[Corrected Copy]

# **ASSEMBLY, No. 1**

# STATE OF NEW JERSEY 212th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 25, 2007

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOSEPH J. ROBERTS, JR. District 5 (Camden and Gloucester) Assemblyman JOHN F. MCKEON District 27 (Essex) Assemblyman JOHN J. BURZICHELLI District 3 (Salem, Cumberland and Gloucester)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Codey and Kenny

#### SYNOPSIS

Establishes homestead credits to reduce property taxes; imposes 4% cap on local tax levies; permits Local Finance Board to define capital and non-bondable current expenses; makes an appropriation.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 2/6/2007)

AN ACT providing local property tax relief through homestead

rebates and credits and limits on local tax levies, amending and

supplementing various parts of the statutory law, and making an

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appropriation. **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey: 9 1. The Legislature finds and declares: 10 a. On June 6, 2006, the New Jersey Senate President and the Assembly Speaker announced "an unprecedented special legislative 12 session"; b. On July 28, 2006, the Governor addressed a joint session of 13 the Legislature and commended the Senate President and the 14 Assembly Speaker for calling the special session; 16 c. At that time the Governor stated that property tax relief and 17 reform should be addressed in a suitable manner; d. The Governor proposed the creation of a new property tax 18 credit program that would provide immediate relief to New Jersey 20 homeowners and also urged the establishment of a four percent cap on property taxes; 22 e. Subsequent to the Governor's address, the Legislature adopted Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 3, which created four 24 bicameral, bipartisan Joint Committees to review and formulate proposals to reform property taxes; 26 f. The four Joint Committees followed an open and inclusive process, which consisted of 32 public meetings, broadcast live and archived on the Internet, and nine public hearings; g. The four Joint Committees solicited testimony in person and 30 through teleconferencing from State and national experts, academics, practitioners, and officials; reviewed thousands of pages 32 of background materials; and received over 3,700 public emails; 33 h. The four Joint Committees issued comprehensive final reports 34 that contained nearly 100 recommendations for short term property tax relief and long term reform; 35 i. One of the four Joint Committee final reports, "The Final

37 Report of the Joint Legislative Committee on Constitutional Reform and Citizens' Property Tax Constitutional Convention," set forth 38 39 findings and recommendations concerning property tax reform 40 through amendments to the State Constitution and other proposals;

41 į. In its Final Report, the Joint Legislative Committee on 42 Constitutional Reform and Citizens' Property Tax Constitutional 43 Convention found that although the State's rebate programs have 44 provided property tax relief to many residents, and particularly

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

seniors, certain reforms and enhancements are necessary to improve
 the efficacy of the programs;
 the The Using Committee also found that the ansature termine

k. The Joint Committee also found that the property tax is
regressive in nature and that many low and middle income New
Jerseyans suffer from a disproportionately high property tax burden;

Accordingly, the Joint Committee recommended that the State
 should implement a credit program to replace the system of rebates
 and that additional funds should be allocated to the program to
 provide meaningful relief to those who need it most;

m Thus, the Joint Committee concluded that the benefit under
the new program should be increased to 20 percent for as many
taxpayers as resources allow;

n. The Joint Committee found that the Legislature must work
with the Governor to ensure that the new program will provide
sustainable relief to New Jersey's taxpayers;

16 o. The Joint Committee studied the Governor's proposal to 17 adopt a four percent property tax levy cap that provided limited 18 exceptions and a sunset provision so that any unintended 19 consequences such as those realized by other states that have 20 adopted caps could be addressed before the cap would be made 21 permanent;

p. The Joint Committee found that property tax levy caps have
been shown to hold down rising property taxes, and therefore, the
Legislature should develop a property tax levy cap that
accomplishes this goal but does not lead to unintended, adverse
consequences;

q. The Joint Committee recommended that the levy cap should
protect taxpayers from large annual increases of recent years that
have resulted in widespread dissatisfaction with prevailing tax
burdens and made the State unaffordable for some;

r. The Joint Committee also recommended that the levy cap should contain a narrowly crafted set of exceptions to provide flexibility during periods of rapid growth or local emergencies and that it should include a sunset provision, which would act as a "safety valve" so that any unexpected consequences of imposing a levy cap could be addressed before the cap would be made permanent;

38 s. The Legislature commends the work of the Joint Committee39 and has fully considered its Final Report;

t. A new credit program with sufficient funding to provide a 20
percent benefit to most homeowners and residential tenants is the
most practical and efficient means to reduce the State's property tax
burden;

44 u. A property tax levy cap is necessary to sustain the benefits of45 the new program;

46 v. A property tax levy cap is crucial to controlling various areas
47 of government spending, especially those areas which have
48 outpaced the growth in spending in the private sector;

1 w. A property tax levy cap will force government to live within 2 their means, encourage public officials to elevate the public interest 3 over special interests, and most importantly, reduce the rate of 4 growth in property taxes;

5 x. The Governor in his 2007 State of the State Address agreed 6 that a property tax levy cap, with limited exceptions and provisions 7 for voter override, is the key to the sustainability of the relief in the 8 20 percent credit program;

9 y. The Governor also has expressed that a property tax levy cap will compel all governmental units to prioritize spending decisions 10 11 and to aggressively search for structural changes that will bring 12 down long term costs;

z. Changing the law to give local governmental units, including 13 14 boards of education, the same flexibility that State government has 15 to modify the payment obligations of the employer for active 16 employee coverage under the State Health Benefits Program will 17 assist local governmental units, including boards of education, in 18 prioritizing spending decisions and aggressively searching for 19 structural changes that will bring down long term costs;

20 aa. Property tax reform requires fiscal restraint at all levels and 21 the State must continue to abide by the State Appropriations 22 Limitation Cap, which curbs growth in spending on the State 23 bureaucracy and held spending growth below 2.96% in the current 24 fiscal year; and

25 bb. The State recognizes that sustaining property tax reform at 26 the local levels requires the State to be a full partner in the funding 27 of local needs and that State aid must continue to grow so that the full burden of providing necessary services does not fall on property 28 29 taxpayers.

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31 2. (New section) For the purposes of sections 2 through 7 of 32 ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill): P.L. , c. (C.

33 "Adjusted tax levy" means the amount raised by property 34 taxation for the purposes of the school district, excluding any debt 35 service payment.

36 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Education.

"New Jersey Quality Single Accountability Continuum" or 37 38 "NJQSAC" means the monitoring and evaluation process of school 39 districts pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1975, c.212 (C.18A:7A-10).

40 "Prebudget year adjusted tax levy" means the amount raised by 41 property taxation in the prebudget year for the purposes of the 42 school district, excluding any debt service payment, less any 43 amounts raised after approval of a waiver by the commissioner or 44 separate question by the voters or board of school estimate in the 45 prebudget year unless such approval explicitly allows the approved 46 increases to be permanent.

"School district" means any local or regional school district
 established pursuant to chapter 8 or chapter 13 of Title 18A of the
 New Jersey Statutes.

4 "Unrestricted State aid" means formula State aid that is included 5 in a school district's State aid notice and allocated pursuant to 6 P.L.1996 c.138 (C.18A:7F-1 et seq.) or any other law for 7 appropriation in a school district's general fund plus early childhood program aid allocated pursuant to section 16 of P.L.1996, 8 9 c.138 (C.18A:7F-16) or any other law and demonstrably effective 10 program aid and instructional supplement aid allocated pursuant to 11 section 18 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-18) or any other law.

"Weighted resident enrollment" means weighted resident
enrollment as calculated pursuant to subsection a. of section 13 of
P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-13) and as projected by the
commissioner.

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17 3. (New section) a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, a school district shall not adopt a budget 18 19 pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-5 and 20 18A:7F-6) with an increase in its adjusted tax levy that exceeds the 21 tax levy growth limitation calculated as follows: the sum of the 22 prebudget year adjusted tax levy and the adjustment for increases in 23 enrollment multiplied by four percent, and adjustments for a 24 reduction in total unrestricted State aid from the prebudget year, an 25 increase in health care costs, and beginning in the 2008-2009 school 26 year, amounts approved by a waiver granted by the commissioner 27 pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. ) (pending before the (C. 28 Legislature as this bill).

b. (1) The allowable adjustment for increases in enrollment
authorized pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall equal the
per pupil prebudget year adjusted tax levy multiplied by EP, where
EP equals the sum of:

(a) 0.50 for each unit of weighted resident enrollment that
constitutes an increase from the prebudget year over 1%, but not
more than 2.5%;

36 (b) 0.75 for each unit of weighted resident enrollment that
37 constitutes an increase from the prebudget year over 2.5%, but
38 not more than 4%; and

39 (c) 1.00 for each unit of weighted resident enrollment that40 constitutes an increase from the prebudget year over 4%.

41 (2) A school district may request approval from the
42 commissioner to calculate EP equal to 1.00 for any increase in
43 weighted resident enrollment if it can demonstrate that the
44 calculation pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection would result
45 in an average class size that exceeds 10% above the facilities
46 efficiency standards established pursuant to P.L.2000, c.72
47 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.).

c. The allowable adjustment for a reduction in total unrestricted
 State aid authorized pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall
 equal any reduction in total unrestricted State aid from the
 prebudget to the budget year.

5 d. The allowable adjustment for increases in health care costs 6 authorized pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall equal that 7 portion of the actual increase in total health care costs for the budget 8 year, less any withdrawals from the current expense emergency 9 reserve account for increases in total health care costs, that exceeds 10 four percent of the total health care costs in the prebudget year, but 11 that is not in excess of the product of the total health care costs in the 12 prebudget year multiplied by the average percentage increase of the 13 State Health Benefits Program, P.L.1961, c.49 (C.52:14-17.25 et 14 seq.), as annually determined by the Division of Pensions and Benefits 15 in the Department of the Treasury.

16 e. In addition to the adjustments authorized pursuant to 17 subsection a. of this section, for the purpose of determining a school 18 district's allowable tax levy growth limitation for the 2007-2008 19 school year, a school district may apply to the commissioner for an 20 adjustment for increases in special education costs over \$40,000 per 21 pupil, increases in tuition, capital outlay increases, and incremental 22 increases in costs for opening a new school facility in the budget 23 year.

(1) The allowable adjustment for increases in special education
costs over \$40,000 per pupil shall equal any increase in the sum of
per pupil amounts in excess of \$40,000 for the budget year less the
sum of per pupil amounts in excess of \$40,000 for the prebudget
year indexed by four percent.

29 (2) The allowable adjustment for increases in tuition shall equal 30 any increase in the tuition for the budget year charged to a sending 31 district by the receiving district pursuant to the provisions of 32 N.J.S.18A:38-19 or charged by a county vocational school district 33 pursuant to the provisions of section 71 of P.L.1990, c.52 34 (C.18A:54-20.1) less 104 percent of the tuition for the prebudget 35 year charged to a sending district by the receiving district pursuant 36 to the provisions of N.J.S.18A:38-19 or charged by a county 37 vocational school district pursuant to the provisions of section 71 of 38 P.L.1990, c.52 (C.18A:54-20.1).

39 (3) The allowable adjustment for increases in capital outlay shall
40 equal any increase in capital outlay, less any withdrawals from the
41 capital reserve account, over the prebudget year in excess of four
42 percent.

f. The adjusted tax levy shall be increased or decreased
accordingly whenever the responsibility and associated cost of a
school district activity is transferred to another school district or
governmental entity.

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4. (New section) a. (1) Beginning in the 2008-2009 school year, a school district may request approval from the commissioner for a waiver to increase its adjusted tax levy by more than the allowable amount authorized in section 3 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) to address extraordinary costs which may include, but not be limited to:

7 (a) a district's failure to meet the core curriculum content 8 standards as determined through the New Jersey Quality Single 9 Prior to full implementation of Accountability Continuum. 10 NJQSAC, such determination shall be based on a school district's 11 status under the "No Child Left Behind Act of 2001," Pub.L. 107-12 110. The commissioner shall approve the increase only if the 13 district satisfactorily demonstrates that the increase will be used to 14 implement or expand programs or services to address the causes of 15 the district's failure to meet the core curriculum content standards 16 or other performance indicators as determined through NJQSAC;

(b) energy cost increases over the prebudget year in excess offour percent;

(c) capital outlay increases, less any withdrawals from the capitalreserve account, over the prebudget year in excess of four percent;

(d) the appropriation of non-recurring general fund revenues in
the prebudget year original budget, including the appropriation of
surplus;

(e) increases in insurance costs over the prebudget year in excessof four percent;

26 (f) increases in transportation costs required to service hazardous
27 routes over the prebudget year in excess of four percent;

(g) increases in special education costs that exceed \$40,000 per
each special education pupil over the prebudget year in excess of
four percent;

(h) increases in tuition costs charged to a sending district by the
receiving district pursuant to the provision of N.J.S.18A:38-19 over
the prebudget year in excess of four percent or charged by a county
vocational school district pursuant to the provisions of section 71 of
P.L.1990, c.52 (C.18A:54-20.1) over the prebudget year in excess
of four percent; and

(i) incremental increases in costs associated with opening a newschool facility in the budget year.

39 (2) A waiver request shall be submitted at least five working
40 days prior to the required budget submission dates established
41 pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-5 and
42 18A:7F-6) in a form required by the commissioner, as appropriate,
43 and shall include such information and documentation as the
44 commissioner deems necessary.

(3) In considering a waiver request, in addition to the authority
granted to the commissioner pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1996,
c.138 (C.18A:7F-6), the commissioner shall have the power to
make budgetary reallocations up to the total amount of the waiver

request. The commissioner shall not reduce or reallocate any line
 item accounts that will impact the district's ability to meet the core
 curriculum content standards and provide a thorough and efficient
 education.

5 (4) A waiver approval shall specify whether the adjusted tax levy
6 increase shall be limited to the budget year or added to the adjusted
7 tax levy as a permanent increase.

8 (5) Any decision of the commissioner as to the entitlement of 9 any school district to an increase of its adjusted tax levy pursuant to 10 this section shall be final and conclusive, and no appeal or review 11 shall be taken therefrom; except that the matter may be put before 12 the voters pursuant to subsection c. of this section.

b. (1) The commissioner may direct a school district to increase
specific line item expenditure accounts, for specific purposes, to
address low achievement or the causes of the district's failure to
meet the core curriculum content standards as determined through
NJQSAC, or prior to full implementation of NJQSAC, as
determined based on a school district's status under the "No Child
Left Behind Act of 2001," Pub.L.107-110.

(2) The commissioner is authorized to approve a school district
budget with an increase in its adjusted tax levy by more than the
allowable amount authorized pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c.
(C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), up to the
amount required to support the increase in expenditure accounts as
directed in paragraph (1) of this subsection.

26 c. For the 2007-2008 school year, or for the 2008-2009 through 27 2011-2012 school years if a waiver requested pursuant to subsection a. of this section fails to be approved by the commissioner or if the 28 29 school district elects not to request a waiver, the school district may 30 submit to the voters at the April school election, or on such other 31 date as is set by regulation of the commissioner, a proposal or 32 proposals to increase the tax levy by more than the allowable 33 amount authorized pursuant to section 3 of P.L., c. (C. ) 34 (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The proposal or 35 proposals to increase the tax levy shall be approved if a majority of 36 people voting at the April 2007 school election vote in the 37 affirmative, or if 60 percent of the people voting at the April 2008 38 through April 2011 school elections vote in the affirmative. In the 39 case of a school district with a board of school estimate, the 40 additional tax levy shall be authorized only if a quorum is present 41 for the vote and a majority of those board members who are present 42 vote in the affirmative to authorize the additional tax levy.

(1) A proposal or proposals submitted to the voters or the board
of school estimate to increase the tax levy pursuant to this
subsection shall not include any programs or services necessary for
students to achieve the core curriculum content standards.

47 (2) All proposals to increase the tax levy submitted pursuant to48 this subsection shall include interpretive statements specifically

1 identifying the program purposes for which the proposed funds 2 shall be used and a clear statement on whether approval will affect 3 only the current year or result in a permanent increase in the levy. 4 The proposals shall be submitted and approved pursuant to sections 5

5 and 6 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-5 and 18A:7F-6).

6 (3) For only the 2007-2008 school budget year, any proposal or 7 proposals rejected by the voters shall be submitted to the municipal 8 governing body or bodies for a determination as to the amount, if 9 any, that should be expended notwithstanding voter rejection. The 10 decision of the municipal governing body or bodies or board of 11 school estimate, as appropriate, shall be final and no appeals shall 12 be made to the commissioner.

d. The commissioner shall have the authority to grant additional 13 14 waivers, applicable to all or some school districts, as determined by 15 the commissioner, and only effective for the school budget year in 16 which the waiver is granted, upon a finding of extraordinary 17 circumstances that result in an unanticipated increase in 18 expenditures for a service essential to the health, safety and welfare 19 of the school children of the State.

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21 5. (New section) Notwithstanding any provision of a 22 subsection d. of section 5 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-5) or 23 section 36 of P.L.2000, c.126 (C.18A:7F-5a) to the contrary, for the 24 2007-2008 through 2011-2012 school years the increase in a school 25 district's general fund tax levy shall be calculated in accordance 26 with the provisions of sections 2 through 4 of P.L., c. (C. ) 27 (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

28 b. Notwithstanding any provision of paragraph (9) of subsection 29 d. of section 5 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-5) to the contrary, for 30 the 2007-2008 through 2011-2012 school years the submission of a 31 separate proposal or proposals for additional funds to the voters or 32 the board of school estimate shall be submitted in accordance with 33 the provisions of subsection c. of section 4 of P.L., c. (C. ) 34 (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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36 6. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of any law or 37 regulation to the contrary:

38 A board of education or board of school estimate, as a. 39 appropriate, may supplement a capital reserve account through a 40 transfer by board resolution at year end of any unanticipated 41 revenue or unexpended line-item appropriation amounts, or both, 42 for withdrawal in subsequent school years.

43 A board of education or board of school estimate, as b. 44 appropriate, may supplement a maintenance reserve account 45 through a transfer by board resolution at year end of any 46 unanticipated revenue or unexpended line-item appropriation 47 amounts, or both, for withdrawal in subsequent school years.

c. A board of education or a board of school estimate, as
 appropriate, may through the adoption of a board resolution
 establish the following reserve accounts:

4 (1) Current expense emergency reserve account. The funds in 5 the reserve shall be used to finance unanticipated general fund 6 current expense costs required for a thorough and efficient 7 education. The account shall not exceed \$250,000 or one percent of 8 the district's general fund budget up to a maximum of \$1,000,000, 9 whichever is greater. A board of education may appropriate funds 10 to establish or supplement the reserve in the district's annual budget 11 or through a transfer by board resolution at year end of any 12 unanticipated revenue and unexpended line-item appropriation 13 amounts. Withdrawals from the reserve shall require the approval 14 of the commissioner unless the withdrawal is necessary to meet an 15 increase in total health care costs in excess of four percent.

(2) Debt service reserve account in the debt service fund for
proceeds from the sale of district property. The funds in the reserve
shall be used to retire outstanding debt service obligations of the
district. The reserve shall be liquidated within the lesser of five
years from its inception or the remaining term on the obligations.
Any remaining balance shall be used for tax relief.

d. All reserve accounts shall be established and held in
accordance with GAAP and shall be subject to annual audit. Any
capital gains or interest earned shall become part of the reserve
account. A separate bank account is not required, however, a
separate identity for each reserve account shall be maintained.

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28 7. (New section) a. Within 60 days of the effective date of 29 P.L., c. (C. )(pending before the Legislature as this bill), the 30 Commissioner of Education shall promulgate emergency rules and 31 regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of sections 2 32 through 6 of P.L. , c. (C. through ) (pending before the 33 Legislature as this bill) for the 2007-08 school year.

b. For the 2008-09 school year and thereafter, the Commissioner
of Education shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure
Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations to
effectuate the purposes of sections 2 through 6 of P.L. , c. (C.
through ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

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40 8. Section 7 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-7) is amended to read41 as follows:

42 7. a. For the 2004-2005 school year, an undesignated general 43 fund balance in excess of 3% of the budgeted general fund for the 44 prebudget year or \$100,000, whichever is greater, shall be 45 appropriated by a school district based on surplus as anticipated 46 pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection a. of N.J.S.18A:22-8 and 47 included in the budget prepared pursuant to section 5 of this act. In 48 the event that the district's 2004-2005 budget is not approved by the

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1 voters of the district or the board of school estimate, the district 2 may use the undesignated general fund balance which exceeds 3% 3 to meet the reduction in tax levy certified by the municipal 4 governing body or bodies or board of school estimate following 5 review of the defeated budget. Any appropriation of the 6 undesignated general fund balance made by board resolution 7 following the April 2004 school budget election and prior to the 8 effective date of P.L.2004, c.73 to the capital reserve account or 9 maintenance reserve account or to increase spending for the 2003-10 2004 school year shall be null and void unless, upon written 11 application to the commissioner, the district demonstrates that the 12 appropriation was necessary for use in the 2003-2004 school year to 13 meet the thoroughness standards established pursuant to subsection 14 a. of section 4 of P.L.1996, c.138 (C.18A:7F-4) and no other line 15 item account balances were available.

In the 2005-2006 school year and thereafter, an undesignated general fund balance in excess of 2% of the budgeted general fund for the prebudget year or [\$100,000] <u>\$250,000</u>, whichever is greater, shall be appropriated by a school district for the purpose of the budget prepared pursuant to section 5 of this act.

The amount of any funds made available for appropriation as a result of the reduction in the percentage of authorized undesignated general fund balance pursuant to P.L.2004, c.73 shall be used to reduce the general fund tax levy required for the budget year.

25 In the case of a county vocational school district, if the amount 26 of the budgeted general fund for the prebudget year is \$100 million 27 or less, an undesignated general fund balance in excess of 6% of 28 that amount or \$100,000 \$250,000, whichever is greater, shall be 29 appropriated by the county vocational school district for the 30 purpose of the budget prepared pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1996, 31 c.138 (C.18A:7F-5). If the amount of the budgeted general fund for 32 the prebudget year exceeds \$100 million, an undesignated general 33 fund balance in excess of 6% of the first \$100 million and in excess 34 of 3% of the amount which exceeds \$100 million shall be 35 appropriated by a county vocational school district for the purpose 36 of the budget prepared pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1996, c.138 37 (C.18A:7F-5).

Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this 38 b. 39 section, [if the district has a formal plan to expand, renovate or 40 construct school facilities, join a distance learning network, or make 41 a major replacement or acquisition of instructional equipment 42 within the subsequent five years, ] the district may, with the 43 approval of the commissioner, [transfer the] appropriate any anticipated excess undesignated general fund balance to the capital 44 45 reserve account established pursuant to N.J.S.18A:21-3 or section 46 57 of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-31) for that purpose.

47 c. If it is determined that the undesignated general fund balances48 at June 30 of any school year exceed those permitted under

1 subsection a. of this section, the excess undesignated general fund 2 balances shall be reserved and designated in the subsequent year's 3 budget submitted to the commissioner pursuant to subsection c. of 4 section 5 of this act. 5 d. The commissioner may withhold State aid in an amount not to 6 exceed the excess undesignated general fund balances for failure to 7 comply with subsection c. of this section. e. Proceeds from the sale and lease-back of textbooks and non-8 9 consumable instructional materials shall not be included in the 10 calculation of excess undesignated general fund balance during the budget year in which they are realized. 11 12 (cf: P.L.2004, c.73, s.3) 13 14 9. (New section) For the purposes of sections 9 through 13 of 15 ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill): P.L., c. (C. 16 "Adjusted tax levy" means an amount not greater than the 17 amount to be raised by taxation of the previous fiscal year, less any 18 waivers from a prior fiscal year required to be deducted by the 19 Local Finance Board pursuant to section 11 of P.L., c. (C. ) 20 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), that result multiplied 21 by 1.04, to which the sum of exclusions defined in subsection b. of 22 section 10 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature 23 as this bill) shall be added. 24 "Amount to be raised by taxation" means the property tax levy 25 set in the annual budget of a local unit. 26 "Local unit" means a municipality, county, fire district, or solid 27 waste collection district, but shall not include a municipality that had a municipal purposes tax rate of \$0.10 or less per \$100 for the 28 29 previous tax year. 30 "New ratables" means the product of the taxable value of any 31 new construction or improvements times the tax rate of a local unit 32 for its previous tax year. 33 34 10. (New section) a. In the preparation of its budget the amount 35 to be raised by taxation by a local unit shall not exceed the sum of 36 new ratables, the adjusted tax levy, and the total of waivers 37 approved pursuant to section 11 of P.L., c. (C. ) (pending 38 before the Legislature as this bill; provided, however, that in the 39 case of a county, the amount to be raised by taxation shall not 40 exceed the amount permitted by section 4 of P.L.1976, c. 68 41 (C.40A:4-45.4). 42 b. The following exclusions shall be added to the calculation of 43 the adjusted tax levy: 44 (1) increases in amounts required to be raised for (a) all debt 45 service and (b) lease payments with county improvement authorities 46 pursuant to leases in effect on the effective date of P.L. 47 c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill);

1 (2) increases in amounts required to be raised to replace State 2 formula aid due to a reduction in State formula aid from the 3 previous local budget year;

4 (3) increases in amounts for certain pension contributions set
5 forth in section 5 of P.L.2003, c.108 (C.40A:4-45.43) for the years
6 set forth in that section;

7 (4) with respect to municipalities, any increase, greater than four8 percent, in the reserve for uncollected taxes that is required by law;

9 (5) increases in health care costs equal to that portion of the actual 10 increase in total health care costs for the budget year that is in excess 11 of four percent of the total health care costs in the prior year, but is not 12 in excess of the product of the total health care costs in the prior year 13 and the average percentage increase of the State Health Benefits 14 Program, P.L.1961, c.49 (C.52:14-17.25 et seq.), as annually 15 determined by the Division of Pensions and Benefits in the 16 Department of the Treasury.

17 (6) Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subsection, when 18 the appropriation for all debt service is less than the amount 19 appropriated for all debt service in the prior fiscal year, the amount 20 of the difference shall be deducted from the sum of the exclusions 21 listed in paragraphs (1) through (5) of this subsection. If there are no exclusions, then the amount of the difference shall reduce the 22 23 adjusted tax levy by that amount. Any cancelled or unexpended 24 appropriation for any exclusion pursuant to this subsection or 25 waiver pursuant to section 11 of P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending 26 before the Legislature as this bill), also shall be deducted from the 27 sum of the exclusions listed in paragraphs (1) through (5) or 28 directly reduce the adjusted tax levy if there are no exclusions.

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11. (New section) a. The governing body of a local unit may
request approval from the Local Finance Board in the Department
of Community Affairs for a waiver to increase its amount to be
raised by taxes to address extraordinary costs, which may include
but not limited to:

35 (1) increases in appropriations for capital lease payments;

36 (2) energy cost increases in excess of four percent;

37 (3) increases in insurance costs over the prebudget year in excess38 of four percent;

39 (4) offsetting the loss of a non-recurring general fund revenue or40 surplus;

(5) total net expenditures for new mandated services or net expenditure increases above four percent for the cost of those services that are mandated by any order of court, by any federal or State statute, or by administrative rule, directive, order, or other legally binding device issued by a State agency which has identified such cost as mandated expenditures on certification to the Local Finance Board by the State agency; and (6) any purpose related to the provision of government services
 that the board deems essential to protect or promote the public
 health, safety, or welfare.

4 (7) Amounts raised pursuant to a waiver granted pursuant to this
5 subsection shall be included in the calculation of the adjusted tax
6 levy in a subsequent year, unless otherwise required by the waiver.

(8) Any decision of the Local Finance Board as to the
entitlement of any local unit to a tax levy cap increase under this
section shall be final and conclusive, and no appeal or review shall
be taken therefrom; provided, however, that the matter may be put
before the voters pursuant to subsection b. of this section.

12 b. (1) Notwithstanding subsection a. of this section, the 13 governing body of a local unit may request approval, through a 14 public question submitted to the legal voters residing in its territory 15 to increase the amount to be raised by taxation by more than the 16 allowable adjusted tax levy. Approval shall be by an affirmative 17 vote of 60 percent or more of the people voting on the question at 18 the election. The local unit budget proposing the increase shall be 19 introduced and approved in the manner otherwise provided for 20 budgets of that local unit at least 20 days prior to the date on which 21 the referendum is to be held, and shall be published in the manner 22 otherwise provided for budgets of the local unit at least 12 days 23 prior to the referendum date, unless otherwise directed by the 24 Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the 25 Department of Community Affairs.

26 (2) The public question to be submitted to the voters at the 27 referendum shall state only the amount by which the adjusted tax 28 levy shall be increased by more than the otherwise allowable 29 adjusted tax levy, and the percentage rate of increase which that 30 amount represents over the allowable adjusted tax levy. The public 31 question shall include an accompanying explanatory statement that 32 identifies the changes in appropriations or revenues that warranted 33 the governing body's decision to ask the public question; or, in the 34 alternative and subject to the approval of the Director of the 35 Division of Local Government Services in the Department of 36 Community Affairs, a clear and concise narrative explanation of the 37 circumstances for the increased adjusted tax levy being proposed.

38 (3) Unless otherwise provided pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1989,
39 c.31 (C.40A:4-5.1), a referendum conducted pursuant to this
40 subsection shall be held:

(a) for calendar year budgets only on the fourth Tuesday in
January and the second Tuesday in March other than in year when a
presidential primary election occurs, in which case no such election
on that date may be called, and

(b) for fiscal year budgets, only the last Tuesday in September,or the second Tuesday in December;

47 provided, however, that no referendum shall held on the same day48 as a referendum to exceed the school district levy cap.

15

(4) Any decision of the voters rejecting an increase to the tax
 levy cap under this subsection shall be final and conclusive, and no
 appeal or review shall be taken therefrom and no waiver application
 shall be made to the Local Finance Board.

5 (5) The director is authorized to act as necessary in order to 6 consolidate ballot questions and procedures when a governing body 7 elects to hold a referendum under both this section and section 9 of 8 P.L.1983, c.49 (C.40A:4-45.16).

9 c. The Local Finance Board shall have the authority to grant 10 additional waivers, applicable to all or some local units, as 11 determined by the board, and only effective for the local budget 12 year in which the waiver is granted, upon a finding of extraordinary 13 circumstances that result in an unanticipated increase in 14 expenditures for a service essential to the health, safety, and welfare 15 of the residents of the State.

d. The adjusted tax levy shall be increased or decreased
accordingly whenever the responsibility and associated cost of an
activity performed by a local unit is transferred to or from a local
unit, other government entity, or other service provider.

20

12. (New section) a. The Director of the Division of Local
Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs
shall take such action as is deemed necessary and consistent with
the intent of sections 9 through 11 P.L. , c. (C. ) (pending
before the Legislature as this bill) to implement its provisions.

b. The director, in consultation with the Commissioner of
Education regarding referendum dates, shall promulgate rules and
regulations to effectuate the purposes of subsection b. of section 11
of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).

31 13. (New section) In addition to the exceptions to the limits on 32 increases to municipal appropriations set forth in section 3 of 33 P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.3) and to the county tax levy set forth 34 in section 4 of P.L.1976, c.68 (C.40A:4-45.4), an increase in 35 appropriations that represents expenditures made by a municipality 36 or county for the purpose of funding the provision of health 37 insurance shall be exempt from the limits on increases to municipal 38 appropriations and to the limits on increases to the county tax levy 39 in county budgets, respectively, for any budget year, to the extent 40 that the increases in health care costs equal that portion of the actual 41 increase in total health care costs for the budget year that is in 42 excess of four percent of the total health care costs in the prior year, 43 but is not in excess of the product of the total health care costs in 44 the prior year and the average percentage increase of the State 45 Health Benefits program, as annually determined by the Division of 46 Pensions and Benefits in the Department of the Treasury.

14. Section 3 of P.L.1977, c.85 (C.34:13A-16) is amended to
 read as follows:
 3. a. (1) Negotiations between a public fire or police department
 and an exclusive representative concerning the terms and conditions

5 of employment shall begin at least 120 days prior to the day on 6 which their collective negotiation agreement is to expire. The 7 parties shall meet at least three times during that 120-day period. 8 The first of those three meetings shall take place no later than the 9 90th day prior to the day on which their collective negotiation 10 agreement is to expire. By mutual consent, the parties may agree to 11 extend the period during which the second and third meetings are 12 required to take place beyond the day on which their collective 13 negotiation agreement is to expire. A violation of this paragraph 14 shall constitute an unfair practice and the violator shall be subject to 15 the penalties prescribed by the commission pursuant to rule and 16 regulation.

(2) Whenever those negotiations concerning the terms and
conditions of employment shall reach an impasse, the commission,
through the Division of Public Employment Relations shall, upon
the request of either party, or upon its own motion take such steps,
including the assignment of a mediator, as it may deem expedient to
effect a voluntary resolution of the impasse.

(1) In the event of a failure to resolve the impasse by 23 b. 24 mediation, the Division of Public Employment Relations, at the 25 request of either party, shall invoke factfinding with 26 recommendation for settlement of all issues in dispute unless the 27 parties reach a voluntary settlement prior to the issuance of the 28 factfinder's report and recommended terms of settlement. 29 Factfindings shall be limited to those issues that are within the 30 required scope of negotiations unless the parties to the factfinding 31 agree to factfinding on permissive subjects of negotiation. In the 32 event of a continuing failure to resolve an impasse by means of the 33 procedure set forth in this paragraph, and notwithstanding the fact 34 that such procedures have not been exhausted, the parties shall 35 notify the commission, at a time and in a manner prescribed by the 36 commission, as to whether or not they have agreed upon a terminal 37 procedure for resolving the issues in dispute. Any terminal 38 procedure mutually agreed upon by the parties shall be reduced to 39 writing, provide for finality in resolving the issues in dispute, and 40 shall be submitted to the commission for approval.

41 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (2) of 42 subsection a. of this section or paragraph (1) of this subsection, 43 either party may petition the commission for arbitration on or after 44 the date on which their collective negotiation agreement expires. 45 The petition shall be filed in a manner and form prescribed by the 46 commission. The party filing the petition shall notify the other 47 party of its action. The notice shall be given in a manner and form 48 prescribed by the commission.

1 Within 10 days of the receipt of the notice by the non-petitioning 2 party, the parties shall notify the commission as to whether or not 3 they have agreed upon a terminal procedure for resolving the issues 4 in dispute. Any terminal procedure mutually agreed upon by the 5 parties shall be reduced to writing, provide for finality in resolving 6 the issues in dispute, and shall be submitted to the commission for 7 approval. If the parties fail to agree on a terminal procedure, they shall be subject to the provisions of subsection d. of this section. 8

9 c. Terminal procedures that are approvable include, but shall not10 be limited to the following:

11 (1) Conventional arbitration of all unsettled items.

(2) Arbitration under which the award by an arbitrator or panel
of arbitrators is confined to a choice between (a) the last offer of the
employer and (b) the last offer of the employees' representative, as
a single package.

(3) Arbitration under which the award is confined to a choice
between (a) the last offer of the employer and (b) the last offer of
the employees' representative, on each issue in dispute, with the
decision on an issue-by-issue basis.

(4) If there is a factfinder's report with recommendations on the
issues in dispute, the parties may agree to arbitration under which
the award would be confined to a choice among three positions: (a)
the last offer of the employer as a single package, (b) the last offer
of the employees' representative as a single package, or (c) the
factfinder's recommendations as a single package.

(5) If there is a factfinder's report with a recommendation on
each of the issues in dispute, the parties may agree to arbitration
under which the award would be confined to a choice on each issue
from among three positions: (a) the last offer of the employer on
the issue, (b) the employee representative's last offer on the issue,
or (c) the factfinder's recommendation on the issue.

32 (6) Arbitration under which the award on the economic issues in 33 dispute is confined to a choice between (a) the last offer of the 34 employer on the economic issues as a single package and (b) the 35 employee representative's last offer on the economic issues as a 36 single package; and, on any noneconomic issues in dispute, the 37 award is confined to a choice between (a) the last offer of the 38 employer on each issue in dispute and (b) the employee 39 representative's last offer on that issue.

d. The following procedure shall be utilized if parties fail to
agree on a terminal procedure for the settlement of an impasse
dispute:

(1) In the event of a failure of the parties to agree upon an
acceptable terminal procedure the parties shall separately so notify
the commission in writing, indicating all issues in dispute and the
reasons for their inability to agree on the procedure. The substance
of a written notification shall not provide the basis for any delay in
effectuating the provisions of this subsection.

1 (2) Upon receipt of such notification from either party or on the 2 commission's own motion, the procedure to provide finality for the 3 resolution of issues in dispute shall be binding arbitration under 4 which the award on the unsettled issues is determined by 5 conventional arbitration. The arbitrator shall separately determine 6 whether the total net annual economic changes for each year of the 7 agreement are reasonable under the eight statutory criteria set forth 8 in subsection g. of this section.

9 e. (1) The commission shall take measures to assure the 10 impartial selection of an arbitrator or arbitrators from its special 11 panel of arbitrators. Unless the parties, in a time and manner 12 prescribed by the commission, mutually agree upon the selection of 13 an arbitrator from the commission's special panel of arbitrators and 14 so notify the commission in writing of that selection, the 15 assignment of any arbitrator for the purposes of this act shall be the 16 responsibility of the commission, independent of and without any 17 participation by either of the parties. The commission shall select 18 the arbitrator for assignment by lot.

19 In any proceeding where an arbitrator selected by mutual 20 agreement is unable to serve, the two parties shall be afforded an 21 opportunity to select a replacement. If the two parties are unable to 22 mutually agree upon the selection of a replacement within a time 23 period prescribed by the commission, the commission shall select 24 the replacement in the manner hereinafter provided.

25 In any proceeding where an assigned arbitrator is unable to serve 26 or, pursuant to the preceding paragraph, the two parties are unable 27 to mutually agree upon a replacement, the commission shall assign 28 a replacement arbitrator. The assignment shall be the responsibility 29 of the commission, independent of and without any participation by 30 either of the parties. The commission shall select the replacement 31 arbitrator for assignment by lot.

32 (2) Appointment to the commission's special panel of arbitrators 33 shall be for a three-year term, with reappointment contingent upon a 34 screening process similar to that used for determining initial 35 appointments.

36 The commission may suspend, remove, or otherwise discipline 37 an arbitrator for a violation of P.L.1977, c.85 (C.34:13A-14 et seq.), 38 section 4 of P.L.1995, c.425 (C.34:13A-16.1) or for good cause.

39 f. (1) At a time prescribed by the commission, the parties shall 40 submit to the arbitrator or tripartite panel of arbitrators their final 41 offers on each economic and non-economic issue in dispute. The 42 offers submitted pursuant to this section shall be used by the 43 arbitrator for the purposes of determining an award pursuant to 44 paragraph (2) of subsection d. of this section. The commission 45 shall promulgate rules and procedures governing the submission of 46 the offers required under this paragraph, including when those 47 offers shall be deemed final, binding and irreversible.

1 (2) In the event of a dispute, the commission shall have the 2 power to decide which issues are economic issues. Economic 3 issues include those items which have a direct relation to employee 4 income including wages, salaries, hours in relation to earnings, and 5 other forms of compensation such as paid vacation, paid holidays, 6 health and medical insurance, and other economic benefits to 7 employees.

8 (3) Throughout formal arbitration proceedings the chosen 9 arbitrator or panel of arbitrators may mediate or assist the parties in 10 reaching a mutually agreeable settlement.

11 (4) Arbitration shall be limited to those subjects that are within 12 the required scope of collective negotiations, except that the parties 13 may agree to submit to arbitration one or more permissive subjects 14 of negotiation.

15 (5) The decision of an arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall 16 include an opinion and an award, and shall be rendered within 120 17 days of the selection of the arbitrator by the mutual agreement of 18 both parties or the commission's assignment of that arbitrator or 19 panel of arbitrators, as the case may be, pursuant to paragraph (1) of 20 subsection e. of this section; provided, however, the arbitrator or 21 panel of arbitrators, for good cause, may petition the commission 22 for an extension of not more than 60 days. The two parties, by 23 mutual consent, may agree to an extension. The parties shall notify 24 the arbitrator and the commission of any such agreement in writing. 25 The notice shall set forth the specific date on which the extension 26 shall expire. Any arbitrator or panel of arbitrators violating the 27 provisions of this paragraph may be subject to the commission's powers under paragraph (2) of subsection e. of this section. The 28 29 decision shall be final and binding upon the parties and shall be 30 irreversible, except:

31 (a) Within 14 days of receiving an award, an aggrieved party 32 may file notice of an appeal of an award to the commission on the 33 grounds that the arbitrator failed to apply the criteria specified in 34 subsection g. of this section or violated the standards set forth in 35 N.J.S.2A:24-8 or N.J.S.2A:24-9. The appeal shall be filed in a form 36 and manner prescribed by the commission. In deciding an appeal, 37 the commission, pursuant to rule and regulation and upon petition, 38 may afford the parties the opportunity to present oral arguments. 39 The commission may affirm, modify, correct or vacate the award or 40 may, at its discretion, remand the award to the same arbitrator or to 41 another arbitrator, selected by lot, for reconsideration. An 42 aggrieved party may appeal a decision of the commission to the 43 Appellate Division of the Superior Court.

44 (b) An award that is not appealed to the commission shall be 45 implemented immediately. An award that is appealed and not set 46 aside by the commission shall be implemented within 14 days of the 47 receipt of the commission's decision absent a stay.

1 (6) The parties shall bear the costs of arbitration subject to a fee 2 schedule approved by the commission. 3 g. The arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall decide the dispute 4 based on a reasonable determination of the issues, giving due 5 weight to those factors listed below that are judged relevant for the 6 resolution of the specific dispute. In the award, the arbitrator or 7 panel of arbitrators shall indicate which of the factors are deemed 8 relevant, satisfactorily explain why the others are not relevant, and 9 provide an analysis of the evidence on each relevant factor: 10 (1) The interests and welfare of the public. Among the items the 11 arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall assess when considering this 12 factor are the limitations imposed upon the employer by P.L.1976, 13 c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.). 14 (2) Comparison of the wages, salaries, hours, and conditions of 15 employment of the employees involved in the arbitration 16 proceedings with the wages, hours, and conditions of employment 17 of other employees performing the same or similar services and 18 with other employees generally: 19 (a) In private employment in general; provided, however, each 20 party shall have the right to submit additional evidence for the 21 arbitrator's consideration. 22 (b) In public employment in general; provided, however, each 23 party shall have the right to submit additional evidence for the 24 arbitrator's consideration. 25 (c) In public employment in the same or similar comparable 26 jurisdictions, as determined in accordance with section 5 of 27 P.L.1995, c.425 (C.34:13A-16.2); provided, however, that each party shall have the right to submit additional evidence concerning 28 29 the comparability of jurisdictions for the arbitrator's consideration. 30 (3) The overall compensation presently received by the 31 employees, inclusive of direct wages, salary, vacations, holidays, 32 excused leaves, insurance and pensions, medical and hospitalization 33 benefits, and all other economic benefits received. 34 (4) Stipulations of the parties. 35 (5) The lawful authority of the employer. Among the items the 36 arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall assess when considering this 37 factor are the limitations imposed upon the employer by P.L.1976, 38 c.68 (C.40A:4-45.1 et seq.). 39 (6) The financial impact on the governing unit, its residents and 40 taxpayers. When considering this factor in a dispute in which the 41 public employer is a county or a municipality, the arbitrator or 42 panel of arbitrators shall take into account, to the extent that 43 evidence is introduced, how the award will affect the municipal or 44 county purposes element, as the case may be, of the local property 45 tax; a comparison of the percentage of the municipal purposes 46 element or, in the case of a county, the county purposes element, 47 required to fund the employees' contract in the preceding local 48 budget year with that required under the award for the current local

1 budget year; the impact of the award for each income sector of the 2 property taxpayers of the local unit; the impact of the award on the ability of the governing body to (a) maintain existing local 3 4 programs and services, (b) expand existing local programs and 5 services for which public moneys have been designated by the 6 governing body in a proposed local budget, or (c) initiate any new programs and services for which public moneys have been 7 8 designated by the governing body in a proposed local budget.

(7) The cost of living.

9

10 (8) The continuity and stability of employment including 11 seniority rights and such other factors not confined to the foregoing 12 which are ordinarily or traditionally considered in the determination 13 of wages, hours, and conditions of employment through collective 14 negotiations and collective bargaining between the parties in the 15 public service and in private employment.

16 (9) Statutory restrictions imposed on the employer. Among the 17 items the arbitrator or panel of arbitrators shall assess when 18 considering this factor are the limitations imposed upon the 19 employer by section 10 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 20 Legislature as this bill).

21 h. A mediator, factfinder, or arbitrator while functioning in a mediatory capacity shall not be required to disclose any files, 22 23 records, reports, documents, or other papers classified as 24 confidential received or prepared by him or to testify with regard to 25 mediation, conducted by him under this act on behalf of any party 26 to any cause pending in any type of proceeding under this act. 27 Nothing contained herein shall exempt such an individual from 28 disclosing information relating to the commission of a crime. 29 (cf: P.L.1997, c.183, s.1)

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15. (New section) On or before January 15, 2012, the New
Jersey Tax and Fiscal Policy Study Commission created by P.L. ,

c. (C. ) (pending before the Legislature as Senate Bill No. 50 of
2006) shall report to the Governor and Legislature, pursuant to
section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), evaluating the efficacy
of the tax levy caps and making recommendations.

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16. N.J.S.40A:2-3 is amended to read as follows:

40A:2-3. Any local unit, by bond ordinance, may incur
indebtedness, borrow money, authorize and issue negotiable
obligations for financing:

42 a. any capital improvement or property which it may lawfully43 make or acquire;

b. any purpose for which it is authorized or required by law to
make an appropriation, except current expenses, as may be defined
by rule and regulation of the Local Finance Board, and payment of

47 obligations (other than those for temporary financing); or

22

1 c. the amount of any contribution by a local unit that is a 2 sending municipality under a regional contribution agreement 3 pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1985, c.222 (C.52:27D-312). 4 No local unit shall borrow money or issue its obligations for 5 purposes authorized under this chapter except as provided in this 6 chapter. 7 (cf: P.L.1996, c.113, s.9) 8 9 17. N.J.S.40A:2-22 is amended to read as follows: 10 40A:2-22. The governing body of the local unit shall determine the period of usefulness of any purpose according to its reasonable 11 12 life computed from the date of the bonds, which period shall not be 13 greater than the following: 14 a. Buildings and structures. 15 1. Bridges, including retaining walls and approaches, or permanent structures of brick, stone, concrete or metal, or similar 16 durable construction, 30 years. 17 18 2. Buildings, including the original furnishings and equipment 19 therefor: 20 Class A: A building, of which all walls, floors, partitions, stairs 21 and roof are wholly of incombustible material, except the window 22 frames, doors, top flooring and wooden handrails on the stairs, 40 23 years; 24 Class B: A building, the outer walls of which are wholly of 25 incombustible material, except the window frames and doors, 30 26 years; 27 Class C: A building which does not meet the requirements of 28 Class A or Class B, 20 years. 29 3. Buildings or structures acquired substantially reconstructed or additions thereto, one-half the period fixed in this subsection for 30 31 such buildings or structures. 32 4. Additional furnishings, five years. 33 b. Marine improvements. 34 1. Harbor improvements, docks or marine terminals, 40 years. 35 2. Dikes, bulkheads, jetties or similar devices of stone, concrete 36 or metal, 15 years; of wood or partly of wood, 10 years. 37 c. Additional equipment and machinery. 38 Additional or replacement equipment and machinery, 15 1. 39 years. 40 2. Voting machines, 15 years. 41 3. Information technology and telecommunications equipment, 7 42 years, except that for items with a unit cost of less than \$5,000, 5 43 years. 44 d. Real property. 45 1. Acquisition for any public purpose of lands or riparian rights, 46 or both, and the original dredging, grading, draining or planting 47 thereof, 40 years.

1 Improvement of airport, cemetery, golf course, park, 2. 2 playground, 15 years. 3. Stadia of concrete or other incombustible materials, 20 years. 3 4 e. Streets or thoroughfares. 5 1. Elimination of grade crossings, 35 years. 6 2. Streets or roads: Class A: Rigid pavement. A pavement of not less than eight 7 inches of cement concrete or a six-inch cement concrete base with 8 9 not less than three-inch bituminous concrete surface course, or 10 equivalent wearing surface, 20 years. 11 Flexible pavement. A pavement not less than 10 inches in depth consisting of five-inch macadam base, three-inch modified 12 penetration macadam and three-inch bituminous concrete surface 13 14 course or other pavements of equivalent strength, in accordance 15 with the findings of the American Association of State Highway 16 Officials (AASHO) Road Test, 20 years. 17 Class B: Mixed surface-treated road. An eight-inch surface of 18 gravel, stone or other selected material under partial control mixed 19 with cement or lime and fly ash, six inches in compacted thickness 20 with bituminous surface treatment and cover, 10 years. 21 Bituminous penetration road. A five-inch gravel or stone base course and a three-inch course bound with a bituminous or 22 23 equivalent binder, 10 years. 24 Class C: Mixed bituminous road. An eight-inch surface of 25 gravel, stone, or other selected material under partial control mixed with bituminous material one inch or more in compacted thickness, 26 27 five years. Penetration macadam road. A road of sand, gravel or water-28 29 bound macadam, or surfacing with penetration macadam, five years. 30 3. Sidewalks, curbs and gutters of stone, concrete or brick, 10 31 years. 32 The period of usefulness in this subsection shall apply to 33 construction and reconstruction of streets and thoroughfares. 34 f. Utilities and municipal systems. 35 1. Sewerage system, whether sanitary or storm water, water 36 supply or distribution system, 40 years. 2. Electric light, power or gas systems, garbage, refuse or ashes 37 38 incinerator or disposal plant, 25 years. 39 3. Communication and signal systems, 10 years. 40 4. House connections to publicly-owned gas, water or sewerage systems from the service main in the street to the curb or property 41 42 lines where not part of original installation, five years. 43 g. Vehicles and apparatus. 44 1. Fire engines, apparatus and equipment, when purchased new, 45 but not fire equipment purchased separately, 10 years. 46 Automotive vehicles, including original apparatus and 2. 47 equipment (other than passenger cars and station wagons), when

48 purchased new, five years.

Major repairs, reconditioning or overhaul of fire engines and
 apparatus, ambulances, rescue vehicles, and similar public safety
 vehicles (other than passenger cars and station wagons) which may
 reasonably be expected to extend for at least five years the period of
 usefulness thereof, five years.

6 h. The closure of a sanitary landfill facility utilized, owned or 7 operated by a county or municipality, 15 years; provided that the closure has been approved by the Board of Public Utilities and the 8 9 Department of Environmental Protection. For the purposes of this 10 subsection "closure" means all activities associated with the design, 11 purchase or construction of all measures required by the 12 Department of Environmental Protection, pursuant to law, in order to prevent, minimize or monitor pollution or health hazards 13 resulting from sanitary landfill facilities subsequent to the 14 15 termination of operations at any portion thereof, including, but not 16 necessarily limited to, the costs of the placement of earthen or 17 vegetative cover, and the installation of methane gas vents or 18 monitors and leachate monitoring wells or collection systems at the 19 site of any sanitary landfill facility.

i. [Any purpose, except vehicles, not included in the foregoing,
for which obligations may be issued, 15 years.] (Deleted by
amendment, P.L., c. .) (pending before the Legislature as this
bill)

j. The prefunding of a claims account for environmental liability
claims by an environmental impairment liability insurance pool
pursuant to P.L.1993, c.269 (C.40A:10-38.1 et al.), 20 years.

- 27 (cf: P.L.2005, c.174, s.1)
- 28

18. (New section) A local unit may request, in a form and
manner determined by rule and regulation of the Local Finance
Board, that the Director of the Division of Local Government
Services in the Department of Community Affairs determine a
period of usefulness for any capital improvement or property not
included in N.J.S.40A:2-22, provided that the maximum period of
usefulness so determined shall not exceed 15 years.

36 37

19. The title of P.L.1999, c.63 is amended to read as follows:

AN ACT providing for direct property tax relief for individual 38 39 homestead owners and renters in this State, establishing the New Jersey [School Assessment Valuation Exemption Relief and] 40 41 Homestead Property Tax [Rebate] Credit Act (the NJ [SAVER 42 and Homestead [Rebate] Credit Act), amending and 43 supplementing P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.57 et seq.), amending 44 P.L.1981, c.239 and P.L.1997, c.348, and making an 45 appropriation.

46 (cf: P.L.1999, c.63, Title)

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48 20. Section 1 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.57) is amended to read

1 as follows: 2 1. Sections 1 through 10 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.57 through 3 54:4-8.66) and sections 3, 14 through 16, 18 and 19 of P.L.1999, 4 c.63 (C.54:4-8.58a and C.54:4-8.66a through C.54:4-8.66e) shall be 5 known and may be cited as the "[2004] Homestead Property Tax 6 [Rebate] Credit Act". 7 (cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.1) 8 9 21. Section 2 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.58) is amended to read 10 as follows: 11 2. As used in sections 2 through 10 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-12 8.58 through 54:4-8.66) and sections 3 and 14 through 16 of 13 P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-8.58a and 54:4-8.66a through C.54:4-8.66c): 14 "Annualized rent" means, for tax years 2004 and thereafter, the 15 rent paid by the claimant during the tax year for which the homestead rebate is being claimed, and if paid for a lease term 16 17 covering less than the full tax year, the actual rent paid for the days 18 during the term of the lease of the homestead proportionalized as if 19 the term of the lease had been for 365 days of the tax year; 20 "Arm's-length transaction" means a transaction in which the 21 parties are dealing from equal bargaining positions, neither party is 22 subject to the other's control or dominant influence, and the transaction is entirely legal in all respects and is treated with 23 24 fairness and integrity; 25 "Condominium" means the form of real property ownership provided for under the "Condominium Act," P.L.1969, c.257 26 27 (C.46:8B-1 et seq.); 28 "Continuing care retirement community" means a residential 29 facility primarily for retired persons where lodging and nursing, 30 medical or other health related services at the same or another 31 location are provided as continuing care to an individual pursuant to 32 an agreement effective for the life of the individual or for a period 33 greater than one year, including mutually terminable contracts, and 34 in consideration of the payment of an entrance fee with or without 35 other periodic charges; 36 "Cooperative" means a housing corporation or association which 37 entitles the holder of a share or membership interest thereof to 38 possess and occupy for dwelling purposes a house, apartment, 39 manufactured or mobile home or other unit of housing owned or 40 leased by the corporation or association, or to lease or purchase a 41 unit of housing constructed or to be constructed by the corporation 42 or association;

43 "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the44 Department of the Treasury;

"Dwelling house" means any residential property assessed as real
property which consists of not more than four units, of which not
more than one may be used for commercial purposes, but shall not
include a unit in a condominium, cooperative, horizontal property

1 regime or mutual housing corporation;

2 "Homestead" means:

a. (1) a dwelling house and the land on which that dwelling
house is located which constitutes the place of the claimant's
domicile and is owned and used by the claimant as the claimant's
principal residence;

7 (2) a dwelling house situated on land owned by a person other
8 than the claimant which constitutes the place of the claimant's
9 domicile and is owned and used by the claimant as the claimant's
10 principal residence;

(3) a condominium unit or a unit in a horizontal property regime
which constitutes the place of the claimant's domicile and is owned
and used by the claimant as the claimant's principal residence;

14 (4) for purposes of this definition as provided in this subsection, 15 in addition to the generally accepted meaning of owned or ownership, a homestead shall be deemed to be owned by a person if 16 17 that person is a tenant for life or a tenant under a lease for 99 years or more and is entitled to and actually takes possession of the 18 19 homestead under an executory contract for the sale thereof or under 20 an agreement with a lending institution which holds title as security 21 for a loan, or is a resident of a continuing care retirement 22 community pursuant to a contract for continuing care for the life of 23 that person which requires the resident to bear a share of the 24 property taxes that are assessed upon the continuing care retirement 25 community, if a share is attributable to the unit that the resident 26 occupies;

b. a unit in a cooperative or mutual housing corporation which constitutes the place of domicile of a residential shareholder or lessee therein, or of a lessee, or shareholder who is not a residential shareholder therein, and which is used by the claimant as the claimant's principal residence; and

32 c. a unit of residential rental property which unit constitutes the
33 place of the claimant's domicile and is used by the claimant as the
34 claimant's principal residence;

35 "Horizontal property regime" means the form of real property
36 ownership provided for under the "Horizontal Property Act,"
37 P.L.1963, c.168 (C.46:8A-1 et seq.);

"Gross income" means all New Jersey gross income required to
be reported pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act,"
N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., other than income excludable from the gross
income tax return, but before reduction thereof by any applicable
exemptions, deductions and credits, received during the taxable
year by the owner or residential shareholder in, or lessee of, a
homestead;

45 "Manufactured home" or "mobile home" means a unit of housing46 which:

47 (1) Consists of one or more transportable sections which are48 substantially constructed off site and, if more than one section, are

1 joined together on site; 2 (2) Is built on a permanent chassis; 3 (3) Is designed to be used, when connected to utilities, as a 4 dwelling on a permanent or nonpermanent foundation; and 5 Is manufactured in accordance with the standards (4) promulgated for a manufactured home by the Secretary of the 6 7 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to the "National Manufactured Housing Construction and 8 9 Safety Standards Act of 1974," Pub.L.93-383 (42 U.S.C. s.5401 et 10 seq.) and the standards promulgated for a manufactured or mobile 11 home by the commissioner pursuant to the "State Uniform Construction Code Act," P.L.1975, c.217 (C.52:27D-119 et seq.); 12 13 "Mobile home park" means a parcel of land, or two or more 14 parcels of land, containing no fewer than 10 sites equipped for the 15 installation of manufactured or mobile homes, where these sites are under common ownership and control for the purpose of leasing 16 17 each site to the owner of a manufactured or mobile home for the 18 installation thereof, and where the owner or owners provide 19 services, which are provided by the municipality in which the park 20 is located for property owners outside the park, which services may 21 include but shall not be limited to: 22 (1) The construction and maintenance of streets; 23 (2) Lighting of streets and other common areas; 24 (3) Garbage removal; 25 (4) Snow removal; and 26 (5) Provisions for the drainage of surface water from home sites 27 and common areas; 28 "Mutual housing corporation" means a corporation not-for-profit, 29 incorporated under the laws of this State on a mutual or cooperative 30 basis within the scope of section 607 of the Lanham Act (National 31 Defense Housing), Pub.L.849, 76th Congress (42 U.S.C. s.1521 et 32 seq.), as amended, which acquired a National Defense Housing 33 Project pursuant to that act; 34 "Principal residence" means a homestead actually and 35 continually occupied by a claimant as the claimant's permanent 36 residence, as distinguished from a vacation home, property owned 37 and rented or offered for rent by the claimant, and other secondary 38 real property holdings; 39 "Property tax" means payments to a municipality based upon an 40 assessment made by the municipality upon real property on an ad valorem basis on land and improvements, but shall not include 41 42 payments made in lieu of taxes; 43 "Rent" means the amount due in an arm's-length transaction 44 solely for the right of occupancy of a homestead that is a unit of 45 residential rental property. Rent shall not include any amount paid 46 under the federal Housing Choice Voucher (Section 8) Program or 47 paid as a rental assistance grant under section 1 of P.L.2004, c.140 48 (C.52:27D-287.1). If the director finds that the parties in a rental

transaction have not dealt with each other in an arm's-length 1 2 transaction and that the rent due was excessive, the director may, 3 for purposes of the homestead rebate claim, adjust the rent claimed 4 in the homestead rebate application to a reasonable amount of rent;

5 "Rent constituting property taxes" means 18% of the rent paid by 6 the homestead rebate claimant during the tax year on a unit of 7 residential rental property which constitutes the claimant's homestead, and in the case of a manufactured home or mobile home 8 9 in a mobile home park which constitutes the claimant's homestead 10 means 18% of the site fee paid by the claimant during the tax year 11 to the owner of the mobile home park. Provided however, that for tax year 2004 and for each tax year thereafter, rent constituting 12 13 property taxes shall equal 18% of annualized rent, and in the case of 14 a manufactured home or mobile home in a mobile home park rent 15 constituting property taxes shall equal 18% of a similarly annualized site fee: 16

"Resident" means an individual: 17

who is domiciled in this State, unless he maintains no 18 a. 19 permanent place of abode in this State, maintains a permanent place of abode elsewhere, and spends in the aggregate no more than 30 20 21 days of the tax year in this State; or

22 b. who is not domiciled in this State but maintains a permanent 23 place of abode in this State and spends in the aggregate more than 24 183 days of the tax year in this State, unless the individual is in the 25 Armed Forces of the United States;

26 "Residential rental property" means:

27 a. any building or structure or complex of buildings or structures 28 in which dwelling units are rented or leased or offered for rental or 29 lease for residential purposes;

30 b. a rooming house, hotel or motel, if the rooms constituting the 31 homestead are equipped with kitchen and bathroom facilities;

32 c. any building or structure or complex of buildings or structures 33 constructed under the following sections of the National Housing 34 Act (Pub.L.73-479) as amended and supplemented: section 202, Housing Act of 1959 (Pub.L.86-372) and as subsequently amended, 35 36 section 231, Housing Act of 1959; and

37 d. a site in a mobile home park equipped for the installation of 38 manufactured or mobile homes, where these sites are under 39 common ownership and control for the purpose of leasing each site 40 to the owner of a manufactured or mobile home for the installation 41 thereof;

42 "Residential shareholder in a cooperative or mutual housing 43 corporation" means a tenant or holder of a membership interest in 44 that cooperative or corporation, whose residential unit therein 45 constitutes the tenant or holder's domicile and principal residence, 46 and who may deduct real property taxes for purposes of federal 47 income tax pursuant to section 216 of the federal Internal Revenue 48 Code of 1986, 26 U.S.C. s.216; and

	29		
1	"Tax year" means the calendar year in which property taxes are		
2	due and payable.		
3	(cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.2)		
4			
5	22. Section 3 of P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-8.58a) is amended to		
6	read as follows:		
7	3. a. For tax year 2003, the director shall determine the amount		
8	of the homestead rebate that shall be paid to each claimant pursuant		
9	to P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.57 et seq.), and P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-		
10	8.58a et al.), as amended by P.L.2004, c.40, based upon the		
11	information provided by the individual applicant in the application		
12	for either a NJ SAVER rebate or for a homestead rebate, or from		
13	any other information as may be available to the director in order		
14	that each individual applicant shall be paid the homestead rebate		
15	that may be allowed to the claimant pursuant to sections 3 through 5		
16	of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.59 through 54:4-8.61), as the director		
17	determines is appropriate.		
18	b. (1) For tax year 2003, a resident of this State who has paid		
19	property taxes for the tax year on a homestead that is owned as		
20	such, who has filed an application for an NJ SAVER rebate		
21	pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-8.58a et al.), or		
22	pursuant to that act as amended and supplemented by P.L.2004,		
23	c.40, and who meets the prerequisites for an NJ SAVER rebate at		
24	12:01 A.M. on October 1, 2003 for that tax year, shall be		
25	considered to have applied for a homestead rebate and shall be		
26	allowed a homestead rebate instead of an NJ SAVER rebate for that		
27	tax year pursuant to P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.57 et seq.), and		
28	P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-8.58a et al.), as amended by P.L.2004, c.40.		
29	An application for an NJ SAVER rebate shall be allowed as a		
30	homestead rebate for a homestead the title to which is held by a		
31	partnership, to the extent of the applicant's interest as a partner		
32	therein, and by a guardian, trustee, committee, conservator or other		
33	fiduciary for any individual who would otherwise be eligible for an		
34	NJ SAVER rebate. An application for an NJ SAVER rebate shall		
35	not be allowed for a homestead, the title to which is held partially		
36	or entirely by a corporate entity of any type, except as otherwise		
37	specifically allowed for applications from residents of properties		
38	owned by continuing care retirement community, cooperative or		
39 40	mutual housing corporations.		
40	(2) For tax year 2004 and [for tax years thereafter] tax year		
41	2005, any rebates applied for and paid pursuant to P.L.1990, c.61		
42	(C.54:4-8.57 et seq.), and P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-8.58a et al.), as		
43	amended and supplemented by P.L.2004, c.40, shall be homestead		
44	rebates.		

45 (3) For tax year 2006 and for tax years thereafter, any homestead
46 benefit applied for and provided pursuant to this act shall be a
47 rebate or credit, as annually determined by the Director of the

1 Division of Taxation. 2 (cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.3) 3 4 23. Section 3 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.59) is amended to read 5 as follows: 6 3. a. A resident of this State shall be allowed a homestead rebate 7 or credit for the tax year equal to the amount [by which] 8 determined as a percentage of property taxes not in excess of 9 \$10,000 paid by the claimant in that tax year on the claimant's homestead [exceed 5% of the claimant's gross income], rounded to 10 11 the nearest whole dollar, [but within the appropriate range, but not 12 more than the amount of property taxes actually paid. As used in 13 this section. 14 Range 1 equals \$1,200 to \$1,000 for tax year 2003, and shall be 15 subject to the cost-of-living adjustment for each tax year thereafter as provided in subsection h. of this section; 16 17 Range 2 equals \$800 to \$600 for tax year 2003, and shall be 18 subject to the cost-of-living adjustment for each tax year thereafter 19 as provided in subsection h. of this section; and 20 Range 3 equals \$500 for tax year 2003, and shall be subject to 21 the cost-of-living adjustment for each tax year thereafter as 22 provided in subsection h. of this section.] as follows: 23 24 For Resident Taxpayer With Tax Year Gross Income: Percentage: not over over \$100,000 but not over <u>\$150,000.....15%</u> over \$150,000 but not over \$250,000......10% b. (1) [For a]  $\underline{A}$  resident who is 65 years of age or older at the 25 26 close of the tax year, or who is allowed to claim a personal 27 deduction as a blind or disabled taxpayer pursuant to subsection b. of N.J.S.54A:3-1 28 29 With Tax Year Gross Income: Range: 30 not over \$70,000 (1) 31 over \$70.000 but 32 not over \$125,000 (2)33 over \$125,000 but 34 not over \$200,000 (3) , shall be allowed a homestead rebate or credit for the tax year equal 35 to the greater of (a) the amount determined pursuant to subsection a. 36

37 of this section or (b) the amount equal to an amount by which

- 1 property taxes paid by the claimant in that tax year on the claimant's
- 2 homestead exceed 5% of the claimant's gross income, rounded to
- 3 the nearest whole dollar, but within the appropriate range, but not

4	more than the amount of property taxes actually paid, as follows:		
	With Tax Year Gross Income:	Range:	
	not over \$70,000	<u>\$1,200 to \$1,000</u>	
	<u>over \$70,000</u>		
	but not over \$125,000	<u>\$800 to \$600</u>	
	<u>over \$125,000</u>		
	but not over \$200,000	<u>\$500</u>	

5 (2) [For a resident homeowner of this State who is not 65 years

6 of age or older at the close of the tax year, and who is not allowed 7 to claim a personal deduction as a blind or disabled taxpayer 8 pursuant to subsection b. of N.J.S.54A:3-1

(2)

9 With Tax Year Gross Income: Range:

not over \$125,000

- 11 over \$125,000 but

10

12 not over \$200,000 (3)

13 (3) (a) A homestead rebate shall be allowed for tax year 2003 14 pursuant to this section in relation to the amount of the property 15 taxes actually paid by or allocable to a resident property taxpayer 16 who is a claimant on more than one homestead, but the aggregate 17 amount of the property taxes claimed shall not exceed the total of the proportionate amounts of property taxes assessed and levied 18 19 against or allocable to each homestead for the portion of the tax 20 year the claimant occupied it as the claimant's principal residence.

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of this act to the contrary, a 21 22 homestead rebate or credit shall be allowed [for tax year 2004 and 23 thereafter] pursuant to this section in relation to the amount of the 24 property taxes actually paid during the tax year for the homestead 25 owned and occupied as such at 12:01 a.m. on October 1 of the tax 26 year, whether paid for the entire tax year by the claimant or by any 27 pre-October 1 owner or owners of that homestead during that tax 28 year.

29 c. (1) If title to a homestead is held by more than one individual 30 as joint tenants or tenants in common, each individual shall be 31 allowed a homestead rebate or credit pursuant to this section only in 32 relation to the individual's proportionate share of the property taxes 33 assessed and levied against the homestead. The individual's 34 proportionate share of the property taxes on that homestead shall be 35 equal to the share of that individual's interest in the title. Title shall 36 be presumed to be held in equal shares among all co-owners, but if 37 the claimant satisfactorily demonstrates to the director that the title 38 provides for unequal interests, either under the conveyance under 39 which the title is held, or as otherwise may be demonstrated, that 40 claimant's share of the property taxes paid on that homestead shall 41 be in proportion to the claimant's interest in the title.

1 (2) Eligible claimants shall include individuals within any of the 2 filing categories set forth in N.J.S.54A:2-1 and any individual or 3 individuals not required to file a gross income tax return because 4 their gross income was below the minimum taxable income 5 threshold established in N.J.S.54A:2-4 and N.J.S.54A:8-3.1. In the 6 case of a married individual filing a separate New Jersey gross 7 income tax return, if the spouse of the claimant maintains the same 8 homestead as the claimant and also files a separate gross income tax 9 return in this State the homestead rebate or credit claimed under this 10 subsection shall be equal to one-half of the amount of the 11 homestead rebate or credit allowable had the spouses filed a joint 12 return and homestead rebate or credit application.

13 (3) An application for a homestead rebate or credit shall be 14 allowed for a homestead the title to which is held by a partnership, 15 to the extent of the applicant's interest as a partner therein, and by a 16 guardian, trustee, committee, conservator or other fiduciary for any 17 individual who would otherwise be eligible for a rebate or credit. 18 An application for a homestead rebate or credit shall not be allowed 19 for a homestead, the title to which is held partially or entirely by a 20 corporate entity of any type, except as otherwise specifically 21 allowed for an application from a resident of a property owned by a 22 continuing care retirement community, or a cooperative or mutual 23 housing corporation.

d. If the homestead of a claimant is a residential property
consisting of more than one unit, that claimant shall be allowed a
homestead rebate or credit pursuant to this section only in relation
to the proportionate share of the property taxes assessed and levied
against the residential unit occupied by that claimant, as determined
by the local tax assessor.

30 e. Nothing in this section shall preclude a co-owner, who is 31 other than a husband or wife claiming a homestead rebate or credit 32 on the same homestead, from receiving a homestead rebate or credit 33 determined pursuant to this section if another co-owner claims a 34 homestead rebate or credit pursuant to this section, provided 35 however, that each claim for a homestead rebate or credit 36 determined pursuant to this section shall be separately subject to 37 the provisions of subsections c. and d. of this section.

f. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.40.)

39

g. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2004, c.40.)

40 h. [(1) For the 2005 tax year and each tax year thereafter, the 41 director shall annually recompute the minimum and maximum 42 homestead rebate ranges set forth in subsection a. of this section by 43 multiplying the homestead rebate ranges allowed in the prior tax 44 year by the cost-of- living adjustment, and recomputing the new 45 homestead rebate ranges for the current tax year. The director shall 46 round the recomputed homestead rebate ranges to the next highest 47 multiple of \$5.

1 (2) "Cost-of-living adjustment" for any tax year means the factor 2 calculated by dividing the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the nation, as prepared by the United States 3 4 Department of Labor as of the close of the 12-month period ending 5 on August 31 of the tax year, by that index as of the close of the 12-6 month period ending on August 31 of the calendar year preceding 7 the tax year in which the recomputation of the homestead rebate 8 ranges is made. [ (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. .) (pending 9 before the Legislature as this bill))

10 (cf: 2004, c.40, s.4)

11

12 24. Section 6 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.62) is amended to read 13 as follows:

14 6. a. No homestead rebate or credit shall be allowed pursuant to 15 this act except upon annual application therefor, in any manner, 16 upon any form, and in any format, whether in writing or otherwise, 17 as shall be prescribed by the director. The director may require a 18 claimant for a homestead rebate or credit to attach to the homestead 19 rebate or credit application a copy of the appropriate property tax 20 bill or proof of rent paid for the prior tax year. The director may 21 require such other verification of eligibility for a homestead rebate 22 or credit as the director may deem necessary. The director may 23 require that the application for a homestead rebate for a unit of 24 residential rental property authorized pursuant to section 4 of 25 P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.60) shall be submitted (1) as part of the 26 claimant's gross income tax return filed pursuant to the "New Jersey 27 Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., or, (2) on any other 28 form, in any manner or format and at any time and prior to any date 29 as the director shall prescribe if (a) the claimant is not required to 30 file a gross income tax return or (b) the claimant has filed an 31 application for extension of time to file the claimant's gross income 32 tax return. The director may require that the application for a 33 homestead rebate or credit authorized pursuant to section 3 of 34 P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.59) shall be submitted (1) as part of the 35 applicant's gross income tax return filed pursuant to the "New 36 Jersey Gross Income Tax Act," N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq., or (2) on any 37 other form, in any other format and at any time and prior to any 38 date as the director shall prescribe. The director shall, for good 39 cause shown, extend the time of any applicant to file a claim for a 40 homestead rebate or credit for a reasonable period, and in such case, 41 the application shall be processed and payment of a homestead 42 rebate or credit made in accordance with the procedures established 43 in the case of applications timely filed, except the date for payment 44 of the rebate or credit may be delayed for a reasonable period. If an applicant or an applicant's spouse has filed an application for an 45 46 extension of time to file a gross income tax return, the date by 47 which the applicant shall file the homestead rebate or credit 48 application may, in the discretion of the director, be extended for a

34

reasonable period, and the date for the payment of the rebate <u>or</u> <u>credit</u> may be delayed for a reasonable period. The director may require sworn applications. In the event that the director waives the requirement of sworn applications, all declarations by claimants shall be considered as if made under oath and claimants, as to false declarations, shall be subject to the penalties as provided by law for perjury.

For the purposes of this subsection, in order to establish good 8 9 cause to extend the time of any applicant to file a claim for a 10 homestead rebate or credit the applicant shall provide to the director 11 either medical evidence, such as a doctor's certification, that the 12 claimant was unable to file the claim by the date prescribed by the 13 director because of illness or hospitalization, or evidence that the 14 applicant attempted to file a timely application. Except as may be 15 established by medical evidence of inability to file a claim, good 16 cause shall not be established due to a claimant not having received 17 an application from the director.

18 b. Upon approval of homestead rebate or credit applications by 19 the director, the director shall prepare lists of individuals entitled to 20 a rebate or credit, together with the respective amounts due each 21 claimant and shall forward such lists to the State Treasurer, the 22 Director of the Division of Budget and Accounting and any other 23 officials as the director deems appropriate on or before the earliest 24 of such date or dates as may be convenient for the director to 25 compile such lists. The director may inspect all records in the 26 offices of the tax collector and tax assessor of a municipality with 27 respect to applications, claims and allowances for homestead 28 rebates or credits.

29 c. If a homestead rebate application contains a claim for a rebate 30 or credit that is incorrectly determined by the claimant or is based 31 upon incorrect or insufficient information from which the director is 32 to approve the claim, the director may determine the eligibility of 33 the claimant for a homestead rebate or credit and the correct amount 34 of a homestead rebate or credit to be paid to that claimant from such 35 other information as may be available to the director. In addition, 36 the director may adjust the amount of any homestead rebate or 37 credit to which a claimant may be entitled by any part of the amount 38 of any previous homestead rebate or credit erroneously claimed by 39 and paid to that claimant.

40 In the case of a claimant for a homestead rebate whose d. 41 homestead is a unit in a cooperative, mutual housing corporation or 42 continuing care retirement community, the director may provide 43 that the application shall include the name and address of the 44 location of the property and the amount of real property taxes 45 attributed to the cooperative, mutual housing residential unit or 46 continuing care retirement community residential unit, as shall be 47 indicated in an official notice which shall be furnished by the

cooperative, mutual housing corporation or continuing care
 retirement community for the same year.

e. A homestead rebate or credit shall be allowed pursuant to this
act for a claimant whose ownership of an interest in a homestead is
satisfied by the holding of the beneficial interest if legal title thereto
or share therein is held by another for the benefit of the claimant.

f. All provisions of this section shall apply to NJ SAVER rebate
applications filed for and paid as homestead rebates for tax year
2003.

10 g. The director may, in writing, require the owner of residential 11 rental property upon which property tax is not assessed, and the 12 owner's agents and representatives, to provide the names of 13 residents and tenants on the residential rental property and such 14 other information, in such form, as the director deems reasonable to 15 ensure that no claimant claiming a unit of that residential rental 16 property as a homestead under this act receives a homestead rebate for which the claimant is not eligible. Any individual or entity 17 18 failing to provide the required information within 60 days of the 19 written request of the director shall be liable, in the discretion of the 20 director, to a penalty of up to \$500 for each month that the required 21 information is not provided, unless it is shown that such failure is 22 due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

23 (cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.7)

24

25 25. Section 7 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.63) is amended to read 26 as follows:

27 7. <u>a.</u> The State Treasurer annually on or before October 31,
28 upon certification of the director and upon warrant of the [State
29 Comptroller] <u>Director of the Division of Budget and Accounting</u>,
30 shall pay and distribute the amount of a homestead rebate payable
31 under this act that is claimed for the prior tax year to each claimant
32 whose rebate is approved by the director.

33 b. A homestead credit allowed by the Director of the Division of 34 Taxation to a claimant who claimed a homestead credit pursuant to 35 section 3 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.59), and whose homestead is 36 not a unit in a cooperative, mutual housing corporation or continuing care retirement community, shall be paid by the State 37 Treasurer, through electronic funds transfer made by the director to 38 39 the local property tax account maintained by the local tax collector 40 for the homestead of the claimant as the claimant shall identify, in 41 equal installments after the application for the credit has been 42 approved, at the dates and in the manner as the director shall 43 determine to best coincide with the next local property tax quarterly 44 due dates of August 1 and November 1. Notice of payments of 45 credit installments shall be provided to the claimant and the 46 appropriate local tax collector.

47 c. Notwithstanding subsection b. of this section, the director
 48 shall provide a homestead benefit under this act as a credit only if

36

1 the director can ensure that the benefit will be applied to the 2 appropriate taxpayer. Otherwise, the director may remit a 3 homestead benefit to an eligible taxpayer as a rebate. 4 d. Notwithstanding subsection b. of this section, a resident 5 homeowner of this State who is 65 years of age or older at the close 6 of the tax year or who is allowed to claim a personal deduction as a 7 blind or disabled taxpayer pursuant to subsection b. of N.J.S.54A:3-8 1, shall receive the credit in the form of a rebate payment in 9 calendar year 2007, but will receive credits in future years starting 10 in calendar year 2008, unless the claimant elects in the claimant's 11 homestead credit application to receive a rebate. 12 e. Notwithstanding subsection b. of this section, if the director 13 determines that homestead benefits for a particular tax year cannot 14 be administered and delivered as credits efficiently, the director 15 may remit homestead benefits for that year as rebates. 16 (cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.8) 17 18 26. Section 8 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.64) is amended to read 19 as follows: 20 8. a. The tax collector of each municipality shall, on or before 21 [May 15] <u>April 1</u> of each year, furnish the director with a list of 22 property taxpayers in the district delinquent for taxes due and 23 payable for the year immediately preceding and the amounts of such 24 delinquencies. The collector shall report on such list the name, lot 25 and block number on the property tax duplicate as may be 26 applicable, and the address of each owner to whom a delinquency is 27 attributable together with the amount of such delinquency so 28 identified. No homestead rebate payment under this act shall be 29 made to a property owner, and no homestead credit shall be applied 30 as provided in subsection b. of section 7 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-31 8.63), while that property owner's delinquency remains; provided however that for the purposes of this act, for an assessment on a 32 33 property which is on appeal and for which the statutory percentage 34 of the tax as provided in R.S.54:3-27 has been paid, the taxes 35 assessed on that property shall not be regarded as delinquent. 36 b. If the director receives the list as provided for in subsection a. 37 of this section, and the director determines that a property tax 38 delinquency remains for the preceding tax year on [May 15] April 39 1, the director shall ascertain the amount of the homestead rebate or 40 credit required to be withheld because of such delinquency in each 41 municipality in the State, and shall certify such amounts to the State 42 Treasurer as soon thereafter as may be practicable. 43 c. On or before November 15, the director shall notify each 44 homestead rebate or credit claimant whose rebate or credit has been 45 withheld because of delinquency that the amount of the rebate or 46 credit to which the claimant otherwise would have been entitled has 47 been sent to the tax collector in the municipality to be credited 48 against the claimant's delinquency.

d. Upon certification by the director as to the amount of
homestead rebates <u>or credits</u> required to be withheld because of
delinquency in the several municipalities, the State Treasurer upon
the warrant of the [State Comptroller] <u>Director of the Division of</u>
<u>Budget and Accounting</u>, shall pay such amount on or before
October 30 to the tax collector in each municipality.

7 e. The tax collector in each municipality shall credit the tax 8 delinquency of each property taxpayer who appears on the 9 delinquency list set forth in subsection a. of this section in the 10 amount that otherwise would have been returned to the property taxpayer as a homestead rebate or credit. In the event that the 11 12 amount so credited by the tax collector exceeds the amount of 13 delinquency, the tax collector may return the difference to the 14 taxpayer or credit such amount to the subsequent property tax bill.

15 f. In the case of delinquency in the payment of property taxes by a cooperative, mutual housing corporation or continuing care 16 17 retirement community, a homestead rebate that may be due an 18 individual resident shall be paid by the State Treasurer to the tax 19 collector of the municipality. The tax collector shall credit the 20 cooperative, mutual housing corporation or continuing care 21 retirement community with such payment and the cooperative, 22 mutual housing corporation or continuing care retirement 23 community shall, in turn, credit the individual unit owner to the 24 extent of the rebate and notify the applicant of the amount to be 25 credited.

26 If a tax collector fails to comply with the provisions of g. 27 subsection a. of this section requiring the tax collector to furnish the 28 director with a list, on or before [May 15] April 1 of each year, of 29 property taxpayers in the district delinquent for taxes due and 30 payable for the year immediately preceding and the amounts of such 31 delinquencies, the director shall either pay the homestead rebate 32 directly to the delinquent applicant rather than to the tax collector of 33 the municipality as set forth in subsection d. of this section or 34 provide a credit for the applicant under this act.

h. All provisions of this section shall apply to NJ SAVER rebate
applications filed for and paid as homestead rebates for tax year
2003.

38 (cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.9)

39

40 27. Section 9 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.65) is amended to read 41 as follows:

9. The homestead rebates <u>and credits</u> authorized under this act
shall not be subject to garnishment, attachment, execution or other
legal process, except as provided in section 1 of P.L.1981, c.239
(C.54A:9-8.1), or except for an income withholding order issued
pursuant to P.L.1981, c.417 (C.2A:17-56.8 et seq.), nor shall the
payment thereof be anticipated.

48 (cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.10)

1 28. Section 10 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.66) is amended to 2 read as follows: 3 10. a. (1) The director shall determine the amount of the rebate 4 or credit, if any, that shall be [paid to] provided for each claimant pursuant to P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.57 et seq.) based upon the 5 information provided by the individual applicant in the application 6 7 or from any other information as may be available to the director 8 and shall notify the applicant of the determined amount in the form 9 of the homestead rebate check or credit or in any other manner as 10 the director may deem appropriate. Subject to the provisions of the State Uniform Tax Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq., such 11 12 notification shall finally and irrevocably fix the amount of the rebate or credit unless the applicant, within 90 days after having 13 14 been given notice of such determination, shall apply to the director 15 for a hearing, or unless the director shall redetermine the same. After such hearing the director shall give notice of the final 16 17 determination to the applicant. 18 (2) An applicant for a homestead rebate or credit authorized 19 under this act who is aggrieved by any decision, order, finding, or 20 denial by the director of all or part of that applicant's homestead rebate or credit may appeal therefrom to the New Jersey Tax Court 21 22 in accordance with the provisions of the State Uniform Tax 23 Procedure Law, R.S. 54-48-1 et seq. 24 b. The appeal provided by this section shall be the exclusive 25 remedy available to an applicant for review of a decision of the 26 director in respect to the determination of all or part of a homestead 27 rebate or credit authorized under this act. 28 (cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.12) 29 30 29. Section 14 of P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-8.66a) is amended to 31 read as follows: 32 14. Any individual who receives a homestead rebate or credit 33 otherwise authorized under this act but as a result of an intentional 34 misrepresentation of a material fact shall be required to repay to the 35 director the amount of the homestead rebate or credit and shall be 36 liable to a penalty equal to 150% of the amount of the homestead 37 rebate or credit paid as a result of that misrepresentation. 38 (cf: 2004, c.40, s.13) 39 40 30. Section 15 of P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-8.66b) is amended to 41 read as follows: 42 Any person who receives a homestead rebate or credit 15. 43 otherwise authorized under this act but which has been paid in error 44 and which is recoverable by the director, and fails to return the 45 payment within 45 days of receiving notice from the director that 46 such payment was erroneous, shall pay, in addition to the amount of 47 the erroneous rebate or credit, interest at the rate prescribed in 48 R.S.54:49-3, assessed for each month or fraction thereof,

1 compounded annually at the end of each year, from the date next 2 following the 45th day after receiving the notice from the director 3 that such payment was erroneous until the date of the return of the 4 erroneous payment. 5 (cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.14) 6 7 31. Section 16 of P.L.1999, c.63 (C.54:4-8.66c) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 16. A homestead rebate or credit paid as a result of 10 misrepresentation or paid in error and any penalties and interest as imposed thereon by this act, shall be payable to and recoverable by 11 12 the director in the same manner as a deficiency with respect to the 13 payment of a State tax in accordance with the State Uniform Tax 14 Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq. 15 (cf: P.L.2004, c.40, s.15) 16 17 32. Section 6 of P.L.1997, c.348 (C.54:4-8.73) is amended to 18 read as follows: 19 6. Pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, 20 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), the director shall promulgate such rules 21 and regulations and prescribe such forms as the director shall deem 22 necessary to implement this act. The director shall also promulgate 23 rules and regulations to implement an appeals process for aggrieved 24 persons to use if eligibility for a homestead property tax 25 reimbursement rebate or credit is denied. 26 (cf: P.L.1997, c.348, s.6) 27 28 33. R.S.54:4-64 is amended to read as follows: 29 54:4-64. a. (1) As soon as the tax duplicate is delivered to the 30 collector of the taxing district, as provided in R.S.54:4-55, he shall 31 at once begin the work of preparing, completing, mailing or 32 otherwise delivering tax bills to the individuals assessed, and shall complete that work on or before June 14]. He shall also [, at least 33 34 two months before the first installment of taxes for the calendar 35 year falls due, prepare and mail, or otherwise deliver to the 36 individuals assessed, a tax bill for such following first and second 37 installments, computed as provided in R.S.54:4-66 or section 2 of 38 P.L.1994, c.72 (C.54:4-66.1), as appropriate. 39 (2) When any individual assessed has authorized the collector to 40 mail or otherwise deliver his tax bill to a mortgagee or any other 41 agent, the collector shall, at the same time, mail or otherwise 42 deliver a duplicate tax bill to the individual assessed and shall print 43 across the face of such duplicate tax bill the following inscription: 44 "This is not a bill -- for advice only." 45 (3). The validity of any tax or assessment, or the time at which it 46 shall be payable, shall not be affected by the failure of a taxpayer to 47 receive a tax bill, but every taxpayer is put on notice to ascertain

1 from the proper official of the taxing district the amount which may 2 be due for taxes or assessments against him or his property. 3 (4). Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, 4 the third installment of current year taxes shall not be subject to 5 interest until the later of August 1, the additional interest-free 6 period authorized pursuant to R.S.54:4-67, or the twenty-fifth 7 calendar day after the date that the tax bill for the third installment 8 was mailed or otherwise delivered. Any payment received after the 9 later of August 1, the additional interest-free period authorized 10 pursuant to R.S.54:4-67, or the twenty-fifth calendar day after the 11 date that the tax bill for the third installment was mailed or 12 otherwise delivered may be charged interest back to August 1. The 13 tax bill shall contain a notice specifying the date on which interest 14 may begin to accrue. 15 b. As provided in subsection a. of this section, a mortgagor as 16 the individual assessed for property taxes or other municipal 17 charges with respect to the property securing a mortgage loan, may 18 authorize the tax collector to mail or otherwise deliver his tax bill to

a mortgagee or servicing organization. This tax authorization form
shall be assignable in the event the mortgagee or servicing
organization sells, assigns or transfers the servicing of the mortgage
loan to another mortgagee or servicing organization.

23 c. The tax collector of the taxing district shall, upon receipt of a 24 written request from a mortgagee or servicing organization on a 25 form approved by the commissioner, mail or otherwise deliver a 26 mortgagor's tax bill to a property tax processing organization. The 27 commissioner shall provide by regulation for a procedure by which 28 the tax collector of a taxing district may request the Director of the 29 Division of Local Government Services in the Department of 30 Community Affairs to review the appropriateness of the request to 31 mail or otherwise deliver a mortgagor's tax bill to a property tax 32 processing organization.

33 If a mortgagee, servicing organization, or property tax d. 34 processing organization requests a duplicate copy of a tax bill, the 35 tax collector of a taxing district shall issue a duplicate copy and 36 may charge a maximum of \$5 for the first duplicate copy and a 37 maximum of \$25 for each subsequent duplicate copy of the same 38 tax bill in the same fiscal year, the actual charge being set by 39 municipal ordinance. The commissioner shall promulgate 40 regulations to effectuate the provisions of this subsection d. which 41 regulations shall include a procedure by which a mortgagee, 42 servicing organization, or property tax processing organization may 43 appeal and be reimbursed for the amount it has paid for a duplicate 44 copy of a tax bill, or any part thereof.

e. As used in subsections a., b., c., and d. of this section,
"mortgagee," "mortgagor," "mortgage loan," "servicing
organization" and "property tax processing organization" shall have

1 the same meaning as the terms have pursuant to section 1 of 2 P.L.1990, c.69 (C.17:16F-15). 3 (cf: P.L.1994, c.32, s.1) 4 5 34. R.S.54:4-65 is amended to read as follows: 6 54:4-65. a. The Director of the Division of Local Government 7 Services in the Department of Community Affairs shall approve the form and content of property tax bills. 8 9 b. (1) Each tax bill shall have printed thereon a brief tabulation 10 showing the distribution of the amount raised by taxation in the 11 taxing district, in such form as to disclose the rate per \$100.00 of 12 assessed valuation or the number of cents in each dollar paid by the 13 taxpayer which is to be used for the payment of State school taxes, 14 other State taxes, county taxes, local school expenditures and other 15 local expenditures. The last named item may be further subdivided 16 so as to show the amount for each of the several departments of the 17 municipal government. In lieu of printing such information on the 18 tax bill, any municipality may furnish the tabulation required 19 hereunder and any other pertinent information in a statement 20 accompanying the mailing or delivery of the tax bill. 21 (2) When a parcel receives a homestead property tax credit 22 pursuant to provisions of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 23 Legislature as this bill), the amount of the credit shall be included 24 with the tax calculation as a reduction in the total tax calculation for 25 the year. One-half of the amount of the credit shall be deducted 26 from taxes otherwise due for the third installment and the remaining 27 one-half shall be deducted from taxes otherwise due for the fourth 28 installment. 29 (3) There shall be included on or with the tax bill the delinquent 30 interest rate or rates to be charged and any end of year penalty that 31 is authorized and any other such information that the director may 32 require from time to time. 33 c. The [appropriate] tax bill [or form mailed with the tax bill] shall also [contain a statement reporting] include a calculation 34 35 stating the amounts of State aid and assistance received by the 36 municipality, school districts, special districts and county 37 governments [used to offset local tax levies] that offset property 38 taxes that are otherwise due on each parcel. The director shall 39 provide <u>certify to</u> each tax collector [with a certification of] the 40 amounts of said State aid and assistance [for inclusion in the tax 41 bill] that shall serve as the basis for the calculation for each parcel. 42 The director shall set standards for the calculation and display of 43 the statement on the tax bill. 44 d. The tax bill or form mailed with the tax bill shall include 45 thereon the date upon which each installment is due. 46 e. If a property tax bill includes in its calculation a homestead

47 property tax credit, the bill shall, in addition to the calculation

1 showing taxes due, either display a notice concerning the credit on 2 the face of the property tax bill or with a separate notice, with the 3 content and wording as the director provides. 4 (cf: P.L.1997, c.99, s.1) 5 6 35. Section 3 of P.L.1994, c.72 (C.54:4-66.2) is amended to read 7 as follows: 8 3. a. Notwithstanding any provision of law, rule or regulation to 9 the contrary, whenever a municipal governing body determines that 10 the municipal tax collector will be unable to complete the mailing 11 or delivery of tax bills in a municipality operating under a calendar 12 fiscal year by June 14 or in a municipality operating under the State 13 fiscal year by June 14 or December 1, as appropriate, because the 14 county board of taxation has not certified a tax levy, or for any 15 other reason, subject to regulations promulgated by the Local 16 Finance Board, the governing body may direct, by resolution, the 17 collector to prepare, complete, mail or otherwise deliver as soon as 18 practicable to each individual assessed, or as provided in R.S.54:4-19 64 to the individual's mortgagee or servicing organization, 20 estimated and reconciled tax bills in accordance with the procedures 21 set forth in section 4 or 5, as appropriate, of P.L.1994, c.72 (C.54:4-22 66.3 or C.54:4-66.4). 23 b. Except as otherwise provided for by this section, an estimated 24 tax bill and a reconciled tax bill issued pursuant to subsection a. of 25 this section shall be considered the same as a regular tax bill with 26 regard to other laws governing tax bills. 27 c. An estimated tax bill issued pursuant to this section may be 28 used by a mortgagee or servicing organization in calculating the 29 anticipated disbursements from mortgage escrow accounts as 30 provided in section 6 of P.L.1990, c.69 (C.17:16F-20). 31 d. Notwithstanding anything in Title 54 of the Revised Statutes 32 to the contrary, a municipality shall not issue more than four 33 quarterly installment tax bills, whether estimated or final, during 34 any calendar year. This subsection shall not apply to bills for added 35 or omitted assessments. 36 The provisions of this section and sections 4 and 5 of e. 37 P.L.1994, c.72 (C.54:4-66.3 and C.54:4-66.4) related to third 38 installment tax bills shall not be operative in years when homestead 39 property tax credits are provided through the property tax billing 40 process. In such years, the director shall notify municipal officials 41 of the suspension of this provision and that no estimated tax bills 42 shall be printed or otherwise issued. 43 (cf: P.L.1994, c.72, s.3) 44 45 36. R.S.54:4-74 is amended to read as follows: 46 54:4-74. The governing body of each municipality shall cause to 47 be paid to the treasurer of the county, in four installments, the 48 amount of county taxes required to be assessed and raised in such

1 municipality, on the fifteenth day of the month in which each 2 installment of taxes shall become payable, except, that in those 3 years when the third installment has been determined by the tax 4 collector to be due after August 10, the installment shall be due no 5 later than five days after the twenty-fifth day from when the tax bill 6 was mailed or otherwise delivered pursuant to subsection a. of 7 R.S.54:4-64, but no later than September 15. The amount to be 8 payable as each of the first two installments shall be one-quarter of 9 the total tax finally levied against the municipality for the preceding 10 year, and the amount to be payable for the third and fourth 11 installments shall be the full tax as levied for the current year, less 12 the amount charged as the first and second installments. The 13 amount thus found to be payable as the last two installments shall 14 be divided equally for and as each installment. The governing body 15 of each municipality shall cause to be paid to the county treasurer 16 on December fifteenth of each year all of the taxes required to be 17 assessed and raised by taxation in such taxing district for state 18 school and other state purposes.

19 (cf: R.S.54:4-74)

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21 37. R.S.54:4-75 is amended to read as follows:

22 54:4-75. The governing body of each municipality shall pay 23 over to the custodian of school moneys, in the case of school 24 districts in which appropriations for school purposes are made by 25 the inhabitants of the school district, within forty days after the 26 beginning of the school year, twenty per centum (20%) of the 27 appropriation for local school purposes, and thereafter, but prior to 28 the last day of the school year, the balance of the moneys raised in 29 the municipality for school purposes in such amounts as may from 30 time to time be requested by the Board of Education, within thirty 31 days after each request. The Board of Education shall not request 32 any more money at any one time than shall be required for its 33 expenditures for a period of eight weeks in advance; provided, 34 however, that the Board of Education may at any time, but not 35 earlier than fifteen days prior to the beginning of the school year, 36 request sufficient moneys to meet all interest and debt redemption 37 charges maturing during the first forty days of the school year. The 38 governing body may make payments of such moneys in advance of 39 the time and in excess of the amounts required by this section. 40 Notwithstanding provisions of this section to the contrary, in those 41 years when the third installment of property taxes has been 42 determined by the tax collector to be due after August 10, the 43 installment shall be due no later than five days after the twenty-fifth 44 day from when the tax bill was mailed or otherwise delivered 45 pursuant to subsection a. of R.S.54:4-64, but no later than 46 September 1.

47 (cf: P.L.1952, c.274, s.1)

1 38. Section 1 of P.L.1981, c.239 (C.54A:9-8.1) is amended to 2 read as follows: 1. a. Whenever any taxpayer or resident shall be entitled to any 3 4 refund of taxes pursuant to the "New Jersey Gross Income Tax Act" 5 (N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq.), including an earned income tax credit 6 provided as a refund pursuant to P.L.2000, c.80 (C.54A:4-6 et al.), 7 or whenever any individual is eligible to receive a homestead rebate or credit pursuant to P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.57 et al.), P.L.1999, 8 9 c.63 (C.54:4-8.58a et al.) [or], P.L.2004, c.40 or P.L. , c 10 ) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), and if the <u>(C.</u> 11 rebate or credit is not required to be paid over to the municipal tax 12 collector under the provisions of section 8 of P.L.1990, c.61 (C.54:4-8.64), and at the same time the taxpayer or resident shall be 13 14 indebted to any agency or institution of State Government, to the 15 Victims of Crime Compensation Board for the portion of an assessment ordered pursuant to N.J.S.2C:43-3.1 for deposit in the 16 17 Victims of Crime Compensation Board Account or restitution 18 ordered to be paid to the board pursuant to N.J.S.2C:44-2 for 19 deposit in the Victims of Crime Compensation Board Account, or 20 for child support under Title IV-A, Title IV-D, or Title IV-E of the 21 federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.601 et seq.), or other 22 indebtedness in accordance with section 1 of P.L.1995, c.290 23 (C.2A:17-56.11b) the Department of the Treasury shall apply or 24 cause to be applied the refund, homestead rebate or credit, or all, or 25 so much of any or all as shall be necessary, to satisfy the 26 indebtedness. Child support indebtedness shall take precedence 27 over all other indebtedness. The Department of the Treasury shall 28 retain a percentage of the proceeds of any collection setoff as shall 29 be necessary to provide for any expenses of the collection effort. 30 b. A State department or agency which is owed a debt shall 31 notify the Department of the Treasury of the existence of the debt and shall request that the Department of the Treasury execute a 32 33 setoff as provided for in this section. 34 (cf: P.L.2005, c.124, s.12) 35 36 39. Section 2 of P.L.1981, c.239 (C.54A:9-8.2) is amended to 37 read as follows:

38 2. The Department of the Treasury shall promulgate regulations 39 concerning the procedures and methods to be employed by all 40 agencies and institutions in the executive branch in the collection or 41 the setting off of delinquent accounts. The regulations shall be 42 consistent with all Federal requirements or limitations regarding 43 any information utilized in any collection or setoff, and shall in 44 addition provide for due notice to the debtor and opportunity for a 45 hearing upon request prior to any setoff; safeguards against the 46 disclosure or inappropriate use of any personally identifiable 47 information regarding the debtor obtained or maintained pursuant to 48 this act; and the appropriate apportionment of any setoff in the case

1 of a debtor's joint filing of a joint income tax return or homestead 2 rebate or credit application. 3 (cf: P.L.1981, c.239, s.2) 4 5 40. (New section) For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007, 6 the sum that shall be appropriated for homestead property tax 7 rebates for residential tenants shall be not less than twice the amount appropriated for the same purpose in the prior fiscal year 8 9 and shall be allocated in a manner prescribed by law. 10 11 41. Section 1 of P.L.1995, c.44 (C.2B:20-2) is amended to read 12 as follows: 1. a. The names of persons eligible for jury service shall be 13 14 selected from a single juror source list of county residents whose 15 names and addresses shall be obtained from a merger of the 16 following lists: registered voters, licensed drivers, filers of State 17 gross income tax returns and filers of homestead rebate or credit application forms. The county election board, the Division of 18 19 Motor Vehicles and the State Division of Taxation shall provide 20 these lists annually to the Assignment Judge of the county. The 21 Assignment Judge may provide for the merger of additional lists of 22 persons eligible for jury service that may contribute to the breadth 23 of the juror source list. Merger of the lists of eligible jurors into a 24 single juror source list shall include a reasonable attempt to 25 eliminate duplication of names. 26 b. The juror source list shall be compiled once a year or more 27 often as directed by the Assignment Judge. 28 c. The juror source list may be expanded by the Supreme Court 29 as it deems appropriate. 30 (cf: P.L.1995, c.44, s.1) 31 32 42. Section 7 of P.L.1964, c.125 (C.52:14-17.38) is amended to 33 read as follows: 34 7. a. The Division of Pensions and Benefits shall certify to the 35 certifying agent of each employer electing participation under the 36 program the premium rates and periodic charges applicable to the 37 coverage provided for employees and dependents. The 38 participating employer shall remit to the division all contributions 39 to premiums and periodic charges in advance of their due dates, 40 subject to the rules and regulations of the commission. 41 Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, 42 the obligations of a participating employer other than the State to 43 pay the premium or periodic charges for health benefits coverage 44 provided under P.L.1961, c.49 (C.52:14-17.25 et seq.) may be 45 determined by means of a binding collective negotiations 46 agreement. With respect to employees for whom there is no 47 majority representative for collective negotiations purposes, the 48 employer may, in its sole discretion, modify the respective payment

1 obligations set forth in law for the employer and such employees in

2 a manner consistent with the terms of any collective negotiations

3 agreement binding on the employer.

4 b. (1) From funds allocated therefor, the employer other than the 5 State, upon the adoption and submission to the division of an 6 appropriate resolution prescribed by the commission, may pay the 7 premium or periodic charges for the benefits provided to a retired 8 employee and the employee's dependents covered under the 9 program, if the employee retired from a State or locally-10 administered retirement system, excepting the employee who 11 elected deferred retirement, and may also reimburse the retired 12 employee for the employee's premium charges under Part B of 13 Medicare covering the retired employee and the employee's spouse 14 if the employee:

15 (a) retired on a disability pension; or

16 (b) retired after 25 or more years of nonconcurrent service credit 17 in one or more State or locally-administered retirement systems and 18 a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time 19 of retirement, such period of service to be determined by the 20 employer and set forth in an ordinance or resolution as appropriate; 21 or

22 (c) retired and reached the age of 65 years or older with 25 years 23 or more of nonconcurrent service credit in one or more State or 24 locally-administered retirement systems and a period of service of 25 up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement, such 26 period of service to be determined by the employer and set forth in 27 an ordinance or resolution as appropriate; or

28 (d) retired and reached the age of 62 years or older with at least 29 15 years of service with the employer.

30 "Retired employee and the employee's dependents" may, upon 31 adoption of an appropriate resolution therefor by the participating 32 employer, also include otherwise eligible employees, and their 33 dependents, who retired from one or more State or locally-34 administered retirement systems prior to the date that the employer 35 became a participating employer in the New Jersey State Health 36 Benefits Program or who did not elect to continue coverage in the 37 program during such time after the employer became a participating 38 employer that the employer did not pay premium or periodic 39 charges for benefits to retired employees and their dependents 40 pursuant to this section. Eligibility and enrollment of such 41 employees and dependents shall be in accordance with such rules 42 and regulations as may be adopted by the State Health Benefits 43 Commission.

44 The employer other than the State may, by resolution, pay the 45 premium or periodic charges for the benefits provided to the 46 surviving spouse of a retired employee and the employee's 47 dependents covered under the program as provided in this section.

1 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the 2 contrary, the obligations of an employer other than the State, except 3 an independent State authority, board, commission, corporation, 4 agency, or organization deemed to be covered by section 6 of 5 P.L.1996, c.8 (C.52:14-17.28b) and except school boards whose 6 employees are covered by section 3 of P.L.1987, c.384 (C.52:14-7 17.32f), section 2 of P.L.1992, c.126 (C.52:14-17.32f1) and section 8 1 of P.L.1995, c.357 (C.52:14-17.32f2), to pay the premium or 9 periodic charges for health benefits coverage under the provisions of paragraph (1) may be determined by means of a binding 10 11 collective negotiations agreement, including any agreement in force 12 at the time of the adoption of this act, P.L.1999, c.48. With respect 13 to employees for whom there is no majority representative for 14 collective negotiations purposes, the employer may, in its sole 15 discretion, determine the payment obligations for the employer and 16 the employees, except that if there are collective negotiations agreements binding upon the employer for employees who are 17 18 within the same community of interest as employees in a collective 19 negotiations unit but are excluded from participation in the unit by 20 the "New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act," P.L.1941, 21 c.100 (C.34:13A-1 et seq.), the payment obligations shall be 22 determined in a manner consistent with the terms of any collective 23 negotiations agreement applicable to the collective negotiations 24 unit.

25 c. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the 26 contrary, the payment obligations of an employee of an employer 27 other than the State, except an independent State authority, board, 28 commission, corporation, agency, or organization, for health 29 benefits coverage under subsection b. shall be the payment 30 obligations applicable to the employee on the date the employee 31 retires on a disability pension or the date the employee meets the 32 service credit and service requirements for the employer payment 33 for the coverage, as the case may be.

- 34 (cf: P.L.2001, c.209, s.4)
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36 43. Section 9 of P.L.1964, c.125 (C.52:14-17.40) is amended to
37 read as follows:

38 9. An employee enrolling for [dependents] coverage shall, at 39 the time of enrollment, authorize the participating employer to 40 withhold, on an advance basis, from his wages or salary the 41 contribution required by such employer for such coverage, which 42 shall not exceed the premium or periodic charge therefor. The 43 remainder of the premiums and periodic charges for employee and 44 dependents coverage shall be paid by the participating employer out 45 of its own funds.

46 (cf: P.L.1964, c.125, s.9)

1 44. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other 2 law to the contrary, a board of education, or an agency or instrumentality thereof, may establish as an employer a cafeteria 3 4 plan for its employees pursuant to section 125 of the federal 5 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.§125. The plan may provide for a 6 reduction in an employee's salary, through payroll deductions or 7 otherwise, in exchange for payment by the employer of medical or 8 dental expenses not covered by a health benefits plan, and 9 dependent care expenses as provided in section 129 of the code, 26 10 U.S.C.§129, and such other benefits as are consistent with section 11 125 which are included under the plan. The amount of any 12 reduction in an employee's salary for the purpose of contributing to 13 the plan shall continue to be treated as regular compensation for all 14 other purposes, including the calculation of pension contributions 15 and the amount of any retirement allowance, but, to the extent permitted by the federal Internal Revenue Code, shall not be 16 17 included in the computation of federal taxes withheld from the 18 employee's salary.

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20 45. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other 21 law to the contrary, a local unit of government, or an agency, board, commission, authority or instrumentality thereof, may establish as 22 23 an employer a cafeteria plan for its employees pursuant to section 24 125 of the federal Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.§125. The plan 25 may provide for a reduction in an employee's salary, through 26 payroll deductions or otherwise, in exchange for payment by the 27 employer of medical or dental expenses not covered by a health 28 benefits plan, and dependent care expenses as provided in section 29 129 of the code, 26 U.S.C.§129, and such other benefits as are 30 consistent with section 125 which are included under the plan. The 31 amount of any reduction in an employee's salary for the purpose of 32 contributing to the plan shall continue to be treated as regular 33 compensation for all other purposes, including the calculation of 34 pension contributions and the amount of any retirement allowance, 35 but, to the extent permitted by the federal Internal Revenue Code, 36 shall not be included in the computation of federal taxes withheld 37 from the employee's salary.

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39 46. a. There is appropriated to the Department of Education the 40 Treasury from the General Fund an amount as the Commissioner of 41 Education shall determine is necessary for the administrative costs 42 of implementing the levy cap provisions of this act applicable to 43 school districts, subject to the approval of the Director of the 44 Division of Budget and Accounting.

45 There is appropriated to the Department of Community b. 46 Affairs from the General Fund an amount as the Commissioner of 47 Community Affairs shall determine is necessary for the 48 administrative costs of implementing the levy cap provisions of this

1 act applicable to local units, subject to the approval of the Director 2 of the Division of Budget and Accounting. 3 c. There is appropriated to the Department of the Treasury from 4 the General Fund an amount as the Director of the Division of 5 Taxation in the Department of the Treasury shall determine is 6 necessary for the administrative costs of implementing the credit 7 provisions of this act (sections 19 through 40), subject to the 8 approval of the Director of the Division of Budget and Accounting. 9 10 47. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, 11 sections 2 through 12 shall be applicable only to budget years 12 beginning on or after July 1, 2007, and shall not be applicable to 13 budget years beginning after June 30, 2012; section 13 shall be 14 retroactive to July 1, 2006, and shall not be applicable to budget 15 years beginning after June 30, 2012; and sections 19 through 40 16 shall first apply to claims for rebates and credits for property taxes 17 paid for the tax year 2006.

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### STATEMENT

22 This bill provides a homestead property tax credit for residents 23 of New Jersey and provides a means to ensure that the property tax 24 relief is sustainable through a property tax levy cap of four percent 25 that is applicable to school districts, counties, municipalities, fire 26 districts, and solid waste collection districts. Sections 19 through 27 41 of this bill establish a homestead credit program for New Jersey 28 homeowners and residential tenants. These sections replace the 29 current homestead rebate program for homeowners that provides 30 benefits in set dollar amounts in ranges based on income. An 31 additional section, to benefit residential tenants, requires that for the 32 fiscal year beginning July 1, 2007, the sum to be appropriated for 33 homestead property tax rebates for residential tenants shall be not 34 less than twice the amount appropriated for the same purpose in the 35 prior fiscal year. The credit program retains the rebate program's 36 definition of income and provides a benefit based on a percentage 37 of property taxes paid for the previous year. The percentages vary 38 based on three income levels: 20% for incomes up to \$100,000, 39 15% for incomes over \$100,000 up to \$150,000, and 10% for 40 incomes over \$150,000 up to \$250,000. Taxpayers with incomes 41 over \$250,000 receive no benefit. If a property tax bill is higher 42 than \$10,000, the benefit only applies to a percentage of the first 43 \$10,000 of property taxes paid. The benefit amounts do not vary 44 based upon a taxpayers age or disability status. This bill provides 45 immediate property tax relief to a large number of homeowners and 46 residential tenants.

For seniors and residents who are blind or disabled, the bill either retains the current calculation of property tax rebates or

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applies the new credit formula, whichever provides a greater benefit. Under the current calculation the homestead benefit for the tax year equals the amount by which property taxes paid by the claimant in that tax year on the claimant's homestead exceed 5% of the claimant's gross income, with certain maximum and minimum benefits. Most of these taxpayers are eligible for a benefit of \$1,200.

8 The new percentage-based benefit will be provided to taxpayers 9 in the form of a credit rather than a rebate. However, the director 10 retains the discretion to provide rebates when there is uncertainty 11 that the benefit will be accurately provided to the correct taxpayer. 12 In addition, seniors will receive the benefit as a rebate in the first 13 year, and may individually choose to continue to do so in following 14 years.

Credits will be reflected annually in the August and November
property tax bills beginning in 2007. A taxpayer must reside in a
homestead on October 1 of a tax year to be eligible for the credit.

18 The bill requires each property tax bill to show the taxpayer the 19 amount of credit the taxpayer receives, and makes additional 20 technical changes to statutes affecting the format and content of tax 21 bills.

22 Sections 2 through 7 of this bill establishes a property tax levy 23 cap for school districts, with very limited exceptions. During the 24 first school budget year following enactment of this bill, the school 25 district could go to its voters, as it does now, for approval to exceed 26 the 4% levy cap. After the first year, the school district would need 27 approval by at least 60% of the voters to exceed the levy cap. The 28 bill ensures a great degree of transparency so that the ballot 29 question and statement accurately explains the purpose for the 30 additional funding request. After the first year, the school district 31 also would be able to seek a waiver from the Commissioner of 32 Education for limited categories of purposes, instead of or prior to 33 seeking voter approval.

34 Sections 9 through 13 of the bill establish a property tax levy cap 35 of four percent for local units, namely counties, municipalities, fire 36 districts, and solid waste collection districts, with very limited 37 exceptions. In the case of a county, this levy cap is intended to be 38 tighter than the existing levy cap, but regardless, the smaller cap 39 In the case of a municipality, this levy cap would apply. 40 supplements the existing municipal expenditure cap and so would 41 act as an additional constraint on municipal spending. Fire districts 42 and solid waste collection districts currently are not subject to any 43 expenditure or levy caps. The Local Finance Board would be 44 authorized to grant waivers from the four percent cap in very 45 limited circumstances.

46 Sections 42 through 45 of the bill provide local governments,
47 including local boards of education, with the ability to modify,
48 through collective negotiations agreements with their active

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employees, the payment obligations of the employer for active
 employee coverage under the State Health Benefits Program
 (SHBP). The ability to negotiate the amount of SHBP premium or
 periodic charges to be paid by the employer has been available to
 the State since 1997, and to local governments with regard to their
 future retirees since 1999.

7 The bill also permits all local units of government (including 8 boards of education, county colleges, and local authorities) to 9 establish cafeteria plans pursuant to section 125 of the federal 10 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.§125, to provide for a reduction 11 in an employee's salary, through payroll deductions or otherwise, in 12 exchange for payment by the employer of medical or dental 13 expenses not covered by a health benefits plan, of dependent care expenses as provided in section 129 of the code, 26 U.S.C.§129, 14 15 and of such other benefits as are consistent with section 125 which 16 are included under the plan. The amount of any reduction in an 17 employee's salary will continue to be treated as regular 18 compensation for all other purposes, including the calculation of 19 pension contributions and the amount of any retirement allowance, 20 but, to the extent permitted by the federal Internal Revenue Code, 21 will not be included in the computation of federal taxes withheld 22 from the employee's salary. The State was given the authority to 23 establish such cafeteria plans in 1996 pursuant to N.J.S.A.52:14-24 15.1a.

These provisions will provide local governments that participate in the SHBP with flexibility to make negotiate changes required to control costs.

The bill appropriates funds necessary for the administrative costs of implementing the levy caps. The bill also appropriates funds necessary for the administrative costs of implementing the credit program, in an amount determined by the Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, with the approval of the Director of the Division of Budget and Accounting.