the court may order that 13 14 the person be relocated to the county jail. The denial of an 15 application shall not preclude subsequent applications based on a 16 change in circumstances or information that was not previously 17 made available to the court. The determination of the place of 18 detention shall be made in a summary manner;

19 (2) In the case of a person 20 years of age or older, the person20 shall be incarcerated in the county jail unless good cause is shown.

e. (1) The **[**Juvenile**]** <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission and the Department of Children and Families shall promulgate such rules and regulations from time to time as deemed necessary to establish minimum physical facility and program standards for juvenile detention facilities or shelters under their respective supervision.

(2) The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission and the
Department of Children and Families, in consultation with the
appropriate county administrator of the county facility or shelter,
shall assign a maximum population capacity for each juvenile
detention facility or shelter based on minimum standards for these
facilities.

f. (1) Where either the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission or the Department of Children and Families determines that a juvenile detention facility or shelter under its control or authority is regularly over the maximum population capacity or is in willful and continuous disregard of the minimum standards for these facilities or shelters, the commission or department may restrict new admissions to the facility or shelter.

39 (2) Upon making such determination, the commission or department shall notify the governing body of the appropriate 40 41 county of its decision to impose such a restriction, which 42 notification shall include a written statement specifying the reasons 43 therefor and corrections to be made. If the commission or 44 department shall determine that no appropriate action has been 45 initiated by the administrator of the facility or shelter within 60 46 days following such notification to correct the violations specified 47 in the notification, it shall order that such juvenile detention facility 48 or shelter shall immediately cease to admit juveniles. The county

shall be entitled to a hearing where such a restriction is imposed by
 the commission or department.

3 (3) Any juvenile detention facility or shelter so restricted shall
4 continue under such order until such time as the commission or
5 department determines that the violation specified in the notice has
6 been corrected or that the facility or shelter has initiated actions
7 which will ensure the correction of said violations.

8 (4) Upon the issuance of an order to cease admissions to a 9 juvenile detention facility or shelter, the commission or department 10 shall determine whether other juvenile detention facilities or 11 shelters have adequate room for admitting juveniles and shall assign 12 the juveniles to the facilities or shelters on the basis of available 13 space; provided that the department shall not assign the juvenile to 14 a facility or shelter where such facility or shelter is at the maximum 15 population. A juvenile detention facility or shelter ordered to 16 accept a juvenile shall do so within five days following the receipt 17 of an order to accept admission of such juvenile.

(5) A juvenile detention facility or shelter restricted by an order
to cease admissions shall assume responsibility for the
transportation of a juvenile sent to another juvenile detention
facility or shelter so long as the order shall remain in effect.

(6) A facility or shelter receiving juveniles pursuant to 22 23 paragraph (4) of this subsection shall receive from the sending 24 county a reasonable and appropriate per diem allowance for each 25 juvenile sent to the facility, such allowance to be used for the 26 custody, care, maintenance, and any other services normally 27 provided by the county to juveniles in the facility or shelter and 28 which reflects all county expenditures in maintaining such juvenile, 29 including a proportionate share of all buildings and grounds costs, 30 personnel costs, including fringe benefits, administrative costs and 31 all other direct and indirect costs.

(7) The governing body of a county whose juvenile detention
facility or shelter has been prohibited from accepting new
admissions, and whose juveniles have been assigned to other
juvenile detention facilities or shelters, shall appropriate an amount
to pay the county receiving such juveniles for all expenses incurred
pursuant to paragraph (6) of this subsection.

- 38 (cf: P.L.2006, c.47, s.16)
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40 5. Section 23 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-42) is amended to 41 read as follows:

42 23. Predispositional evaluation. a. Before making a disposition,
43 the court may refer the juvenile to an appropriate individual, agency
44 or institution for examination and evaluation.

b. In arriving at a disposition, the court may also consult with
such individuals and agencies as may be appropriate to the
juvenile's situation, including the county probation division, the
Department of Children and Families, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice

Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284
 (C.52:17B-170), the county youth services commission, school
 personnel, clergy, law enforcement authorities, family members and
 other interested and knowledgeable parties. In so doing, the court
 may convene a predispositional conference to discuss and
 recommend disposition.
 c. (1) The predisposition report ordered pursuant to the Rules of

c. (1) The predisposition report ordered pursuant to the Rules of 8 Court may include a statement by the victim of the offense for 9 which the juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent or by the nearest 10 relative of a homicide victim. The statement may include the nature 11 and extent of any physical harm or psychological or emotional harm 12 or trauma suffered by the victim, the extent of any loss to include 13 loss of earnings or ability to work suffered by the victim and the effect of the crime upon the victim's family. The probation division 14 15 shall notify the victim or nearest relative of a homicide victim of his 16 right to make a statement for inclusion in the predisposition report 17 if the victim or relative so desires. Any statement shall be made 18 within 20 days of notification by the probation division. The report shall further include information on the financial resources of the 19 20 juvenile. This information shall be made available on request to the 21 Victims of Crime Compensation [Board] Office established pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-3) or to any 22 23 officer authorized under section 3 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:46-4) to 24 collect payment of an assessment, restitution or fine.

(2) Any predisposition report prepared pursuant to this sectionshall include:

(a) an analysis of the circumstances attending the commission ofthe act;

(b) the impact of the offense on the community;

(c) the offender's history of delinquency or criminality;

31 (d) the offender's family situation;

32 (e) the offender's financial resources;

(f) the financial resources of the juvenile's parent or guardian;

34 (g) the information concerning the parent or guardian's exercise35 of supervision and control relevant to commission of the act; and

(h) in any case where the juvenile is charged with an act which
if committed by an adult would constitute prostitution in violation
of N.J.S.2C:34-1 or any offense which the juvenile alleges is related
to the juvenile being a victim of human trafficking, the
predisposition report may include any information relevant to the
commission of the act.

Information concerning financial resources included in the report
shall be made available to any officer authorized to collect payment
on any assessment, restitution or fine.

45 (cf: P.L.2011, c.195, s.3)

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47 6. Section 24 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-43) is amended to 48 read as follows:

S2423 POU, MCKNIGHT

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24. Disposition of delinquency cases. a. In determining the
 appropriate disposition for a juvenile adjudicated delinquent the
 court shall weigh the following factors:

(1) The nature and circumstances of the offense;

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5 (2) The degree of injury to persons or damage to property 6 caused by the juvenile's offense;

7 (3) The juvenile's age, previous record, prior social service8 received, and out-of-home placement history;

9 (4) Whether the disposition supports family strength, 10 responsibility, and unity and the well-being and physical safety of 11 the juvenile;

12 (5) Whether the disposition provides for reasonable 13 participation by the child's parent, guardian, or custodian, provided, 14 however, that the failure of a parent or parents to cooperate in the 15 disposition shall not be weighed against the juvenile in arriving at 16 an appropriate disposition;

(6) Whether the disposition recognizes and treats the unique
physical, psychological, and social characteristics and needs of the
child;

20 (7) Whether the disposition contributes to the developmental
21 needs of the child, including the academic and social needs of the
22 child where the child has intellectual disabilities or learning
23 disabilities;

(8) Any other circumstances related to the offense and thejuvenile's social history as deemed appropriate by the court;

26 (9) The impact of the offense on the victim or victims;

27 (10) The impact of the offense on the community; and

(11) The threat to the safety of the public or any individualposed by the child.

b. If a juvenile is adjudged delinquent, and except to the extent
that an additional specific disposition is required pursuant to this
section, the court, in accordance with subsection i. of section 2 of
P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-21), may order incarceration pursuant to
section 25 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-44) or the court may order
any one or more of the following dispositions:

36 (1) Adjourn formal entry of disposition of the case for a period
37 not to exceed 12 months for the purpose of determining whether the
38 juvenile makes a satisfactory adjustment, and if during the period of
39 continuance the juvenile makes such an adjustment, dismiss the
40 complaint;

41 (2) Release the juvenile to the supervision of the juvenile's42 parent or guardian;

(3) Place the juvenile on probation to the chief probation officer
of the county or to any other suitable person who agrees to accept
the duty of probation supervision for a period not to exceed three
years upon such written conditions as the court deems will aid
rehabilitation of the juvenile;

1 (4) Transfer custody of the juvenile to any relative or other 2 person determined by the court to be qualified to care for the 3 juvenile;

4 (5) Place the juvenile under the care and responsibility of the 5 Department of Children and Families so that the commissioner may 6 designate a division or organizational unit in the department 7 pursuant to P.L.1951, c.138 (C.30:4C-1 et seq.) for the purpose of 8 providing services in or out of the home. Within 14 days, unless for 9 good cause shown, but not later than 30 days, the Department of 10 Children and Families shall submit to the court a service plan, 11 which shall be presumed valid, detailing the specifics of any 12 disposition order. The plan shall be developed within the limits of fiscal and other resources available to the department. If the court 13 14 determines that the service plan is inappropriate, given existing 15 resources, the department may request a hearing on that 16 determination;

(6) Place the juvenile under the care and custody of the
Commissioner of Children and Families for the purpose of
receiving the services of the Division of Children's System of Care
of that department, provided that the juvenile has been determined
to be eligible for those services under P.L.1965, c.59, s.16
(C.30:4-25.4);

(7) Commit the juvenile, pursuant to applicable laws and the
Rules of Court governing civil commitment, to the Department of
Children and Families under the responsibility of the Division of
Children's System of Care for the purpose of placement in a suitable
public or private hospital or other residential facility for the
treatment of persons who are mentally ill, on the ground that the
juvenile is in need of involuntary commitment;

(8) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.363)

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31 (9) Order the juvenile to make restitution to a person or entity 32 who has suffered loss resulting from personal injuries or damage to 33 property as a result of the offense for which the juvenile has been 34 adjudicated delinquent. The court may determine the reasonable 35 amount, terms, and conditions of restitution. If the juvenile 36 participated in the offense with other persons, the participants shall 37 be jointly and severally responsible for the payment of restitution. The court shall not require a juvenile to make full or partial 38 39 restitution if the juvenile reasonably satisfies the court that the 40 juvenile does not have the means to make restitution and could not 41 reasonably acquire the means to pay restitution;

(10) Order that the juvenile perform community services under
the supervision of a probation division or other agency or individual
deemed appropriate by the court. Such services shall be
compulsory and reasonable in terms of nature and duration. Such
services may be performed without compensation, provided that any
money earned by the juvenile from the performance of community

services may be applied towards any payment of restitution or fine
 which the court has ordered the juvenile to pay;

(11) Order that the juvenile participate in work programs which
are designed to provide job skills and specific employment training
to enhance the employability of job participants. Such programs
may be without compensation, provided that any money earned by
the juvenile from participation in a work program may be applied
towards any payment of restitution or fine which the court has
ordered the juvenile to pay;

(12) Order that the juvenile participate in programs emphasizing
self-reliance, such as intensive outdoor programs teaching survival
skills, including but not limited to camping, hiking, and other
appropriate activities;

(13) Order that the juvenile participate in a program of academic
or vocational education or counseling, such as a youth service
bureau, requiring attendance at sessions designed to afford access to
opportunities for normal growth and development. This may
require attendance after school, evenings, and weekends;

(14) Place the juvenile in a suitable residential or nonresidential
program for the treatment of alcohol or narcotic abuse, provided
that the juvenile has been determined to be in need of such services;

22 (15) Order the parent or guardian of the juvenile to participate in 23 appropriate programs or services when the court has found either 24 that such person's omission or conduct was a significant 25 contributing factor towards the commission of the delinquent act, 26 or, under its authority to enforce litigant's rights, that such person's 27 omission or conduct has been a significant contributing factor 28 towards the ineffective implementation of a court order previously 29 entered in relation to the juvenile;

30 (16) (a) Place the juvenile in a nonresidential program operated
31 by a public or private agency, providing intensive services to
32 juveniles for specified hours, which may include education,
33 counseling to the juvenile and the juvenile's family if appropriate,
34 vocational training, employment counseling, work, or other
35 services;

(b) Place the juvenile under the custody of the [Juvenile] Youth
Justice Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995,
c.284 (C.52:17B-170) for placement with any private group home
or private residential facility with which the commission has
entered into a purchase of service contract;

41 (17) Instead of or in addition to any disposition made according 42 to this section, the court may postpone, suspend, or revoke for a 43 period not to exceed two years the driver's license, registration 44 certificate, or both of any juvenile who used a motor vehicle in the 45 course of committing an act for which the juvenile was adjudicated 46 delinquent. In imposing this disposition and in deciding the duration 47 of the postponement, suspension, or revocation, the court shall 48 consider the circumstances of the act for which the juvenile was

adjudicated delinquent and the potential effect of the loss of driving
 privileges on the juvenile's ability to be rehabilitated. Any
 postponement, suspension, or revocation shall be imposed
 consecutively with any custodial commitment;

5 (18) Order that the juvenile satisfy any other conditions 6 reasonably related to the rehabilitation of the juvenile;

7 (19) Order a parent or guardian who has failed or neglected to 8 exercise reasonable supervision or control of a juvenile who has 9 been adjudicated delinquent to make restitution to any person or 10 entity who has suffered a loss as a result of that offense. The court 11 may determine the reasonable amount, terms, and conditions of 12 restitution; or

(20) Place the juvenile, if eligible, in an appropriate juvenile
offender program established pursuant to P.L.1997, c.81 (C.30:8-61
et al.).

16 c. (1) If the county in which the juvenile has been adjudicated 17 delinquent has a juvenile detention facility meeting the physical and 18 program standards established pursuant to this subsection by the 19 [Juvenile] <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission, the court may, in addition to 20 any of the dispositions not involving placement out of the home 21 enumerated in this section, incarcerate the juvenile in the youth 22 detention facility in that county for a term not to exceed 60 23 consecutive days. The decision by the court to incarcerate a 24 juvenile shall be made in accordance with subsection i. of section 2 25 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-21). Counties which do not operate 26 their own juvenile detention facilities may contract for the use of 27 approved commitment programs with counties with which they 28 have established agreements for the use of pre-disposition juvenile 29 detention facilities. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission 30 shall promulgate such rules and regulations from time to time as 31 deemed necessary to establish minimum physical facility and 32 program standards for the use of juvenile detention facilities 33 pursuant to this subsection.

34 (2) A juvenile shall not be incarcerated in any county detention 35 facility unless the county has entered into an agreement with the 36 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission concerning the use of the 37 facility for sentenced juveniles. Upon agreement with the county, 38 the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall certify detention 39 facilities which may receive juveniles sentenced pursuant to this 40 subsection and shall specify the capacity of the facility that may be 41 made available to receive such juveniles; provided, however, that in 42 no event shall the number of juveniles incarcerated pursuant to this 43 subsection exceed [50%] 50 percent of the maximum capacity of 44 the facility.

45 (3) The court may fix a term of incarceration under this
46 subsection that is in accordance with subsection i. of section 2 of
47 P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-21) and:

(a) The act for which the juvenile was adjudicated delinquent, if
 committed by an adult, would have constituted a crime or repetitive
 disorderly persons offense;

(b) Incarceration of the juvenile is consistent with the goals of
public safety, accountability, and rehabilitation and the court is
clearly convinced that the aggravating factors substantially
outweigh the mitigating factors as set forth in section 25 of
P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-44); and

9 (c) The detention facility has been certified for admission of 10 adjudicated juveniles pursuant to paragraph (2).

(4) If as a result of incarceration of adjudicated juveniles
pursuant to this subsection, a county is required to transport a
predisposition juvenile to a juvenile detention facility in another
county, the costs of such transportation shall be borne by the
[Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission.

d. Whenever the court imposes a disposition upon an 16 17 adjudicated delinquent which requires the juvenile to perform a 18 community service, restitution, or to participate in any other 19 program provided for in this section other than subsection c., the 20 duration of the juvenile's mandatory participation in such 21 alternative programs shall extend for a period consistent with the 22 program goal for the juvenile and shall in no event exceed one year 23 beyond the maximum duration permissible for the delinquent if the 24 juvenile had been committed to a term of incarceration.

e. In addition to any disposition the court may impose pursuant to this section or section 25 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-44), the following orders shall be included in dispositions of the adjudications set forth below:

(1) An order to perform community service pursuant to 29 30 paragraph (10) of subsection b. of this section for a period of at 31 least 60 days, if the juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent for an 32 act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute the crime of 33 theft of a motor vehicle, or the crime of unlawful taking of a motor 34 vehicle in violation of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:20-10, or the third 35 degree crime of eluding in violation of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2; and 36

37 (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.363)

(3) An order to perform community service pursuant to
paragraph (10) of subsection b. of this section for a period of at
least 30 days, if the juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent for an
act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute the fourth
degree crime of unlawful taking of a motor vehicle in violation of
subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:20-10.

44 (4) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.363)

45 f. (1) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.363)

46 (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.363)

47 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2019, c.363)

1 Whenever the court imposes a disposition upon an g. 2 adjudicated delinquent which requires the juvenile to perform a 3 community service, restitution, or to participate in any other program provided for in this section, the order shall include 4 5 provisions which provide balanced attention to the protection of the 6 community, accountability for offenses committed, fostering 7 interaction and dialogue between the offender, victim, and 8 community and the development of competencies to enable the 9 child to become a responsible and productive member of the 10 community.

11 (cf: P.L.2021, c.342, s.1)

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13 7. Section 8 of P.L.1996, c.115 (C.2A:4A-43.4) is amended to 14 read as follows:

15 8. a. In addition to any other disposition made pursuant to law, 16 a court shall order a juvenile charged with delinquency or 17 adjudicated delinquent for an act which, if committed by an adult 18 would constitute a crime, a disorderly persons offense or a petty 19 disorderly persons offense, to submit to an approved serological test 20 for acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) or infection with 21 the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any other related virus 22 identified as a probable causative agent of AIDS if:

(1) in the course of the commission of the act, including the
immediate flight thereafter or during any investigation or arrest
related to that act, a law enforcement officer, the victim or other
person suffered a prick from a hypodermic needle, provided there is
probable cause to believe that the juvenile is an intravenous user of
controlled dangerous substances; or

(2) in the course of the commission of the act, including the
immediate flight thereafter or during any investigation or arrest
related to that act, a law enforcement officer, the victim or other
person had contact with the juvenile which involved or was likely to
involve the transmission of bodily fluids.

34 The court may order a juvenile to submit to an approved 35 serological test for AIDS or infection with the HIV or any other related virus identified as a probable causative agent of AIDS if in 36 37 the course of the performance of any other law enforcement duties, 38 a law enforcement officer suffers a prick from a hypodermic needle, 39 provided that there is probable cause to believe that the defendant is 40 an intravenous user of controlled dangerous substances, or had 41 contact with the defendant which involved or was likely to involve 42 the transmission of bodily fluids. The court shall issue such an 43 order only upon the request of the law enforcement officer, victim 44 of the offense or other affected person made at the time of 45 indictment, charge or conviction. If a county prosecutor declines to 46 make such an application within 72 hours of being requested to do 47 so by the law enforcement officer, the law enforcement officer may 48 appeal to the Division of Criminal Justice in the Department of Law

and Public Safety for that officer to bring the application. The
 juvenile shall be ordered by the court to submit to such repeat or
 confirmatory tests as may be medically necessary.

4 b. A court order issued pursuant to subsection a. of this section 5 shall require testing to be performed as soon as practicable by the 6 Executive Director of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission 7 pursuant to authority granted to the executive director by sections 6 8 and 10 of P.L.1976, c.98 (C.30:1B-6 and 30:1B-10) or by a provider 9 of health care or at a health care facility licensed pursuant to section 10 12 of P.L.1971, c.136 (C.26:2H-12). The order shall also require 11 that the results of the test be reported to the offender, the appropriate Office of Victim-Witness Advocacy if a victim of an 12 13 offense is tested, and the affected law enforcement officer. Upon 14 receipt of the result of a test ordered pursuant to subsection a. of 15 this section, the Office of Victim-Witness Advocacy shall provide 16 the victim with appropriate counseling, referral for counseling and 17 if appropriate, referral for health care. The office shall notify the 18 victim or make appropriate arrangements for the victim to be 19 notified of the test result.

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c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2021, c.342)

21 d. The result of a test ordered pursuant to subsection a. of this 22 section shall be confidential and health care providers and 23 employees of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, the Office 24 of Victim-Witness Advocacy, a health care facility or counseling 25 service shall not disclose the result of a test performed pursuant to 26 this section except as authorized herein or as otherwise authorized 27 by law or court order. The provisions of this section shall not be deemed to prohibit disclosure of a test result to the person tested. 28

e. Persons who perform tests ordered pursuant to subsection a.
of this section in accordance with accepted medical standards for
the performance of such tests shall be immune from civil and
criminal liability arising from their conduct.

f. This section shall not be construed to preclude or limit any
other testing for AIDS or infection with the HIV or any other
related virus identified as a probable causative agent of AIDS which
is otherwise permitted by statute, court rule or common law.

37 (cf: P.L.2021, c.342, s.2)

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39 8. Section 25 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-44) is amended to read40 as follows:

25. Incarceration--Aggravating and mitigating factors

a. (1) In determining whether incarceration is an appropriate
disposition and in addition to the considerations set forth in subsection
i. of section 2 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-21), the court shall consider
the following aggravating circumstances:

46 (a) The fact that the nature and circumstances of the act, and the
47 role of the juvenile therein, was committed in an especially heinous,
48 cruel, or depraved manner;

1 (b) The fact that there was grave and serious harm inflicted on the 2 victim and that based upon the juvenile's age or mental capacity the 3 juvenile knew or reasonably should have known that the victim was 4 particularly vulnerable or incapable of resistance due to advanced age, 5 disability, ill-health, or extreme youth, or was for any other reason 6 substantially incapable; 7 (c) The character and attitude of the juvenile indicate that the 8 juvenile is likely to commit another delinquent or criminal act; 9 (d) The juvenile's prior record and the seriousness of any acts for 10 which the juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent; 11 (e) The fact that the juvenile committed the act pursuant to an 12 agreement that the juvenile either pay or be paid for the commission of 13 the act and that the pecuniary incentive was beyond that inherent in the 14 act itself; 15 (f) The fact that the juvenile committed the act against a 16 policeman or other law enforcement officer, correctional employee or 17 fireman, acting in the performance of his duties while in uniform or 18 exhibiting evidence of his authority, or the juvenile committed the act 19 because of the status of the victim as a public servant; 20 (g) The need for deterring the juvenile and others from violating 21 the law; 22 (h) The fact that the juvenile knowingly conspired with others as 23 an organizer, supervisor, or manager to commit continuing criminal 24 activity in concert with two or more persons and the circumstances of 25 the crime show that he has knowingly devoted himself to criminal 26 activity as part of an ongoing business activity; 27 (i) The fact that the juvenile on two separate occasions was 28 adjudged a delinquent on the basis of acts which if committed by an adult would constitute crimes; 29 30 (j) The impact of the offense on the victim or victims; 31 (k) The impact of the offense on the community; and 32 (l) The threat to the safety of the public or any individual posed by 33 the child. 34 (2) In determining whether incarceration is an appropriate disposition the court shall consider the following mitigating 35 36 circumstances: 37 (a) The child is under the age of 14; 38 (b) The juvenile's conduct neither caused nor threatened serious 39 harm: 40 (c) The juvenile did not contemplate that the juvenile's conduct 41 would cause or threaten serious harm; 42 (d) The juvenile acted under a strong provocation; 43 (e) There were substantial grounds tending to excuse or justify the 44 juvenile's conduct, though failing to establish a defense; 45 (f) The victim of the juvenile's conduct induced or facilitated its 46 commission;

S2423 POU, MCKNIGHT

18

(g) The juvenile has compensated or will compensate the victim
 for the damage or injury that the victim has sustained, or will
 participate in a program of community service;

4 (h) The juvenile has no history of prior delinquency or criminal
5 activity or has led a law-abiding life for a substantial period of time
6 before the commission of the present act;

7 (i) The juvenile's conduct was the result of circumstances unlikely8 to recur;

9 (j) The character and attitude of the juvenile indicate that the 10 juvenile is unlikely to commit another delinquent or criminal act;

11 (k) The juvenile is particularly likely to respond affirmatively to12 noncustodial treatment;

(1) The separation of the juvenile from the juvenile's family by
incarceration of the juvenile would entail excessive hardship to the
juvenile or the juvenile's family;

16 (m)The willingness of the juvenile to cooperate with law17 enforcement authorities;

(n) The conduct of the juvenile was substantially influenced byanother person more mature than the juvenile.

b. (1) There shall be a presumption of nonincarceration for any
crime or offense of the fourth degree or less committed by a juvenile
who has not previously been adjudicated delinquent or convicted of a
crime or offense.

(2) Where incarceration is imposed, the court and a panel
comprised of at least two members of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice
Commission designated by the executive director and a member of the
State Parole Board designated by the chairman shall consider the
juvenile's eligibility for release pursuant to the provisions of
subsection d. of this section.

30 c. The following juveniles shall not be committed to a State31 juvenile facility:

32 (1) Juveniles age 11 or under unless adjudicated delinquent for the
33 crime of arson or a crime which, if committed by an adult, would be a
34 crime of the first or second degree; and

35 (2) Juveniles who are developmentally disabled as defined in
36 paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 3 of P.L.1977, c.82 (C.30:6D37 3).

38 d. (1) When the court determines that, based on the consideration 39 of all the factors set forth in subsection a., the juvenile shall be 40 incarcerated, unless it orders the incarceration pursuant to subsection 41 c. of section 24 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-43), it shall state on the 42 record the reasons for imposing incarceration, including any findings 43 with regard to these factors, and commit the juvenile to the custody of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission which shall provide for the 44 juvenile's placement in a suitable juvenile facility pursuant to the 45 46 conditions set forth in this subsection and for terms not to exceed the 47 maximum terms as provided herein for what would constitute the 48 following crimes if committed by an adult:

S2423 POU, MCKNIGHT 19

1	(a) Murder under 2C:11-3a(1) or (2)	20 years
2	(b) Murder under 2C:11-3a(3)	10 years
3	(c) Crime of the first degree, except murder	4 years
4	(d) Crime of the second degree	3 years
5	(e) Crime of the third degree	2 years
6	(f) Crime of the fourth degree	1 year
7	(g) Disorderly persons offense	6 months

8 (2) The period of confinement shall continue until the panel 9 established pursuant to subsection b. of this section determines that the 10 person is eligible for early release on parole or until expiration of the 11 term of confinement, whichever shall occur first; except that in no case 12 shall the period of confinement and parole exceed the maximum 13 provided by law for the offense. A juvenile shall be granted early 14 release on parole when it appears that the juvenile has made 15 substantial progress toward positive behavioral adjustment and 16 rehabilitative goals articulated by the panel established pursuant to 17 subsection b. of this section to the juvenile. However, if a juvenile is 18 approved for parole by the panel established pursuant to subsection b. 19 of this section prior to serving one-third of any term imposed for any 20 crime of the first, second, or third degree, including any extended term 21 imposed pursuant to paragraph (3) or (4) of this subsection, or one-22 fourth of any term imposed for any other crime the granting of parole 23 shall be subject to approval of the sentencing court. Prior to approving 24 parole, the court shall give the prosecuting attorney notice and an 25 opportunity to be heard. If the court denies the parole of a juvenile 26 pursuant to this paragraph it shall state its reasons in writing and notify 27 the panel established pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the 28 juvenile, and the juvenile's attorney. The court shall have 30 days from 29 the date of notice of the pending parole to exercise the power granted 30 under this paragraph. If the court does not respond within that time 31 period, the parole will be deemed approved.

32 The panel established pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall 33 determine at the time of release the conditions of parole, which shall 34 be appropriately tailored to the needs of each juvenile. Any conditions 35 imposed at the time of release or modified thereafter as a graduated 36 intervention in lieu of initiating parole revocation proceedings shall 37 constitute the least restrictive alternatives necessary to promote the 38 successful return of the juvenile to the community. The juvenile shall 39 not be required to enter or complete a residential community release 40 program, residential treatment program, or other out-of-home 41 placement as a condition of parole unless it is determined that the 42 condition is necessary to protect the safety of the juvenile.

43 Any juvenile committed under P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-20 et 44 seq.) who is released on parole prior to the expiration of the juvenile's 45 maximum term may be retained under parole supervision for a period 46 not exceeding the unserved portion of the term. The panel established 47 pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the juvenile, the juvenile's 48 attorney, the juvenile's parent or guardian or, with leave of the court

any other interested party, may make a motion to the court, with notice
to the prosecuting attorney, for the return of the juvenile from a
juvenile facility prior to the juvenile's parole and provide for an
alternative disposition which would not exceed the duration of the
original time to be served in the facility.

6 (3) Upon application by the prosecutor, the court may sentence a 7 juvenile who has been convicted of a crime of the first, second, or 8 third degree if committed by an adult, to an extended term of 9 incarceration beyond the maximum set forth in paragraph (1) of this 10 subsection, if it finds that the juvenile was previously adjudged 11 delinquent on at least two separate occasions, for offenses which, if 12 committed by an adult, would constitute a crime of the first or second 13 degree. The extended term shall not exceed five additional years for an 14 act which would constitute murder and shall not exceed three 15 additional years for all other crimes of the first degree and shall not 16 exceed two additional years for a crime of the second degree, if 17 committed by an adult, and one additional year for a crime of the third 18 degree, if committed by an adult.

19 (4) Upon application by the prosecutor, when a juvenile is before 20 the court at one time for disposition of three or more unrelated 21 offenses which, if committed by an adult, would constitute crimes of 22 the first, second or third degree and which are not part of the same 23 transaction, the court may sentence the juvenile to an extended term of 24 incarceration not to exceed the maximum of the permissible term for 25 the most serious offense for which the juvenile has been adjudicated 26 plus two additional years.

27 (5) The panel established pursuant to subsection b. of this section 28 may impose a term of post-incarceration supervision following the 29 juvenile's release from custody only if it is deemed necessary to 30 effectuate the juvenile's rehabilitation and reintegration into society. 31 Post-incarceration supervision shall not exceed six months, except the term may be extended for an additional six months if the panel 32 33 established pursuant to subsection b. of this section deems 34 continuation of the post-incarceration supervision necessary to 35 effectuate the juvenile's rehabilitation and reintegration into society. 36 Post-incarceration supervision shall not exceed one year. Post-37 incarceration supervision shall not be imposed on any juvenile who 38 has completed a period of parole supervision of six months or more. 39 The term of post-incarceration supervision shall commence on the date 40 of the expiration of the juvenile's maximum sentence. During the term 41 of post-incarceration supervision the juvenile shall remain in the 42 community and in the legal custody of the commission. The juvenile 43 shall not be required to enter or complete a residential community 44 release program, residential treatment program, or other out-of-home 45 placement as a condition of post-incarceration supervision. A term of 46 post-incarceration supervision imposed pursuant to this paragraph may 47 be terminated by the panel established pursuant to subsection b. of this 48 section or court if the juvenile has made a satisfactory adjustment in

the community while under supervision and if continued supervision is
 not required.

3 (6) The commission shall review the case of each juvenile
4 sentenced to a term of commitment with the commission at least every
5 three months and submit a status report to the court, the prosecutor,
6 and the counsel for the juvenile. The commission's review and status
7 report shall include, but not be limited to:

(a) information on the treatment, care, and custody of the juvenile;

9 (b) whether the juvenile is receiving the mental health, substance 10 use disorder, educational, and other rehabilitative services necessary to 11 promote the juvenile's successful reintegration into the community;

(c) any incidents of violence involving the juvenile; and

13 (d) the juvenile's eligibility for parole.

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14 Counsel for the juvenile shall have the opportunity to respond to 15 the report required pursuant to this paragraph.

16 The commission shall continue to submit quarterly reports to the 17 court until the juvenile is paroled or released at the expiration of the 18 term of incarceration and shall resume the quarterly reviews if the 19 juvenile is returned to the custody of the commission. The court may 20 conduct a hearing at any time to determine whether commitment with 21 the commission continues to be appropriate pursuant to section 24 of 22 P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-43) and section 25 of P.L.1982, c.77 23 (C.2A:4A-44), and may release the juvenile or otherwise modify the 24 dispositional order. Nothing in this paragraph shall abrogate the 25 court's retention of jurisdiction pursuant to section 26 of P.L.1982, 26 c.77 (C.2A:4A-45).

27 e. If the panel established pursuant to subsection b. of this section 28 determines there is probable cause to believe that the juvenile has 29 seriously or persistently violated the terms and conditions of parole, 30 the commission shall conduct a hearing to determine if the juvenile's 31 parole should be revoked. The juvenile shall be represented by counsel at the hearing. The hearing shall be conducted by a hearing 32 33 officer who is licensed as an attorney-at-law in this State. The juvenile 34 shall not be incarcerated prior to the hearing unless the panel 35 established pursuant to subsection b. of this section determines by 36 objective and credible evidence that the juvenile poses an immediate 37 and substantial danger to public safety. If the juvenile is incarcerated 38 prior to the hearing, the hearing shall be held within 72 hours of the 39 juvenile's return to custody and a written decision made and 40 transmitted to the juvenile and the juvenile's counsel within 48 hours 41 of the hearing. Upon request of counsel for the juvenile, the hearing 42 officer shall adjourn the hearing for not more than 72 hours. 43 Subsequent adjournments may be granted upon request of the juvenile 44 and good cause shown.

The panel established pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall
not revoke the parole of a juvenile unless the hearing officer
determines, by clear and convincing evidence, that:

(1) the juvenile has seriously or persistently violated the conditions
 of parole;

3 (2) the juvenile poses a substantial danger to public safety and no 4 form of community-based supervision would alleviate that danger; and

5 (3) revocation is consistent with the provisions of section 2 of 6 P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-21).

The procedures and standards set forth in sections 15 through 21 of
P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.59 through C.30:4-123.65) shall apply to
juvenile parole revocation hearings, unless the procedures and
standards conflict with those set forth in this subsection.

Notwithstanding a determination that the juvenile violated a
condition of parole, the panel established pursuant to subsection b. of
this section may modify those conditions.

14 f. The panel established pursuant to subsection b. of this section 15 may relieve a juvenile of any parole conditions, and may permit a 16 parolee to reside outside the State pursuant to the provisions of the 17 Interstate Compact on Juveniles, P.L.1955, c.55 (C.9:23-1 to 9:23-4), 18 and after providing notice to the Attorney General, may consent to the 19 supervision of a parolee by the federal government pursuant to the 20 federal Witness Security Reform Act, Pub.L.98-473 (18 U.S.C. s.3521 21 et seq.). The panel established pursuant to subsection b. of this section 22 may revoke permission, except in the case of a juvenile under the 23 Witness Security Reform Act, or reinstate relieved parole conditions 24 for any period of time during which a juvenile is under its jurisdiction.

g. The commission shall promulgate rules and regulations
governing the commission's duties and responsibilities concerning
parole eligibility, supervision, and revocation.

28 h. The member of the State Parole Board who is designated by 29 the chairman to be on the panel established pursuant to subsection b. 30 of this section shall have experience in juvenile justice or have 31 successfully completed a juvenile justice training program to be established by the chairman. The training program shall be comprised 32 33 of seven hours of instruction including, but not limited to: emerging 34 scientific knowledge concerning adolescent development, particularly 35 adolescent brain function and how adolescent development relates to 36 incarcerated youth, the influence of peer relationships among 37 adolescents and peer contagion effects, and the effects of juvenile 38 crime on victims.

i. Any decision concerning parole made by the panel establishedpursuant to subsection b. of this section shall be unanimous.

41 (cf: P.L.2023, c.177, s.2)

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43 9. Section 1 of P.L.1992, c.211 (C.2A:4A-44.1) is amended to 44 read as follows:

1. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established
pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) may enter
into an agreement with any county concerning the use of that
county's juvenile detention facility for the housing of juveniles the

1 court has placed under the custody of the commission for placement 2 in State correctional facilities only if the county's juvenile detention 3 facility is not over its maximum rated capacity. 4 Unless the contract otherwise provides or the commission so 5 directs in order to provide for the secure and orderly operation of the facility, a juvenile placed in a county detention facility pursuant 6 7 to the provisions of this act shall not be segregated from the juveniles otherwise placed in the county detention facility or 8 9 excluded from any program or activity offered in that facility. 10 Any contract entered into pursuant to this section shall ensure 11 that educational, vocational, mental health, health and rehabilitative 12 services are provided to the juveniles and that these services are, at minimum, equivalent to those provided to adjudicated juveniles in 13 14 State-operated facilities. 15 (cf: P.L.1995, c.280, s.12) 16 17 10. Section 2 of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.2A:4A-44.2) is amended to 18 read as follows: 2. a. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, the 19 20 award of public health emergency credits pursuant to section 1 of 21 P.L.2020, c.111 (C.30:4-123.100) shall apply to any juvenile 22 serving a sentence in a State correctional facility operated by the 23 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission who due to the expiration of 24 the juvenile's term of commitment is scheduled to be released from 25 custody within 365 days. 26 b. Public health emergency credits shall not be awarded to any 27 juvenile serving a sentence in a State correctional facility operated 28 by the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission for: 29 (1) murder pursuant to N.J.S.2C:11-3; 30 (2) aggravated sexual assault pursuant to subsection a. of 31 N.J.S.2C:14-2; or 32 (3) any offense enumerated in N.J.S.2C:47-1 and who is deemed a repetitive, compulsive sex offender. 33 A juvenile who was serving a sentence in a State 34 c. 35 correctional facility operated by the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 36 Commission during the Public Health Emergency and State of 37 Emergency declared by the Governor in Executive Order 103 of 38 2020 concerning the coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic shall 39 receive public health emergency credits in accordance with section 40 1 of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.30:4-123.100). 41 d. A juvenile scheduled to be released from the custody of the 42 [Juvenile] <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission following an award of public 43 health emergency credits pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2020, c.111 44 (C.30:4-123.100) shall be released on the scheduled release date 45 based on the award of public health emergency credits. 46 e. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection d. of this 47 section, a juvenile scheduled to be released from the custody of the 48 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission following an award of public

1 health emergency credits pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2020, c.111 2 (C.30:4-123.100) whose scheduled release date is less than 45 days 3 after the effective date of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.30:4-123.100 et al.) 4 shall be released within 45 days after the effective date, in order to 5 allow the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission to devise and implement a release plan for the juvenile and arrange for services to 6 7 be provided to the juvenile upon release. 8 (2) A juvenile who is released from custody following an award 9 of public health emergency credits pursuant to this section shall be 10 prohibited from making contact with a victim as set forth in section 11 5 of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.30:4-123.103), which prohibition shall 12 remain in force until the time that the juvenile was scheduled to be 13 released prior to the award of public health emergency credits . 14 Prior to releasing a juvenile from the custody of the f. 15 [Juvenile] <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission following an award of public 16 health emergency credits pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.30:4-123.100), the Executive Director of the [Juvenile] Youth 17 18 Justice Commission shall: 19 (1) notify the juvenile in writing of the prohibition against 20 making contact with any victim of the crime for which the juvenile 21 was serving a sentence pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2020, c.111 22 (C.30:4-123.103); 23 (2) notify the juvenile that a violation of the prohibition against 24 contact with the victim is a crime of the fourth degree; and 25 (3) require the juvenile to acknowledge in writing the receipt of 26 the notifications provided pursuant to this subsection. 27 (cf: P.L.2020, c.111, s.2) 28 29 11. Section 6 of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.2A:4A-44.3) is amended to 30 read as follows: 31 6. a. The Executive Director of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall immediately identify any juvenile who is 32 33 scheduled to be released from the custody of the [Juvenile] Youth 34 Justice Commission within 365 days as a result of the award of 35 public health emergency credits pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2020, 36 c.111 (C.30:4-123.100). 37 b. Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, the 38 Executive Director of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission 39 shall provide notice to the prosecutor of the county in which the 40 juvenile was adjudicated delinquent or the Attorney General if the matter was prosecuted by the Attorney General. The notice shall 41 42 include: 43 (1) the name of any juvenile who, due to the expiration of the 44 juvenile's term of commitment, is scheduled to be released from the 45 custody of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission within 365 days as a result of the award of public health emergency credits; 46

1 (2) the date on which the juvenile is scheduled to be released 2 from custody based on the award of public health emergency 3 credits; and 4 (3) the date on which the juvenile was scheduled to be released 5 from custody prior to the award of public health emergency credits. 6 The Executive Director of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice c. Commission shall make available to the public on the Internet 7 8 website of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, in both 9 English and Spanish, information concerning: 10 (1) the procedures for filing an application for a restraining 11 order pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 12 1991," P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.); 13 (2) resources for victims of domestic violence; and 14 (3) procedures for filing with the court a petition to dissolve the 15 prohibition established pursuant to section 5 of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.30:4-123.103) prohibiting a juvenile from making contact with 16 17 any victim of the crime for which the juvenile was serving a 18 sentence. 19 (cf: P.L.2020, c.111, s.6) 20 21 12. Section 7 of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.2A:4A-44.4) is amended to 22 read as follows: 23 7. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, 24 upon receipt of notice from the Executive Director of the 25 [Juvenile] <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission that a juvenile is scheduled to be released from the custody of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 26 Commission within 365 days based on the award of public health 27 emergency credits pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.30:4-28 29 123.100), the prosecutor or Attorney General, prior to the juvenile's 30 scheduled release date, may: 31 use any reasonable means available to notify any identifiable a. 32 victim of the crime for which the juvenile is serving a sentence in a 33 State correctional facility operated by the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 34 Commission of the juvenile's scheduled release date; b. notify the identifiable victim that the law prohibits the 35 36 juvenile from having any contact with the victim unless a petition is 37 filed with the court to dissolve the prohibition in accordance with 38 the procedures established by the court; 39 notify the victim of the duration of the prohibition against c. 40 the juvenile having contact with the victim; 41 d. notify the victim of the penalties imposed for the juvenile's 42 violation of the prohibition against contact; 43 e. provide information to the victim concerning how a petition 44 may be filed with the court to dissolve the prohibition against the 45 juvenile having contact with the victim; and 46 provide information to the victim concerning the procedures f. 47 for filing an application for a restraining order pursuant to the "Prevention of Domestic Violence Act of 1991," P.L.1991, c.261 48

S2423 POU, MCKNIGHT

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1 (C.2C:25-17 et seq.), and resources for victims of domestic 2 violence. 3 (cf: P.L.2020, c.111, s.7) 4 5 13. Section 1 of P.L.1982, c.79 (C.2A:4A-60) is amended to 6 read as follows: 7 1. Disclosure of juvenile information; penalties for disclosure. 8 Social, medical, psychological, legal and other records of the a. 9 court and probation division, and records of law enforcement 10 agencies, pertaining to juveniles charged as a delinquent or found to be part of a juvenile-family crisis, shall be strictly safeguarded from 11 12 public inspection. Such records shall be made available only to: 13 (1) Any court or probation division; 14 (2) The Attorney General or county prosecutor; 15 (3) The parents or guardian and to the attorney of the juvenile; 16 (4) The Department of Human Services or Department of 17 Children and Families, if providing care or custody of the juvenile; 18 (5) Any institution or facility to which the juvenile is currently committed or in which the juvenile is placed; 19 20 (6) Any person or agency interested in a case or in the work of 21 the agency keeping the records, by order of the court for good cause 22 shown, except that information concerning adjudications of 23 delinquency, records of custodial confinement, payments owed on 24 assessments imposed pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, c.396 25 (C.2C:43-3.1) or restitution ordered following conviction of a crime 26 or adjudication of delinquency, and the juvenile's financial 27 resources, shall be made available upon request to the Victims of 28 Crime Compensation Agency established pursuant to section 2 of 29 P.L.2007, c.95 (C.52:4B-3.2), which shall keep such information 30 and records confidential; 31 (7) The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established 32 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170); 33 (8) Law enforcement agencies for the purpose of reviewing 34 applications for a permit to purchase a handgun or firearms 35 purchaser identification card; (9) Any potential party in a subsequent civil action for damages 36 37 related to an act of delinquency committed by a juvenile, including 38 the victim or a member of the victim's immediate family, regardless 39 of whether the action has been filed against the juvenile; provided, 40 however, that records available under this paragraph shall be 41 limited to official court documents, such as complaints, pleadings 42 and orders, and that such records may be disclosed by the recipient 43 only in connection with asserting legal claims or obtaining 44 indemnification on behalf of the victim or the victim's family and 45 otherwise shall be safeguarded from disclosure to other members of 46 the public. Any potential party in a civil action related to the 47 juvenile offense may file a motion with the civil trial judge seeking

to have the juvenile's social, medical or psychological records
 admitted into evidence in a civil proceeding for damages;

3 Any potential party in a subsequent civil action for (10)4 damages related to an act of delinquency committed by a juvenile, 5 including the victim or a member of the victim's immediate family, 6 regardless of whether the action has been filed against the juvenile; 7 provided, however, that records available under this paragraph shall 8 be limited to police or investigation reports concerning acts of 9 delinquency, which shall be disclosed by a law enforcement agency 10 only with the approval of the County Prosecutor's Office or the 11 Division of Criminal Justice. Prior to disclosure, all personal 12 information regarding all individuals, other than the requesting 13 party and the arresting or investigating officer, shall be redacted. 14 Such records may be disclosed by the recipient only in connection 15 with asserting legal claims or obtaining indemnification on behalf 16 of the victim or the victim's family, and otherwise shall be 17 safeguarded from disclosure to other members of the public;

(11) The Office of the Child Advocate established pursuant to
P.L.2005, c.155 (C.52:27EE-1 et al.). Disclosure of juvenile
information received by the child advocate pursuant to this
paragraph shall be in accordance with the provisions of section 76
of P.L.2005, c.155 (C.52:27EE-76);

23 (12) Law enforcement agencies with respect to information 24 available on the juvenile central registry maintained by the courts 25 pursuant to subsection g. of this section, including, but not limited 26 to: records of official court documents, such as complaints, 27 pleadings and orders for the purpose of obtaining juvenile arrest 28 information; juvenile disposition information; juvenile pretrial 29 information; and information concerning the probation status of a 30 juvenile; and

(13) A Court Appointed Special Advocate as defined in section
1 of P.L.2009, c.217 (C.2A:4A-92).

33 b. Records of law enforcement agencies may be disclosed for 34 law enforcement purposes, or for the purpose of reviewing applications for a permit to purchase a handgun or a firearms 35 36 purchaser identification card to any law enforcement agency of this 37 State, another state or the United States, and the identity of a juvenile under warrant for arrest for commission of an act that 38 39 would constitute a crime if committed by an adult may be disclosed 40 to the public when necessary to execution of the warrant.

c. At the time of charge, adjudication or disposition,
information as to the identity of a juvenile charged with an offense,
the offense charged, the adjudication and disposition shall, upon
request, be disclosed to:

45 (1) The victim or a member of the victim's immediate family;

46 (2) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2005, c.165).

47 (3) On a confidential basis, the principal of the school where the48 juvenile is enrolled for use by the principal and such members of

1 the staff and faculty of the school as the principal deems 2 appropriate for maintaining order, safety or discipline in the school 3 or to planning programs relevant to the juvenile's educational and 4 social development, provided that no record of such information 5 shall be maintained except as authorized by regulation of the Department of Education; or 6

7 (4) A party in a subsequent legal proceeding involving the 8 juvenile, upon approval by the court.

9 d. A law enforcement or prosecuting agency shall, at the time 10 of a charge, adjudication or disposition, send written notice to the 11 principal of the school where the juvenile is enrolled of the identity 12 of the juvenile charged, the offense charged, the adjudication and 13 the disposition if:

14 (1) The offense occurred on school property or a school bus, 15 occurred at a school-sponsored function or was committed against 16 an employee or official of the school; or

17 (2) The juvenile was taken into custody as a result of 18 information or evidence provided by school officials; or

(3) The offense, if committed by an adult, would constitute a 19 20 crime, and the offense:

21 (a) resulted in death or serious bodily injury or involved an 22 attempt or conspiracy to cause death or serious bodily injury; or

23 (b) involved the unlawful use or possession of a firearm or other 24 weapon; or

25 unlawful manufacture, (c) involved the distribution or 26 possession with intent to distribute a controlled dangerous 27 substance or controlled substance analog; or

(d) was committed by a juvenile who acted with a purpose to 28 29 intimidate an individual or group of individuals because of race, 30 color, religion, sexual orientation or ethnicity; or

(e) would be a crime of the first, second, or third degree.

32 Information provided to the principal pursuant to this subsection 33 shall be maintained by the school and shall be treated as 34 confidential but may be made available to such members of the staff 35 and faculty of the school as the principal deems appropriate for 36 maintaining order, safety or discipline in the school or for planning 37 programs relevant to a juvenile's educational and social 38 development.

39 e. Nothing in this section prohibits a law enforcement or 40 prosecuting agency from providing the principal of a school with 41 information identifying one or more juveniles who are under 42 investigation or have been taken into custody for commission of any 43 act that would constitute an offense if committed by an adult when 44 the law enforcement or prosecuting agency determines that the 45 information may be useful to the principal in maintaining order, 46 safety or discipline in the school or in planning programs relevant 47 to the juvenile's educational and social development. Information 48 provided to the principal pursuant to this subsection shall be treated

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1 as confidential but may be made available to such members of the 2 staff and faculty of the school as the principal deems appropriate for 3 maintaining order, safety or discipline in the school or for planning 4 programs relevant to the juvenile's educational and social 5 development. No information provided pursuant to this section 6 shall be maintained.

7 f. Information as to the identity of a juvenile adjudicated 8 delinquent, the offense, the adjudication and the disposition shall be 9 disclosed to the public where the offense for which the juvenile has 10 been adjudicated delinquent if committed by an adult, would 11 constitute a crime of the first, second or third degree, or aggravated 12 assault, destruction or damage to property to an extent of more than 13 \$500.00, unless upon application at the time of disposition the 14 juvenile demonstrates a substantial likelihood that specific and 15 extraordinary harm would result from such disclosure in the specific 16 case. Where the court finds that disclosure would be harmful to the 17 juvenile, the reasons therefor shall be stated on the record.

g. (1) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the establishment and
maintaining of a central registry of the records of law enforcement
agencies relating to juveniles for the purpose of exchange between
State and local law enforcement agencies and prosecutors of this
State, another state, or the United States. These records of law
enforcement agencies shall be available on a 24-hour basis.

(2) Certain information and records relating to juveniles in the
central registry maintained by the courts, as prescribed in paragraph
(12) of subsection a. of this section, shall be available to State and
local law enforcement agencies and prosecutors on a 24-hour basis.

h. Whoever, except as provided by law, knowingly discloses, publishes, receives, or makes use of or knowingly permits the unauthorized use of information concerning a particular juvenile derived from records listed in subsection a. or acquired in the course of court proceedings, probation, or police duties, shall, upon conviction thereof, be guilty of a disorderly persons offense.

i. Juvenile delinquency proceedings.

35 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, the 36 court may, upon application by the juvenile or his parent or 37 guardian, the prosecutor or any other interested party, including the 38 victim or complainant or members of the news media, permit public 39 attendance during any court proceeding at a delinquency case, 40 where it determines that a substantial likelihood that specific harm 41 to the juvenile would not result. The court shall have the authority 42 to limit and control attendance in any manner and to the extent it 43 deems appropriate;

(2) The court or, in cases where the county prosecutor has
entered an appearance, the county prosecutor shall notify the victim
or a member of the victim's immediate family of any court
proceeding involving the juvenile and the court shall permit the
attendance of the victim or family member at the proceeding except

1 when, prior to completing testimony as a witness, the victim or 2 family member is properly sequestered in accordance with the law 3 or the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of New Jersey or 4 when the juvenile or the juvenile's family member shows, by clear 5 and convincing evidence, that such attendance would result in a substantial likelihood that specific harm to the juvenile would result 6 7 from the attendance of the victim or a family member at a 8 proceeding or any portion of a proceeding and that such harm 9 substantially outweighs the interest of the victim or family member 10 to attend that portion of the proceeding; 11 (3) The court shall permit a victim, or a family member of a 12 victim to make a statement prior to ordering a disposition in any 13 delinquency proceeding involving an offense that would constitute a 14 crime if committed by an adult. 15 j. The Department of Education, in consultation with the 16 Attorney General, shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative 17 Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and 18 regulations concerning the creation, maintenance and disclosure of 19 pupil records including information acquired pursuant to this 20 section. 21 (cf: P.L.2009, c.217, s.2) 22 23 14. N.J.S.2C:4-11 is amended to read as follows: 24 2C:4-11. a. A person shall not be tried for or convicted of an 25 offense if: 26 (1) At the time of the conduct charged to constitute the offense 27 he was less than 14 years of age, in which case the family court 28 shall have exclusive jurisdiction unless pursuant to section 8 of the 29 "New Jersey Code of [Juvenile] Youth Justice" the juvenile has 30 demanded indictment and trial by jury; or 31 (2) At the time of the conduct charged to constitute the offense 32 he was 14, 15, 16 or 17 years of age, unless: 33 (a) The family court has no jurisdiction over him; 34 (b) The family court has, pursuant to section 7 of the "New 35 Jersey Code of [Juvenile] Youth Justice," entered an order waiving 36 jurisdiction and referring the case to the county prosecutor for the 37 institution of criminal proceedings against him; 38 (c) The juvenile has, pursuant to section 8 of the "New Jersey 39 Code of [Juvenile] Youth Justice," demanded indictment and trial 40 by jury. 41 b. No court shall have jurisdiction to try and convict a person of an offense if criminal proceedings against him are barred by 42 43 subsection a. of this section. When it appears that a person charged 44 with the commission of an offense may be of such an age that 45 proceedings may be barred under subsection a. of this section, the 46 court shall hold a hearing thereon, and the burden shall be on such 47 person to establish to the satisfaction of the court that the 48 proceeding is barred upon such grounds. If the court determines

S2423 POU, MCKNIGHT

31

1 that the proceeding is barred, custody of the person charged shall be 2 surrendered to the family court and the case, including all papers 3 and processes relating thereto shall be transferred. 4 (cf: P.L.1982, c.77, s.32) 5 6 15. Section 2 of P.L.1994, c.133 (C.2C:7-2) is amended to read 7 as follows: 8 2. a. (1) A person who has been convicted, adjudicated 9 delinquent or found not guilty by reason of insanity for commission 10 of a sex offense as defined in subsection b. of this section shall 11 register as provided in subsections c. and d. of this section. 12 (2) A person who in another jurisdiction is required to register as a sex offender and (a) is enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis 13 14 in any public or private educational institution in this State, 15 including any secondary school, trade or professional institution, 16 institution of higher education or other post-secondary school, or 17 (b) is employed or carries on a vocation in this State, on either a 18 full-time or a part-time basis, with or without compensation, for 19 more than 14 consecutive days or for an aggregate period exceeding 20 30 days in a calendar year, shall register in this State as provided in 21 subsections c. and d. of this section. 22 (3) A person who fails to register as required under this act shall 23 be guilty of a crime of the third degree. 24 b. For the purposes of this act a sex offense shall include the 25 following: 26 (1) Aggravated sexual assault, sexual assault, aggravated 27 criminal sexual contact, kidnapping pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:13-1 or an attempt to commit any of these 28 29 crimes if the court found that the offender's conduct was 30 characterized by a pattern of repetitive, compulsive behavior, 31 regardless of the date of the commission of the offense or the date 32 of conviction; 33 (2) A conviction, adjudication of delinquency, or acquittal by 34 reason of insanity for aggravated sexual assault; sexual assault; 35 aggravated criminal sexual contact; kidnapping pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:13-1; endangering the 36 37 welfare of a child by engaging in sexual conduct which would 38 impair or debauch the morals of the child pursuant to subsection a. 39 of N.J.S.2C:24-4; endangering the welfare of a child pursuant to 40 paragraph (3) or (4), subparagraph (a), or sub-subparagraph (i) or 41 (ii) of subparagraph (b) of paragraph (5) of subsection b. of 42 N.J.S.2C:24-4; luring or enticing pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1993, 43 c.291 (C.2C:13-6); criminal sexual contact pursuant to 44 N.J.S.2C:14-3b. if the victim is a minor; kidnapping pursuant to 45 N.J.S.2C:13-1, criminal restraint pursuant to N.J.S.2C:13-2, or false 46 imprisonment pursuant to N.J.S.2C:13-3 if the victim is a minor and 47 the offender is not the parent of the victim; knowingly promoting 48 prostitution of a child pursuant to paragraph (3) or paragraph (4) of

1 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:34-1; leader of a child pornography 2 network pursuant to section 8 of P.L.2017, c.141 (C.2C:24-4.1); or 3 an attempt to commit any of these enumerated offenses if the 4 conviction, adjudication of delinquency or acquittal by reason of 5 insanity is entered on or after the effective date of this act or the 6 offender is serving a sentence of incarceration, probation, parole or 7 other form of community supervision as a result of the offense or is 8 confined following acquittal by reason of insanity or as a result of 9 civil commitment on the effective date of this act;

10 (3) A conviction, adjudication of delinquency, or acquittal by 11 reason of insanity for an offense similar to any offense enumerated 12 in paragraph (2) or a sentence on the basis of criteria similar to the 13 criteria set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection entered or 14 imposed under the laws of the United States, this State, or another 15 state.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1), (2), or (3)
of this subsection, a sex offense shall not include an adjudication of
delinquency for endangering the welfare of a child pursuant to
paragraph (4) or (5) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:24-4, provided that
the actor demonstrates that:

(a) the facts of the case are limited to the creation, exhibition or
distribution of a photograph depicting nudity or portraying a child
in a sexually suggestive manner, as defined in N.J.S.2C:24-4,
through the use of an electronic communications device, an
interactive wireless communications device, or a computer;

(b) the creator and subject of the photograph are juveniles orwere juveniles at the time of its making; and

(c) the subject of the photograph whose nudity is depicted or
who is portrayed in a sexually suggestive manner, as the case may
be, knowingly consented to the making of the photograph.

c. A person required to register under the provisions of this act
shall do so on forms to be provided by the designated registering
agency as follows:

34 (1) A person who is required to register and who is under 35 supervision in the community on probation, parole, furlough, work 36 release, or a similar program, shall register at the time the person is 37 placed under supervision or no later than 120 days after the 38 effective date of this act, whichever is later, in accordance with 39 procedures established by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Human Services, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 40 Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 41 (C.52:17B-170) or the Administrative Office of the Courts, 42 43 whichever is responsible for supervision;

(2) A person confined in a correctional or juvenile facility or
involuntarily committed who is required to register shall register
prior to release in accordance with procedures established by the
Department of Corrections, the Department of Human Services or
the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission and, within 48 hours of

release, shall also register with the chief law enforcement officer of
 the municipality in which the person resides or, if the municipality
 does not have a local police force, the Superintendent of State
 Police;

5 (3) A person moving to or returning to this State from another 6 jurisdiction shall register with the chief law enforcement officer of 7 the municipality in which the person will reside or, if the 8 municipality does not have a local police force, the Superintendent 9 of State Police within 120 days of the effective date of this act or 10 10 days of first residing in or returning to a municipality in this State, 11 whichever is later;

(4) A person required to register on the basis of a conviction
prior to the effective date who is not confined or under supervision
on the effective date of this act shall register within 120 days of the
effective date of this act with the chief law enforcement officer of
the municipality in which the person will reside or, if the
municipality does not have a local police force, the Superintendent
of State Police;

19 (5) A person who in another jurisdiction is required to register 20 as a sex offender and who is enrolled on a full-time or part-time 21 basis in any public or private educational institution in this State, 22 including any secondary school, trade or professional institution, 23 institution of higher education or other post-secondary school shall, 24 within ten days of commencing attendance at such educational 25 institution, register with the chief law enforcement officer of the 26 municipality in which the educational institution is located or, if the 27 municipality does not have a local police force, the Superintendent 28 of State Police;

29 (6) A person who in another jurisdiction is required to register 30 as a sex offender and who is employed or carries on a vocation in 31 this State, on either a full-time or a part-time basis, with or without 32 compensation, for more than 14 consecutive days or for an 33 aggregate period exceeding 30 days in a calendar year, shall, within 34 ten days after commencing such employment or vocation, register 35 with the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which 36 the employer is located or where the vocation is carried on, as the 37 case may be, or, if the municipality does not have a local police 38 force, the Superintendent of State Police;

(7) In addition to any other registration requirements set forth in
this section, a person required to register under this act who is
enrolled at, employed by or carries on a vocation at an institution of
higher education or other post-secondary school in this State shall,
within 10 days after commencing such attendance, employment or
vocation, register with the law enforcement unit of the educational
institution, if the institution has such a unit.

d. (1) Upon a change of address, a person shall notify the law
enforcement agency with which the person is registered and shall
re-register with the appropriate law enforcement agency no less

than 10 days before he intends to first reside at his new address. Upon a change of employment or school enrollment status, a person shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency no later than five days after any such change. A person who fails to notify the appropriate law enforcement agency of a change of address or status in accordance with this subsection is guilty of a crime of the third degree.

8 (2) A person required to register under this act shall provide the 9 appropriate law enforcement agency with information as to whether 10 the person has routine access to or use of a computer or any other 11 device with Internet capability. A person who fails to notify the 12 appropriate law enforcement agency of such information or of a 13 change in the person's access to or use of a computer or other 14 device with Internet capability or who provides false information concerning the person's access to or use of a computer or any other 15 16 device with Internet capability is guilty of a crime of the third 17 degree.

18 e. A person required to register under paragraph (1) of 19 subsection b. of this section or under paragraph (3) of subsection b. 20 due to a sentence imposed on the basis of criteria similar to the 21 criteria set forth in paragraph (1) of subsection b. shall verify his 22 address with the appropriate law enforcement agency every 90 days 23 in a manner prescribed by the Attorney General. A person required 24 to register under paragraph (2) of subsection b. of this section or 25 under paragraph (3) of subsection b. on the basis of a conviction for 26 an offense similar to an offense enumerated in paragraph (2) of 27 subsection b. shall verify his address annually in a manner 28 prescribed by the Attorney General. In addition to address 29 information, the person shall provide as part of the verification 30 process any additional information the Attorney General may 31 require. One year after the effective date of this act, the Attorney General shall review, evaluate and, if warranted, modify pursuant to 32 33 the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 34 seq.) the verification requirement. Any person who knowingly 35 provides false information concerning his place of residence or who 36 fails to verify his address with the appropriate law enforcement 37 agency or other entity, as prescribed by the Attorney General in 38 accordance with this subsection, is guilty of a crime of the third 39 degree.

f. Except as provided in subsection g. of this section, a person
required to register under this act may make application to the
Superior Court of this State to terminate the obligation upon proof
that the person has not committed an offense within 15 years
following conviction or release from a correctional facility for any
term of imprisonment imposed, whichever is later, and is not likely
to pose a threat to the safety of others.

g. A person required to register under this section who hasbeen convicted of, adjudicated delinquent, or acquitted by reason of

S2423 POU, MCKNIGHT

35

1 insanity for more than one sex offense as defined in subsection b. of 2 this section or who has been convicted of, adjudicated delinquent, 3 or acquitted by reason of insanity for aggravated sexual assault pursuant to subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:14-2 or sexual assault 4 5 pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:14-2 is not eligible under subsection f. of this section to make application to 6 7 the Superior Court of this State to terminate the registration 8 obligation. 9 (cf: P.L.2017, c.141, s.3) 10 11 16. Section 3 of P.L.1994, c.133 (C.2C:7-3) is amended to read 12 as follows: 13 3. Notice of the obligation to register shall be provided as 14 follows: 15 (1) A court imposing a sentence, disposition or order of 16 commitment following acquittal by reason of insanity shall notify 17 the defendant of the obligation to register pursuant to section 2 of 18 this act. 19 (2) The Department of Corrections, the Administrative Office of 20 the Courts, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established 21 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) and the 22 Department of Human Services shall (a) establish procedures for 23 notifying persons under their supervision of the obligation to 24 register pursuant to this act and (b) establish procedures for 25 registration by persons with the appropriate law enforcement 26 agency who are under supervision in the community on probation, 27 parole, furlough, work release or similar program outside the 28 facility, and registration with the appropriate law enforcement 29 agency of persons who are released from the facility in which they 30 are confined without supervision. 31 (3) The Division of Motor Vehicles in the Department of Law 32 and Public Safety shall provide notice of the obligation to register 33 pursuant to this section in connection with each application for a 34 license to operate a motor vehicle and each application for an identification card issued pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1980, c.47 35 36 (C.39:3-29.3). 37 (4) The Attorney General shall cause notice of the obligation to 38 register to be published in a manner reasonably calculated to reach 39 the general public within 30 days of the effective date of this act. 40 (cf: P.L.1995, c.280, s.19) 41 42 17. Section 4 of P.L.1994, c.133 (C.2C:7-4) is amended to read 43 as follows: 44 4. a. Within 60 days of the effective date of this act, the 45 Superintendent of State Police, with the approval of the Attorney 46 General, shall prepare the form of registration statement as required 47 in subsection b. of this section and shall provide such forms to each 48 organized full-time municipal police department, the Department of

Corrections, the Administrative Office of the Courts and the
 Department of Human Services. In addition, the Superintendent of
 State Police shall make such forms available to the [Juvenile]
 <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission established pursuant to section 2 of
 P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170).

b. The form of registration required by this act shall include:

7 (1) A statement in writing signed by the person required to 8 register acknowledging that the person has been advised of the duty 9 to register and reregister imposed by this act and including the 10 person's name, social security number, age, race, sex, date of birth, height, weight, hair and eve color, address of legal residence, 11 12 address of any current temporary residence, date and place of 13 employment; and any anticipated or current school enrollment, 14 including but not limited to enrollment at or employment by any 15 institution of higher education;

(2) Date and place of each conviction, adjudication or acquittal
by reason of insanity, indictment number, fingerprints, and a brief
description of the crime or crimes for which registration is required;
and

(3) Any other information that the Attorney General deems
necessary to assess risk of future commission of a crime, including
criminal and corrections records, nonprivileged personnel,
treatment, and abuse registry records, and evidentiary genetic
markers when available.

25 c. Within three days of receipt of a registration pursuant to 26 subsection c. of section 2 of this act, the registering agency shall 27 forward the statement and any other required information to the 28 prosecutor who shall, as soon as practicable, transmit the form of 29 registration to the Superintendent of State Police, and, if the 30 registrant will reside in a different county, to the prosecutor of the 31 county in which the person will reside. The prosecutor of the 32 county in which the person will reside shall transmit the form of 33 registration to the law enforcement agency responsible for the 34 municipality in which the person will reside and other appropriate The superintendent shall promptly 35 law enforcement agencies. 36 transmit the conviction data and fingerprints to the Federal Bureau 37 of Investigation.

d. The Superintendent of State Police shall maintain a central
registry of registrations provided pursuant to this act.

- 40 (cf: P.L.2003, c.34, s.2)
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42 18. Section 2 of P.L.2015, c.147 (C.2C:14-14) is amended to 43 read as follows:

44 2. Application for Temporary Protective Order.

a. (1) Any person alleging to be a victim of nonconsensual sexual
contact, sexual penetration, or lewdness, or any attempt at such
conduct, or stalking or cyber-harassment, and who is not eligible for
a restraining order as a "victim of domestic violence" as defined by

the provisions of subsection d. of section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261
 (C.2C:25-19), may, except as provided in subsection b. of this
 section, file an application with the Superior Court pursuant to the
 Rules of Court alleging the commission of such conduct or
 attempted conduct and seeking a temporary protective order.

As used in this section and in sections 3, 4, and 8 of P.L.2015,
c.147 (C.2C:14-15, C.2C:14-16, and C.2C:14-20):

8 "Sexual contact" means an intentional touching by the victim or 9 actor, either directly or through clothing, of the victim's or actor's 10 intimate parts for the purpose of degrading or humiliating the victim 11 or sexually arousing or sexually gratifying the actor.

"Sexual penetration" means vaginal intercourse, cunnilingus,
fellatio or anal intercourse between persons or insertion of the hand,
finger or object into the anus or vagina either by the actor or upon
the actor's instruction.

16 "Lewdness" means the exposing of the genitals for the purpose17 of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of the actor or of any18 other person.

"Intimate parts" means the following body parts: sexual organs,genital area, anal area, inner thigh, groin, buttock or breast of aperson.

22 "Stalking" means purposefully or knowingly engaging in a 23 course of conduct directed at or toward a person that would cause a 24 reasonable person to fear for the reasonable person's own safety or 25 the safety of a third person, or suffer other emotional distress, 26 because the conduct involves: repeatedly maintaining a visual or 27 physical proximity to a person; directly, indirectly, or through third 28 parties, by any action, method, device, or means, following, 29 monitoring, observing, surveilling, threatening, or communicating 30 to or about a person, or interfering with a person's property; 31 repeatedly committing harassment against a person; or repeatedly 32 conveying, or causing to be conveyed, verbal or written threats or 33 threats conveyed by any other means of communication or threats 34 implied by conduct or a combination thereof directed at or towards 35 a person.

36 "Repeatedly" means on two or more occasions.

37 "Emotional distress" means significant mental suffering or38 distress.

39 "Cause a reasonable person to fear" means to cause fear which a
40 reasonable victim, similarly situated, would have under the
41 circumstances.

42 "Cyber-harassment" means conduct that occurs, while making 43 one or more communications in an online capacity via any 44 electronic device or through a social networking site and with the 45 purpose to harass another, that involves: threatening to inflict injury 46 or physical harm to any person or the property of any person; 47 knowingly sending, posting, commenting, requesting, suggesting, or 48 proposing any lewd, indecent, or obscene material to or about a 38

person with the intent to emotionally harm a reasonable person or
place a reasonable person in fear of physical or emotional harm to
the reasonable person; or threatening to commit any crime against a
person or the person's property.

5 (2) Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, an 6 application for relief under P.L.2015, c.147 (C.2C:14-13 et al.) may 7 be filed by the alleged victim's parent or guardian on behalf of the 8 alleged victim in any case in which the alleged victim:

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(a) is less than 18 years of age; or

10 (b) has a developmental disability as defined in section 3 of 11 P.L.1977, c.200 (C.5:5-44.4) or a mental disease or defect that 12 renders the alleged victim temporarily or permanently incapable of 13 understanding the nature of the alleged victim's conduct, including, 14 but not limited to, being incapable of providing consent, or of 15 understanding the nature of the alleged conduct that is the subject of 16 the application.

17 b. (1) When it is alleged that nonconsensual sexual contact, 18 sexual penetration, or lewdness, or any attempt at such conduct, or 19 stalking or cyber-harassment has been committed by an 20 unemancipated minor, an applicant seeking a protective order shall 21 not proceed under the provisions of P.L.2015, c.147 (C.2C:14-13 et 22 al.), but may seek a protective order and other relief under the "New 23 Jersey Code of [Juvenile] Youth Justice," P.L.1982, c.77 24 (C.2A:4A-20 et seq.) by filing a complaint pursuant to the 25 provisions of section 11 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-30).

26 (2) When it is alleged that nonconsensual sexual contact, sexual 27 penetration, or lewdness, or any attempt at such conduct, or stalking 28 or cyber-harassment has been committed against an unemancipated 29 minor by a parent, guardian, or other person having care, custody 30 and control of that child as defined in R.S.9:6-2, an applicant 31 seeking a protective order shall not proceed under the provisions of 32 P.L.2015, c.147 (C.2C:14-13 et al.), but shall report the incident to 33 the Department of Children and Families for appropriate action.

c. (1) An applicant may seek a protective order pursuant to
P.L.2015, c.147 (C.2C:14-13 et al.) and the court may issue such an
order regardless of whether criminal charges based on the incident
were filed and regardless of the disposition of any such charges.

38 (2) The filing of an application pursuant to this section shall not
39 prevent the filing of a criminal complaint, or the institution or
40 maintenance of a criminal prosecution based on the same act.

d. The court shall waive any requirement that the applicant's oralleged victim's place of residence appear on the application.

e. An applicant may seek a protective order pursuant to
P.L.2015, c.147 (C.2C:14-13 et al.) in a court having jurisdiction
over the place where the alleged conduct or attempted conduct
occurred, where the respondent resides, or where the alleged victim
resides or is sheltered.

1 No fees or other costs shall be assessed against an applicant f. 2 for seeking a protective order pursuant to P.L.2015, c.147 3 (C.2C:14-13 et al.). (cf: P.L.2023, c.127, s.2) 4 5 6 19. Section 1 of P.L.2007, c.127 (C.2C:29-10) is amended to 7 read as follows: 8 1. a. For the purposes of this section: 9 "County correctional facility" means any prison or other secure 10 facility managed and operated by any county of this State in which 11 adult offenders are incarcerated. 12 "County juvenile detention facility" means any secure juvenile facility managed and operated by any county of this State. 13 14 "Secure juvenile facility" means the New Jersey Training School 15 for Boys, the Juvenile Medium Security Facility, and any other secure juvenile facility managed and operated by the [Juvenile] 16 17 Youth Justice Commission. 18 "State correctional facility" means a State prison or other penal 19 institution. 20 b. A person who possesses uses an electronic or 21 communication device or a battery or device to recharge an 22 electronic communication device while confined to a State 23 correctional facility, secure juvenile facility, county correctional 24 facility, or county juvenile detention facility is guilty of a crime of the third degree. 25 26 A person, other than an employee or a contract employee of c. 27 the Department of Corrections, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, a county correctional facility, or a county juvenile 28 29 detention facility who knowingly sells, transfers, assigns, provides, 30 or otherwise gives an electronic communication device to a person 31 who is confined in a State correctional facility, secure juvenile facility, county correctional facility, or county juvenile detention 32 33 facility is guilty of a crime of the third degree. 34 d. An employee or a contract employee of the Department of 35 Corrections, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, a county 36 correctional facility, or a county juvenile detention facility who 37 knowingly sells, transfers, assigns, provides, or otherwise gives an 38 electronic communication device to a person who is confined in a 39 State correctional facility, secure juvenile facility, county correctional facility, or county juvenile detention facility is guilty of 40 41 a crime of the second degree. 42 (cf: P.L.2007, c.127, s.1) 43 44 20. Section 4 of P.L.2021, c.25 (C.2C:33-15.1) is amended to 45 read as follows: 46 4. a. The Attorney General shall biannually issue a (1) 47 comprehensive report detailing the number of occurrences and other 48 statistics, without revealing or including any personal identifying

1 information, concerning first, second, third and subsequent 2 violations of paragraph (1) of subsection a. of section 1 of 3 P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15) involving the possession or 4 consumption of any alcoholic beverage, marijuana, hashish, or 5 cannabis items by persons under the legal age to purchase alcoholic 6 beverages or cannabis items, the municipal, county or other 7 geographic areas within which first, second, third and subsequent 8 violations occur, and the law enforcement agencies involved in 9 first, second, third and subsequent violations, covering the previous 10 six-month period. The initial report shall be issued by June 30, 11 2021, the second report shall be issued by January 30, 2022, and 12 then the next report issued every six months thereafter. Each report 13 shall also be submitted to the Governor and the Legislature pursuant 14 to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1).

15 (2) The Attorney General shall also make reports available to 16 the task force established pursuant to subsection b. of this section 17 based on the Attorney General's periodic review of body worn 18 camera recordings of law enforcement officers responding to a call 19 for service related to a violation or suspected violation of paragraph 20 (1) of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), or 21 at the initiation of any other law enforcement or investigative encounter between an officer and a person related to a violation or 22 23 suspected violation of that paragraph, which recordings are required 24 to be made in accordance with paragraph (4) of subsection a. of 25 section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15). The periodic review 26 shall be conducted using body worn camera recordings both 27 selected by the Attorney General and randomly determined, and the 28 task force may request an Attorney General review a particular 29 municipality, region, or time period. The identity of any person 30 included in a recording reviewed by the Attorney General shall be 31 kept confidential and shall not be revealed to the members of the 32 task force or any staff provided to the task force by the Department 33 of Law and Public Safety pursuant to paragraph (6) of subsection b. 34 of this section to support its work.

35 b. (1) A taskforce shall be established in the Department of Law and Public Safety, comprised of 26 members to review each 36 37 Attorney General report described in subsection a. of this section, 38 and make recommendations thereon to the Governor and 39 Legislature related to law enforcement activities to address the 40 enforcement of underage possession or consumption of alcoholic 41 beverages, marijuana, hashish, or cannabis items in violation of 42 section 1 of P.L.1979, c.264 (C.2C:33-15), as well as the broader 43 issue of underage possession or consumption of these substances.

44 (2) The membership of the taskforce shall include the following 45 individuals:

46 (a) the Attorney General, or a designee;

47 (b) the Public Defender, or a designee;

1 (c) the Commissioner of the Department of Children and 2 Families, or a designee; 3 (d) the Commissioner of Education, or a designee; 4 (e) a representative from the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 5 Commission, appointed by the Governor; (f) a representative from the Division of Criminal Justice in the 6 7 Department of Law and Public Safety, appointed by the Governor; 8 (g) the Chair of the Governor's [Juvenile] Youth Justice 9 Delinquency and Prevention Committee; 10 (h) two members appointed by the Governor upon the 11 recommendation of the President of the Senate, at least one of 12 whom shall be a member of the Legislative Black Caucus or 13 Legislative Latino Caucus, determined in coordination with the 14 members recommended by the Speaker of the General Assembly 15 pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, so that there is at 16 least one member of each caucus serving as a member of the task 17 force; 18 (i) two members appointed by the Governor upon the recommendation of the Speaker of the General 19 Assembly, at least one of whom shall be a member of the 20 21 Legislative Black Caucus or Legislative Latino Caucus, determined 22 in coordination with the members recommended by the Senate 23 President pursuant to subparagraph (h) of this paragraph, so that 24 there is at least one member of each caucus serving as a member of 25 the task force; 26 (j) the Administrative Director of the Courts, or a designee; 27 (k) a representative from the New Jersey Institute for Social Justice, appointed by the Governor; 28 29 (1) a representative from the American Civil Liberties Union of 30 New Jersey, appointed by the Governor; (m) a representative from the County Prosecutors Association of 31 32 New Jersey who is actively and presently involved in juvenile 33 matters, appointed by the Governor; 34 (n) a representative from the New Jersey Juvenile Officers 35 Association, appointed by the Governor; 36 (o) one representative each from the Annie E. Casey Foundation 37 and Vera Institute of Justice, both appointed by the Governor; 38 (p) a representative of the NAACP New Jersey State 39 Conference, appointed by the Governor; 40 (q) a representative of Salvation and Social Justice, appointed 41 by the Governor; (r) a representative from the County Youth 42 Services 43 Commission Administrators, appointed by the Governor; 44 (s) a representative from the faith-based ethical community in 45 New Jersey, appointed by the Governor; 46 (t) a representative of an employee organization representing 47 employees who work at juvenile justice facilities, appointed by the 48 Governor; and

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(u) three representatives who have been involved with the New
Jersey juvenile justice system, appointed by the Governor,
including at least one representative of a non-profit organization
that deals with juvenile justice issues and at least one individual
who has been subject to the custody of the juvenile justice system.

6 (3) All members appointed by the Governor, other than the 7 members of the Legislature recommended for appointment, shall 8 serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The members of the 9 Legislature shall serve on the task force during their elective term 10 of office. Any vacancies in the membership of the task force shall 11 be filled in the same manner as the original appointments were 12 made.

(4) Members of the task force shall serve without compensation,
but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenditures incurred in the
performance of their duties as members of the task force within the
limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the task
force for its purposes.

(5) The task force shall organize as soon as practicable
following the appointment of its members. The task force shall
choose a chairperson from among its members and shall appoint a
secretary who need not be a member of the task force.

(6) The Department of Law and Public Safety shall provide such
stenographic, clerical, and other administrative assistants, and such
professional staff as the task force requires to carry out its work.

25 (cf: P.L.2021, c.25, s.4)

26

27 21. N.J.S.2C:39-6 is amended to read as follows:

28 2C:39-6. a. Provided a person complies with the requirements of
29 subsection j. of this section, N.J.S.2C:39-5 does not apply to:

30 (1) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States or of the
31 National Guard while actually on duty, or while traveling between
32 places of duty and carrying authorized weapons in the manner
33 prescribed by the appropriate military authorities;

34 (2) Federal law enforcement officers, and any other federal
35 officers and employees required to carry firearms in the
36 performance of their official duties;

37 (3) Members of the State Police and, under conditions
38 prescribed by the superintendent, members of the Marine Law
39 Enforcement Bureau of the Division of State Police;

40 A sheriff, undersheriff, sheriff's officer, prosecutor's (4) 41 detective or investigator, State investigator employed by the Division of Criminal Justice of the Department of Law and Public 42 Safety, investigator employed by the State Commission of 43 44 Investigation, inspector of the Alcoholic Beverage Control 45 Enforcement Bureau of the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety authorized to carry weapons 46 47 by the Superintendent of State Police, State park police officer, or 48 State conservation police officer;

1 (5) Except as hereinafter provided, a State correctional police 2 officer, or a prison or jail warden of any penal institution in this 3 State or the warden's deputies, or an employee of the Department of 4 Corrections engaged in the interstate transportation of convicted 5 offenders, while in the performance of the employee's duties, and 6 when required to possess the weapon by a superior officer, or a 7 correctional police officer or keeper of a penal institution in this 8 State at all times while in the State of New Jersey, provided the 9 person annually passes an examination approved by the 10 superintendent testing the person's proficiency in the handling of 11 firearms;

12 (6) A civilian employee of the United States Government under 13 the supervision of the commanding officer of any post, camp, 14 station, base or other military or naval installation located in this 15 State who is required, in the performance of the employee's official 16 duties, to carry firearms, and who is authorized to carry firearms by 17 the commanding officer, while in the actual performance of the 18 employee's official duties;

19 (7) (a) A regularly employed member, including a detective, of 20 the police department of any county or municipality, or of any 21 State, interstate, municipal or county park police force or boulevard police force, at all times while in the State of New Jersey; 22

23 (b) A special law enforcement officer authorized to carry a 24 weapon as provided in subsection b. of section 7 of P.L.1985, c.439 25 (C.40A:14-146.14);

26 (c) An airport security officer or a special law enforcement 27 officer appointed by the governing body of any county or 28 municipality, except as provided in subparagraph (b) of this 29 paragraph, or by the commission, board or other body having 30 control of a county park or airport or boulevard police force, while 31 engaged in the actual performance of the officer's official duties and 32 when specifically authorized by the governing body to carry 33 weapons;

34 (8) A full-time, paid member of a paid or part-paid fire 35 department or force of any municipality who is assigned full-time 36 or part-time to an arson investigation unit created pursuant to 37 section 1 of P.L.1981, c.409 (C.40A:14-7.1) or to the county arson 38 investigation unit in the county prosecutor's office, while either 39 engaged in the actual performance of arson investigation duties or 40 while actually on call to perform arson investigation duties and 41 when specifically authorized by the governing body or the county 42 prosecutor, as the case may be, to carry weapons. Prior to being 43 permitted to carry a firearm, a member shall take and successfully 44 complete a firearms training course administered by the Police 45 Training Commission pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et 46 seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar 47 weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm;

1 (9) A juvenile correctional police officer in the employment of 2 the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established pursuant to 3 section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) subject to the 4 regulations promulgated by the commission;

5 (10) A designated employee or designated licensed agent for a nuclear power plant under license of the Nuclear Regulatory 6 7 Commission, while in the actual performance of the person's 8 official duties, if the federal licensee certifies that the designated 9 employee or designated licensed agent is assigned to perform site 10 protection, guard, armed response or armed escort duties and is appropriately trained and qualified, as prescribed by federal 11 12 regulation, to perform those duties. Any firearm utilized by an 13 employee or agent for a nuclear power plant pursuant to this paragraph shall be returned each day at the end of the employee's or 14 15 agent's authorized official duties to the employee's or agent's 16 supervisor. All firearms returned each day pursuant to this 17 paragraph shall be stored in locked containers located in a secure 18 area;

(11) A county correctional police officer at all times while in the
State of New Jersey, provided the officer annually passes an
examination approved by the superintendent testing the officer's
proficiency in the handling of firearms;

23 A county prosecutor, assistant prosecutor, federal (12)prosecutor, municipal prosecutor, Attorney General, assistant 24 25 attorney general, deputy attorney general and federal, State, county, 26 or municipal court judge, including a judge of the Tax Court and 27 any other court of limited jurisdiction established, altered, or abolished by law, a judge of the Office of Administrative Law, a 28 29 judge of the Division of Workers' Compensation at all times while 30 in this State. Prior to being permitted to carry a firearm, a person 31 subject to this paragraph shall take and successfully complete a 32 firearms training course administered by the Police Training 33 Commission pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et seq.), and 34 shall annually qualify in the use of a handgun or similar weapon 35 prior to being permitted to carry a firearm. The superintendent may 36 issue identification cards indicating that such a person is permitted 37 to carry a handgun pursuant to this paragraph.

b. Subsections a., b. and c. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to:

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39 (1) A law enforcement officer employed by a governmental
40 agency outside of the State of New Jersey while actually engaged in
41 the officer's official duties, provided, however, that the officer has
42 first notified the superintendent or the chief law enforcement officer
43 of the municipality or the prosecutor of the county in which the
44 officer is engaged; or

45 (2) A licensed dealer in firearms and the dealer's registered
46 employees during the course of their normal business while
47 traveling to and from their place of business and other places for the
48 purpose of demonstration, exhibition or delivery in connection with

a sale, provided, however, that the weapon is carried in the manner
 specified in subsection g. of this section.

c. Provided a person complies with the requirements of
subsection j. of this section, subsections b. and c. of N.J.S.2C:39-5
do not apply to:

6 (1) A special agent of the Division of Taxation who has passed 7 an examination in an approved police training program testing 8 proficiency in the handling of any firearm which the agent may be 9 required to carry, while in the actual performance of the agent's 10 official duties and while going to or from the agent's place of duty, 11 or any other police officer, while in the actual performance of the 12 officer's official duties;

(2) A State deputy conservation police officer or a full-time
employee of the Division of Parks and Forestry having the power of
arrest and authorized to carry weapons, while in the actual
performance of the officer's official duties;

17 (3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1986, c.150.)

(4) A court attendant appointed by the sheriff of the county or
by the judge of any municipal court or other court of this State,
while in the actual performance of the attendant's official duties;

(5) A guard employed by any railway express company, banking
or building and loan or savings and loan institution of this State,
while in the actual performance of the guard's official duties;

(6) A member of a legally recognized military organization
while actually under orders or while going to or from the prescribed
place of meeting and carrying the weapons prescribed for drill,
exercise or parade;

(7) A municipal humane law enforcement officer, authorized
pursuant to subsection d. of section 25 of P.L.2017, c.331 (C.4:2214.1), or humane law enforcement officer of a county society for
the prevention of cruelty to animals authorized pursuant to
subsection c. of section 29 of P.L.2017, c.331 (C.4:22-14.5), while
in the actual performance of the officer's duties;

34 (8) An employee of a public utilities corporation actually35 engaged in the transportation of explosives;

(9) A railway policeman, except a transit police officer of the
New Jersey Transit Police Department, at all times while in the
State of New Jersey, provided that the person has passed an
approved police academy training program consisting of at least
280 hours. The training program shall include, but need not be
limited to, the handling of firearms, community relations, and
juvenile relations;

(10) A campus police officer appointed under P.L.1970, c.211
(C.18A:6-4.2 et seq.) at all times. Prior to being permitted to carry
a firearm, a campus police officer shall take and successfully
complete a firearms training course administered by the Police
Training Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et

1 seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar 2 weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm; 3 (11) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.168). 4 (12) A transit police officer of the New Jersey Transit Police 5 Department, at all times while in the State of New Jersey, provided the officer has satisfied the training requirements of the Police 6 7 Training Commission, pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of 8 P.L.1989, c.291 (C.27:25-15.1); 9 (13) A parole officer employed by the State Parole Board at all 10 times. Prior to being permitted to carry a firearm, a parole officer shall take and successfully complete a basic course for regular 11 12 police officer training administered by the Police Training 13 Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et seq.), and 14 shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weapon 15 prior to being permitted to carry a firearm; 16 (14) A Human Services police officer at all times while in the 17 State of New Jersey, as authorized by the Commissioner of Human 18 Services; 19 (15) A person or employee of any person who, pursuant to and 20 as required by a contract with a governmental entity, supervises or 21 transports persons charged with or convicted of an offense; 22 A housing authority police officer appointed under (16)23 P.L.1997, c.210 (C.40A:14-146.19 et al.) at all times while in the 24 State of New Jersey; or 25 (17) A probation officer assigned to the "Probation Officer 26 Community Safety Unit" created by section 2 of P.L.2001, c.362 27 (C.2B:10A-2) while in the actual performance of the probation 28 officer's official duties. Prior to being permitted to carry a firearm, 29 a probation officer shall take and successfully complete a basic 30 course for regular police officer training administered by the Police 31 Training Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et 32 seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar 33 weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm. 34 d. (1) Subsections c. and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to 35 antique firearms, provided that the antique firearms are unloaded or 36 are being fired for the purposes of exhibition or demonstration at an 37 authorized target range or in another manner approved in writing by 38 the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the 39 exhibition or demonstration is held, or if not held on property under 40 the control of a particular municipality, the superintendent. 41 (2)Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 42 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to an antique cannon that is capable of 43 being fired but that is unloaded and immobile, provided that the 44 antique cannon is possessed by (a) a scholastic institution, a 45 museum, a municipality, a county or the State, or (b) a person who 46 obtained a firearms purchaser identification card as specified in 47 N.J.S.2C:58-3.

6 Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of (4)7 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to antique cannons that are being loaded 8 or fired by one eligible to possess an antique cannon, for purposes 9 of exhibition or demonstration at an authorized target range or in 10 the manner as has been approved in writing by the chief law 11 enforcement officer of the municipality in which the exhibition or 12 demonstration is held, or if not held on property under the control 13 of a particular municipality, the superintendent, provided that 14 performer has given at least 30 days' notice to the superintendent.

15 (5) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 16 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to the transportation of unloaded 17 antique cannons directly to or from exhibitions or demonstrations 18 authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection d. of this section, 19 provided that the transportation is in compliance with safety 20 regulations the superintendent may promulgate. Those subsections 21 shall not apply to transportation directly to or from exhibitions or 22 demonstrations authorized under the law of another jurisdiction, 23 provided that the superintendent has been given 30 days' notice and 24 that the transportation is in compliance with safety regulations the 25 superintendent may promulgate.

26 Nothing in subsections b., c., and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall e. 27 be construed to prevent a person keeping or carrying about the 28 person's place of business, residence, premises or other land owned 29 or possessed by the person, any firearm, or from carrying the same, 30 in the manner specified in subsection g. of this section, from any 31 place of purchase to the person's residence or place of business, between the person's dwelling and place of business, between one 32 33 place of business or residence and another when moving, or 34 between the person's dwelling or place of business and place where 35 the firearms are repaired, for the purpose of repair. For the purposes of this section, a place of business shall be deemed to be a 36 37 fixed location.

f. Nothing in subsections b., c., and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall
be construed to prevent:

40 (1) A member of any rifle or pistol club organized in accordance 41 with the rules prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion 42 of Rifle Practice, in going to or from a place of target practice, 43 carrying firearms necessary for target practice, provided that the 44 club has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent and 45 annually submits a list of its members to the superintendent and 46 provided further that the firearms are carried in the manner 47 specified in subsection g. of this section;

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1 (2) A person carrying a firearm or knife in the woods or fields or 2 upon the waters of this State for the purpose of hunting, target 3 practice or fishing, provided that the firearm or knife is legal and 4 appropriate for hunting or fishing purposes in this State and the 5 person has in the person's possession a valid hunting license, or, 6 with respect to fresh water fishing, a valid fishing license;

(3) A person transporting any firearm or knife while traveling:

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8 (a) Directly to or from any place for the purpose of hunting or 9 fishing, provided the person has in the person's possession a valid 10 hunting or fishing license; or

11 (b) Directly to or from any target range, or other authorized 12 place for the purpose of practice, match, target, trap or skeet 13 shooting exhibitions, provided in all cases that during the course of 14 the travel all firearms are carried in the manner specified in 15 subsection g. of this section and the person has complied with all 16 the provisions and requirements of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes 17 and any amendments thereto and all rules and regulations 18 promulgated thereunder; or

19 (c) In the case of a firearm, directly to or from any exhibition or 20 display of firearms which is sponsored by any law enforcement 21 agency, any rifle or pistol club, or any firearms collectors club, for 22 the purpose of displaying the firearms to the public or to the 23 members of the organization or club, provided, however, that not 24 less than 30 days prior to the exhibition or display, notice of the 25 exhibition or display shall be given to the Superintendent of the 26 State Police by the sponsoring organization or club, and the sponsor 27 has complied with any reasonable safety regulations the 28 superintendent may promulgate. Any firearms transported pursuant 29 to this section shall be transported in the manner specified in 30 subsection g. of this section;

(4) A person from keeping or carrying about a private or
commercial aircraft or any boat, or from transporting to or from the
aircraft or boat for the purpose of installation or repair of a visual
distress signaling device approved by the United States Coast
Guard.

36 g. Any weapon being transported under paragraph (2) of 37 subsection b., subsection e., or paragraph (1) or (3) of subsection f. 38 of this section shall be carried unloaded and contained in a closed 39 and fastened case, gunbox, securely tied package, or locked in the 40 trunk of the automobile in which it is being transported, and in the 41 course of travel shall include only deviations as are reasonably 42 necessary under the circumstances.

h. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed
to prevent any employee of a public utility, as defined in R.S.48:213, doing business in this State or any United States Postal Service
employee, while in the actual performance of duties which
specifically require regular and frequent visits to private premises,
from possessing, carrying or using any device which projects,

releases or emits any substance specified as being noninjurious to canines or other animals by the Commissioner of Health and which immobilizes only on a temporary basis and produces only temporary physical discomfort through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air for the sole purpose of repelling canine or other animal attacks.

7 The device shall be used solely to repel only those canine or 8 other animal attacks when the canines or other animals are not 9 restrained in a fashion sufficient to allow the employee to properly 10 perform the employee's duties.

Any device used pursuant to this act shall be selected from a list
of products, which consist of active and inert ingredients, permitted
by the Commissioner of Health.

14 i. (1) Nothing in N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent 15 any person who is 18 years of age or older and who has not been 16 convicted of a crime, from possession for the purpose of personal 17 self-defense of one pocket-sized device which contains and releases 18 not more than three-quarters of an ounce of chemical substance not 19 ordinarily capable of lethal use or of inflicting serious bodily injury, 20 but rather, is intended to produce temporary physical discomfort or 21 disability through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air. 22 Any person in possession of any device in violation of this 23 subsection shall be deemed and adjudged to be a disorderly person, 24 and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less 25 than \$100.

26 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this 27 subsection, nothing in N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent a 28 health inspector or investigator operating pursuant to the provisions 29 of section 7 of P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-25) or a building 30 inspector from possessing a device which is capable of releasing 31 more than three-quarters of an ounce of a chemical substance, as 32 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, while in the actual 33 performance of the inspector's or investigator's duties, provided that 34 the device does not exceed the size of those used by law 35 enforcement.

j. A person shall qualify for an exemption from the provisions
of N.J.S.2C:39-5, as specified under subsections a. and c. of this
section, if the person has satisfactorily completed a firearms
training course approved by the Police Training Commission.

40 The exempt person shall not possess or carry a firearm until the 41 person has satisfactorily completed a firearms training course and 42 shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weapon. 43 For purposes of this subsection, a "firearms training course" means 44 a course of instruction in the safe use, maintenance and storage of 45 firearms which is approved by the Police Training Commission. 46 The commission shall approve a firearms training course if the 47 requirements of the course are substantially equivalent to the 48 requirements for firearms training provided by police training

courses which are certified under section 6 of P.L.1961, c.56
 (C.52:17B-71). A person who is specified in paragraph (1), (2), (3),
 or (6) of subsection a. of this section shall be exempt from the
 requirements of this subsection.

k. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed
to prevent any financial institution, or any duly authorized
personnel of the institution, from possessing, carrying or using for
the protection of money or property, any device which projects,
releases or emits tear gas or other substances intended to produce
temporary physical discomfort or temporary identification.

11 Nothing in subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed 1. 12 to prevent a law enforcement officer who retired in good standing, 13 including a retirement because of a disability pursuant to section 6 14 of P.L.1944, c.255 (C.43:16A-6), section 7 of P.L.1944, c.255 15 (C.43:16A-7), section 1 of P.L.1989, c.103 (C.43:16A-6.1), or any 16 substantially similar statute governing the disability retirement of 17 federal law enforcement officers, provided the officer was a 18 regularly employed, full-time law enforcement officer for an 19 aggregate of four or more years prior to the officer's disability 20 retirement and further provided that the disability which constituted 21 the basis for the officer's retirement did not involve a certification that the officer was mentally incapacitated for the performance of 22 23 the officer's usual law enforcement duties and any other available 24 duty in the department which the officer's employer was willing to 25 assign to the officer or does not subject that retired officer to any of 26 the disabilities set forth in subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:58-3 which 27 would disqualify the retired officer from possessing or carrying a 28 firearm, who semi-annually qualifies in the use of the handgun the 29 officer is permitted to carry in accordance with the requirements 30 and procedures established by the Attorney General pursuant to 31 subsection j. of this section and pays the actual costs associated 32 with those semi-annual qualifications, who is 75 years of age or 33 younger, and who was regularly employed as a full-time member of 34 the State Police; a full-time member of an interstate police force; a 35 full-time member of a county or municipal police department in this State; a full-time member of a State law enforcement agency; a full-36 37 time sheriff, undersheriff or sheriff's officer of a county of this 38 State; a full-time State or county correctional police officer; a full-39 time State correctional police officer or county correctional police 40 officer; a full-time State or county park police officer; a full-time 41 special agent of the Division of Taxation; a full-time Human 42 Services police officer; a full-time transit police officer of the New 43 Jersey Transit Police Department; a full-time campus police officer 44 exempted pursuant to paragraph (10) of subsection c. of this 45 section; a full-time State conservation police officer exempted 46 pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection a. of this section; a full-time 47 Palisades Interstate Park officer appointed pursuant 48 R.S.32:14-21; a full-time Burlington County Bridge police officer

51

1 appointed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1960, c.168 (C.27:19-36.3); a 2 full-time housing authority police officer exempted pursuant to 3 paragraph (16) of subsection c. of this section; a full-time juvenile correctional police officer exempted pursuant to paragraph (9) of 4 5 subsection a. of this section; a full-time parole officer exempted 6 pursuant to paragraph (13) of subsection c. of this section; a full-7 time railway policeman exempted pursuant to paragraph (9) of 8 subsection c. of this section; a full-time county prosecutor's 9 detective or investigator; a full-time federal law enforcement 10 officer; or is a qualified retired law enforcement officer, as used in 11 the federal "Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004," Pub.L.108-277, domiciled in this State from carrying a handgun in 12 the same manner as law enforcement officers exempted under 13 14 paragraph (7) of subsection a. of this section. A retired law 15 enforcement officer shall be entitled to carry a handgun pursuant to 16 this subsection under the following conditions:

17 (1) The retired law enforcement officer shall make application in writing to the Superintendent of State Police for approval to carry 18 19 a handgun every two years. A renewal application shall be 20 submitted in the same manner.

21 (2) Upon receipt of the written application of the retired law enforcement officer, the superintendent shall request a verification 22 23 of service from the chief law enforcement officer of the 24 organization in which the retired officer was last regularly 25 employed as a full-time law enforcement officer prior to retiring. 26 The verification of service shall include:

(a) The name and address of the retired officer:

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28 (b) The date that the retired officer was hired and the date that 29 the officer retired;

30 (c) A list of all handguns known to be registered to that officer;

31 (d) A statement that, to the reasonable knowledge of the chief 32 law enforcement officer, the retired officer is not subject to any of 33 the restrictions set forth in subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:58-3; and 34

(e) A statement that the officer retired in good standing.

35 (3) If the superintendent approves a retired officer's application or reapplication to carry a handgun pursuant to the provisions of 36 37 this subsection, the superintendent shall notify in writing the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality wherein that retired 38 39 officer resides. In the event the retired officer resides in a 40 municipality which has no chief law enforcement officer or law enforcement agency, the superintendent shall maintain a record of 41 42 the approval.

43 (4) The superintendent shall issue to an approved retired officer 44 an identification card permitting the retired officer to carry a 45 handgun pursuant to this subsection. This identification card shall 46 be valid for two years from the date of issuance and shall be valid 47 throughout the State. The identification card shall not be transferable to any other person. The identification card shall be 48

1 carried at all times on the person of the retired officer while the 2 retired officer is carrying a handgun. The retired officer shall 3 produce the identification card for review on the demand of any law 4 enforcement officer or authority.

5 (5) Any person aggrieved by the denial of the superintendent of 6 approval for a permit to carry a handgun pursuant to this subsection 7 may request a hearing in the Superior Court of New Jersey in the 8 county in which the person resides by filing a written request for a 9 hearing within 30 days of the denial. Copies of the request shall be 10 served upon the superintendent and the county prosecutor. The 11 hearing shall be held within 30 days of the filing of the request, and 12 no formal pleading or filing fee shall be required. Appeals from the 13 determination of the hearing shall be in accordance with law and the 14 rules governing the courts of this State.

15 (6) A judge of the Superior Court may revoke a retired officer's 16 privilege to carry a handgun pursuant to this subsection for good 17 cause shown on the application of any interested person. A person 18 who becomes subject to any of the disabilities set forth in 19 subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:58-3 shall surrender, as prescribed by the 20 superintendent, the person's identification card issued under 21 paragraph (4) of this subsection to the chief law enforcement officer 22 municipality wherein the person resides or the of the 23 superintendent, and shall be permanently disqualified to carry a 24 handgun under this subsection.

25 (7) The superintendent may charge a reasonable application fee 26 to retired officers to offset any costs associated with administering 27 the application process set forth in this subsection.

28 m. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed 29 to prevent duly authorized personnel of the New Jersey Division of 30 Fish and Wildlife, while in the actual performance of duties, from 31 possessing, transporting or using any device that projects, releases 32 or emits any substance specified as being non-injurious to wildlife 33 by the Director of the Division of Animal Health in the Department 34 of Agriculture, and which may immobilize wildlife and produces 35 only temporary physical discomfort through being vaporized or 36 otherwise dispensed in the air for the purpose of repelling bear or 37 other animal attacks or for the aversive conditioning of wildlife.

n. Nothing in subsection b., c., d. or e. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall 38 39 be construed to prevent duly authorized personnel of the New 40 Jersey Division of Fish and Wildlife, while in the actual 41 performance of duties, from possessing, transporting or using hand 42 held pistol-like devices, rifles or shotguns that launch pyrotechnic 43 missiles for the sole purpose of frightening, hazing or aversive conditioning of nuisance or depredating wildlife; from possessing, 44 45 transporting or using rifles, pistols or similar devices for the sole 46 purpose of chemically immobilizing wild or non-domestic animals; 47 or, provided the duly authorized person complies with the 48 requirements of subsection j. of this section, from possessing,

53

1 transporting or using rifles or shotguns, upon completion of a Police 2 Training Commission approved training course, in order to dispatch 3 injured or dangerous animals or for non-lethal use for the purpose 4 of frightening, hazing or aversive conditioning of nuisance or 5 depredating wildlife. 6 (cf: P.L.2022, c.131, s.8) 7 8 22. Section 4 of P.L.1993, c.364 (C.2C:43-2.2) is amended to 9 read as follows: 10 4. a. In addition to any other disposition made pursuant to law, 11 a court shall order a person convicted of, indicted for or formally 12 charged with, or a juvenile charged with delinquency or adjudicated 13 delinquent for an act which if committed by an adult would 14 constitute, aggravated sexual assault or sexual assault as defined in 15 subsection a. or c. of N.J.S.2C:14-2 to submit to an approved 16 serological test for acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) 17 or infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any 18 other related virus identified as a probable causative agent of AIDS. 19 The court shall issue such an order only upon the request of the 20 victim and upon application of the prosecutor immediately 21 following the request. The person or juvenile shall be ordered by 22 the court to submit to such repeat or confirmatory tests as may be 23 medically necessary. 24 As used in this section, "formal charge" includes a proceeding by 25 accusation in the event that the defendant has waived the right to an 26 indictment. 27 b. A court order issued pursuant to subsection a. of this section 28 shall require testing to be performed as soon as practicable by the 29 Commissioner of the Department of Corrections pursuant to 30 authority granted to the commissioner by sections 6 and 10 of 31 P.L.1976, c.98 (C.30:1B-6 and 30:1B-10), by a provider of health care, at a health facility licensed pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1971, 32 33 c.136 (C.26:2H-12) or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission 34 established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170). If the victim makes the request prior to or at the 35

(C.52:17B-170). If the victim makes the request prior to or at the time of indictment, or accusation if the defendant has waived the right to an indictment, the court order shall require the testing be performed within 48 hours. The order shall also require that the results of the test be reported to the offender and to the appropriate Office of Victim-Witness Advocacy.

c. The Office of Victim-Witness Advocacy, established
pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1985, c.404 (C.52:4B-43), shall
reimburse the Department of Corrections, Department of Health or
the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission for the direct costs
incurred by these departments for any tests ordered by a court
pursuant to subsection a. of this section. Reimbursement shall be
made following a request from the department.

d. In addition to any other disposition authorized, a court may
 order an offender at the time of sentencing to reimburse the State
 for the costs of the tests ordered by subsection a. of this section.

e. Upon receipt of the result of a test ordered pursuant to
subsection a. of this section, the Office of Victim-Witness
Advocacy shall provide the victim with appropriate counseling,
referral for counseling and if appropriate, referral for health care.
The office shall notify the victim or make appropriate arrangements
for the victim to be notified of the test result.

10 f. The result of a test ordered pursuant to subsection a. of this 11 section shall be confidential and employees of the Department of 12 Corrections, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, the Office 13 of Victim-Witness Advocacy, a health care provider, health care facility or counseling service shall not disclose the result of a test 14 15 performed pursuant to this section except as authorized herein or as 16 otherwise authorized by law or court order. The provisions of this 17 section shall not be deemed to prohibit disclosure of a test result to 18 the person tested.

g. Persons who perform tests ordered pursuant to subsection a.
of this section in accordance with accepted medical standards for
the performance of such tests shall be immune from civil and
criminal liability arising from their conduct.

h. This section shall not be construed to preclude or limit any
other testing for acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS) or
infection with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) or any
other related virus identified as a probable causative agent of AIDS
which is otherwise permitted by statute, court rule or common law.
(cf: P.L.2013, c.140, s.1)

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30 23. Section 3 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:46-4) is amended to read
31 as follows:

32 3. a. All fines, assessments imposed pursuant to section 2 of 33 P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1), all penalties imposed pursuant to 34 section 1 of P.L.1999, c.295 (C.2C:43-3.5), all penalties imposed 35 pursuant to section 11 of P.L.2001, c.81 (C.2C:43-3.6), all penalties imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2005, c.73 (C.2C:14-10), all 36 37 penalties imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2009, c.143 38 (C.2C:43-3.8), all penalties imposed pursuant to section 7 of 39 P.L.2013, c.214 (C.30:4-123.97), and restitution shall be collected 40 as follows:

41 (1) All fines, assessments imposed pursuant to section 2 of 42 P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1), all penalties imposed pursuant to 43 section 1 of P.L.1999, c.295 (C.2C:43-3.5), all penalties imposed 44 pursuant to section 11 of P.L.2001, c.81 (C.2C:43-3.6), all penalties 45 imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2005, c.73 (C.2C:14-10), all 46 penalties imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2009, c.143 47 (C.2C:43-3.8), all penalties imposed pursuant to section 7 of 48 P.L.2013, c.214 (C.30:4-123.97), and restitution imposed by the

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1 Superior Court or otherwise imposed at the county level, shall be 2 collected by the county probation division except when the fine, 3 assessment, or restitution is imposed in conjunction with a custodial 4 sentence to a State correctional facility or in conjunction with a 5 term of incarceration imposed pursuant to section 25 of P.L.1982, 6 c.77 (C.2A:4A-44) in which event the fine, assessment, or 7 restitution shall be collected by the Department of Corrections or 8 the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established pursuant to 9 section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170). An adult prisoner of 10 a State correctional institution or a juvenile serving a term of 11 incarceration imposed pursuant to section 25 of P.L.1982, c.77 12 (C.2A:4A-44) who has not paid an assessment imposed pursuant to 13 section 2 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1), a penalty imposed 14 pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1999, c.295 (C.2C:43-3.5), a penalty 15 imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2005, c.73 (C.2C:14-10), a 16 penalty imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2009, c.143 17 (C.2C:43-3.8), a penalty imposed pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2013, 18 c.214 (C.30:4-123.97), or restitution shall have the assessment, 19 penalty, fine, or restitution deducted from any income the inmate 20 receives as a result of labor performed at the institution or on any 21 type of work release program or, pursuant to regulations 22 promulgated by the Commissioner of the Department of Corrections 23 or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, from any personal 24 account established in the institution for the benefit of the inmate.

25 (a) A payment of restitution collected by the Department of 26 Corrections pursuant to this paragraph shall be maintained by the 27 department for two years during which the department shall attempt to locate the victim to whom the restitution is owed. If the 28 29 department has not located the victim and the victim has not come 30 forward to claim the payment within this two-year period, the 31 payment shall be transferred to the Victims of Crime Compensation 32 Office Account to be used in satisfying claims pursuant to the 33 provisions of the "Criminal Injuries Compensation Act of 1971," 34 P.L.1971, c.317 (C.52:4B-1 et seq.).

35 (b) If the Department of Corrections has transferred a payment 36 of restitution to the Victims of Crime Compensation Office 37 pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, the department shall 38 provide the office with the order for restitution and any other 39 information regarding the identity of the victim to whom the 40 payment is owed. The office shall be responsible for maintaining 41 this information and for distributing payments of restitution to 42 victims who can prove they are owed the payments.

(2) All fines, assessments imposed pursuant to section 2 of
P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1), any penalty imposed pursuant to
section 1 of P.L.1999, c.295 (C.2C:43-3.5), and restitution imposed
by a municipal court shall be collected by the municipal court
administrator except if the fine, assessments imposed pursuant to
section 2 of P.L.1979, c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1), or restitution is ordered

1 as a condition of probation in which event it shall be collected by 2 the county probation division.

b. Except as provided in subsection c. with respect to fines 3 4 imposed on appeals following convictions in municipal courts and 5 except as provided in subsection i. with respect to restitution imposed under the provisions of P.L.1997, c.253 (C.2C:43-3.4 et 6 7 al.), all fines imposed by the Superior Court or otherwise imposed 8 at the county level, shall be paid over by the officer entitled to 9 collect the fines to:

10 (1) The county treasurer with respect to fines imposed on 11 defendants who are sentenced to and serve a custodial term, 12 including a term as a condition of probation, in the county jail, workhouse, or penitentiary except where such county sentence is 13 14 served concurrently with a sentence to a State institution; or

15 (2) The State Treasurer with respect to all other fines.

16 All fines imposed by municipal courts, except a central c. 17 municipal court established pursuant to N.J.S.2B:12-1 on 18 defendants convicted of crimes, disorderly persons offenses, and petty disorderly persons offenses, and all fines imposed following 19 20 conviction on appeal therefrom, and all forfeitures of bail shall be 21 paid over by the officer entitled to collect the fines to the treasury 22 of the municipality wherein the municipal court is located.

23 In the case of an intermunicipal court, fines shall be paid into the 24 municipal treasury of the municipality in which the offense was 25 committed, and costs, fees, and forfeitures of bail shall be 26 apportioned among the several municipalities to which the court's 27 jurisdiction extends according to the ratios of the municipalities' 28 contributions to the total expense of maintaining the court.

29 In the case of a central municipal court, established by a county 30 pursuant to N.J.S.2B:12-1, all costs, fines, fees, and forfeitures of 31 bail shall be paid into the county treasury of the county where the 32 central municipal court is located.

33 d. All assessments imposed pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, 34 c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1) shall be forwarded and deposited as provided 35 in that section.

36 e. All mandatory Drug Enforcement and Demand Reduction 37 penalties imposed pursuant to N.J.S.2C:35-15 shall be forwarded 38 and deposited as provided for in that section.

39 f. All forensic laboratory fees assessed pursuant to 40 N.J.S.2C:35-20 shall be forwarded and deposited as provided for in 41 that section.

42 All restitution ordered to be paid to the Victims of Crime g. Compensation Office pursuant to N.J.S.2C:44-2 shall be forwarded 43 44 to the office for deposit in the Victims of Crime Compensation 45 Office Account.

46 All assessments imposed pursuant to section 11 of P.L.1993, h. 47 c.220 (C.2C:43-3.2) shall be forwarded and deposited as provided 48 in that section.

1 All restitution imposed on defendants under the provisions i. 2 of P.L.1997, c.253 (C.2C:43-3.4 et al.) for costs incurred by a law 3 enforcement entity in extraditing the defendant from another 4 jurisdiction shall be paid over by the officer entitled to collect the 5 restitution to the law enforcement entities which participated in the extradition of the defendant. 6 7 All penalties imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1999, j. 8 c.295 (C.2C:43-3.5) shall be forwarded and deposited as provided 9 in that section. 10 k. All penalties imposed pursuant to section 11 of P.L.2001, 11 c.81 (C.2C:43-3.6) shall be forwarded and deposited as provided in 12 that section. 13 All mandatory penalties imposed pursuant to section 1 of 1. 14 P.L.2005, c.73 (C.2C:14-10) shall be forwarded and deposited as 15 provided in that section. 16 m. All mandatory Computer Crime Prevention penalties 17 imposed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2009, c.143 (C.2C:43-3.8) 18 shall be forwarded and deposited as provided in that section. 19 n. All mandatory Sex Offender Supervision penalties imposed 20 pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2013, c.214 (C.30:4-123.97) shall be 21 forwarded and deposited as provided in that section. 22 (cf: P.L.2019, c.363, s.6) 23 24 24. Section 14 of P.L.1979, c.179 (C.2C:58-6.1) is amended to 25 read as follows: 26 14. a. No person under the age of 18 years shall purchase, barter 27 or otherwise acquire a firearm and no person under the age of 21 28 years shall purchase, barter or otherwise acquire a handgun, unless 29 the person is authorized to possess the handgun in connection with 30 the performance of official duties under the provisions of 31 N.J.S.2C:39-6. 32 b. No person under the age of 18 years shall possess, carry, fire 33 or use a firearm except as provided under paragraphs (1), (2), (3) 34 and (4) of this subsection; and, unless authorized in connection with the performance of official duties under the provisions of 35 N.J.S.2C:39-6, no person under the age of 21 years shall possess, 36 37 carry, fire or use a handgun except under the following 38 circumstances: 39 (1) In the actual presence or under the direct supervision of his 40 father, mother or guardian, or some other person who holds a permit 41 to carry a handgun or a firearms purchaser identification card, as the 42 case may be; or 43 (2) For the purpose of military drill under the auspices of a 44 legally recognized military organization and under competent 45 supervision; or 46 (3) For the purpose of competition, target practice, instruction, 47 and training in and upon a firing range approved by the governing 48 body of the municipality in which the range is located or the

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National Rifle Association and which is under competent
 supervision at the time of such supervision or target practice or
 instruction and training at any location; or

4 (4) For the purpose of hunting during the regularly designated
5 hunting season, provided that he possesses a valid hunting license
6 and has successfully completed a hunter's safety course taught by a
7 qualified instructor or conservation police officer and possesses a
8 certificate indicating the successful completion of such a course.

9 A person who violates this section shall be guilty of a crime c. 10 of the fourth degree. For purposes of this section the fact that the 11 act would not constitute a crime if committed by an adult shall not 12 be deemed to prohibit or require waiver of family court jurisdiction 13 pursuant to N.J.S.2C:4-11 or to preclude a finding of delinquency 14 under the "New Jersey Code of Juvenile] Youth Justice," 15 P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-20 et seq.), P.L.1982, c.79 (C.2A:4A-60 et seq.), P.L.1982, c.80 (C.2A:4A-76 et seq.) and P.L.1982, c.81 16

- 17 (C.2A:4A-70 et seq.).
- 18 (cf: P.L.2019, c.407, s.3)
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20 25. Section 20 of P.L.1974, c.119 (C.9:6-8.40) is amended to 21 read as follows:

22 20. Records involving abuse or neglect. When the Department 23 of Children and Families receives a report or complaint that a child 24 may be abused or neglected; when the department provides services 25 to a child; or when the department receives a request from the 26 Superior Court, Chancery Division, Family Part to investigate an 27 allegation of abuse or neglect, the department may request of any 28 and all public or private institutions, or agencies including law 29 enforcement agencies, or any private practitioners, their records 30 past and present pertaining to that child and other children under the 31 same care, custody and control. The department shall not be 32 charged a fee for the copying of the records. Records kept pursuant 33 to the "New Jersey Code of [Juvenile] Youth Justice," P.L.1982, 34 c.77 (C.2A:4A-20 et seq.) may be obtained by the department, upon 35 issuance by a court of an order on good cause shown directing these 36 records to be released to the department for the purpose of aiding in 37 evaluation to determine if the child is abused or neglected. In the 38 release of the aforementioned records, the source shall have 39 immunity from any liability, civil or criminal. 40 (cf: P.L.2006, c.47, s.51)

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42 26. Section 9 of P.L.1947, c.179 (C.9:22-9) is amended to read 43 as follows:

44 9. Any municipal youth guidance council having an adjustment
45 committee may petition the Superior Court, Chancery Division,
46 Family Part, in its discretion, to either:

1 A. Establish a schedule for a holding of juvenile hearings in a 2 suitable location chosen by the adjustment committee within the 3 limits of the petitioning municipality; or 4 B. Appoint a referee to hear and recommend disposition of any

5 cases specifically referred to the referee by the Family Part of the county and any cases coming within the provisions of the "New 6 Jersey Code of [Juvenile] Youth Justice," P.L.1982, c. 77 7 8 (C.2A:4A-20 et seq.) arising within the limits of the petitioning 9 municipality. It shall be the duty of the petitioning municipality to 10 see that adequate diagnostic services shall be made available to 11 such children.

12 Any case requiring the detention of a child shall be referred to 13 the Family Part for hearing.

14 Upon receipt of a petition to appoint a referee the Family Part 15 shall proceed to appoint a member of the adjustment committee, or some other suitable person, as referee, in accordance with 16 17 N.J.S.2A:4-12. Nothing in this provision shall limit the present 18 discretionary power of the Family Part to appoint referees on their 19 own initiative or to prevent such a court from hearing cases 20 scheduled to be heard in the petitioning municipality in place of the 21 referee so appointed by it.

22 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.215)

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24 27. Section 2 of P.L.1955, c.55 (C.9:23-2) is amended to read as 25 follows:

26 2. Pursuant to said compact, the Governor is hereby authorized 27 and empowered to designate an officer within the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, 28 29 c.284 (C.52:17B-170) who shall be the compact administrator and 30 who, acting jointly with like officers of other party States, shall 31 promulgate rules and regulations to carry out more effectively the 32 terms of the compact. Said compact administrator shall serve 33 subject to the pleasure of the Governor. The compact administrator 34 is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to co-operate with all 35 departments, agencies and officers of and in the government of this 36 State and its political subdivisions in facilitating the proper 37 administration of the compact or of any supplementary agreement 38 or agreements entered into by this State thereunder.

39 (cf: P.L.1995, c.280, s.23)

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41 28. Section 1 of P.L.2017, c.293 (C.11A:2-11.1) is amended to 42 read as follows:

43 The Civil Service Commission shall effectuate the 1. a. 44 following title changes in the career service:

45 (1) Correction officer recruit shall be retitled as correctional 46 police officer;

47 (2) Senior correction officer shall be retitled as senior 48 correctional police officer;

1 (3) Correction sergeant shall be retitled as correctional police 2 sergeant; 3 (4) Correction lieutenant shall be retitled as correctional police 4 lieutenant; 5 (5) Correction captain shall be retitled as correctional police 6 captain; 7 (6) Director of custody operations shall be retitled as 8 correctional police chief; 9 (7) Correction officer apprentice shall be retitled as correctional 10 police officer apprentice; and (8) Correction major shall be retitled as correctional police 11 12 major. 13 b. The title changes provided under this section shall apply to 14 all corrections officers employed by the New Jersey Department of Corrections and the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission. 15 16 c. Any fees associated with the retitling pursuant to subsection 17 a. of this section shall be borne by the corrections officer whose 18 title is changed. 19 (cf: P.L.2017, c.293, s.1) 20 29. Section 6 P.L.1979, c.207 (C.18A:7B-2) is amended to read 21 22 as follows: 23 6. a. For each State-placed child who is resident in a district 24 and in a State facility on the last school day prior to October 16 of 25 the prebudget year, and for each district-placed child who is 26 resident in a district and in a State facility on the last school day 27 prior to October 16 of the budget year, the Commissioner of 28 Education shall deduct from the State aid payable to that district an 29 amount equal to the approved per pupil cost established pursuant to 30 the provisions of section 24 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-24); 31 except that for a child in a county juvenile detention center, no 32 deduction shall be made until Fiscal Year 1999, in which year and 33 thereafter **[**50% **]** <u>50 percent</u> of the per pupil cost shall be deducted. 34 b. If, for any district, the amount to be deducted pursuant to 35 subsection a. of this section is greater than State aid payable to the 36 district, the district shall pay to the Department of Education the 37 difference between the amount to be deducted and the State aid 38 payable to the district. 39 The amount deducted pursuant to subsection a. of this c. 40 section and the amount paid to the Department of Education 41 pursuant to subsection b. of this section shall be forwarded to the 42 Department of Human Services or the Department of Children and 43 Families, as applicable, if the facility is operated by or under 44 contract with that department, or to the Department of Corrections 45 if the facility is operated by or under contract with that department, or to the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established pursuant 46 47 to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) if the facility is 48 operated by or under contract with that commission, and shall serve

1 as payment by the district of tuition for the child. In the case of 2 county juvenile detention centers, the tuition shall be deemed to 3 supplement funds currently provided by the county for this purpose 4 under chapter 10 and chapter 11 of Title 9 of the Revised Statutes. 5 In Fiscal Year 1998, a county shall not decrease its level of 6 contribution as a result of the payment of tuition pursuant to this 7 section. In Fiscal Year 1999 and thereafter, a county shall be 8 required to pay [50%] <u>50 percent</u> of the approved per pupil costs 9 established pursuant to the provisions of section 24 of P.L.1996, 10 c.138 (C.18A:7F-24) for the purpose of implementing chapters 10 and 11 of Title 9 of the Revised Statutes. Amounts so deducted 11 shall be used solely for the support of educational programs and 12 13 shall be maintained in a separate account for that purpose. No 14 district shall be responsible for the tuition of any child admitted by 15 the State to a State facility after the last school day prior to October 16 16 of the prebudget year. 17 (cf: P.L.2006, c.47, s.81) 18 19 30. Section 8 of P.L.1979, c.207 (C.18A:7B-4) is amended to 20 read as follow: 21 8. Funds received pursuant to this act by the Department of 22 Human Services, the Department of Children and Families, the 23 Department of Corrections or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 24 Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 25 (C.52:17B-170) shall be used only for the salaries of teachers, 26 educational administrators at the program level, child study team personnel, clerical staff assigned to child study teams or to 27 educational 28 day programs, paraprofessionals assigned to 29 educational programs in State facilities, and for diagnostic services 30 required as part of the child study team evaluations and related 31 educational services personnel whose function requires an 32 educational certificate issued by the State Department of Education, 33 and for the costs of educational materials, supplies and equipment 34 for these programs. No such funds shall be used for the renovation 35 or construction of capital facilities, for the maintenance and 36 operation of educational facilities, or for custodial, habilitation or 37 other noneducational costs. 38 There are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the 39 Departments of Human Services, Children and Families and 40 Corrections such funds as may be necessary to provide for adult, 41 post-secondary and college programs. 42 (cf: P.L.2006, c.47, s.82) 43 44 31. Section 9 of P.L.1979, c.207 (C.18A:7B-5) is amended to 45 read as follows: 46 9. The Commissioner of Education, with the approval of the 47 State Board of Education, shall promulgate rules and regulations to 48 ensure a thorough and efficient education, consistent with the

02

1 provisions of P.L.2007, c.260 (C.18A:7F-43 et al.), for the children 2 in State facilities. In the case of county juvenile detention centers, the Office of Education in the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 3 4 Commission shall develop, in consultation with the commissioner, 5 appropriate standards, to be effective for Fiscal Year 1999, for the 6 provision of a thorough and efficient education by the county for facilities established under chapter 10 and chapter 11 of Title 9 of 7 8 the Revised Statutes. 9 The commissioner shall continually review the operation of 10 educational programs in State facilities. If he finds that the 11 operation of any of these programs does not meet the educational standard required by the regulations, he shall direct that a remedial 12 13 plan be prepared by the education director of the facility in which

14 the program is located, together with the director of educational services of the department which is operating or contracting with 15 16 the facility. The plan shall be submitted to the Commissioner of 17 Education for his approval. If he approves the plan, it shall be 18 implemented in a timely and effective manner. If he finds the plan 19 or its implementation to be insufficient, he may, until the 20 insufficiency is corrected, withhold and place in a special account 21 any State aid funds which otherwise would have been forwarded 22 pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1979, c.207.

- 23 (cf: P.L.2007, c.260, s.26)
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25 32. Section 11 of P.L.1979, c.207 (C.18A:7B-7) is amended to 26 read as follows:

11. a. Any parent or guardian of a pupil in a State facility and
any pupil in a State facility between 18 and 20 years of age, may
request an administrative review on matters of educational
classification or educational program.

b. The administrative review process shall include thefollowing sequence:

33 (1) A conference with teaching staff members or child study34 team personnel;

35 (2) A conference with the Director of Educational Services of
36 the Department of Human Services, the Department of Children and
37 Families, the Department of Corrections, or the [Juvenile] Youth
38 Justice Commission, whichever is appropriate;

39 (3) A hearing by the Commissioner of Education pursuant to40 law and regulation.

c. The due process rights available to children, parents and
guardians in the public schools on matters of educational
classification or educational program shall be available to children,
parents and guardians in State facilities.

d. The placement of a child in a particular State facility shall
not be subject to an administrative review or hearing pursuant to
this section.

48 (cf: P.L.2006, c.47, s.83)

1 33. Section 19 of P.L.1979, c.207 (C.18A:7B-12) is amended to 2 read as follows:

3 19. For school funding purposes, the Commissioner of4 Education shall determine district of residence as follows:

5 a. (1) In the case of a child placed in a resource family home 6 prior to the effective date of P.L.2010, c.69 (C.30:4C-26b et al.), 7 the district of residence shall be the district in which the resource 8 family parents reside. If such a child in a resource family home is 9 subsequently placed in a State facility or by a State agency, the 10 district of residence of the child shall then be determined as if no 11 such resource family placement had occurred.

(2) In the case of a child placed in a resource family home on or
after the effective date of P.L.2010, c.69 (C.30:4C-26b et al.), the
district of residence shall be the present district of residence of the
parent or guardian with whom the child lived prior to the most
recent placement in a resource family home.

b. The district of residence for children who are in residential State facilities, or who have been placed by State agencies in group homes, skill development homes, private schools or out-of-State facilities, shall be the present district of residence of the parent or guardian with whom the child lived prior to his most recent admission to a State facility or most recent placement by a State agency.

c. The district of residence for children whose parent or guardian temporarily moves from one school district to another as the result of being homeless shall be the district in which the parent or guardian last resided prior to becoming homeless. For the purpose of this amendatory and supplementary act, "homeless" shall mean an individual who temporarily lacks a fixed, regular and adequate residence.

31 If the district of residence cannot be determined according to d. 32 the criteria contained herein, if the criteria contained herein identify 33 a district of residence outside of the State, or if the child has resided 34 in a domestic violence shelter, homeless shelter, or transitional 35 living facility located outside of the district of residence for more than one year, the State shall assume fiscal responsibility for the 36 37 tuition of the child. The tuition shall equal the approved per pupil 38 cost established pursuant to section 24 of P.L.1996, c.138 39 (C.18A:7F-24). This amount shall be appropriated in the same 40 manner as other State aid under this act. The Department of 41 Education shall pay the amount to the Department of Human 42 Services, the Department of Children and Families, the Department 43 of Corrections or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission 44 established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) 45 or, in the case of a homeless child or a child in a family resource 46 home, the Department of Education shall pay to the school district 47 in which the child is enrolled the weighted base per pupil amount 48 calculated pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2007, c.260 (C.18A:7F-49)

64

1 and the appropriate security categorical aid per pupil and special 2 education categorical aid per pupil. 3 e. If the State has assumed fiscal responsibility for the tuition of a child in a private educational facility approved by the 4 5 Department of Education to serve children who are classified as needing special education services, the department shall pay to the 6 7 Department of Human Services, the Department of Children and 8 Families or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, as 9 appropriate, the aid specified in subsection d. of this section and in 10 addition, such aid as required to make the total amount of aid equal 11 to the actual cost of the tuition. 12 (cf: P.L.2017, c.83, s.1) 13 34. Section 20 of P.L.1979, c.207 (C.18A:7B-13) is amended to 14 15 read as follows: 16 20. Beginning in the school year 1997-98, the Commissioner of 17 Education shall annually report to the Legislature, describing the 18 condition of educational programs in State facilities, the efforts of 19 the Departments of Corrections, Children and Families, and Human 20 Services and the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission in meeting 21 the standards of a thorough and efficient education in these 22 facilities, the steps underway to correct any deficiencies in their 23 educational programs, and the progress of the educational programs 24 in New Jersey State facilities in comparison with those in the state 25 facilities of other states. At that time the commissioner shall 26 recommend to the Legislature any necessary or desirable changes or modifications in P.L.1979, c.207 (C.18A:7B-1 et al.). 27 (cf: P.L.2006, c.47, s.86) 28 29 30 35. Section 1 of P.L.2005, c.265 (C.18A:7C-12) is amended to read as follows: 1. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, in the case of a student enrolled in an educational program in a county 34 juvenile detention center that meets the standards for a thorough 35 and efficient education developed by the Office of Education in the 36 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, in consultation with the 37 Commissioner of Education, pursuant to section 9 of P.L. 1979, 38 c.207 (C.18A:7B-5), who subsequently enrolls in a public school 39 district, the district shall accept all days of attendance and courses 40 studied by the student at the county juvenile detention center and apply them toward district requirements for elementary, middle, or 42 high school graduation. (cf: P.L.2005, c.265, s.1) 44 45 36. Section 24 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-24) is amended to 46 read as follows: 47 24. Annually by December 15, the Department of Corrections, 48 the Department of Human Services, the Department of Children and

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1 Families and the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall each 2 submit to the commissioner for approval, with respect to the 3 facilities under their operational or supervisional authority, a budget 4 for educational programs as set forth in section 8 of P.L.1979, c.207 5 (C.18A:7B-4) for the subsequent year, together with enrollments 6 and per pupil costs. For the purposes of calculating a per pupil cost, enrollment shall be based on the number of pupils in the State 7 8 facility on the last school day prior to October 16 of the prebudget 9 year. In the subsequent year, pursuant to P.L.1979, c.207 10 (C.18A:7B-1 et seq.) for students resident in a district, approved per 11 pupil amounts shall be deducted from each school district's State aid 12 and remitted to the appropriate agency, except that for county juvenile detention centers, no deduction shall be made until Fiscal 13 14 Year 1999; in that year and thereafter, [50%] 50 percent of 15 approved per pupil amounts shall be deducted and remitted to the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission. 16 17 (cf: P.L.2006, c.47, s.89) 18 19 37. Section 3 of P.L.2007, c.260 (C.18A:7F-45) is amended to 20 read as follows: 21 3. As used in this act and P.L.1996, c.138, unless the context 22 clearly requires a different meaning: 23 "At-risk pupils" means those resident pupils from households 24 with a household income at or below the most recent federal poverty guidelines available on October 15 of the prebudget year 25 26 multiplied by 1.85; 27 "Base per pupil amount" means the cost per elementary pupil of 28 delivering the core curriculum content standards and extracurricular 29 and cocurricular activities necessary for a thorough and efficient 30 education; 31 "Bilingual education pupil" means a resident pupil enrolled in a 32 program of bilingual education or in an English as a second 33 language program approved by the State Board of Education; 34 "Budgeted local share" means the district's local tax levy 35 contained in the budget certified for taxation purposes; 36 "Capital outlay" means capital outlay as defined in GAAP; 37 "Combination pupil" means a resident pupil who is both an at-38 risk pupil and a bilingual education pupil; "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Education; 39 40 "Concentration of at-risk pupils" shall be based on prebudget 41 year pupil data and means, for a school district or a county 42 vocational school district, the number of at-risk pupils among those 43 counted in resident enrollment, divided by resident enrollment; 44 "County special services school district" means any entity 45 established pursuant to article 8 of chapter 46 of Title 18A of the

46 New Jersey Statutes;

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"County vocational school district" means any entity established
 pursuant to article 3 of chapter 54 of Title 18A of the New Jersey
 Statutes;

"CPI" means the increase, expressed as a decimal, in the average
annualized consumer price index for the New York City and
Philadelphia areas in the fiscal year preceding the prebudget year
relative to the previous fiscal year as reported by the United States
Department of Labor;

9 "Debt service" means payments of principal and interest upon 10 school bonds and other obligations issued to finance the purchase or 11 construction of school facilities, additions to school facilities, or the 12 reconstruction, remodeling, alteration, modernization, renovation or repair of school facilities, including furnishings, equipment, 13 14 architect fees, and the costs of issuance of such obligations and 15 shall include payments of principal and interest upon bonds 16 heretofore issued to fund or refund such obligations, and upon 17 municipal bonds and other obligations which the commissioner 18 approves as having been issued for such purposes;

19 "District income" means the aggregate income of the residents of 20 the taxing district or taxing districts, based upon data provided by 21 the Division of Taxation in the New Jersey Department of the 22 Treasury and contained on the New Jersey State Income Tax forms 23 for the calendar year ending two years prior to the prebudget year. 24 The commissioner may supplement data contained on the State 25 Income Tax forms with data available from other State or federal 26 agencies in order to better correlate the data to that collected on the 27 federal census. With respect to regional districts and their 28 constituent districts, however, the district income as described 29 above shall be allocated among the regional and constituent districts 30 in proportion to the number of pupils resident in each of them;

31 "Equalized valuation" means the equalized valuation of the 32 taxing district or taxing districts, as certified by the Director of the 33 Division of Taxation on October 1, or subsequently revised by the 34 tax court by January 15, of the prebudget year. With respect to 35 regional districts and their constituent districts, however, the equalized valuations as described above shall be allocated among 36 37 the regional and constituent districts in proportion to the number of 38 pupils resident in each of them. In the event that the equalized table 39 certified by the director shall be revised by the tax court after 40 January 15 of the prebudget year, the revised valuations shall be 41 used in the recomputation of aid for an individual school district 42 filing an appeal, but shall have no effect upon the calculation of the 43 property value rate, Statewide average equalized school tax rate, or 44 Statewide equalized total tax rate;

45 "Full-day preschool" means a preschool day consisting of a six46 hour comprehensive educational program in accordance with the
47 district's kindergarten through grade 12 school calendar;

"GAAP" means the generally accepted accounting principles
 established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board as
 prescribed by the State board pursuant to N.J.S.18A:4-14;

"General special education services pupil" means a pupil
receiving specific services pursuant to chapter 46 of Title 18A of
the New Jersey Statutes;

7 "Geographic cost adjustment" means an adjustment that reflects
8 county differences in the cost of providing educational services that
9 are outside the control of the district;

"Household income" means income as defined in 7 CFR ss.245.2and 245.6 or any subsequent superseding federal law or regulation;

"Net budget" means the sum of the district's general fund tax
levy, State aid received pursuant to the provisions of this act other
than preschool education aid, miscellaneous revenue estimated
pursuant to GAAP, and designated general fund balance;

16 "Prebudget year" means the school fiscal year preceding the year17 in which the school budget is implemented;

"Nonpreschool ECPA" means the amount of early childhood
program aid, excluding prior year carry-forward amounts, included
in a district's 2007-2008 school year budget certified for taxes that
was allocated to grades K through 3;

"Report" means the Educational Adequacy Report issued by thecommissioner pursuant to section 4 of this act;

24 "Resident enrollment" means the number of pupils other than 25 pupils, post-graduate pupils, and post-secondary preschool 26 vocational pupils who, on the last school day prior to October 16 of 27 the current school year, are residents of the district and are enrolled 28 in: (1) the public schools of the district, excluding evening schools, 29 (2) another school district, other than a county vocational school 30 district in the same county on a full-time basis, or a State college 31 demonstration school or private school to which the district of 32 residence pays tuition, or (3) a State facility in which they are 33 placed by the district; or are residents of the district and are: (1) 34 receiving home instruction, or (2) in a shared-time vocational 35 program and are regularly attending a school in the district and a county vocational school district. In addition, resident enrollment 36 37 shall include the number of pupils who, on the last school day prior 38 to October 16 of the prebudget year, are residents of the district and 39 in a State facility in which they were placed by the State. Pupils in 40 a shared-time vocational program shall be counted on an equated 41 full-time basis in accordance with procedures to be established by 42 the commissioner. Resident enrollment shall include regardless of nonresidence, the enrolled children of teaching staff members of the 43 44 school district or county vocational school district who are 45 permitted, by contract or local district policy, to enroll their 46 children in the educational program of the school district or county vocational school district without payment of tuition. Disabled 47 48 children between three and five years of age and receiving programs

and services pursuant to N.J.S.18A:46-6 shall be included in the
 resident enrollment of the district;

3 "School district" means any local or regional school district
4 established pursuant to chapter 8 or chapter 13 of Title 18A of the
5 New Jersey Statutes;

6 "State facility" means a State developmental center, a State 7 Division of Youth and Family Services' residential center, a State 8 residential mental health center, a Department of Children and 9 Families Regional Day School, a State training school/secure care 10 facility, a State juvenile community program, a juvenile detention 11 center or a boot camp under the supervisional authority of the 12 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission pursuant to P.L.1995, c.284 13 (C.52:17B-169 et seq.), or an institution operated by or under 14 contract with the Department of Corrections, Children and Families 15 or Human Services, or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission;

16 "Statewide equalized school tax rate" means the amount 17 calculated by dividing the general fund tax levy for all school 18 districts, which excludes county vocational school districts and 19 county special services school districts as defined pursuant to this 20 section, in the State for the prebudget year by the equalized 21 valuations certified in the year prior to the prebudget year of all 22 taxing districts in the State except taxing districts for which there 23 are not school tax levies;

"Tax levy growth limitation" means the permitted annual
increase in the adjusted tax levy for a school district as calculated
pursuant to sections 3 and 4 of P.L.2007, c.62 (C.18A:7F-38 and
18A:7F-39).

28 (cf: P.L.2010, c.44, s.6)

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38. N.J.S.18A:47-4 is amended to read as follows:

18A:47-4. Such special school shall receive, restrain, and
instruct dependent delinquent children, and children under the age
of 16 years, committed to such school by the Superior Court,
Chancery Division, Family Part pursuant to the "New Jersey Code
of [Juvenile] Youth Justice," P.L.1982, c. 77 (C.2A:4A-20 et seq.).

36 If in the judgment of the court the best interests of a child 37 demand that the special school have the entire charge and control of 38 the child, the court may take the custody of the child from its 39 parents or guardian and give it, for an indeterminate period, to the 40 board of education having control of the special school. When in 41 the judgment of the board the conduct of the child has so improved 42 that it should be permitted to attend the regular public schools, it 43 may return the child to the custody of its parents or guardian.

Any child, under the age of 16 years, arrested for any cause
except murder or manslaughter, and pupils habitually truant or
incorrigible, may, by order of the Family Part be held in the school
until final judgment.

48 (cf: P.L.1991, c.91, s.235)

1 39. Section 2 of P.L.2005, c.157 (C.18A:71B-88) is amended to 2 read as follows: 3 2. The Legislature finds and declares that: a. A qualified and stable work force in public facilities and 4 5 nonprofit social services agencies is essential to ensure the provision of quality services to persons in need of services, including persons 6 7 with mental illness, developmental disabilities or other disabilities, 8 persons in need of substance use disorder treatment and juveniles under the custody and care of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 9 10 Commission; b. These public facilities and social services agencies are 11 12 currently facing a personnel crisis, which is expected to worsen in the 13 next two decades; 14 c. The entry-level and on-going salaries offered by these public 15 facilities and social services agencies to direct care professionals are 16 not always competitive with those offered in the private for profit 17 sector, which limits the ability of these facilities and agencies to attract 18 and retain qualified direct care professionals; 19 d. Loan redemption programs can address the economic hardship 20 of direct care professionals performing critical work in low-paying 21 jobs, who in many instances are forced, because of their high loan debt 22 and low incomes, to reject or abandon employment in the public 23 sector, which is in great need of their skills and knowledge, for 24 employment that is more financially rewarding; 25 e. The departure of these skilled direct care professionals from 26 the public and nonprofit sector is, in many cases, a loss to their own 27 sense of personal fulfillment, to the consumers that they serve, and to 28 society at large; and 29 f. The establishment by this State of a loan redemption program for direct care professionals employed in public facilities and nonprofit 30 31 agencies that contract with the Department of Human Services and the 32 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission is essential to address the need 33 for the continued provision of high-quality services by these skilled 34 and knowledgeable professionals. 35 (cf: P.L.2023, c.177, s.52) 36 37 40. Section 3 of P.L.2005, c.157 (C.18A:71B-89) is amended to 38 read as follows: 39 3. As used in this act: 40 "Approved course of study" means: an undergraduate program 41 leading to a bachelor's degree offered by a four-year public or 42 independent institution of higher education; or a graduate program 43 leading to a master's degree, which is offered by a public or 44 independent institution of higher education, in a human services 45 discipline such as social work, psychology or counseling, or a 46 health-related profession such as occupational, physical or speech 47 therapy.

70

"Approved employment" means postgraduate, full-time
 employment as a direct care professional in a qualified facility. The
 term shall not include a paid student internship, paid fellowship,
 volunteer service or employment before graduation.

5 "Authority" means the Higher Education Student Assistance6 Authority established pursuant to N.J.S.18A:71A-3.

7 "Direct care professional" means a professional staff member at
8 a qualified facility who provides one or more of the following
9 services to eligible persons: counseling; physical, occupational,
10 recreational or speech therapy; case management; vocational
11 training; assistance with activities of daily living; medication
12 management; budgeting assistance; addiction treatment services;
13 nutrition; and other clinical services.

"Eligible student loan expenses" mean the cumulative total of the annual student loans, covering the cost of attendance while enrolled in an approved course of study. Interest paid or due on student loans that a program participant has taken out for use in paying the costs of attendance at an institution of higher education shall be considered eligible for reimbursement under the program.

20 "Program" means the Social Services Student Loan Redemption21 Program established pursuant to this act.

22 "Program participant" means a person who meets the23 requirements of the program.

24 "Qualified facility" means:

a. a facility operated by the Department of Human Services
that provides direct care services to persons served by the
department;

b. a county psychiatric hospital;

c. a facility operated by the [Juvenile] Youth Justice
Commission;

d. a veterans' memorial home operated by the Department ofMilitary and Veterans' Affairs; and

e. a nonprofit agency in the State that contracts with the
Department of Human Services or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice
Commission to provide direct care services to persons served by the
department or commission.

37 (cf: P.L.2005, c.157, s.3)

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39 41. Section 4 of P.L.2005, c.157 (C.18A:71B-90) is amended to40 read as follows:

4. There is established the Social Services Student Loan
42 Redemption Program within the Higher Education Student
43 Assistance Authority.

The purpose of the program is to address the current and projected critical shortage of direct care professionals in the State by providing an incentive for persons to engage in employment at certain public facilities, and nonprofit social services agencies under contract with the Department of Human Services or the

1 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, so as to ensure that State 2 residents who are in need of direct care services at these facilities 3 and agencies have sufficient, qualified professional staff in order to 4 provide the needed services. 5 The program shall provide loan redemption to finance the 6 undergraduate or graduate study of program participants in exchange for full-time employment as a direct care professional at a 7 8 qualified facility following completion of an approved course of 9 study. 10 (cf: P.L.2005, c.157, s.4) 11 12 42. Section 10 of P.L.2005, c.157 (C.18A:71B-96) is amended 13 to read as follows: 14 10. The Higher Education Student Assistance Authority, in 15 consultation with the Commissioner of Human Services and the executive director of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, 16 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 17 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to 18 19 implement the provisions of this act, including eligibility criteria for 20 the program, procedures for determining the amount of the loan 21 redemption award, and the types of direct care professional 22 positions that qualify for the program. 23 (cf: P.L.2005, c.157, s.10) 24 25 43. Section 10 of P.L.2009, c.329 (C.30:4-6.2) is amended to 26 read as follows: 10. a. To assist and advise in issues pertaining to prisoner 27 reentry, there is established in the Department of Corrections an 28 29 advisory commission to be known as the "Prisoner Reentry 30 Commission." The purpose of the commission shall be to review, 31 study, and offer solutions to problems facing prisoners re-entering 32 society, including, but not limited to determining whether: 33 (1) New Jersey should seek a federal waiver under Section 1115 34 of the Social Security Act to expand Medicaid eligibility to non-35 disabled adults, to leverage additional federal funds in order to 36 target high risk populations; 37 (2) Health care and treatment resources for former prisoners are 38 adequate and if not, methods by which they can be improved; 39 (3) The prison population can be incorporated fully into New 40 Jersey's workforce development strategy; and 41 (4) Sources of funding intended for the same populations and 42 communities could be tapped, coordinated and leveraged 43 effectively. 44 b. In addition, the commission shall: 45 (1) Evaluate and provide recommendations for special issues 46 concerning juvenile reentry; 47 (2) Evaluate and make recommendations concerning current law 48 on juvenile waiver; and

72

1 (3) Evaluate and provide recommendations for inter-agency 2 communication, information sharing, and problem solving. 3 c. (1) The advisory commission shall consist of 18 members as 4 follows: 5 (a) The Attorney General or his designee, who shall serve ex officio; 6 7 (b) The Secretary of State or his designee, who shall serve ex 8 officio; 9 (c) The Commissioner of Corrections or his designee, who shall 10 serve ex officio; 11 (d) The Commissioner of Human Services or his designee, who 12 shall serve ex officio; (e) The Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development or 13 his designee, who shall serve ex officio; 14 15 (f) The Commissioner of Community Affairs or his designee, 16 who shall serve ex officio; 17 (g) The Commissioner of Education or his designee, who shall 18 serve ex officio; (h) Two members of the Senate, to be appointed by the 19 20 President of the Senate, who shall each be of different political 21 parties; 22 (i) Two members of the General Assembly, to be appointed by 23 the Speaker of the General Assembly, who shall each be of different 24 political parties; 25 (j) The Chairman of the State Parole Board or his designee, 26 who shall serve ex officio; (k) The Executive Director of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 27 Commission or his designee, who shall serve ex officio; 28 29 (1) The Executive Director of the Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency or his designee, who shall serve ex officio; 30 31 (m) The New Jersey Public Defender or his designee, who shall 32 serve ex officio; 33 (n) One representative from the New Jersey Institute for Social 34 Justice; and (o) Two public members, who by experience or training have 35 expertise in issues facing former prisoners, to be appointed by the 36 37 Governor. 38 (2) The Governor shall designate one member as chairman and two members as vice-chairmen of the commission from among the 39 40 members listed in this subsection. 41 (3) The public members shall be appointed for a five-year term. Vacancies in the membership of the advisory commission shall be 42 43 filled in the same manner provided for in the original appointments. 44 The members of the advisory commission shall serve without 45 compensation but may be reimbursed for travel and other 46 miscellaneous expenses necessary to perform their duties, within 47 the limits of funds made available to the advisory commission for 48 its purposes.

1 (4) A member of the commission may be removed for good 2 cause. 3 d. The commission may meet at the call of its chair and hold hearings at the times and in the places it may deem appropriate and 4 5 necessary to fulfill its charge. The advisory commission shall be 6 entitled to call to its assistance, and avail itself of the services of, 7 the employees of any State, county or municipal department, board, 8 bureau, commission or agency as it may require and as may be 9 available to it for its purposes. 10 The commission shall annually submit a report to the e. 11 Governor and the Legislature pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, 12 c.164 (C.52:14-19.1) along with any recommendations it deems 13 appropriate, including any legislative proposals it may wish to 14 make. 15 (cf: P.L.2009, c.329, s.10) 16 17 44. Section 3 of P.L.1998, c.71 (C.30:4-27.26) is amended to 18 read as follows: 19 3. As used in this act: 20 "Agency with jurisdiction" means the agency which releases 21 upon lawful order or authority a person who is serving a sentence or 22 term of confinement, or is otherwise being detained or maintained 23 in custody. This term includes the Department of Corrections or a 24 county correctional facility, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 25 Commission or a county juvenile detention facility, and the "Attorney General" means the 26 Department of Human Services. 27 Attorney General or a county prosecutor to whom the Attorney 28 General has delegated authority under this act. 29 "Clinical certificate for a sexually violent predator" means a 30 form prepared by the Division of Mental Health Services in the 31 Department of Human Services and approved by the Administrative 32 Office of the Courts, that is completed by the psychiatrist or other 33 physician who has examined the person who is subject to 34 commitment within three days of presenting the person for admission to a facility for treatment, and which states that the 35 person is a sexually violent predator in need of involuntary 36 37 commitment. The form shall also state the specific facts upon which 38 the examining physician has based that conclusion and shall be 39 certified in accordance with the Rules Governing the Courts of the 40 State of New Jersey. A clinical certificate for a sexually violent 41 predator may not be executed by an individual who is a relative by 42 blood or marriage to the person who is being examined. 43 "Likely to engage in acts of sexual violence" means the 44 propensity of a person to commit acts of sexual violence is of such 45 a degree as to pose a threat to the health and safety of others. 46 "Mental abnormality" means a mental condition that affects a 47 person's emotional, cognitive or volitional capacity in a manner that

48 predisposes that person to commit acts of sexual violence.

74

1 "Person" means an individual 18 years of age or older who is a 2 potential or actual subject of proceedings under this act. 3 "Psychiatrist" means a physician who has completed the training 4 requirements of the American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology. 5 "Sexually violent offense" means: 6 (a) aggravated sexual assault; sexual assault; aggravated 7 criminal sexual contact; kidnapping pursuant to subparagraph (b) of paragraph (2) of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:13-1; criminal sexual 8 9 contact; felony murder pursuant to paragraph (3) of N.J.S.2C:11-3 10 if the underlying crime is sexual assault; an attempt to commit any 11 of these enumerated offenses; or a criminal offense with 12 substantially the same elements as any offense enumerated above, entered or imposed under the laws of the United States, this State or 13 14 another state; or 15 (b) any offense for which the court makes a specific finding on 16 the record that, based on the circumstances of the case, the person's 17 offense should be considered a sexually violent offense. 18 "Sexually violent predator" means a person who has been convicted, adjudicated delinquent or found not guilty by reason of 19 20 insanity for commission of a sexually violent offense, or has been 21 charged with a sexually violent offense but found to be incompetent 22 to stand trial, and suffers from a mental abnormality or personality 23 disorder that makes the person likely to engage in acts of sexual 24 violence if not confined in a secure facility for control, care and 25 treatment. 26 "Treatment team" means the individuals, agencies or firms which 27 provide treatment, supervision or other services at a facility designated for the custody, care and treatment of sexually violent 28 29 predators. 30 (cf: P.L.1998, c.71, s.3) 31 45. Section 4 of P.L.1994, c.134 (C.30:4-82.4) is amended to 32 33 read as follows: 34 4. a. In order to ensure that adult and juvenile inmates who are 35 dangerous to themselves or others because of mental illness and 36 who are "in need of involuntary commitment" within the meaning 37 of section 2 of P.L.1987, c.116 (C.30:4-27.2) or who are "sexually 38 violent predators" within the meaning of section 3 of P.L.1998, c.71 39 (C.30:4-27.26), are not released without appropriate supervision 40 and treatment, the board, the Commissioner of the Department of 41 Corrections, the Attorney General, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 42 Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 43 (C.52:17B-170) and county prosecutors shall follow the procedures 44 set forth in this section. 45 b. When an adult or juvenile inmate is scheduled for release 46 due to expiration of the inmate's maximum term, the commissioner 47 or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall notify the

Attorney General and the prosecutor of the county from which the
 person was committed if:

3 (1) The adult inmate's term includes a sentence imposed for 4 conviction of aggravated sexual assault, sexual assault or 5 aggravated criminal sexual contact and the court imposing sentence 6 found that the offender's conduct was characterized by a pattern of 7 repetitive, compulsive behavior;

8 (2) The parole board or the superintendent of the facility in 9 which the inmate has been confined has advised the commissioner 10 or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission that the conduct of the 11 inmate during the period of confinement, the inmate's mental 12 condition or the inmate's past history indicates that the inmate may 13 be "in need of involuntary commitment" within the meaning of 14 section 2 of P.L.1987, c.116 (C.30:4-27.2); or

(3) The inmate's term includes a sentence imposed for
conviction of a "sexually violent offense" as defined in section 3 of
P.L.1998, c.71 (C.30:4-27.26).

c. Notice required by subsection b. shall be given no less than
90 days before the date on which the inmate's maximum term is
scheduled to expire.

21 d. When such notice is given, the board, the [Juvenile] Youth 22 Justice Commission or the commissioner shall provide the Attorney 23 General and county prosecutor with all information relevant to a 24 determination of whether the inmate may be "in need of involuntary 25 commitment" or may be a "sexually violent predator", including, 26 without regard to classification as confidential pursuant to 27 regulations of the board, of the Department of Corrections or the 28 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, any preparole report, 29 psychological and medical records, any statement of the reasons for 30 denial of parole and, if applicable, a statement of the reasons for the 31 determination that the inmate may be "in need of involuntary 32 commitment" or may be a "sexually violent predator".

e. If the Attorney General or county prosecutor determines, on the basis of the information provided pursuant to this section or N.J.S.2C:47-5, that the inmate may be "in need of involuntary commitment" or may be a "sexually violent predator", the Commissioner of Corrections or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, upon request of the Attorney General or county prosecutor shall:

40 (1) Permit persons qualified to execute clinical certificates
41 necessary for civil commitment to examine the inmate in the
42 institution in which he is confined; or

43 (2) Pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1986, c.71 (C.30:4-82.2),
44 arrange for persons qualified to execute clinical certificates
45 necessary for civil commitment to examine the inmate.

46 f. In the interests of the public safety and the well-being of the47 inmate, the Attorney General or county prosecutor may exercise

1 discretion to obtain an assessment of the inmate's condition by one 2 or more of the means set forth in subsection e. of this section. 3 The Attorney General or county prosecutor shall provide a g. 4 psychiatrist or physician assessing or examining an inmate pursuant 5 to this section with all information relevant to the inmate's need of involuntary commitment, including information concerning the 6 7 inmate's condition, history, recent behavior and any recent act or 8 threat. Any person who assesses or examines an inmate pursuant to 9 this section shall provide the Attorney General and county 10 prosecutor with a written report detailing the person's findings and 11 conclusions. 12 h. (1) All information, documents and records concerning the 13 inmate's mental condition or classified as confidential pursuant to regulations of the board, of the Department of Corrections or the 14 15 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission that are received or provided pursuant to this section or N.J.S.2C:47-5 shall be deemed 16 17 confidential. 18 (2) Unless authorized or required by court order or except as 19 required in the course of judicial proceedings relating to the inmate's commitment or release, disclosure of such information, 20 21 documents and records shall be limited to professionals evaluating 22 the inmate's condition pursuant to this section, the Attorney 23 General, county prosecutor and members of their respective staffs 24 as necessary to the performance of duties imposed pursuant to this section. 25 26 i. Any person acting in good faith who has provided 27 information relevant to an inmate's need of involuntary commitment 28 or as to whether the inmate is a sexually violent predator or has 29 taken good faith steps to assess an inmate's need of involuntary 30 commitment or whether the inmate is a sexually violent predator is 31 immune from civil and criminal liability. 32 (cf: P.L.1998, c.71, s.17) 33 34 Section 4 of P.L.1994, c.134 (C.30:4-82.4) is **[**46. 35 amended to read as follows: 36 4. a. In order to ensure that adult and juvenile inmates who are 37 dangerous to themselves or others because of mental illness and 38 who are "in need of involuntary commitment" within the meaning 39 of section 2 of P.L.1987, c.116 (C.30:4-27.2) or who are "sexually 40 violent predators" within the meaning of section 3 of P.L.1998, c.71 41 (C.30:4-27.26), are not released without appropriate supervision 42 and treatment, the board, the Commissioner of the Department of 43 Corrections, the Attorney General, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 44 Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 45 (C.52:17B-170) and county prosecutors shall follow the procedures 46 set forth in this section.

47 b. When an adult or juvenile inmate is scheduled for release 48 due to expiration of the inmate's maximum term, the commissioner or the **[**Juvenile**]** <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission shall notify the Attorney General and the prosecutor of the county from which the person was committed if:

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4 (1) The adult inmate's term includes a sentence imposed for 5 conviction of aggravated sexual assault, sexual assault or 6 aggravated criminal sexual contact and the court imposing sentence 7 found that the offender's conduct was characterized by a pattern of 8 repetitive, compulsive behavior;

9 (2) The parole board or the superintendent of the facility in 10 which the inmate has been confined has advised the commissioner 11 or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission that the conduct of the 12 inmate during the period of confinement, the inmate's mental 13 condition or the inmate's past history indicates that the inmate may 14 be "in need of involuntary commitment" within the meaning of 15 section 2 of P.L.1987, c.116 (C.30:4-27.2); or

(3) The inmate's term includes a sentence imposed for
conviction of a "sexually violent offense" as defined in section 3 of
P.L.1998, c.71 (C.30:4-27.26).

c. Notice required by subsection b. shall be given no less than
90 days before the date on which the inmate's maximum term is
scheduled to expire.

22 d. When such notice is given, the board, the [Juvenile] Youth 23 Justice Commission or the commissioner shall provide the Attorney 24 General and county prosecutor with all information relevant to a determination of whether the inmate may be "in need of involuntary 25 26 commitment" or may be a "sexually violent predator", including, 27 without regard to classification as confidential pursuant to 28 regulations of the board, of the Department of Corrections or the 29 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, any preparole report, 30 psychological and medical records, any statement of the reasons for 31 denial of parole and, if applicable, a statement of the reasons for the 32 determination that the inmate may be "in need of involuntary 33 commitment" or may be a "sexually violent predator".

e. If the Attorney General or county prosecutor determines, on the basis of the information provided pursuant to this section or N.J.S.2C:47-5, that the inmate may be "in need of involuntary commitment" or may be a "sexually violent predator", the Commissioner of Corrections or the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, upon request of the Attorney General or county prosecutor shall:

41 (1) Permit persons qualified to execute clinical certificates
42 necessary for civil commitment to examine the inmate in the
43 institution in which he is confined; or

44 (2) Pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1986, c.71 (C.30:4-82.2),
45 arrange for persons qualified to execute clinical certificates
46 necessary for civil commitment to examine the inmate.

47 f. In the interests of the public safety and the well-being of the48 inmate, the Attorney General or county prosecutor may exercise

1 discretion to obtain an assessment of the inmate's condition by one 2 or more of the means set forth in subsection e. of this section. 3 The Attorney General or county prosecutor shall provide a g. 4 psychiatrist or physician assessing or examining an inmate pursuant 5 to this section with all information relevant to the inmate's need of involuntary commitment, including information concerning the 6 7 inmate's condition, history, recent behavior and any recent act or 8 threat. Any person who assesses or examines an inmate pursuant to 9 this section shall provide the Attorney General and county 10 prosecutor with a written report detailing the person's findings and 11 conclusions. 12 h. (1) All information, documents and records concerning the 13 inmate's mental condition or classified as confidential pursuant to regulations of the board, of the Department of Corrections or the 14 15 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission that are received or provided pursuant to this section or N.J.S.2C:47-5 shall be deemed 16 17 confidential. 18 (2) Unless authorized or required by court order or except as 19 required in the course of judicial proceedings relating to the inmate's commitment or release, disclosure of such information, 20 21 documents and records shall be limited to professionals evaluating 22 the inmate's condition pursuant to this section, the Attorney 23 General, county prosecutor and members of their respective staffs 24 as necessary to the performance of duties imposed pursuant to this section. 25 26 i. Any person acting in good faith who has provided 27 information relevant to an inmate's need of involuntary commitment 28 or as to whether the inmate is a sexually violent predator or has 29 taken good faith steps to assess an inmate's need of involuntary 30 commitment or whether the inmate is a sexually violent predator is 31 immune from civil and criminal liability. 32 (cf: P.L.1998, c.71, s.17)] 33 34 [47.] 46. Section 3 of P.L.2009, c.329 (C.30:4-91.15) is 35 amended to read as follows: 36 3. a. The Commissioner of Corrections, in conjunction with the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission and the State Parole Board, 37 38 shall establish a program to record and analyze the recidivism of all 39 inmates and juveniles adjudicated delinquent who are released from 40 a State correctional facility or a training school for juveniles, 41 whether on parole or upon the completion of their maximum 42 sentences. The purpose of this program shall be to assist in 43 measuring the effectiveness of the State's reentry initiatives and 44 programs. 45 b. The program shall record the arrests for all offenses 46 committed by releasees within three years following their release

47 and any convictions resulting from the arrests. These data shall be 48 analyzed to determine whether the rates and nature of rearrests and

/9

convictions differ according to the criminal histories and personal
 characteristics of releasees, the treatment they received while
 confined, length of sentence, conditions of parole, participation and
 involvement in reentry initiatives and programs, and such other
 factors as may be relevant to the purposes of this section, including,
 but not limited to, race, gender, ethnicity, and age.

7 c. The commissioner shall prepare and disseminate semi-8 annual reports summarizing the recidivism rates, patterns, and other 9 findings and analyses resultant of the information gathered pursuant 10 to this section. These reports shall include summaries of the 11 treatment received by the releasees and any participation and 12 involvement in reentry initiatives by the releasees, and shall make recommendations concerning the effectiveness of the treatment 13 14 programs and reentry initiatives. These reports shall be available to 15 the general public and shall not contain any personally identifying 16 information. To facilitate the accessibility of these reports to the 17 general public, the commissioner shall, to the greatest extent 18 possible, utilize the Internet.

d. The commissioner shall annually prepare and transmit to the 19 20 Governor and the Legislature, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, 21 c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), a summary of the recommendations set forth 22 in the reports prepared pursuant to subsection c. of this section, 23 along with any recommendations the department, [Juvenile] Youth 24 Justice Commission or the State Parole Board may have for legislation to improve the effectiveness of the State's reentry 25 26 initiatives and programs.

- 27 (cf: P.L.2015, c.144, s.1)
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29 [48.] <u>47.</u> Section 1 of P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.45) is
30 amended to read as follows:

31 1. a. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Parole Act32 of 1979."

b. In this act, unless a different meaning is plainly required:

34 (1) "Adult inmate" means any person sentenced as an adult to a35 term of incarceration.

36 (2) "Juvenile inmate" means any person under commitment as a
37 juvenile delinquent pursuant to section 25 of P.L.1982, c.77
38 (C.2A:4A-44).

39 (3) "Parole release date" means that date certified by a member
40 of the board for release of an inmate after a review of the inmate's
41 case pursuant to section 11, 13 or 14 of this act.

42 (4) "Primary parole eligibility date" means that date established
43 for parole eligibility for adult inmates pursuant to section 7 or 20 of
44 this act.

(5) "Public notice" shall consist of lists including names of all
inmates being considered for parole, the county from which the
inmates were committed and the crimes for which the inmates were
incarcerated. At least 30 days prior to parole consideration the lists

80

shall be forwarded to the office of the public defender of each county or the private attorney of record for the inmates, the prosecutor's office of each county, the sentencing court, the office of the Attorney General, any other criminal justice agencies whose information and comment may be relevant, and news organizations.

6 (6) Removal for "cause" means substantial cause that is plainly 7 sufficient under the law and sound public policy touching upon 8 qualifications appropriate to a member of the parole board or the 9 administration of the board such that the public interest precludes 10 the member's continuance in office. Cause includes, but is not 11 limited to, misconduct in office, incapacity, inefficiency, 12 nonfeasance, and violations of the Parole Board's Code of Ethics.

13 (7) "Commission" means the [Juvenile] <u>Youth</u> Justice
14 Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284
15 (C.52:17B-170).

(8) "Parole officer" means, with respect to an adult inmate, an
officer assigned by the Chairman of the State Parole Board or the
chairman's designee and, with respect to a juvenile inmate, a person
assigned by the commission.

20 (cf: P.L.2019, c.364, s.7)

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22 **[**49.**]** <u>48.</u> Section 5 of P.L.2020, c.111 (C.30:4-123.103) is 23 amended to read as follows:

24 5. a. An inmate who is released from the custody of the 25 Commissioner of Corrections or a juvenile who is released from the custody of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission following an 26 27 award of public health emergency credits pursuant to section 1 of 28 P.L.2020, c.111 (C.30:4-123.100), from the date of release until the 29 date the inmate or juvenile, as the case may be, was scheduled to be 30 released prior to the award of public health emergency credits, shall 31 be prohibited from purposely or knowingly making contact with any 32 victim of the crime for which the inmate or juvenile was serving a 33 sentence.

For purposes of this subsection, making contact with a victim shall include contact made personally by the inmate or juvenile, as the case may be, or through an agent, and shall include but not be limited to: personal, written, electronic, or telephone contact or communication; or entering the residence, property, school, or place of employment of the victim.

40 b. A violation of subsection a. of this section shall be a crime41 of the fourth degree.

c. (1) A petition may be filed with the court to dissolve the
prohibition established pursuant to the provisions of this section
prohibiting an inmate or juvenile, as the case may be, from making
contact with the victim in accordance with procedures established
by the court.

47 (2) The Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts shall
48 provide the Department of Corrections, [Juvenile] Youth Justice

1 Commission, and Attorney General with information concerning the 2 procedures established by the court for filing a petition to dissolve 3 the prohibition established pursuant to this section prohibiting an 4 inmate or juvenile, as the case may be, from making contact with 5 any victim of the crime for which the inmate or juvenile was 6 serving a sentence. 7 (cf: P.L.2020, c.111, s.5) 8 9 [50.] <u>49.</u> Section 12 of 1970, c.300 (C.30:4-157.2) is amended 10 to read as follows: 11 12. The warrant of commitment to the custody of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established pursuant to section 2 of 12 13 P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) shall set forth the names of the 14 parents or guardians if they can be ascertained and the juvenile's 15 place of residence. The court shall order transmitted to the 16 commission, by the officer serving the order of commitment a copy 17 of the complaint, a copy of any probation reports, pre-disposition reports, education records, county detention center records, or other 18 19 records which the county may have concerning the past 20 delinquencies of the juvenile and other information concerning any 21 mental or physical condition which the court deems to be of 22 importance in the rehabilitation of the juvenile or the maintenance 23 of discipline, order and safety in the facility or the operation of the 24 facility or its programs. Such records shall be used for the 25 information and guidance of the facility and the commission but 26 shall not be public records. Such warrants and records shall be 27 forwarded to the commission on, or prior to, the date of the juvenile's admission into the facility. 28 29 (cf: P.L.1995, c.280, s.49) 30 31 **[**51.**]** <u>50.</u> Section 1 of P.L.1939, c.301 (C.30:4-157.4) is 32 amended to read as follows: 33 30:4-157.4. Whenever a juvenile shall be committed to the 34 custody of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established 35 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170), it shall be 36 the duty of the court, at the time of the examination, to make 37 inquiry as to the ability of the parent or guardian to pay the

38 expenses of the commitment proceedings and the board of the 39 juvenile, and it shall endorse on the warrant of commitment a 40 statement of its finding in that regard.

41 Payment by the parent or guardian of these costs shall be made to 42 the probation division or county adjuster, whichever the court shall 43 designate; provided, however, that upon collection thereof the costs 44 of the commitment proceedings shall be paid to the county 45 treasurer, and any amount received representing maintenance shall be forwarded to the State Treasurer. In the event of failure of the 46 47 parent or guardian to pay the amount ordered by the court then the 48 probation division or county adjuster, as the case may be, shall

82

1 bring the matter before the court for such further order as shall 2 appear proper therein to compel payment. 3 (cf: P.L.1995, c.280, s.50) 4 5 Section 16 of P.L.1970, c.300 (C.30:4-157.7) is **[**52.**]** 51. 6 amended to read as follows: 7 30:4-157.7. No juvenile in custody of the [Juvenile] Youth 8 Justice Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, 9 c.284 (C.52:17B-170) shall be indentured or bound out to service. 10 (cf: P.L.1995, c.280, s.52) 11 12 [53.] 52. Section 11 of P.L.2017, c.176 (C.30:7E-7) is 13 amended to read as follows: 14 11. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or 15 regulation to the contrary, any contract between a health care 16 provider and the New Jersey Department of Corrections, the 17 [Juvenile] <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission, the State Parole Board, or 18 any other State or local entity, which contract provides health care 19 services to the State's inmate population, shall not contain any provision that discriminates, and the State or local entity 20 21 contracting for services shall ensure there is no discrimination, on 22 the basis of a person's gender identity or expression or on the basis 23 that the person is a transgender person. 24 The discrimination prohibited by this section shall include: b. 25 (1) denying, cancelling, limiting or refusing to issue or renew a 26 contract on the basis of a covered person's or prospective covered 27 person's gender identity or expression, or for the reason that the covered person or prospective covered person is a transgender 28 29 person; 30 (2) demanding or requiring a payment or premium that is based 31 in whole or in part on a covered person's or prospective covered 32 person's gender identity or expression, or for the reason that the 33 covered person or prospective covered person is a transgender 34 person; 35 (3) designating a covered person's or prospective covered person's gender identity or expression, or the fact that a covered 36 37 person or prospective covered person is a transgender person, as a 38 preexisting condition for which coverage will be denied or limited; 39 or 40 (4) denying or limiting coverage, or denying a claim, for 41 services including but not limited to the following, due to a covered person's gender identity or expression or for the reason that the 42 43 covered person is a transgender person: 44 (a) health care services related to gender transition if coverage 45 is available for those services under the contract when the services are not related to gender transition, including but not limited to 46 47 hormone therapy, hysterectomy, mastectomy, and vocal training; or

83

1 (b) health care services that are ordinarily or exclusively 2 available to individuals of one sex when the denial or limitation is 3 due only to the fact that the covered person is enrolled as belonging to the other sex or has undergone, or is in the process of 4 5 undergoing, gender transition. c. For the purposes of this section: 6 7 "Gender expression" means a person's gender-related appearance 8 and behavior, whether or not stereotypically associated with the 9 person's assigned sex at birth. 10 "Gender identity" means a person's internal sense of their own 11 gender, regardless of the sex the person was assigned at birth. 12 "Gender transition" means the process of changing a person's outward appearance, including physical sex characteristics, to 13 accord with the person's actual gender identity. 14 15 "Transgender person" means a person who identifies as a gender 16 different from the sex assigned to the person at birth. 17 d. Nothing in this section shall preclude a State or local entity 18 contracting for services pursuant to this section from performing utilization review, including periodic review of the medical 19 20 necessity of a particular service. 21 (cf: P.L.2017, c.176, s.11) 22 23 [54.] <u>53.</u> Section 3 of P.L.1997, c.81 (C.30:8-63) is amended to 24 read as follows: 25 3. As used in this act: 26 "Commission" means the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission 27 established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995. c.284 (C.52:17B-170). 28 29 "Juvenile offender" means a person under the age of 18 who has 30 been adjudicated delinquent for an act which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime of the third or fourth degree, 31 32 excluding an adjudication for any act which would constitute a 33 crime under chapter 14 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes. 34 (cf: P.L.1997, c.81, s.3) 35 36 [55.] <u>54.</u> Section 4 of P.L.2003, c.214 (C.30:9A-25) is amended 37 to read as follows: 38 4. There is established in the Department of Children and Families the New Jersey Youth Suicide Prevention Advisory 39 40 Council. 41 The purpose of the council shall be to: examine existing a. 42 needs and services and make recommendations to the division for youth suicide reporting, prevention and intervention; advise the 43 44 division on the content of informational materials to be made 45 available to persons who report attempted or completed suicides; 46 and advise the division in the development of regulations required 47 pursuant to this act. 48 h The council shall consist of 18 members as follows:

(1) the Commissioners of Human Services, Children and
 Families, Health and Senior Services, and Education, the executive
 director of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established
 pursuant to P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-169 et seq.) and the
 chairman of the Community Mental Health Citizens Advisory
 Board established pursuant to P.L.1957, c.146 (C.30:9A-1 et seq.),
 or their designees, who shall serve ex officio;

8 (2) six public members appointed by the Governor, as follows: 9 one person who is a current member of a county mental health 10 advisory board, one person with personal or family experience with 11 suicide, one person who is a current or retired primary or secondary school teacher, one person who is a current or former member of a 12 13 local board of education, one psychiatrist and one person with 14 professional experience in the collection and reporting of social 15 science data;

16 (3) three public members appointed by the President of the 17 Senate, no more than two of whom are members of the same 18 political party, one of whom has volunteer or paid experience in the 19 provision of services to survivors of suicide or youth at risk of 20 attempting suicide, one of whom is an alcohol and drug counselor, 21 and one of whom is a representative of the New Jersey Traumatic 22 Loss Coalition; and

(4) three public members appointed by the Speaker of the
General Assembly, no more than two of whom are members of the
same political party, one of whom has knowledge of and interest in
the prevention of youth suicide and the provision of education about
suicide to high-risk populations, including religious, racial, ethnic
or sexual minorities, one of whom is a pediatrician, and one of
whom is a school-based counselor.

30 c. The public members shall be appointed no later than 60 days31 after the date of enactment of this act.

32 The public members shall serve for a term of five years; but, d. 33 of the members first appointed, three shall serve for a term of two 34 years, three for a term of three years, three for a term of four years 35 and three for a term of five years. Members are eligible for reappointment upon the expiration of their terms. Vacancies in the 36 37 membership of the council shall be filled in the same manner 38 provided for the original appointments.

e. The council shall organize as soon as practicable following
the appointment of its members and shall select a chairperson and
vice-chairperson from among the members. The chairperson shall
appoint a secretary who need not be a member of the council.

f. The public members shall serve without compensation, but
shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the
performance of their duties and within the limits of funds available
to the council.

g. The council shall be entitled to call to its assistance and availitself of the services of the employees of any State, county or

85

1 municipal department, board, bureau, commission or agency as it 2 may require and as may be available to it for its purposes. 3 The Department of Children and Families shall provide staff h. 4 support to the council. 5 (cf: P.L.2006, c.47, s.175) 6 7 [56.] <u>55.</u> Section 9 of P.L.1989, c.293 (C.34:15C-6) is amended 8 to read as follows: 9 9. The commission shall: 10 Issue the New Jersey Unified Workforce Investment Plan a. 11 pursuant to the provisions of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, Pub.L.105-220 (29 U.S.C. s.2801 et seq.) and section 10 of 12 13 P.L.1989, c.293 (C.34:15C-7); b. Establish performance standards for workforce investment 14 15 programs pursuant to the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, Pub.L.105-220 (29 U.S.C. s.2801 et seq.) and section 11 of 16 17 P.L.1989, c.293 (C.34:15C-8); 18 Act to ensure the full participation of Workforce Investment c. 19 Boards in the planning and supervision of local workforce The commission shall be responsible to 20 investment systems. 21 oversee and develop appropriate standards to ensure Workforce 22 Investment Board compliance with State and federal law, the State 23 plan, and other relevant requirements regarding membership, 24 staffing, meetings, and functions; 25 d. Foster and coordinate initiatives of the Department of 26 Education and Commission on Higher Education to enhance the 27 contributions of public schools and institutions of higher education 28 to the implementation of the State workforce investment policy; 29 Examine federal and State laws and regulations to assess e. 30 whether those laws and regulations present barriers to achieving any 31 of the goals of this act. The commission shall, from time to time as 32 it deems appropriate, issue to the Governor and the Legislature 33 reports on its findings, including recommendations for changes in 34 State or federal laws or regulations concerning workforce investment programs or services, including, when appropriate, 35 recommendations to merge other State advisory structures and 36 37 functions into the commission; 38 Perform the duties assigned to a State Workforce Investment f. 39 Board pursuant to subsection (d) of section 111 of the Workforce 40 Investment Act of 1998, Pub.L.105-220 (29 U.S.C. s.2821); 41 Have the authority to enter into agreements with the head of g. 42 each State department or commission which administers or funds 43 education, employment or training programs, including, but not 44 limited to, the Departments of Labor and Workforce Development, 45 Community Affairs, Education, and Human Services and the 46 Commission on Higher Education, the New Jersey Economic 47 Development Authority, and the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, which agreements are for the purpose of assigning 48

86

planning, policy guidance and oversight functions to each
 Workforce Investment Board with respect to any workforce
 investment program funded or administered by the State department
 or commission within the Workforce Investment Board's respective
 labor market area or local area, as the case may be; and

6 h. Establish guidelines to be used by the Workforce Investment 7 Boards in performing the planning, policy guidance, and oversight functions assigned to the boards under any agreement reached by 8 9 the commission with a department or commission pursuant to 10 subsection g. of this section. The commission shall approve all 11 local Workforce Investment Board plans that meet the criteria 12 established by the commission for the establishment of One-Stop 13 systems. The Department of Labor and Workforce Development 14 shall approve the operational portion of the plans for programs 15 administered by the department.

16 The commission shall have access to all files and records of 17 other State agencies and may require any officer or employee 18 therein to provide such information as it may deem necessary in the 19 performance of its functions.

Nothing in P.L.2005, c.354 (C.34:15C-7.1 et al.) shall be construed as affecting the authority of the State Treasurer to review and approve training programs for State employees pursuant to N.J.S.11A:6-25.

24 (cf: P.L.2008, c.29, s.91)

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26 **[**57.**]** <u>56.</u> Section 1 of P.L.2001, c.446 (C.34:15F-12) is 27 amended to read as follows:

28 1. a. There is established in the Department of Labor and 29 Workforce Development a Youth Employment and After School Incentive Pilot Program which shall be administered by the 30 31 Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development, pursuant to 32 the provisions of P.L.2001, c.446 (C.34:15F-12 et seq.). The 33 program shall provide for employment opportunities for 34 disadvantaged youth with private and nonprofit employers. The 35 purpose of the program shall be to enable disadvantaged youth to acquire job knowledge and skills and an understanding of the 36 37 linkage between the skills, behaviors, and attitudes necessary to 38 function as an adult in the workplace.

39 P.L.2001, c.446 (C.34:15F-12 et seq.), As used in 40 "disadvantaged youth" means public and nonpublic school students 41 as well as youth who are not students who reside in municipalities 42 where both the rates of unemployment and violent crime 43 significantly exceed the Statewide rates of unemployment and 44 violent crime by percentages which shall be designated by the 45 commissioner. The term shall include youth in these municipalities 46 who are participating in a program of aftercare following their 47 release from juvenile detention or community facilities.

1 There is established in, but not of, the Department of Labor b. 2 and Workforce Development the Disadvantaged Youth Employment 3 Opportunities Council. Notwithstanding the allocation of the council to the Department of Labor and Workforce Development, 4 5 the council shall directly report to the Chairperson of the State 6 Employment and Training Commission established by section 5 of 7 P.L.1989, c.293 (C.34:15C-2). The council shall consist of 18 8 members: the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development, 9 the Commissioner of Education, the Executive Director of the New 10 Jersey Commission on Higher Education, the Chief Executive 11 Officer and Secretary of the New Jersey Commerce, Economic 12 Growth and Tourism Commission, the Secretary of State and the 13 Executive Director of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, or 14 their designees, who shall serve ex officio and as nonvoting 15 members; and 12 public members appointed by the Governor, the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the General Assembly. 16 17 The Governor shall appoint two religious leaders and two 18 representatives of education organizations. The President of the 19 Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly shall each appoint a leader of the business community, a labor leader, a representative of a 20 21 county vocational-technical school, and a person representing 22 organizations that have expertise serving the needs of 23 disadvantaged youth. The public members shall serve for terms of 24 three years, may be reappointed and may serve until a successor has 25 been appointed. Of the public members first appointed, six shall be 26 appointed for terms of three years, and six shall be appointed for 27 terms of two years. A vacancy in the membership, occurring other 28 than by expiration of a term, shall be filled in the same manner as 29 the original appointment, but for the unexpired term only. The 30 members shall serve without compensation, but the council may, 31 within the limits of funds appropriated or otherwise made available 32 to it, reimburse members for actual expenses necessarily incurred in 33 the discharge of their official duties.

34 The council shall organize as soon as its members are appointed 35 and shall select a chairman and vice-chairman from among its members and may select a secretary, who need not be a member of 36 37 the council. The council shall meet monthly, and at such other 38 times as may be necessary.

39 The council may employ, prescribe the duties and fix and pay the 40 compensation of such persons it may deem necessary to carry out 41 the duties of the council within the limits of available 42 appropriations.

43 It shall be the duty of the council to:

44 (1) Develop a master plan to increase employment opportunities 45 for disadvantaged youth;

46 (2) Enlist the commitment of the State's business leadership to 47 provide employment opportunities for disadvantaged youth;

1 (3) Enlist the support of the State's key unions which operate 2 apprenticeship and similar programs; 3 (4) Develop proposals for innovative efforts to assist 4 economically disadvantaged youth to enroll in and successfully 5 complete employment programs; 6 (5) Involve all sectors of the community, including high level 7 representatives of business, youth-serving agencies, foundations, 8 local school systems, the communications media, and the religious 9 community in an effort to promote and coordinate employment 10 opportunities for disadvantaged youth; and 11 (6) In conjunction with the Department of Labor and Workforce 12 Development and the Commerce, Economic Growth and Tourism 13 Commission, seek to identify and maximize any available federal 14 funding for the purpose of enhancing employment opportunities 15 provided under P.L.2001, c.446 (C.34:15F-12 et seq.). 16 The council shall be entitled to call to its assistance and avail 17 itself of the services of such employees of any State, county or 18 municipal department, board, bureau, commission, or agency as it 19 may require and as may be available to it for these purposes. 20 The Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development, in 21 consultation with the State Employment and Training Commission 22 and the council, may promulgate rules and regulations necessary to 23 effectuate the purposes of P.L.2001, c.446 (C.34:15F-12 et seq.). 24 (cf: P.L.2007, c.189, s.1) 25 26 [58.] <u>57.</u> Section 2 P.L.2001, c.446 (C.34:15F-13) is amended 27 to read as follows: 28 2. a. In cooperation with the Disadvantaged Youth Employment 29 Opportunities Council established in section 1 of P.L.2001, c.446 30 (C.34:15F-12), the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce 31 Development, in consultation with the State Employment and 32 Training Commission shall develop and administer the employment 33 program established under this act. The commissioner shall, to the 34 greatest extent feasible, attempt to achieve a balance of enrolled 35 disadvantaged youth from the northern, central, and southern parts 36 of the State. 37 The Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development, in b. 38 consultation with the State Employment and Training Commission, 39 the Department of Education, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 40 Commission, and the council, shall develop procedures relating to 41 the program referral process; establish the selection criteria for participants which shall include the identification of local 42 43 disadvantaged youths assessed by local law enforcement and 44 juvenile corrections authorities as being at risk of gang membership 45 or involvement or reinvolvement in the criminal justice system and 46 students who are not meeting minimal district standards of behavior 47 and academic achievement; provide a listing of employers who have 48 agreed to participate in the program; and establish the process

1 which will be utilized for matching disadvantaged youth to 2 employment opportunities that will enhance the self-esteem and 3 assimilation of life skills necessary for productive functioning in the 4 school setting and society.

5 (cf: P.L.2007, c.189, s.2)

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7 **[**59.**]** <u>58.</u> Section 1 of P.L.2009, c.16 (C.40A:14-200) is 8 amended to read as follows:

1. As used in this act:

"Law enforcement agency" or "agency" means any public 10 agency, other than the Department of Law and Public Safety, but 11 not including the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, any police 12 13 force, department, or division within the State, or any county or 14 municipality thereof, which is empowered by statute to act for the 15 detection, investigation, arrest, conviction, detention, or 16 rehabilitation of persons violating the criminal laws of this State.

"Law enforcement officer" or "officer" means any person who is 17 employed as a permanent full-time member of any State, county, or 18 19 municipal law enforcement agency, department, or division of those 20 governments who is statutorily empowered to act for the detection, 21 investigation, arrest, conviction, detention, or rehabilitation of 22 persons violating the criminal laws of this State and statutorily 23 required to successfully complete a training course approved by, or 24 certified as being substantially equivalent to such an approved 25 course, by the Police Training Commission pursuant to P.L.1961, 26 c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et seq.).

27 "Paid firefighter" or "firefighter" means any full-time paid firefighter employed by a public fire department. 28

29 "Public fire department" or "department" means any department 30 of a municipality, county, fire district or the State or any agency 31 thereof having employees engaged in firefighting provided that such 32 firefighting employees are included in a negotiating unit exclusively 33 comprised of firefighting employees.

34 (cf: P.L.2009, c.16, s.1)

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36 **[**60.**]** 59. Section 19 of P.L.1991, c.329 (C.52:4B-8.1) is 37 amended to read as follow:

38 19. a. The Victims of Crime Compensation Agency, after 39 consultation with the Attorney General, the Department of 40 Corrections, and the Administrative Office of the Courts, on behalf 41 of the county probation divisions and the municipal court clerks, 42 shall continue to develop the existing uniform system for recording 43 all information necessary to ensure proper identification, tracking, 44 collection and disposition of moneys owed for:

45 (1) assessments imposed pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1979, 46 c.396 (C.2C:43-3.1);

47 (2) fines and restitutions imposed in accordance with provisions of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes; 48

1 (3) fees imposed pursuant to N.J.S.2C:35-20; 2 (4) penalties imposed pursuant to N.J.S.2C:35-15. 3 b. The Victims of Crime Compensation Agency shall use the 4 moneys deposited in the Criminal Disposition and Revenue 5 Collection Fund to defray the costs incurred by the agency in developing, implementing, operating and improving the agency's 6 7 component of the uniform system for tracking and collecting 8 revenues described in subsection a. of this section. 9 The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established c. pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170), the 10 Department of Corrections, and the Administrative Office of the 11 Courts, on behalf of the county probation divisions and the 12 13 municipal court clerks, shall file such reports with the Victims of 14 Crime Compensation Agency as required for the operation of the 15 uniform system described in subsection a. of this section. 16 d. The Victims of Crime Compensation Agency shall report 17 annually to the Governor, the Attorney General, the Administrative 18 Director of the Administrative Office of the Courts, the 19 Commissioner of the Department of Corrections, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission and the Legislature on the development, 20 21 implementation, improvement and effectiveness of the uniform system and on moneys received, deposited and identified as 22 23 receivable. 24 (cf: P.L.2007, c.95, s.10) 25 26 [61.] 60. Section 1 of P.L.2019, c.115 (C.52:16A-26.10) is 27 amended to read as follows: 1. a. The New Jersey State Council on the Arts shall publish on 28 29 its website and disseminate to any organization in this State that 30 expresses to the council an intent to develop or expand an arts 31 program for youth at risk of juvenile delinquency a guide 32 containing best practices for such programs. Under the best 33 practices guidelines, programs should: 34 (1) recognize that art is a vehicle that can be used to engage 35 youth in activities that will increase their self-esteem; 36 (2) provide for collaborative effort among the artist, social 37 service provider, teacher, agency staff, youth, and family, as 38 appropriate, in delivery of the program; 39 (3) recognize and involve the families of the youth and the 40 communities in which the youth live; 41 (4) include age-appropriate curriculum; 42 (5) emphasize dynamic teaching tactics, such as hands-on 43 learning, apprentice relationships, and the use of technology; 44 (6) to the extent possible, culminate in a public performance or 45 exhibition with a focus on building participants' self-esteem through 46 public recognition; 47 (7) during the planning stage, address program goals, site 48 selection, population, the development of relationships among team

91

members, the methods for youth involvement in planning,
curriculum design, transportation, safety, incentives, behavioral
requirements, program growth, the balance between arts program
and other program objectives, the balance between process and
product, student recognition of achievements, and the involvement
of families, communities, and volunteers;

(8) incorporate an evaluation system early into the program;

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8 (9) train teams, collaboratively, that work with youth in team9 building, communication skills, and organizational skills;

(10) train teams in effective methods for working with youth
from special populations, including in behavior management,
adolescent psychology, and familiarization with the juvenile justice
system;

14 (11) train teams in designing a curriculum or involving a trained15 curriculum specialist;

16 (12) adopt training that is practical, addresses issues identified 17 by team members, incorporates advice from a variety of trainers 18 with expertise in relevant issue areas, provides opportunities for 19 team members to share in successes and failures and engage in peer 20 training, and integrates specialized training into ongoing training 21 sessions whenever possible;

(13) require program staff to clearly define program goals and
intended outcomes in evaluating an arts program, and to monitor
and document program implementation and the service-delivery
process;

(14) utilize "process evaluations," which examine program
implementation and service delivery, to describe and refine a
program, measuring the impact on youth and identifying ways to
improve a program;

30 (15) employ journals, portfolios, surveys, and artist observations
31 as evaluation measures to determine the effects of arts programs on
32 at-risk youth, incorporating those measures into program activities
33 when possible;

34 (16) document program-specific factors, such as staff ratios,
35 hours of contact, and duration of contact, in process evaluations;

36 (17) account for the impact of individual, family, and
37 community factors on program effectiveness; and

38 (18) incorporate activities that recognize individual efforts and 39 provide opportunities for youth to learn new skills, which activities 40 are designed to reduce the influence of risk factors associated with 41 adolescent problem behaviors, such as low neighborhood 42 attachment, lack of commitment to school, alienation and 43 rebelliousness, and friends who engage in problem behavior.

44 The council shall make periodic revisions to the guide as 45 necessary.

b. The council shall provide technical and consultative
assistance to any State agency or local government unit requesting
such assistance to implement a program adopting the elements

1 listed in subsection a. of this section. The council shall, upon 2 completion or revision, deliver, by electronic or other means, the guide to the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission and the Division 3 4 of Child Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children 5 and Families. As used in this subsection, "State agency" means any agency in 6 7 the Executive branch of State government, including, but not 8 limited to, any department, board, bureau, commission, division, 9 office, council, or instrumentality thereof, or independent agency, 10 public authority or public benefit corporation, and any State college or public institution of higher education. "Local government unit" 11 12 means a county, municipality, board of education, or county college 13 as defined in section 2 of P.L.1982, c.189 (C.18A:64A-25.2). 14 (cf: P.L.2019, c.115, s.1) 15 16 [62.] <u>61.</u> Section 2 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-67) is amended to read as follows: 17 18 2. As used in this act: 19 "Applicant" means an individual who applies to the Police Training Commission to become licensed as a law enforcement 20 21 officer in accordance with P.L.2022, c.65 (C.52:17B-71a et al.). 22 "Approved school" shall mean a school approved and authorized 23 by the Police Training Commission to give police training courses 24 or a training course for State and county correctional police officers 25 and juvenile detention officers as prescribed in this act. "Commission" shall mean the Police Training Commission or 26 officers or employees thereof acting on its behalf. 27 28 "County" shall mean any county which within its jurisdiction has 29 or shall have a law enforcement unit as defined in this act. 30 "Discipline subject to appeal" means a removal, disciplinary 31 demotion, suspension, or fine of more than five days, or fewer 32 where the aggregate number of days the employee was suspended 33 or fined in any one calendar year is 15 or more days, or where the 34 employee received more than three suspensions or fines of five days 35 or fewer in one calendar year. "Law enforcement officer" means any person who is employed 36 37 as a sworn member of any State, county, or municipal law 38 enforcement agency, department, division, or instrumentality of 39 those governments who is statutorily empowered to act for the 40 detection, investigation, arrest, conviction, detention, or 41 rehabilitation of persons violating the criminal laws of the State. This term shall include, but is not limited to, sworn members of the 42 43 New Jersey State Police, the Division of Criminal Justice, and the 44 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission; State correctional police 45 officers pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1968, c.427 (C.2A:154-4); 46 county correctional police officers pursuant to N.J.S.2A:154-3; 47 State Parole officers pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1968, c.427 48 (C.2A:154-4); special law enforcement officers of all classes

1 pursuant to P.L.1985, c.439 (C.40A:14-146.8 et seq.); humane law 2 enforcement officers appointed pursuant to section 25 of P.L.2017, 3 c.331 (C.4:22-14.1) or section 28 of P.L.2017, c.331 (C.4:22-14.4); 4 transit police officers appointed by New Jersey Transit pursuant to 5 section 2 of P.L.1989 c.291 (C.27:25-15.1); and campus police 6 officers appointed pursuant to P.L.1970, c.211 (C.18A:6-4.2 et 7 seq.). 8 "Law enforcement unit" shall mean any State, county or 9 municipal law enforcement agency, department, division, or 10 instrumentality of such government that is statutorily empowered to 11 act for the detection, investigation, arrest, conviction, detention, or 12 rehabilitation of persons violating the criminal laws of the State, 13 and shall include all agencies that employ law enforcement officers

14 as defined in this section.

"Licensing committee" means the committee established by the
Police Training Commission to perform duties with respect to law
enforcement officer licensing as set forth in subsection c. of section
9 of P.L.2022, c.65 (C.52:17B-71a).

"Municipality" shall mean a city of any class, township, borough,
village, or any other type of municipality in this State which, within
its jurisdiction, has or shall have a law enforcement unit as defined
in this act.

"National Decertification Index" shall mean the national registry
of law enforcement officer decertification or license revocations
maintained by the International Association of Directors of Law
Enforcement Standards and Training, or a successor database.

"Permanent appointment" shall mean an appointment having
permanent status as a law enforcement officer in a law enforcement
unit as prescribed by Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes, Civil
Service Commission Rules and Regulations, or of any other law of
this State, municipal ordinance, or rules and regulations adopted
thereunder.

"Police training course" means a training course approved by thePolice Training Commission and conducted at an approved school.

35 "Probationary law enforcement license" means a license issued 36 by the Police Training Commission to a person appointed by a law 37 enforcement unit on a probationary or temporary basis which 38 authorizes the person to perform the functions of a permanent law 39 enforcement officer during the person's probationary or temporary 40 appointment term.

41 "Sustained finding" shall mean a determination by an employing
42 law enforcement unit that a law enforcement officer violated a law;
43 regulation; directive, guideline, policy, or procedure issued by the
44 Attorney General or County Prosecutor; agency protocol; standing

1 operating procedure; rule; or training.

2 (cf: P.L.2022, c.65, s.2)

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4 **[**63.**]** 62. Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-169) is 5 amended to read as follows:

1. The Legislature finds and declares:

7 The public safety requires reform of the juvenile justice a. 8 system:

Juvenile arrests for murder, robbery, aggravated sexual 9 b. 10 assault, sexual assault and aggravated assault have increased 38 11 percent between 1988 and 1993 and New Jersey ranks near the top nationally in the number of juvenile arrests for serious violent 12 13 crimes;

14 c. Juvenile crime has become a leading cause of injury and 15 death among young people;

d. Currently, preventive, deterrent and rehabilitative services 16 17 and sanctions for juveniles are the responsibility of no less than 18 three State departments: The Department of Law and Public Safety 19 deals with county prosecutors and local police and implements 20 prevention programs; the Department of Corrections operates the 21 New Jersey Training School for Boys and the Juvenile Medium 22 Security Facility, and its Bureau of Parole supervises juvenile 23 parolees; and the Department of Human Services operates 24 residential and day programs in facilities for juveniles adjudicated 25 delinquent;

26 The division of responsibility for the juvenile justice e. 27 population and the limitations on resources available to meet ever-28 increasing demands for services provided by the Departments of 29 Human Services and Corrections have prevented the departments 30 from maximizing efforts to meet the special needs of the juvenile 31 justice population;

32 The juvenile justice system lacks services and sanctions f. 33 short of incarceration, particularly in urban areas and for that 34 reason, many juveniles are not held accountable until they have 35 committed a series of increasingly serious criminal acts;

The special needs of juveniles can be addressed through 36 g. 37 services and sanctions provided at the county and local level;

38 The need to protect the public from criminal acts by juvenile h. 39 offenders requires a comprehensive program and concerted action 40 of governmental agencies and private organizations at the State, 41 county and local level that permit effective response and avoid 42 waste of scarce resources;

43 i. (1) The comprehensive program should provide a range of 44 services and sanctions for juveniles sufficient to protect the public 45 through prevention; early intervention; and a range of meaningful 46 sanctions that ensure accountability, provide training, education, 47 treatment and, when necessary, confinement followed by community supervision that is adequate to protect the public and
 promote successful reintegration into the community;

3 (2) Consistent with the need to protect the public, services and 4 sanctions for juveniles shall provide balanced attention to the 5 protection of the community, the imposition of accountability for 6 offenses committed, fostering interaction and dialogue between the 7 offender, victim and community and the development of 8 competencies to enable juvenile offenders to become responsible 9 and productive members of the community.

j. The most efficient and effective use of available resources
 requires fixing responsibility for the comprehensive program in a
 single State agency and providing incentives to encourage the
 development and provision of appropriate services and sanctions at
 the county and local level; and

15 k. It is, therefore, necessary to establish a [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission responsible for operating State services and 16 17 sanctions for juveniles involved in the juvenile justice system and 18 responsible for developing a Statewide plan for effective provision 19 of juvenile justice services and sanctions at the State, county and local level; to establish a State/Community Partnership Grant 20 21 Program through which the State will provide incentives to county 22 and local governments to encourage the provision of services and 23 sanctions for juveniles adjudicated or charged as delinquent and 24 programs for the prevention of juvenile delinquency, and to 25 establish county youth services commissions responsible for 26 planning and implementing the Partnership at the local level.

- 27 (cf: P.L.2001, c.408, s.7.)
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29 [64.] <u>63.</u> Section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) is
 30 amended to read as follows:

31 2. a. A [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission is established in, 32 but not of, the Department of Law and Public Safety. The 33 commission is allocated to the Department of Law and Public 34 Safety for the purpose of complying with Article V, Section IV, 35 paragraph 1 of the New Jersey Constitution. The Attorney General 36 shall be the request officer for the commission within the meaning 37 of section 6 of article 3 of P.L.1944, c.112 (C.52:27B-15) and shall 38 exercise that authority and other administrative functions, powers 39 and duties consistent with the provisions of this act.

b. The commission shall consist of an executive director, an
executive board, an advisory council and such facilities, officers,
employees and organizational units as provided herein or as
otherwise necessary to performance of the commission's duties and
responsibilities.

c. The executive director shall be appointed by the Governor
with the advice and consent of the Senate and shall serve at the
pleasure of the Governor during the Governor's term of office and
until a successor is appointed and qualified.

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1 The executive board shall consist of the following members: d The Attorney General, who shall serve as chair of the executive 2 3 board; the Commissioner of Corrections and the Commissioner of Children and Families, who shall serve as vice-chairs of the 4 5 executive board; the Commissioner of Education; the chair of the 6 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission advisory council, established 7 pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-172); and two members who serve as chairs of a county youth services 8 9 commission, established pursuant to P.L.1995, c.282 (C.52:17B-180), to be appointed by the Governor to serve at the 10 Governor's pleasure. The Administrative Director of the 11 Administrative Office of the Courts is invited to participate on the 12 13 executive board, subject to the approval of the Supreme Court. A 14 member of the executive board may name a designee who shall 15 have the authority to act for the member. Members of the executive board shall serve without compensation for their services to the 16 17 commission. The executive board shall meet at least quarterly and 18 at such other times as designated by the chair. Except with respect 19 to matters concerning distribution of funds to counties, four members of the executive board shall constitute a quorum to 20 21 transact business of the executive board and action of the executive 22 board shall require an affirmative vote of four members. A member 23 of the executive board who is also a member of a county youth 24 services commission shall not participate in matters concerning distribution of funds to counties; in these matters, three members of 25 26 the executive board shall constitute a quorum to transact business and an action of the executive board shall require an affirmative 27 28 vote of three members.

e. The commission shall have the following powers, duties andresponsibilities:

(1) To specify qualifications for and to employ, within the limits
of available appropriations and subject to the provisions of
P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-169 et seq.) and Title 11A of the New
Jersey Statutes, such staff as are necessary to accomplish the work
of the commission or as are needed for the proper performance of
the functions and duties of the commission, including but not
limited to:

(a) The number of deputy directors, assistant directors,
superintendents, assistant superintendents and other assistants who
shall be in the unclassified service and shall be deemed confidential
employees for the purposes of the "New Jersey Employer-Employee
Relations Act," P.L.1941, c.100 (C.34:13A-1 et seq.); and

(b) Juvenile corrections officers;

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44 (2) To utilize such staff of the Department of Law and Public
45 Safety as the Attorney General, within the limits of available
46 appropriations, may make available to the commission;

47 (3) To organize the work of the commission in appropriate48 bureaus and other organization units;

(4) To enter into contracts and agreements with State, county
 and municipal governmental agencies and with private entities for
 the purpose of providing services and sanctions for juveniles
 adjudicated or charged as delinquent and programs for prevention
 of juvenile delinquency;

6 (5) To contract for the services of professional and technical
7 personnel and consultants as necessary to fulfill the statutory
8 responsibilities of the commission;

9 (6) To establish minimum standards for the care, treatment, 10 government and discipline of juveniles confined pending, or as a 11 result of, an adjudication of delinquency;

12 (7) To assume the custody and care of all juveniles committed 13 by court order, law, classification, regulation or contract to the 14 custody of the commission or transferred to the custody of the 15 commission pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1995, c.284 16 (C.52:17B-176);

17 (8) To manage and operate all State secure juvenile facilities 18 which shall include the New Jersey Training School for Boys created pursuant to R.S.30:1-7 and transferred to the Commissioner 19 20 of Corrections pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1976, c.98 (C.30:1B-8) 21 and the Juvenile Medium Security Facility created pursuant to R.S.30:1-7 and both transferred to the commission pursuant to 22 23 section 8 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-176) and shall include any 24 other secure juvenile facility established by the commission in the 25 future:

(9) To manage and operate all State juvenile facilities or
juvenile programs for juveniles adjudicated delinquent which shall
include facilities and programs transferred to the commission
pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-176) or
established or contracted for in the future by the commission;

(10) To prepare a State [Juvenile] Youth Justice Master Plan
every third year which identifies facilities, sanctions and services
available for juveniles adjudicated or charged as delinquent and
juvenile delinquency prevention programs and which identifies
additional needs based upon the extent and nature of juvenile
delinquency and the adequacy and effectiveness of available
facilities, services, sanctions and programs;

38 (11) To approve plans for each county submitted by the county
39 youth services commission pursuant to P.L.1995, c.282
40 (C.52:17B-180);

41 (12) To administer the State/Community Partnership Grant
42 Program established pursuant to P.L.1995, c.283 (C.52:17B-179);

43 (13) To accept from any governmental department or agency,
44 public or private body or any other source, grants or contributions
45 to be used in exercising its power, and in meeting its duties and
46 responsibilities;

47 (14) To formulate and adopt standards and rules for the efficient48 conduct of the work of the commission, the facilities, services,

1 sanctions and programs within its jurisdiction, and its officers and 2 employees; 3 (15) To provide for the development of the facilities, services, 4 sanctions and programs within its jurisdiction and to promote the 5 integration of State, county and local facilities, sanctions, services and programs, including probation and parole; 6 7 (16)To institute, or cause to be instituted, such legal 8 proceedings or processes as may be necessary to enforce properly 9 and give effect to any of its powers or duties including the authority 10 to compel by subpoena, subject to the sanction for contempt of 11 subpoena issued by a court, attendance and production of records; 12 (17) To provide for the timely and efficient collection and 13 analysis of data regarding the juvenile justice system to insure the 14 continuing review and evaluation of services, policies and 15 procedures; 16 (18) To receive and classify juveniles committed to the custody 17 of the commission; 18 (19) To determine whether an incarcerated juvenile is eligible 19 for parole and to supervise compliance with conditions of parole; 20 (20) To establish appropriate dispositions of juveniles for whom 21 parole has been revoked; 22 (21) To perform such other functions as may be prescribed by 23 law; and 24 (22) To promulgate, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure 25 Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations 26 necessary to implement and effectuate the purposes of this act. 27 f. Whenever the term "Juvenile Justice Commission" occurs or any reference is made thereto in any law, contract or document, the 28 29 same shall be deemed to mean or refer to the "Youth Justice 30 Commission" established and designated therein. 31 (cf: P.L.2019, c.363, s.17) 32 33 [65.] <u>64.</u> Section 1 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.1) is amended to read as follows: 34 1. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall establish 35 36 standards for suicide and mental health screening in county juvenile 37 detention facilities in accordance with the provisions of this act. 38 The standards shall require that each county detention facility 39 develop written policies concerning mental health screening, 40 suicide screening, suicide prevention protocols and other mental 41 and emotional health-related issues and that each county juvenile 42 detention facility make psychological or psychiatric services 43 available to juveniles as needed. 44 (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.1) 45 46 [66.] <u>65.</u> Section 2 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.2) is amended to read as follows: 47

1 2. a. Upon admission to a county juvenile detention facility, a 2 juvenile shall be screened for risk of suicide in accordance with the 3 facility's suicide prevention protocols and written policies required 4 by section 1 of this act. The suicide risk screening shall include, 5 but not be limited to, the use of a standardized suicide risk 6 questionnaire designated and made available by the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission. The findings shall be recorded and 7 8 brought to the attention of the appropriate medical or mental health 9 staff as soon as possible. 10 b. If a juvenile shows evidence of suicide risk, the facility's 11 suicide prevention protocols shall be immediately implemented. The policies shall include an increased level of supervision of a 12 13 juvenile showing evidence of suicide risk until appropriate mental 14 health services can be obtained. The facility administrator, or the 15 administrator's designee, shall be immediately notified if a juvenile: 16 (1) is suspected of being at risk of attempting suicide or in 17 emotional distress; 18 (2) has made a suicidal gesture or attempt; or 19 (3) scores in a suicide caution or warning range in a screening. 20 c. Every suicide gesture or attempt shall be reported to the 21 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission. (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.2) 22 23 24 [67.] <u>66.</u> Section 3 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.3) is 25 amended to read as follows: 26 3. Between 24 and 48 hours following admission to a county 27 juvenile detention facility, a juvenile shall undergo mental health 28 screening using a mental health screening tool designated by the 29 [Juvenile] <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission and in accordance with the 30 facility's written policies required by section 1 of this act. If the 31 screening tool indicates that a referral for additional screening or 32 mental health services is appropriate, that referral shall occur as 33 soon as possible. If the screening indicates a warning or caution, 34 the juvenile shall be placed on, and remain under, increased 35 supervision until it is determined by a mental health clinician that a 36 heightened level of supervision is no longer needed to ensure the 37 safety of the juvenile. 38 (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.3) 39 40 [68.] <u>67.</u> Section 6 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.5) is 41 amended to read as follows: 42 6. No person shall perform a suicide risk screening pursuant to section 2 of this act or a mental health screening pursuant to section 43 44 3 of this act unless that person has been certified by the [Juvenile] 45 Youth Justice Commission as qualified to perform such screening. (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.6) 46

1 [69.] <u>68.</u> Section 7 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.6) is 2 amended to read as follows: 3 7. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, in conjunction with the Department of Children and Families, shall establish and 4 5 maintain a confidential Statewide database of the suicide risk 6 screenings required by section 2 of this act and the mental health 7 screenings required by section 3 of this act to be used exclusively 8 by persons performing suicide risk and mental health screenings. 9 (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.7) 10 11 [70.] <u>69.</u> Section 8 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.7) is 12 amended to read as follows: 13 8. a. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall monitor 14 the number of suicides that occur at each county juvenile detention 15 facility. 16 b. Upon an initial suicide at a facility, the commission shall conduct an evaluation of the facility's compliance with the 17 provisions of this act, an accountability assessment and an action 18 19 report. 20 c. If a second suicide occurs within seven years of the initial 21 suicide, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall, within 30 22 days, and with the approval of the Attorney General, evaluate the 23 facility for compliance with the provisions of this act. A facility 24 shall not admit additional juveniles until the Attorney General has 25 certified that the facility is in compliance with the provisions of this 26 act. d. If a third or subsequent suicide occurs within seven years of 27 28 an initial suicide, the facility shall be immediately closed and shall 29 not reopen until the Governor determines that it shall reopen. A 30 task force comprised of the following seven members shall assist 31 the Governor in making this determination: the Executive Director of the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, or a designee; the 32 33 Attorney General, or a designee; the Child Advocate, or a designee; 34 the Commissioner of Children and Families, or a designee; one 35 public member; a director of a county juvenile detention facility, but not of the county facility being evaluated; and a member of the 36 37 board of chosen freeholders of the county within which the facility 38 being evaluated is located. 39 (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.8) 40 41 [71.] <u>70.</u> Section 9 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.8) is amended to read as follows: 42 43 9. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall include the

following information on the commission's website:
a. All reports monitoring the operations of county juvenile
detention centers, including, but not limited to, any corrective

actions taken against or penalties imposed on a center, if applicable; 1 2 and b. The rated census capacity and the average monthly 3 population for each county juvenile detention center. 4 5 (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.9) 6 7 [72.] <u>71.</u> Section 10 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.9) is 8 amended to read as follows: 9 10. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall, in 10 conjunction with the Police Training Commission and mental health 11 experts, develop a training curriculum for juvenile detention 12 officers and youth workers focusing on the mental health needs of the juvenile detention population. 13 14 (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.10) 15 16 [73.] <u>72.</u> Section 11 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.10) is 17 amended to read as follows: 18 11. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, in conjunction 19 with the Department of Children and Families, shall annually submit to the Governor and the Legislature, for seven years 20 21 following the effective date of this act, a report detailing: 22 a. the number of suicides and suicide attempts at each county 23 juvenile detention facility; 24 b. the number of suicide and mental health screenings that have 25 been conducted at each facility and the number of juveniles whose 26 screenings have indicated a warning or caution; the number of juveniles who have been referred for 27 c. 28 additional screening or evaluation; and 29 d. a summary of the diagnoses for juveniles who have received 30 treatment. 31 (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.11) 32 33 [74.] 73. Section 12 of P.L.2007, c.315 (C.52:17B-171.11) is 34 amended to read as follows: 35 12. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 36 37 seq.) shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to implement the 38 provisions of this act, which may include: penalties for continued violations of the manual of standards 39 a. 40 applicable to county detention centers; and b. a graduated system of intermediate fines and penalties for 41 42 violations of the provisions of the act. 43 (cf: P.L.2007, c.315, s.12) 44 45 [75.] <u>74.</u> Section 8 of P.L.2009, c.329 (C.52:17B-171.12) is amended to read as follows: 46

1 8. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall ensure that 2 prior to the scheduled date of release of a juvenile from a detention 3 facility or a facility in which the juvenile was incarcerated, the 4 appropriate staff at the facility notify the applicable county welfare 5 agency to process the reinstatement of the juvenile in the Medicaid 6 program if the juvenile was enrolled in Medicaid prior to detention or incarceration and continues to meet eligibility requirements for 7 8 the program.

As used in this act, "Medicaid" means the Medicaid program
established pursuant to P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.).

- 11 (cf: P.L.2009, c.329, s.8)
- 12

13 **[**76.**]** <u>75.</u> Section 5 of P.L.2015, c.89 (C.52:17B-171.13) is 14 amended to read as follows:

5. a. A juvenile detained in, or sentenced to, a State juvenile correctional facility or county juvenile detention center shall not be subject to room restriction unless the juvenile poses an immediate and substantial risk of harm to others or to the security of the facility, and all other less-restrictive options have been exhausted.

b. A juvenile may be subject to room restriction only for the
minimum time required to address the safety risk and for a period
that does not compromise the mental and physical health of the
juvenile, but in no case shall a juvenile be held in room restriction
for more than eight consecutive waking hours without being
released for at least two hours for recreation and exercise.

26 A juvenile who is 15 years of age or younger shall not be c. 27 subject to room restriction for more than two consecutive days. A juvenile who is 16 years of age or older but younger than 18 years 28 29 of age shall not be subject to room restriction for more than three 30 consecutive days. A juvenile who is 18 years of age or older shall 31 not be subject to room restriction for more than five consecutive 32 days. A juvenile shall not be subject to room restriction for more 33 than 10 total days in a calendar month.

34 d. Juveniles subject to room restriction shall continue to35 receive health, mental health, and educational services.

36 Each State correctional facility or county juvenile detention e. 37 facility shall document, in aggregate, the use of room restriction, including the dates and duration of each occurrence, the reason for 38 39 placement in room restriction, and the race, age, and gender of the 40 juvenile placed in room restriction. If any health or mental health 41 clinical evaluations were performed, it shall be affirmatively 42 certified that the results of those evaluations were considered in any 43 decision to place the juvenile in room restriction or to continue 44 room restriction.

The aggregate data compiled pursuant to this subsection shall be:
(1) made available for public inspection pursuant to P.L.1963,
c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.), commonly known as the open public
records act; and

1 (2) published on the official Internet website of the [Juvenile] 2 Youth Justice Commission. 3 f. This section shall not prohibit the use of single-person 4 rooms or cells for the housing of juveniles in State correctional or 5 county juvenile detention centers. 6 g. This section does not apply to juveniles in court holding 7 facilities or adult facilities. 8 h. Nothing in this section shall be construed to conflict with 9 any law providing greater or additional protections to juveniles. 10 For the purposes of this section, "room restriction" shall 11 mean the placement of a juvenile in a State juvenile correctional facility or county juvenile detention center in a locked room or cell, 12 13 alone or with one other person, for 22 to 24 hours per day. Room 14 restriction shall not include confinement of a juvenile in a single-15 person room or cell for brief periods of locked-room confinement 16 necessary for institutional operations, including, but not limited to, 17 shift changes, showering, and unit movements. 18 (cf: P.L.2015, c.89, s.5) 19 20 [77.] <u>76.</u> Section 18 of P.L.2019, c.363 (C.52:17B-171.14) is 21 amended to read as follows: 22 18. a. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall establish 23 a program to collect, record, and analyze data regarding juveniles 24 who were sentenced to a term of incarceration. In furtherance of this program, the commission shall collect the following data: 25 26 (1) the offense for which the juvenile was incarcerated; the term 27 of incarceration imposed on the juvenile, including a term of incarceration imposed for a violation of parole; the age, gender, 28 29 race, and ethnicity of the juvenile; the county where the juvenile 30 was adjudicated delinquent; the classification of the juvenile; and 31 whether the juvenile was sentenced to an extended term of 32 incarceration; 33 (2) aggregate data of incidents of violence, suicide, suicide 34 attempts, hospitalizations, and any form of segregation or isolation 35 of a juvenile for all facilities where juveniles are placed; and 36 (3) the amount of time remaining on each sentence of 37 incarceration imposed on a juvenile whose parole was revoked; 38 whether the violation that was the basis for the revocation was 39 technical or based upon a new offense; the age, gender, race, and 40 ethnicity of the juvenile; and the county where the juvenile's parole 41 was revoked by the court. 42 b. The commission shall prepare and publish on its Internet 43 website biennial reports summarizing the aggregated data collected, 44 recorded, and analyzed pursuant to subsection a. of this section. 45 The commission shall publish on its Internet website the c. 46 criteria that are used to determine whether a juvenile is granted 47 parole. The commission also shall provide this information to every

1 juvenile who is sentenced to a term of incarceration.

2 (cf: P.L.2019, c.363, s.18)

3

4 **[**78.**]** <u>77.</u> Section 4 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-172) is 5 amended to read as follows:

6 4. a. The advisory council to the [Juvenile] Youth Justice
7 Commission shall consist of the following members:

(1) The Commissioner of the Department of Labor and 8 9 Workforce Development, the Commissioner of the Department of 10 Health [and Senior Services], the Commissioner of the Department of Community Affairs, the Chairperson of the Civil Service 11 12 Commission, the Public Defender and a county prosecutor selected 13 by and serving at the pleasure of the Governor or a person 14 designated by one of the forenamed officers to serve in that officer's 15 place;

(2) Nine members who shall be selected for their knowledge, 16 17 competence, experience or interest in the juvenile justice system. 18 Appointments shall be made as follows: three by the President of 19 the Senate, no more than two of whom shall be of the same political 20 party; three by the Speaker of the General Assembly, no more than 21 two of whom shall be of the same political party and three by the 22 Governor, no more than two of whom shall be of the same political 23 party.

24 b. The term of office of each public member of the advisory council shall be three years; except that of the first members 25 26 appointed, one appointed by the Governor, one by the President of 27 the Senate and one by the Speaker of the General Assembly shall be appointed for a term of one year, one appointed by the Governor, 28 29 one by the President of the Senate and one by the Speaker of the 30 General Assembly shall be appointed for a term of two years and 31 the remaining three members shall be appointed for a term of three 32 Each member shall serve until a successor has been years. 33 appointed and qualified, and vacancies shall be filled in the same 34 manner as the original appointments for the remainder of the 35 unexpired term. A member is eligible for reappointment to the 36 council.

c. The Governor shall appoint the chair of the advisory council
from among the members of the council. The chair shall serve at
the pleasure of the Governor during the Governor's term of office
and until the appointment and qualification of the chair's successor.
The members of the council shall elect a vice-chair from among the
members of the council.

d. The members of the council shall receive no compensationfor their services.

45 (cf: P.L.2008, c.29, s.110)

46

47 **[**79.**]** <u>78.</u> Section 6 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-174) is 48 amended to read as follows:

1 6. a. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall employ, 2 within the limits of available funds, juvenile corrections officers to 3 staff each State secure juvenile facility and to provide security for 4 other State juvenile facilities and programs including parole 5 programs as deemed appropriate and to perform all other duties 6 related to enforcement of confinement and conditions of release 7 including execution of warrants and legal process. Juvenile 8 corrections officers shall be in the competitive division of the career 9 service established pursuant to N.J.S.11A:3-2, "policemen" within 10 the meaning of section 1 of P.L.1944, c.255 (C.43:16A-1) and 11 members of the Police and Firemen's Retirement System of New 12 Jersey established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1944, c.255 (C.43:16A-2), and shall be "employees" within the meaning of 13 14 section 3 of P.L.1941, c.100 (C.34:13A-3).

b. Except as provided in subsection c. of this section, no person
shall be appointed as a juvenile corrections officer unless that
person:

(1) Is a citizen of the United States;

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(2) Is able to read, write and speak the English language welland intelligently;

(3) Has a high school diploma or its equivalent;

(4) Is sound in body and of good health;

23 (5) Is of good moral character;

(6) Has not been convicted of any offense which would make
the person unfit to perform the duties of a juvenile corrections
officer;

(7) Has successfully completed the training course approved by
the Police Training Commission and required by section 5 of
P.L.1988, c.176 (C.52:17B-68.1) or is exempt pursuant to the
provisions of that section; and

31 (8) Meets such other qualifications, including education and
32 training, as may be specified by the commission in consultation
33 with the Civil Service Commission.

c. (1) Pending appointment of a full complement of juvenile 34 corrections officers who meet the requirements of subsection b. of 35 this section, the commission and the Commissioner of Corrections 36 37 shall arrange through agreement for the assignment of corrections 38 officers necessary to fill the positions transferred pursuant to 39 section 8 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-176). Corrections officers 40 assigned to the commission pursuant to such an agreement shall be 41 under the supervision of the commission during the period of 42 assignment as provided by the agreement between the commission 43 and the Commissioner of Corrections. The primary concerns of all 44 agreements governing assignment and supervision shall be public 45 safety and safety within the facilities and programs. No officer 46 assigned pursuant to such an agreement shall, by virtue of such 47 assignment, be considered an employee of the commission or lose 48 or suffer any diminution of any right, power, privilege or benefit to

which the employee would otherwise be entitled pursuant to the
provisions of Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes, Title 34 of the
Revised Statutes, or Title 43 of the Revised Statutes, including any
rights, powers, privileges or benefits as to salary, seniority,
promotion, re-employment, retirement, pension or representation
for purposes of collective bargaining;

7 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of this 8 section, a corrections officer assigned to the commission pursuant 9 to this section shall not be considered ineligible for the position of 10 juvenile corrections officer solely because the officer does not meet 11 any educational or training requirement the commission may 12 establish and may be appointed as a juvenile corrections officer if 13 the officer applies for such position within 18 months of the 14 effective date of this act. A juvenile corrections officer appointed 15 pursuant to this subsection shall not be deprived of any right or 16 protection provided by Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes or any 17 pension or retirement system and, notwithstanding any law or 18 regulation to the contrary, shall be eligible to compete for vacant 19 positions within the Department of Corrections with full credit for 20 experience, service and rank earned as an employee of the 21 Department of Corrections and such credit for experience, service 22 and rank earned as an employee of the commission as the 23 Commissioner of Corrections, after consultation with the Civil 24 Service Commission, deems appropriate.

d. Each juvenile corrections officer shall by virtue of such employment and in addition to any other power or authority, be empowered to act as an officer for the detection, apprehension, arrest and adjudication of offenders against the law and, subject to regulations promulgated by the commission and conditions set forth in N.J.S.2C:39-6, shall have the authority to possess and carry a firearm.

32 (cf: P.L.2008, c.29, s.111)

33

34 **[**80.**]** <u>79.</u> Section 8 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-176) is 35 amended to read as follows:

36 8. a. The following are transferred to the [Juvenile] Youth
37 Justice Commission:

38 (1) The custody and care of any juvenile adjudicated delinquent 39 and committed or classified to the custody of the Department of Corrections or committed or classified to the custody or care of the 40 41 Division of Juvenile Services of the Department of Human 42 Services, pursuant to section 24 of P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-43) as 43 modified by Reorganization Plan No. 001-1993, P.L.1993, c.283, 44 and Executive Order No. 93 of 1993, or serving a term of 45 incarceration in a county detention facility pursuant to section 1 of 46 P.L.1992, c.211 (C.2A:4A-44.1);

47 (2) The New Jersey Training School for Boys created pursuant48 to R.S.30:1-7 and transferred to the Commissioner of Corrections

pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1976, c.98 (C.30:1B-8) and the Juvenile
 Medium Security Facility created pursuant to R.S.30:1-7;

3 All residential and day care facilities and programs (3)4 established pursuant to the powers delegated to the Division of 5 Juvenile Services, Department of Corrections, by the Commissioner of the Department of Corrections pursuant to his powers contained 6 7 in P.L.1976, c.98 (C.30:1B-1 et seq.), along with all those youth 8 committed to participate therein by court order, law, classification, 9 regulation or contract which were subsequently transferred to the 10 Division of Juvenile Services, Department of Human Services by 11 Reorganization Plan No. 001-1993;

(4) All furnishings and equipment presently located in the
institutions and programs of the Division of Juvenile Services and
in the institutions and programs of the Department of Corrections
transferred to the commission pursuant to subsections b. and c. of
this section, and, except as provided in section 6 of P.L.1995, c.284
(C.52:17B-174), all staff assigned to those institutions and
programs, including administrative and support staff;

(5) All operating and capital funding demarcated for the
institutions and programs set forth in this section, including funding
from bonds and funding for administrative costs associated with the
institutions and programs;

(6) All functions, powers, duties and authority of the
Commissioner of Corrections, including any transferred to the
Commissioner of Human Services pursuant to Reorganization Plan
No. 001-1993, with respect to all juvenile detention facilities
throughout the State pursuant to section 18 of P.L.1982, c.77
(C.2A:4A-37);

(7) The powers, duties and responsibilities of the Commissioner
of Corrections for establishing standards and monitoring of juvenile
detention facilities pursuant to section 18 of P.L.1982, c.77
(C.2A:4A-37), transferred to the Commissioner of Human Services
by Reorganization Plan No. 001-1993;

34 (8) All existing written agreements made between county
35 governments and the Department of Corrections or the Department
36 of Human Services concerning juvenile detention centers are hereby
37 modified to transfer the responsibilities, duties and obligations
38 specified in these agreements between the county governments and
39 the commission;

40 The Juvenile Detention Monitoring Unit, Department of (9) 41 Corrections, established pursuant to the powers of the 42 Commissioner of Corrections pursuant to P.L.1976, c.98 (C.30:1B-43 1 et seq.), to fulfill the obligations of the Department of Corrections 44 in monitoring juvenile detention centers throughout the State 45 pursuant to the Federal "Juvenile Justice and Delinquency 46 Prevention Act of 1974," as amended, and pursuant to section 18 of 47 P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-37), which was transferred to the

1 Department of Human Services by Reorganization Plan No. 001-2 1993, along with its staff, powers, duties and responsibilities; 3 (10) The legal custody and supervision of each juvenile parolee; 4 the functions, powers, duties and authority of the State Parole Board 5 established pursuant to P.L.1979, c.441 (C.30:4-123.45 et seq.), regarding juvenile offenders are continued, but the State Parole 6 7 Board shall file all of its reports and recommendations regarding 8 juveniles with the commission;

9 (11) All funding, programs and positions created or dedicated to 10 provide juvenile parole services by the Bureau of Parole within the Department of Corrections in accordance with an agreement 11 12 between the Executive Director of the commission and the 13 Commissioner of Corrections in consultation with the State Parole 14 Board when an orderly transfer of the function has been completed 15 including appropriate changes in the reporting requirements, 16 funding, positions, and administrative housing and support;

17 (12) The powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Office of 18 Education created and established in the Departments of 19 Corrections and Human Services pursuant to the "State Facilities 20 Education Act of 1979," sections 12 and 13 of P.L.1979, c.207 21 (C.18A:7B-8 and 18A:7B-9) for the education of those juvenile 22 offenders whose custody is transferred to the commission pursuant 23 to this act is transferred to the Office of Education established in the 24 commission pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-25 178) along with staff, existing and future moneys and other 26 educational resources demarcated for juveniles whose custody is 27 transferred pursuant to this act, including funds collected pursuant to the authority granted in the "State Facilities Education Act of 28 29 1979," P.L.1979, c.207 (C.18A:7B-1 et seq.), federal and State 30 educational grants and contract funds received for the benefit of 31 juvenile offenders whose custody is transferred pursuant to this act;

(13) The powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Bureau of
Juvenile Justice, including the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
Prevention Unit, in the Division of Criminal Justice, Department of
Law and Public Safety established pursuant to section 4 of
P.L.1948, c.439 (C.52:17B-4), along with its staff, powers, duties
and responsibilities; and

38 (14) All funding appropriated to the Department of Human
39 Services and demarcated for distribution by the department for
40 youth services commission funding.

b. Whenever in any law, rule, regulation, order, contract, lease,
document, judicial or administrative proceeding or otherwise,
reference is made to the Commissioner of the Department of
Corrections regarding a juvenile or juvenile offender as defined in
P.L.1982, c.77 (C.2A:4A-20 et seq.), or is made to the Division of
Juvenile Services transferred from the Department of Corrections to
the Department of Human Services by Reorganization Plan No.001-

1 1993 the same shall mean and refer to the commission.

2 (cf: P.L.1995, c.284, s.8)

3

4 [81.] <u>80.</u> Section 10 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-178) is 5 amended to read as follows:

6 10. There is hereby created and established in the [Juvenile] 7 <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission an Office of Education to be headed by a 8 Director of Educational Services who shall supervise the 9 educational programs in all juvenile facilities operated by the 10 [Juvenile] <u>Youth</u> Justice Commission and shall approve, except as 11 provided in section 9 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-177) all 12 personnel to be hired for such programs.

The director shall hold the appropriate certificate issued by the State Board of Examiners and shall be qualified by training and experience for his position and shall be appointed by the executive director with the approval of the executive board. The director shall serve at the pleasure of the executive board.

18 The director shall establish primary, secondary, and vocational 19 programs which meet the educational needs of school age persons 20 for whom the commission is responsible. Appropriate credit and 21 certification shall be given for the successful completion of such 22 programs.

23 (cf: P.L.1995, c.284, s.10)

24

[82.] <u>81.</u> Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.283 (C.52:17B-179) is
amended to read as follows:

A State/Community Partnership Grant Program is 27 1. a. 28 established within the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission 29 established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) 30 to support, through grants allocated to county youth services 31 commissions established pursuant to P.L.1995, c.282 (C.52:17B-32 180), facilities, sanctions and services for juveniles adjudicated or 33 charged as delinquent and programs for prevention of juvenile delinquency. This program is established in order to: 34

(1) Encourage development of sanctions and services for
juveniles adjudicated and charged as delinquent and programs for
prevention of juvenile delinquency that protect the public, ensure
accountability and foster rehabilitation;

39 (2) Increase the range of sanctions for juveniles adjudicated40 delinquent;

41 (3) Reduce overcrowding in State juvenile institutions and other
42 facilities to ensure adequate bedspace for serious, violent and
43 repetitive offenders;

44 (4) Reduce overcrowding in county detention facilities;

45 (5) Provide greater access to community-based sanctions and46 services for minority and female offenders;

47 (6) Expand programs designed to prevent juvenile delinquency;48 and

1 (7) Promote public safety by reducing recidivism. 2 b. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall administer 3 the State/Community Partnership Grant Program and shall: 4 (1) Establish criteria and procedures for grant applications and 5 disbursement by regulation; 6 (2) Determine how best to allocate Partnership funds; Set standards and procedures for eligibility, operation, 7 (3) 8 supervision and evaluation; 9 (4) Advise and assist county youth services commissions in 10 preparation of county plans and grant applications; 11 (5) Award grants; (6) Set standards for and determine eligibility for continued 12 13 Partnership funding; 14 (7) Collect and provide information about community-based 15 services and sanctions; and 16 (8) Monitor and evaluate implementation of county plans and 17 the provision of services, sanctions and programs provided pursuant 18 to this act. 19 (cf: P.L.1995, c.283, s.1) 20 21 Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.282 (C.52:17B-180) is **[**83.**]** <u>82.</u> 22 amended to read as follows: 23 1. a. In order to qualify for award of State/Community 24 Partnership Grant funds established pursuant to P.L.1995, c.283 25 (C.52:17B-179) a county shall: (1) Establish a county youth services commission in accordance 26 27 with regulations promulgated by the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 28 29 (C.52:17B-170); 30 (2) Submit and obtain [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission 31 approval of a triennial comprehensive plan for services and sanctions for juveniles adjudicated or charged as delinquent and 32 33 programs for the prevention of juvenile delinquency which: 34 (a) are designed to promote the goals of P.L.1995, c.283 35 (C.52:17B-179); (b) provide recommendations for funding of programs, sanctions 36 37 and services that enhance and expand the range of sanctions and services for juveniles adjudicated or charged as delinquent and 38 39 programs designed to prevent delinquency; 40 (c) make services available in geographical locations within the 41 county where juveniles in need reside; and 42 (d) provide for distribution of State/Community Partnership 43 Grant funds by the county in accordance with contracts or 44 agreements executed by the appropriate county officials in 45 accordance with applicable law. 46 b. The [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission shall establish by 47 regulation:

1 (1) Specific guidelines as to membership of a county youth 2 services commission;

3 (2) Specific requirements for the administration of the4 State/Community Partnership Grant funds awarded by the county.

5 c. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this 6 section, the county governing body may elect, upon annual written 7 request approved by the executive director, to designate a 8 commission, council or agency to assume the responsibilities of a 9 county youth services commission in that county. Approval of such 10 a request shall be contingent upon the governing body 11 demonstrating that the membership of the designated entity is 12 sufficiently representative of persons and agencies interested in the 13 juvenile justice system to permit the entity to perform the duties and 14 responsibilities of a county youth services commission, that the 15 members of the designated entity are otherwise qualified to perform 16 the duties and responsibilities of members of a county youth 17 services commission, and that the designated entity has the 18 authority and responsibility to carry out the duties and 19 responsibilities of a county youth services commission.

20 d. A county youth services commission shall:

(1) Recommend to the governing body of the county the
approval or disapproval of contracts with local government or
private agencies that desire participation in the State/Community
Partnership Grant Program;

25 (2) Monitor the operations of programs receiving
26 State/Community Partnership Grant funds with reference to
27 compliance with standards, policies and rules established by the
28 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission;

(3) Monitor and evaluate the impact of the programs receiving
State/Community Partnership Grant funds, including the nature of
the offender or at risk populations served by the funded programs,
and prepare a written report with relevant documentation, on an
annual basis, to be submitted to the [Juvenile] Youth Justice
Commission as part of the commission's triennial plan and annual
update; and

36 (4) Perform such other duties as may be established by the
37 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission to achieve the purposes of
38 P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-169 et seq.) which creates the
39 [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission and P.L.1995, c.283
40 (C.52:17B-179) which creates the State/Community Partnership
41 Grant Program.

e. No county may use funds received pursuant to this section to
supplant or replace existing funds or other resources from federal,
State or county government for existing juvenile justice-related
programs or for purposes of capital construction or renovation.

46 f. If a county elects not to participate in the State/Community47 Partnership Grant Program, the commission is authorized to allocate

1 and expend that county's share of Partnership funding in a manner 2 consistent with the commission's Juvenile Justice Master Plan. 3 (cf: P.L.2005, c.164, s.2) 4 5 **[**84.**]** 83. Section 3 of P.L.1995, c.330 (C.52:17B-183) is amended to read as follows: 6 3. As used in this act: 7 "Commission" means the [Juvenile] Youth Justice 8 a 9 Commission in, but not of, the Department of Law and Public 10 Safety established pursuant to P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-169 et 11 seq.). b. "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department 12 13 of Corrections. 14 c. "Juvenile offender" means a person at least 14 years old at the 15 time of disposition who has been adjudicated delinquent for an act 16 which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a crime, 17 excluding an adjudication for any act which would constitute a crime of the first degree or a crime under chapter 14 of Title 2C of 18 19 the New Jersey Statutes. 20 d. "Youthful offender" means a person between 18 and 30 years 21 of age who has been convicted of a crime, excluding any person 22 convicted of: 23 (1) a crime of the first degree; 24 (2) a crime under chapter 14 of Title 2C of the New Jersey 25 Statutes; 26 (3) a crime which requires the imposition of a mandatory term 27 of imprisonment without eligibility for parole, unless the person has less than one year of the mandatory portion of the sentence 28 29 remaining; or 30 (4) a crime of the second degree under any of the following: 31 N.J.S.2C:11-4, N.J.S.2C:12-1, N.J.S.2C:13-1, N.J.S.2C:15-1, 32 N.J.S.2C:18-2 or N.J.S.2C:39-4 for possession of a weapon with the 33 purpose of using it unlawfully against the person of another. 34 (cf: P.L.1997, c.55, s.1) 35 36 [85.] <u>84.</u> Section 45 of P.L.1996, c.62 (C.55:19-60) is amended 37 to read as follows: 38 45. a. There is established in, but not of, the Department of 39 Community Affairs an Urban Coordinating Council. 40 b. The Urban Coordinating Council shall be comprised of the 41 Governor, the chief officer of each department of the executive 42 branch, and the executive directors of the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority, the New Jersey Economic Development 43 44 Authority, the Casino Reinvestment Development Authority, the 45 State Planning Commission, the New Jersey Housing and Mortgage Finance Agency, the [Juvenile] Youth Justice Commission and the 46 47 Commission on Higher Education. The council shall be chaired by

- 1 the Governor. Members of the council may be represented on the
- 2 council by their designees.
- 3 (cf: P.L.1996, c.62, s.45)
- 4
- 5 [86.] <u>85.</u> This act shall take effect immediately.