

ASSEMBLY, No. 3887

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

222nd LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2026 SESSION

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Assemblyman STERLEY S. STANLEY

District 18 (Middlesex)

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SYNOPSIS

Authorizes use of school bus monitoring systems; establishes certain enforcement procedures and penalties for certain violations captured by school bus monitoring systems.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Education Committee with technical review.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/28/2026)

1 AN ACT concerning school bus safety, amending P.L.1942, c.192,
2 and supplementing Title 39 of the Revised Statutes.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5 of New Jersey:

6

7 1. Section 1 of P.L.1942, c.192 (C.39:4-128.1) is amended to
8 read as follows:

9 1. a. On highways having roadways not divided by safety
10 islands or physical traffic separation installations, the driver of a
11 vehicle approaching or overtaking a bus, which is being used for the
12 transportation of children to or from school **[or]**, a summer day
13 camp, or any **[school connected]** school-connected activity, or
14 which is being used for the transportation of a person who has a
15 developmental disability, and which has stopped for the purpose of
16 receiving or discharging any child or a person who has a
17 developmental disability, shall stop **[such]** the vehicle not less than
18 25 feet from **[such school]** the bus and keep **[such]** the vehicle
19 stationary until **[such]** any child or any person who has a
20 developmental disability has entered **[said]** the bus, or has
21 **[alighted]** departed from the bus and reached the side of **[such]** the
22 highway, and **[until]** a flashing red light is no longer exhibited by
23 the bus; provided **[, such]** the bus is designated as a school bus by
24 one sign on the front and one sign on the rear **[,]** with **[each letter**
25 on such signs] lettering at least four inches in height.

26 On highways having dual or multiple roadways separated by
27 safety islands or physical traffic separation installations, the driver
28 of a vehicle overtaking a school bus, which has stopped for the
29 purpose of receiving or discharging any child or any person who
30 has a developmental disability, shall stop **[such]** the vehicle not
31 less than 25 feet from **[such]** the school bus and keep **[such]** the
32 vehicle stationary until **[such]** each child or each person who has a
33 developmental disability has entered **[said]** the bus, or has
34 **[alighted]** departed from the bus and reached the side of the
35 highway, and **[until]** a flashing red light is no longer exhibited by
36 the bus.

37 On highways having dual or multiple roadways separated by
38 safety islands or physical traffic separation installations, the driver
39 of a vehicle on another roadway approaching a school bus, which
40 has stopped for the purpose of receiving or discharging any child
41 **[,]** or any person who has a developmental disability shall reduce
42 the speed of **[his]** the vehicle to not more than 10 miles per hour
43 and shall not resume normal speed until the vehicle has passed the
44 bus and **[has passed]** any child or any person with a developmental

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets **[thus]** in the above bill is
not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

1 disability who may **【have alighted therefrom or】** be about to enter
2 **【said】** the bus or who has departed from the bus.

3 For purposes of this section, “highway” means the entire width
4 between the boundary lines of every way ₂ whether publicly or
5 privately maintained **【when】**₂ any part **【thereof】** of which is open
6 to the public for purposes of vehicular travel.

7 Whenever a school bus is parked at the curb for the purpose of
8 receiving children directly from ₂ or discharging children to, a
9 school **【or】** ₂ a summer day camp ₂ or any **【school connected】**
10 school-connected activity **【or discharging children to enter a school,**
11 or a summer day camp or any school connected activity】 , which is
12 located on the same side of the street as that on which the bus is
13 parked, drivers of vehicles shall be permitted to pass **【said】** the bus
14 without stopping, but at a speed not in excess of 10 miles per hour.

15 Whenever a school bus is parked at the curb for the purpose of
16 receiving or discharging a person who has a developmental
17 disability on the same side of the street as that on which the bus is
18 parked, drivers of vehicles shall be permitted to pass the bus
19 without stopping, but at a speed not in excess of 10 miles per hour.

20 The driver of a bus which is being used for the transportation of
21 children to or from school **【or】** ₂ a summer day camp ₂ or any
22 **【school connected】** school-connected activity **【,】** or for the
23 transportation of a person who has a developmental disability shall
24 continue to exhibit a flashing red light and shall not start **【his】** the
25 bus until every child or every person who has a developmental
26 disability who may have **【alighted】** departed therefrom shall have
27 reached a place of safety.

28 **【Any】** b. Except as provided in subsection c. of section 4 of
29 P.L. ₂, c. (C. ₂) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a
30 person who **【shall violate】** violates any provision of **【this act】**
31 subsection a. of this section shall be subject to : (1) a fine of **【not**
32 **less than \$100.00】** \$300, **【(2) imprisonment for not more than 15**
33 **days or】** community service for not more than 15 days in **【such】**
34 the form and on **【such】** terms as the court shall deem appropriate,
35 **【(3)】** or both for the first offense **【,】** ; and (2) a fine **【not less than**
36 **\$250.00, imprisonment】** of \$500 and community service for not
37 **【more】** less than 15 days **【, or both】** in the form and on the terms
38 as the court shall deem appropriate for each subsequent offense.
39 **【The】** Except as provided in sections 5 and 6 of P.L. ₂,
40 c. (C. ₂) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), the
41 penalties shall be enforced and recovered pursuant to the provisions
42 of chapter 5 of Title 39 of the Revised Statutes. There shall be a
43 rebuttable presumption that the registered owner of the vehicle
44 which was involved in the violation of this section was the person
45 who committed the act. **【Any person who suppresses, by way of**
46 **concealment or destruction, any evidence of a violation of this**

1 section or who suppresses the identity of the violator shall be
2 subject to a fine of \$100.】

3 The Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor Vehicle
4 Commission may also revoke the license to drive a motor vehicle of
5 any person who shall have been guilty of **【such】** a willful violation
6 of any of the provisions of this **【act】** section as shall, in the
7 discretion of the chief administrator, justify **【such】** the revocation .
8 However, 【but】 the chief administrator shall, at all times, have the
9 power to validate **【such】** a license which has been revoked **【,】** or to
10 grant a new license to any person whose license to drive a motor
11 vehicle shall have been revoked pursuant to this **【act】** section.

12 c. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the
13 contrary, a person who violates any provision of subsection a. of
14 this section where the evidence of the violation is captured by a
15 school bus monitoring system administered pursuant to section 4 of
16 P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill),
17 shall be subject solely to a civil penalty of \$300. A person found
18 liable shall not be assessed any penalty points pursuant to the
19 provisions of section 1 of P.L.1982, c.43 (C.39:5-30.5), and shall
20 not be subject to automobile insurance eligibility points pursuant to
21 section 26 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-14).

22 d. Notwithstanding any provisions of R.S.39:5-41 to the
23 contrary, wherever a municipality or school district installs,
24 operates, and maintains a school bus monitoring system, or
25 contracts with a private vendor for a system and those services, any
26 civil penalty imposed and collected pursuant to this section that is
27 based upon recorded images captured by the school bus monitoring
28 system shall be forwarded to the financial officer of that
29 municipality and used for general municipal and school district
30 purposes, including efforts to improve the monitoring and
31 enforcement of subsection a. of this section through the utilization
32 of a school bus monitoring system and other public education safety
33 programs. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the
34 registered owner of the vehicle which was involved in the violation
35 of this section was the operator of the vehicle at the time the
36 violation occurred. A person who suppresses, by way of
37 concealment or destruction, any evidence of a violation of this
38 section or who suppresses the identity of the violator shall be
39 subject to a fine of \$100.

40 (cf: P.L.2012, c.20, s.2)

41

42 2. (New section) The Legislature finds and declares that:

43 a. Motorists who illegally pass a school bus that is stopped to
44 pick up or discharge children dramatically increase the likelihood of
45 accidents that endanger the safety and well-being of bus riding
46 children.

1 b. The installation and use of a school bus monitoring system,
2 which complements the efforts of local law enforcement, could
3 serve as an effective public safety tool to keep children safer while
4 entering, exiting, or riding a school bus.

5 c. It is altogether fitting and proper, and within the public
6 interest, to authorize a program to permit municipalities and school
7 districts operating or providing Type I or Type II school buses that
8 transport students to contract with private vendors to provide for the
9 installation, operation, and maintenance of school bus monitoring
10 systems on school buses in order to assist in the enforcement of
11 section 1 of P.L.1942, c.192 (C.39:4-128.1).

12
13 3. (New section) As used in P.L. , c. (C.) (pending
14 before the Legislature as this bill):

15 “Camera-based violation” means a violation of subsection a. of
16 section 1 of P.L.1942, c.192 (C.39:4-128.1) captured by a school
17 bus monitoring system.

18 “Local hearing officer” means a person authorized by a
19 municipality to conduct administrative hearings related to a notice
20 of liability issued pursuant to section 5 of P.L. , c. (C.)
21 (pending before the Legislature as this bill). “Local hearing
22 officer” may include an appointed code enforcement staff member
23 or an attorney who is, and has been for the preceding five years, a
24 member in good standing with the New Jersey Bar Association.

25 “Notice of liability” means a non-criminal citation alleging a
26 camera-based violation.

27 “Petitioner” means an individual requesting to contest an alleged
28 camera-based violation.

29 “Recorded image” means a digital image, or images, or video
30 recorded by a school bus monitoring system.

31 “School bus” means a “School Vehicle Type I” and “School
32 Vehicle Type II” as defined in R.S.39:1-1.

33 “School bus monitoring system” means a system meeting the
34 requirements set forth in section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending
35 before the Legislature as this bill) and having at least one camera
36 and sensor that captures and records a digital video or image of any
37 motor vehicle operating near a school bus.

38 “School district” means a local school district, regional school
39 district, consolidated school district, county vocational school
40 district, jointure commission, county special services school
41 district, or educational services commission.

42
43 4. (New section) a. (1) A municipality or school district
44 which operates or provides school buses that transport students may
45 contract with a private vendor to provide for the installation,
46 operation, and maintenance of a school bus monitoring system on
47 any school bus to assist in the enforcement of subsection a. of
48 section 1 of P.L.1942, c.192 (C.39:4-128.1).

1 (2) A municipality or school district that enters into a contract
2 with a school bus contractor to provide student transportation
3 services may require the installation, operation, and maintenance of
4 a school bus monitoring system on any school bus used for a
5 contracted bus route to assist with the enforcement of subsection a.
6 of section 1 of P.L.1942, c.192 (C.39:4-128.1).

7 b. (1) A school bus monitoring system shall be capable of
8 capturing and producing a video record of any occurrence that may
9 be considered a violation of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1942,
10 c.192 (C.39:4-128.1) and high-resolution digital recorded images
11 that capture:

12 (a) if the flashing red light or crossing control arm of a school
13 bus is activated, as required pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1965, c.119
14 (C.39:3B-1);

15 (b) if a motor vehicle passes a school bus while the bus is
16 exhibiting a flashing red light or crossing control arm;

17 (c) a sufficient portion of the rear of the motor vehicle that
18 passes the school bus, in violation of subsection a. of section 1 of
19 P.L.1942, c.192 (C.39:4-128.1), to clearly reveal the license plate
20 and the make and model of the motor vehicle; and

21 (d) the date, time, and location of the camera-based violation.

22 (2) A digital analog or camera system may be used as part of a
23 school bus monitoring system provided the images of any violation
24 are captured by the system, or a multiple-camera system, and
25 produce a recorded image of:

26 (a) the school bus exhibiting a flashing red light or an electronic
27 indicator signaling that the flashing light is activated;

28 (b) the motor vehicle passing the school bus; and

29 (c) the license plate, make, and model of the motor vehicle.

30 c. Notwithstanding any provision of subsection a. of section 1
31 of P.L.1942, c.192 (C.39:4-128.1), except as provided in subsection
32 d. of section 5 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the
33 Legislature as this bill), a registered owner of a vehicle found liable
34 for a camera-based violation shall be subject to a civil penalty of
35 \$300. However, the registered owner of a vehicle found liable for
36 the camera-based violation shall not be assessed any penalty points,
37 pursuant to the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1982, c.43 (C.39:5-
38 30.5), or automobile insurance eligibility points, pursuant to section
39 26 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-14).

40 d. A recorded image shall be sufficient evidence to determine
41 liability for a camera-based violation and shall be admissible in an
42 administrative hearing adjudicated pursuant to subsection 6 of
43 P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)
44 without further authentication.

45 e. There shall be a rebuttable presumption, which shall not be
46 overcome unless a petitioner presents clear and convincing evidence
47 to the contrary, that:

1 (1) a vehicle which is equipped with a school bus monitoring
2 system, and which displays text that is at least four inches in height
3 on the front and one on the rear of the vehicle identifying the
4 vehicle as a school bus, is a school bus;

5 (2) when a recorded image demonstrates that a school bus was
6 stopped with its crossing control arm or flashing red light activated,
7 the school bus was being used for the transportation of children to
8 or from school, a summer day camp, or any school-connected
9 activity, or was being used for the transportation of a person who
10 has a developmental disability, and the school bus was stopped for
11 the purpose of receiving or discharging any such child or person
12 with a developmental disability; and

13 (3) when a recorded image displays the activation of a crossing
14 control arm or flashing red light, the crossing control arm or
15 flashing red light was activated and operational at the time of the
16 violation.

17

18 5. (New section) a. (1) If a school district or municipality
19 enters into a contract with a private vendor to provide for the
20 installation, operation, and maintenance of a school bus monitoring
21 system or requires the installation, operation, and maintenance of a
22 school bus monitoring system on any school bus used for a
23 contracted bus route pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.)
24 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a recorded image of a
25 suspected camera-based violation shall be made available to the
26 chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the
27 camera-based violation occurred.

28 (2) Each chief law enforcement officer shall assign a law
29 enforcement officer of the municipality to review the recorded
30 images of a suspected camera-based violation. In conducting the
31 review, if the law enforcement officer determines there is sufficient
32 evidence to conclude that a camera-based violation occurred, the
33 law enforcement officer, or a designee of the law enforcement
34 agency, shall send a notice of liability within 90 days of the date of
35 the violation to the registered owner of the vehicle by first class
36 mail at the address of record for that owner with the New Jersey
37 Motor Vehicle Commission, or with any other motor vehicle
38 registration recordkeeping authority, providing the registered owner
39 with the opportunity to resolve the matter by paying the civil
40 penalty pursuant to section 5 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending
41 before the Legislature as this bill) or by contesting the notice of
42 liability in an administrative hearing pursuant to section 6 of
43 P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).
44 Mailing of the notice of liability shall constitute notice and a record
45 of mailing shall be prima facie evidence of such mailing and shall
46 be admissible in any hearing as to the facts contained in the notice
47 of liability. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the
48 registered owner of the vehicle that was involved in the camera-

1 based violation was the operator of the vehicle at the time the
2 violation occurred.

3 (3) A notice of liability issued pursuant to paragraph (2) of this
4 subsection shall contain:

5 (a) the name and address of the registered owner of the motor
6 vehicle;

7 (b) the license plate of the motor vehicle;

8 (c) a written description of the suspected camera-based
9 violation;

10 (d) the date, location, and time of the suspected camera-based
11 violation;

12 (e) a copy of the recorded image, which may include selected
13 images from a video showing the motor vehicle involved in the
14 suspected camera-based violation, as well as a method by which to
15 review the video on an Internet website, if the suspected violation is
16 based upon a video captured by the school bus monitoring system;

17 (f) the amount of the civil penalty and payment instructions;

18 (g) a certificate, or facsimile of a certificate, of the review of the
19 evidence produced by the school bus monitoring system attested to,
20 and signed electronically by, the law enforcement officer who
21 conducted the review, which certificate or facsimile shall be prima
22 facie evidence of the facts contained therein;

23 (h) instructions for how the person named in the notice of
24 liability may contest the liability pursuant to section 6 of P.L. ,
25 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), including
26 instructions on how to reschedule an administrative hearing;

27 (i) notice that failure to pay the civil penalty, pursuant to
28 subsection c. of section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before
29 the Legislature as this bill), or to contest liability within 60 days of
30 the mailing of the notice of liability shall:

31 (i.) subject the owner to a late fee of \$25, which fee shall be
32 payable to the municipality; and

33 (ii.) be deemed an admission of liability in the form of a default
34 judgment and subject the owner to contact and resolution from a
35 debt collection agency; and

36 (j) notice that payment of the civil penalty pursuant to
37 subsection c. of section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before
38 the Legislature as this bill), and any applicable late fees pursuant to
39 this section, shall constitute final disposition of the violation
40 charged.

41 (4) Failure to pay the civil penalty pursuant to subsection c. of
42 section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature
43 as this bill), or to contest the notice of liability, pursuant to section
44 6 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this
45 bill), within 60 days of the date the notice of liability was mailed,
46 shall result in a late fee of \$25.

47 b. Any recorded image or information produced in connection
48 with a school bus monitoring system shall not be deemed to be a

1 public record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.). A
2 recorded image shall not be discoverable as a public record by a
3 private person or non-governmental entity, except upon a subpoena
4 issued by a grand jury or a court order in a criminal matter, nor
5 shall it be offered in evidence in any civil or administrative
6 proceeding not directly related to a violation of subsection a. of
7 section 1 of P.L.1942, c.192 (C.39:4-128.1).

8 Any recorded image or information produced in connection with
9 a school bus monitoring system pertaining to a specific violation
10 shall not be retained for more than 120 days after the collection of
11 any civil penalty imposed, and shall be purged thereafter. All
12 recorded images and information collected and not resulting in the
13 issuance of a notice of liability shall be purged within 365 days of
14 the recording.

15 c. Except as provided in subsection d. of this section, the
16 owner of a motor vehicle shall be liable for a notice of liability
17 issued for a camera-based violation.

18 d. A lessor or owner of a motor vehicle shall not be liable for a
19 violation in a notice of liability issued pursuant to this section if
20 within 60 days of mailing the notice of liability:

21 (1) the lessor demonstrates that the motor vehicle was used
22 without the lessor's express or implied consent. The lessor shall
23 notify the municipality where the case is pending by a notarized
24 affidavit of the circumstances of the exception by providing the
25 name and address of the motor vehicle operator or registrant;

26 (2) the lessor or owner demonstrates that a lessee was operating
27 or in possession of the motor vehicle at the time of the alleged
28 camera-based violation. The lessor or owner shall notify the
29 municipality, its agent, or the local hearing officer by a notarized
30 affidavit of the circumstances of the exception and provide a copy
31 of the rental agreement, lease, or other documentation evidencing
32 the circumstances of the vehicle on the date of the camera-based
33 violation, including the name and address of the lessee, after which
34 the lessor shall not be required to attend any hearing for the offense
35 unless directed by the local hearing officer. If the lessor or rental
36 car company provides the information required by this paragraph,
37 the lessee shall be subject to liability for a camera-based violation;

38 (3) the owner, lessor, or lessee demonstrates that the motor
39 vehicle was stolen at the time the camera-based violation occurred.
40 The owner or lessee shall notify the municipality, its designated
41 agent, or the local hearing officer corresponding to where the
42 alleged camera-based violation occurred by a notarized affidavit of
43 the circumstances of the exception by providing a copy of the police
44 report regarding the theft of the motor vehicle; or

45 (4) the owner, lessor, or lessee demonstrates that a uniform
46 traffic ticket in the form of a summons alleging a violation of
47 subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1942, c.192 (C.39:4-128.1) was
48 issued for the same violation at the approximate date, time, and

1 location of the camera-based violation. The owner, lessor, or lessee
2 shall notify the municipality, its designated agent, or the local
3 hearing officer by a notarized affidavit of the circumstances of the
4 exception and provide a copy of the uniform traffic ticket.

5 Any notarized affidavit submitted pursuant to this subsection
6 shall be in a form prescribed by the municipality.

7 e. An owner or lessor of a motor vehicle who pays any civil
8 penalty or fee for a camera-based violation shall have the right to
9 recover that sum from the operator of the motor vehicle in a court
10 of competent jurisdiction.

11

12 6. (New section) a. A municipality shall develop and make
13 electronically available a contest of liability form by which a
14 petitioner may contest an alleged camera-based violation.

15 b. Within 60 days of the mailing of the notice of liability, the
16 petitioner shall submit a contest of liability form to the
17 municipality, or a designated agent of the municipality, which
18 contest of liability form shall assert a defense to the alleged camera-
19 based violation, and:

20 (1) request an administrative hearing, which hearing may be
21 conducted in person or virtually, in accordance with subsection c. of
22 this section; or

23 (2) waive the right to appear at an administrative hearing,
24 request the local hearing officer to review the recorded image
25 remotely, and receive a written determination as to the petitioner's
26 liability for the camera-based violation by mail.

27 c. Within 120 days following receipt of a contest of liability
28 form submitted pursuant to subsection b. of this section, the
29 municipality, or a designated agent of the municipality, shall mail a
30 hearing notice to the petitioner by first class mail. At a minimum,
31 the hearing notice shall include a hearing date and may, at the
32 discretion of the municipality, include in-person and virtual
33 administrative hearing options. Upon receipt of the hearing notice,
34 the petitioner may:

35 (1) reschedule the administrative hearing once by submitting a
36 written request to the office of the local hearing officer at least five
37 calendar days prior to the scheduled administrative hearing; or

38 (2) cancel the scheduled administrative hearing by paying the
39 penalty assessed in the notice of liability at any time prior to the
40 administrative hearing.

41 d. All testimony taken at the administrative hearing adjudicated
42 pursuant to this section shall be under oath. At a minimum, the
43 hearing officer shall take testimony from the law enforcement
44 agency that issued the notice of liability to the petitioner and from
45 the petitioner. The local hearing officer shall review the recorded
46 images. Formal rules of evidence shall not apply. However, due
47 process shall be observed and shall govern the proceedings.

1 e. At the conclusion of the administrative hearing, the local
2 hearing officer shall determine, by a preponderance of the evidence,
3 whether a camera-based violation has occurred and if the notice of
4 liability is enforceable or should be dismissed. The local hearing
5 officer shall issue a final administrative order, including the
6 determination and, if the notice of liability is enforceable, require
7 the petitioner to pay the civil penalty previously assessed in the
8 notice of liability, and shall also require the petitioner to pay costs,
9 not to exceed \$100, to be used by the municipality of operational
10 costs relating to the hearing process or public safety purposes. The
11 final administrative order shall be mailed to the petitioner by first
12 class mail, which mailing shall constitute notice.

13 f. The municipality, or a designated agent of the municipality,
14 in which the administrative hearing is adjudicated pursuant to this
15 section, shall collect the proceeds of any fines assessed, which fines
16 shall be credited as follows:

17 (1) \$250 to the municipality; and

18 (2) \$50 to the school district that operates or provides the school
19 bus, whether owned or contracted for services, associated with the
20 camera-based violation.

21 A municipality may enter into a memorandum of understanding
22 with a school district to effectuate any provision of this subsection.

23

24 7. (New section) Within 20 days of receipt of a final
25 administrative order entered pursuant to subsection e. of section 6
26 of P.L. , c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this
27 bill), an aggrieved party may file an appeal with the Superior Court,
28 Law Division, in the same county where the camera-based violation
29 occurred, in accordance with the rules and procedures set forth in
30 the Rules of Court as may be established by the Supreme Court of
31 New Jersey.

32

33 8. (New section) a. The Chief Administrator of the New Jersey
34 Motor Vehicle Commission may adopt, as appropriate or necessary,
35 pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
36 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations to effectuate the
37 purposes of this act, including, but not limited to, specifications and
38 certification procedures for the school bus monitoring systems and
39 devices that may be installed under the provisions of P.L. ,
40 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

41 b. The Supreme Court of New Jersey may adopt Rules of Court
42 as appropriate or necessary to effectuate the purposes of P.L. ,
43 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

44

45 9. This act shall take effect on the first day of the seventh
46 month next following enactment, but the Supreme Court of New
47 Jersey may adopt Rules of Court as necessary to effectuate the
48 purposes of this act prior to the effective date of this act and the

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- 1 Chief Administrator of the New Jersey Motor Vehicle Commission
- 2 may take any anticipatory administrative action in advance of that
- 3 date as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.