[First Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 1399

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

212th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2006 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman MICHAEL J. DOHERTY District 23 (Warren and Hunterdon) Assemblyman UPENDRA J. CHIVUKULA District 17 (Middlesex and Somerset)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblymen Egan, Gregg, Merkt, Pennacchio, Assemblywoman Cruz-Perez, Assemblymen Roberts, Vas and Wisniewski

SYNOPSIS

Provides for commencement of short term tax exemptions and abatements as of date of completion of project.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Housing and Local Government Committee on November 9, 2006, with amendments.



1 **AN ACT** concerning the commencement of certain short term tax exemptions and abatements and amending P.L.1991, c.441.

3

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

5 6 7

8

9

10

11 12

13

23

24

25

- 1. Section 3 of P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-3) is amended to read as follows:
 - 3. As used in this act:
- a. "Abatement" means that portion of the assessed value of a property as it existed prior to construction, improvement or conversion of a building or structure thereon, which is exempted from taxation pursuant to this act.
- 14 b. "Area in need of rehabilitation" means a portion or all of a 15 municipality which has been determined to be an area in need of 16 rehabilitation or redevelopment pursuant to the Redevelopment and Housing Law," P.L.1992, c.79 (C.40A:12A-1 et 17 18 al.), a "blighted area" as determined pursuant to the "Blighted Areas 19 Act," P.L.1949, c.187 (C.40:55-21.1 et seq.), or which has been 20 determined to be in need of rehabilitation pursuant to P.L.1975, 21 c.104 (C.54:4-3.72 et seq.), P.L.1977, c.12 (C.54:4-3.95 et seq.), or 22 P.L.1979, c.233 (C.54:4-3.121 et seq.).
 - c. "Assessor" means the officer of a taxing district charged with the duty of assessing real property for the purpose of general taxation.
- 26 d. "Commercial or industrial structure" means a structure or part 27 thereof used for the manufacturing, processing or assembling of material or manufactured products, or for research, office, 28 29 industrial, commercial, retail, recreational, hotel or motel facilities, 30 or warehousing purposes, or for any combination thereof, which the 31 governing body determines will tend to maintain or provide gainful 32 employment within the municipality, assist in the economic 33 development of the municipality, maintain or increase the tax base 34 of the municipality and maintain or diversify and expand commerce 35 within the municipality. It shall not include any structure or part 36 thereof used or to be used by any business relocated from another 37 qualifying municipality unless: the total square footage of the floor 38 area of the structure or part thereof used or to be used by the 39 business at the new site together with the total square footage of the 40 land used or to be used by the business at the new site exceeds the 41 total square footage of that utilized by the business at its current site 42 of operations by at least 10%; and the property that the business is 43 relocating to has been the subject of a remedial action plan costing 44 in excess of \$250,000 performed pursuant to an administrative

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Assembly AHO committee amendments adopted November 9, 2006.

- 1 consent order entered into pursuant to authority vested in the
- 2 Commissioner of Environmental Protection under P.L.1970. c.33
- 3 (C.13:1D-1 et seq.), the "Water Pollution Control Act," P.L.1977,
- 4 c.74 (C.58:10A-1 et seq.), the "Solid Waste Management Act,"
- 5 P.L.1970, c.39 (C.13:1E-1 et seq.), and the "Spill Compensation
- 6 and Control Act," P.L.1976, c.141 (C.58:10-23.11 et seq.).

- e. "Completion" means substantially ready for the intended use for which a building or structure is constructed, improved or converted.
 - f. "Condominium" means a property created or recorded as a condominium pursuant to the "Condominium Act," P.L.1969, c.257 (C.46:8B-1 et seq.).
 - g. "Construction" means the provision of a new dwelling, multiple dwelling or commercial or industrial structure, or the enlargement of the volume of an existing multiple dwelling or commercial or industrial structure by more than 30%, but shall not mean the conversion of an existing building or structure to another use.
 - h. "Conversion" or "conversion alteration" means the alteration or renovation of a nonresidential building or structure, or hotel, motel, motel or guesthouse, in such manner as to convert the building or structure from its previous use to use as a dwelling or multiple dwelling.
 - i. "Cooperative" means a housing corporation or association, wherein the holder of a share or membership interest thereof is entitled to possess and occupy for dwelling purposes a house, apartment, or other unit of housing owned by the corporation or association, or to purchase a unit of housing owned by the corporation or association.
 - j. "Cost" means, when used with respect to abatements for dwellings or multiple dwellings, only the cost or fair market value of direct labor and materials used in improving a multiple dwelling, or of converting another building or structure to a multiple dwelling, or of constructing a dwelling, or of converting another building or structure to a dwelling, including any architectural, engineering, and contractor's fees associated therewith, as the owner of the property shall cause to be certified to the governing body by an independent and qualified architect, following the completion of the project.
 - k. "Dwelling" means a building or part of a building used, to be used or held for use as a home or residence, including accessory buildings located on the same premises, together with the land upon which such building or buildings are erected and which may be necessary for the fair enjoyment thereof, but shall not mean any building or part of a building, defined as a "multiple dwelling" pursuant to the "Hotel and Multiple Dwelling Law," P.L.1967, c.76 (C.55:13A-1 et seq.). A dwelling shall include, as they are separately conveyed to individual owners, individual residences

- 1 within a cooperative, if purchased separately by the occupants
- 2 thereof, and individual residences within a horizontal property
- 3 regime or a condominium, but shall not include "general common
- 4 elements" or "common elements" of such horizontal property
- 5 regime or condominium as defined pursuant to the "Horizontal
- 6 Property Act," P.L.1963, c.168 (C.46:8A-1 et seq.), or the
- 7 "Condominium Act," P.L.1969, c.257 (C.46:8B-1 et seq.), or of a
- 8 cooperative, if the residential units are owned separately.
 - 1. "Exemption" means that portion of the assessor's full and true value of any improvement, conversion alteration, or construction not regarded as increasing the taxable value of a property pursuant to this act.
- m. "Horizontal property regime" means a property submitted to a horizontal property regime pursuant to the "Horizontal Property

 15 Act " P. I. 1963, p. 168 (C. 46:8A, 1 et acq.)
- Act," P.L.1963, c.168 (C.46:8A-1 et seq.).

 n. "Improvement" means a modernization, rehabilitation, renovation, alteration or repair which produces a physical change in an existing building or structure that improves the safety, sanitation,
- decency or attractiveness of the building or structure as a place for
- human habitation or work, and which does not change its permitted use. In the case of a multiple dwelling, it includes only
- improvements which affect common areas or elements, or three or
- 23 more dwelling units within the multiple dwelling. In the case of a
- multiple dwelling or commercial or industrial structure, it shall not
- 25 include ordinary painting, repairs and replacement of maintenance
- 26 items, or an enlargement of the volume of an existing structure by
- 27 more than 30%. In no case shall it include the repair of fire or other
- damage to a property for which payment of a claim was received by
- 29 any person from an insurance company at any time during the three
- 30 year period immediately preceding the filing of an application
- 31 pursuant to this act.

9

10

11

- o. "Multiple dwelling" means a building or structure meeting the definition of "multiple dwelling" set forth in the "Hotel and
- 34 Multiple Dwelling Law," P.L.1967, c.76 (C.55:13A-1 et seq.), and
- means for the purpose of improvement or construction the "general"
- 36 common elements" and "common elements" of a condominium, a
- 37 cooperative, or a horizontal property regime.
- p. "Project" means the construction, improvement or conversion
- 39 of a structure in an area in need of rehabilitation that would qualify
- 40 for an exemption, or an exemption and abatement, pursuant to
- 41 P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-1 et seq.).
- 42 <u>q. "Annual period" means a duration of time comprising 365</u>
- 43 days, or 366 days when the included month of February has 29
- 44 days, that commences on the date that an exemption or abatement
- 45 <u>for a project becomes effective pursuant to section 16 of P.L.1991,</u>
- 46 <u>c.441 (C.40A:21-16) (pending before the Legislature as this bill).</u>
- 47 (cf: P.L.1995, c.113, s.1)

- 1 2. Section 4 of P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-4) is amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 The governing body of a municipality may determine to 4 utilize the authority granted under Article VIII, Section I, paragraph 5 6 of the New Jersey Constitution, and adopt an ordinance setting 6 forth the eligibility or noneligibility of dwellings, multiple 7 dwellings, or commercial and industrial structures, or all of these, 8 for exemptions or abatements, or both, from taxation in areas in 9 need of rehabilitation. The ordinance may differentiate among 10 these types of structures as to whether the property shall be eligible 11 for exemptions or abatements, or both, within the limitations set 12 forth in P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-1 et seq.). With respect to a 13 type of structure, the ordinance shall specify the eligibility of 14 improvements, conversions, or construction, or all of these, for each 15 type of structure. The ordinance may differentiate for the purposes 16 of determining eligibility pursuant to this section among the various 17 neighborhoods, zones, areas or portions of the designated area in 18 need of rehabilitation.

An ordinance adopted pursuant to this section may be amended from time to time. An amendment to an ordinance shall not affect any exemption, abatement, or tax agreement previously granted and in force prior to the amendment.

Application for exemptions and abatements from taxation may be filed pursuant to an ordinance so adopted to take initial effect [for the first full tax year commencing after] in the tax year in which the ordinance is adopted, and for tax years thereafter as set forth in P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-1 et seq.), but no application for exemptions or abatements shall be filed for exemptions or abatements to take initial effect [for] in the eleventh [full] tax year or any tax year occurring thereafter, unless the ordinance is readopted by the governing body pursuant to this section.

(cf: P.L.1992, c.79, s.58)

32 33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

44

45

46

47

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

- ¹3. Section 10 of P.L.1991, c.441 (40A:21-10) is amended to read as follows:
- 10. Upon adoption of an ordinance authorizing a tax agreement or agreements for a particular project or projects, the governing body may enter into written agreements with the applicants for the exemption and abatement of local real property taxes. agreement shall provide for the applicant to pay to the municipality in lieu of full property tax payments an amount annually to be computed by one, but in no case a combination, of the following formulas:

43

a. Cost basis: the agreement may provide for the applicant to pay to the municipality in lieu of full property tax payments an amount equal to 2% of the cost of the project. For the purposes of the agreement, "the cost of the project" means only the cost or fair

market value of direct labor and all materials used in the 1 2 construction, expansion, or rehabilitation of all buildings, 3 structures, and facilities at the project site, including the costs, if 4 any, of land acquisition and land preparation, provision of access 5 roads, utilities, drainage facilities, and parking facilities, together 6 with architectural, engineering, legal, surveying, testing, and 7 contractors' fees associated with the project; which the applicant 8 shall cause to be certified and verified to the governing body by an 9 independent and qualified architect, following the completion of the 10 project.

- b. Gross revenue basis: the agreement may provide for the applicant to pay to the municipality in lieu of full property tax payments an amount annually equal to 15% of the annual gross revenues from the project. For the purposes of the agreement, "annual gross revenues" means the total annual gross rental and other income payable to the owner of the project from the project. If in any leasing, any real estate taxes or assessments on property included in the project, any premiums for fire or other insurance on or concerning property included in the project, or any operating or maintenance expenses ordinarily paid by the landlord, are to be paid by the tenant, then those payments shall be computed and deemed to be part of the rent and shall be included in the annual gross revenue. The tax agreement shall establish the method of computing the revenues and may establish a method of arbitration by which either the landlord or tenant may dispute the amount of payments so included in the annual gross revenue.
 - c. Tax phase-in basis: the agreement may provide for the applicant to pay to the municipality in lieu of full property tax payments an amount equal to a percentage of taxes otherwise due, according to the following schedule:
 - (1) In the first full **[**tax**]** year after completion, no payment in lieu of taxes otherwise due;
 - (2) In the second **[**tax**]** <u>full</u> year <u>after completion</u>, an amount not less than 20% of taxes otherwise due;
 - (3) In the third **[**tax**]** <u>full</u> year <u>after completion</u>, an amount not less than 40% of taxes otherwise due;
 - (4) In the fourth [tax] <u>full</u> year <u>after completion</u>, an amount not less than 60% of taxes otherwise due;
- (5) In the fifth [tax] <u>full</u> year <u>after completion</u>, an amount not less than 80% of taxes otherwise due.¹
- 41 (cf: P.L.1992, c.200, s.1)

42

11

12

13 14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

2829

30

31

3233

34

35

3637

3839

- 43 ¹4. Section 11 of P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-11) is amended to 44 read as follows:
- 11. a. All tax agreements entered into by municipalities pursuant to sections 9 through 12 of P.L.1991, c.441 shall be in effect for no more than the five full [tax] years next following the date of

1 completion of the project.

- b. All projects subject to tax agreement as provided herein shall be subject to all applicable federal, State and local laws and regulations on pollution control, worker safety, discrimination in employment, housing provision, zoning, planning and building code requirements.
- c. That percentage which the payment in lieu of taxes for a property bears to the property tax which would have been paid had an exemption and abatement not been granted for the property under the agreement shall be applied to the valuation of the property to determine the reduced valuation of the property to be included in the valuation of the municipality for determining equalization for county tax apportionment and school aid during the term of the tax agreements covering the properties, and at the termination of an agreement for a property the reduced valuation procedure required under this section shall no longer apply.
- d. Within 30 days after the execution of a tax agreement, a municipality shall forward a copy of the agreement to the Director of the Division of Local Government Services in the Department of Community Affairs.¹

21 (cf: P.L.1991, c.441, s.11)

2223

24

25

26

2728

29

30

31

3233

34

35

36

37

38

39

40

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- 1 [3.] <u>5.</u> 1 Section 13 of P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-13) is amended to read as follows:
- The assessor shall determine, on October 1 of the year following the date of the completion of an improvement, conversion or construction, the true taxable value thereof. Except for projects subject to tax agreement, pursuant to sections 9 through 12 of P.L.1991, c.441, the amount of tax to be paid for the [first full] tax year [following completion] in which the project is completed shall be based on the assessed valuation of the property for the [previous] current tax year, minus the amount of the abatement, if any, allowed pursuant to this act and pro rated, plus any portion of the assessed valuation of the improvement, conversion or construction not allowed an exemption pursuant to this act, also pro Subject to the provisions of the adopting ordinance, the property shall continue to be treated in the appropriate manner for each of the [five full] four tax years subsequent to the original determination by the assessor and shall be pro rated for the final tax year in which the exemption or abatement expires. (cf: P.L.1991, c.441, s.13)

41 42 43

- ¹[4.] <u>6.</u> Section 16 of P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-16) is amended to read as follows:
- 16. No exemption or abatement shall be granted pursuant to this act except upon written application therefor filed with and approved by the assessor of the taxing district wherein the improvement

A1399 [1R] DOHERTY, CHIVUKULA

8

conversion alteration or construction is made. Every application 1 2 shall be on a form prescribed by the Director of the Division of 3 Taxation in the Department of the Treasury, and provided for the 4 use of claimants by the governing body of the municipality 5 constituting the taxing district, and shall be filed with the assessor 6 within 30 days, including Saturdays and Sundays, following the 7 completion of the improvement, conversion alteration or 8 construction. Every application for exemption, or exemption and 9 abatement, within a municipality adopting the provisions of this act 10 which is filed within the time specified, shall be approved and 11 allowed by the assessor to the degree that the application is 12 consistent with the provisions of the adopting ordinance or the tax 13 agreement, provided that the improvement, conversion alteration or 14 construction for which the application is made qualifies as an 15 improvement, a conversion alteration or construction pursuant to 16 the provisions of this act and the tax agreement, if any. 17 granting of an exemption, or exemption and abatement, shall relate 18 back to, and take effect as of, the date of completion of the project, 19 or portion or stage of the project for which the exemption, or 20 exemption and abatement, is granted, and shall continue for five 21 annual periods from that date. The grant of the exemption, or 22 exemption and abatement, or tax agreement shall be recorded and 23 made a permanent part of the official tax records of the taxing 24 district, which record shall contain a notice of the termination date 25 ¹[The added assessment provisions of section 3 of P.L.1941, c.397 (C.54:4-63.3) and the omitted assessment 26 provisions of section 9 of P.L.1947, c.413 (C.54:4-63.20) and 27 28 section 1 of P.L.1968, c.184 (C.54:4-63.31 shall not be applicable 29 to any property for which the owner-occupant has been granted a 30 tax exemption or abatement under P.L.1991, c.441 (C.40A:21-1 et seq.).]¹ 31

3233

¹[5.] 7. This act shall take effect immediately.