[First Reprint] SENATE, No. 2175

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED OCTOBER 6, 2008

Sponsored by: Senator DIANE B. ALLEN

District 7 (Burlington and Camden)

Senator PAUL A. SARLO

District 36 (Bergen, Essex and Passaic)

SYNOPSIS

Requires payment of certain attorney's fees, expenses and costs in identity theft cases; adds debit card numbers to definition of "personal identifying information".

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Senate Judiciary Committee on January 26, 2009, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/27/2009)

AN ACT concerning identity theft and amending N.J.S.2C:20-1 and P.L.2002, c.85.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

- 1. N.J.S.2C:20-1 is amended to read as follows:
- 2C:20-1. Definitions. In chapters 20 and 21, unless a different meaning plainly is required:
- a. "Deprive" means: (1) to withhold or cause to be withheld property of another permanently or for so extended a period as to appropriate a substantial portion of its economic value, or with purpose to restore only upon payment of reward or other compensation; or (2) to dispose or cause disposal of the property so as to make it unlikely that the owner will recover it.
- b. "Fiduciary" means an executor, general administrator of an intestate, administrator with the will annexed, substituted administrator, guardian, substituted guardian, trustee under any trust, express, implied, resulting or constructive, substituted trustee, executor, conservator, curator, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, assignee for the benefit of creditors, partner, agent or officer of a corporation, public or private, temporary administrator, administrator, administrator pendente lite, administrator ad prosequendum, administrator ad litem or other person acting in a similar capacity.
- c. "Financial institution" means a bank, insurance company, credit union, savings and loan association, investment trust or other organization held out to the public as a place of deposit of funds or medium of savings or collective investment.
- d. "Government" means the United States, any state, county, municipality, or other political unit, or any department, agency or subdivision of any of the foregoing, or any corporation or other association carrying out the functions of government.
- e. "Movable property" means property the location of which can be changed, including things growing on, affixed to, or found in land, and documents, although the rights represented thereby have no physical location. "Immovable property" is all other property.
- f. "Obtain" means: (1) in relation to property, to bring about a transfer or purported transfer of a legal interest in the property, whether to the obtainer or another; or (2) in relation to labor or service, to secure performance thereof.
- g. "Property" means anything of value, including real estate, tangible and intangible personal property, trade secrets, contract rights, choses in action and other interests in or claims to wealth, admission or transportation tickets, captured or domestic animals,

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

- food and drink, electric, gas, steam or other power, financial instruments, information, data, and computer software, in either human readable or computer readable form, copies or originals.
 - h. "Property of another" includes property in which any person other than the actor has an interest which the actor is not privileged to infringe, regardless of the fact that the actor also has an interest in the property and regardless of the fact that the other person might be precluded from civil recovery because the property was used in an unlawful transaction or was subject to forfeiture as contraband. Property in possession of the actor shall not be deemed property of another who has only a security interest therein, even if legal title is in the creditor pursuant to a conditional sales contract or other security agreement.
- i. "Trade secret" means the whole or any portion or phase of any scientific or technical information, design, process, procedure, formula or improvement which is secret and of value. A trade secret shall be presumed to be secret when the owner thereof takes measures to prevent it from becoming available to persons other than those selected by the owner to have access thereto for limited purposes.
 - j. "Dealer in property" means a person who buys and sells property as a business.
 - k. "Traffic" means:

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- (1) To sell, transfer, distribute, dispense or otherwise dispose of property to another person; or
 - (2) To buy, receive, possess, or obtain control of or use property, with intent to sell, transfer, distribute, dispense or otherwise dispose of such property to another person.
 - l. "Broken succession of title" means lack of regular documents of purchase and transfer by any seller except the manufacturer of the subject property, or possession of documents of purchase and transfer by any buyer without corresponding documents of sale and transfer in possession of seller, or possession of documents of sale and transfer by seller without corresponding documents of purchase and transfer in possession of any buyer.
- m. "Person" includes any individual or entity or enterprise, as defined herein, holding or capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property.
- n. "Anything of value" means any direct or indirect gain or advantage to any person.
- o. "Interest in property which has been stolen" means title or right of possession to such property.
- p. "Stolen property" means property that has been the subject of any unlawful taking.
- q. "Enterprise" includes any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or group of individuals associated in fact,

although not a legal entity, and it includes illicit as well as licit enterprises and governmental as well as other entities.

- r. "Attorney General" includes the Attorney General of New Jersey, his assistants and deputies. The term shall also include a county prosecutor or his designated assistant prosecutor, if a county prosecutor is expressly authorized in writing by the Attorney General to carry out the powers conferred on the Attorney General by this chapter.
- s. "Access device" means property consisting of any telephone calling card number, credit card number, account number, mobile identification number, electronic serial number, personal identification number, or any other data intended to control or limit access to telecommunications or other computer networks in either human readable or computer readable form, either copy or original, that can be used to obtain telephone service. Access device also means property consisting of a card, code or other means of access to an account held by a financial institution, or any combination thereof, that may be used by the account holder for the purpose of initiating electronic fund transfers.
- t. "Defaced access device" means any access device, in either human readable or computer readable form, either copy or original, which has been removed, erased, defaced, altered, destroyed, covered or otherwise changed in any manner from its original configuration.
- u. "Domestic companion animal" means any animal commonly referred to as a pet or one that has been bought, bred, raised or otherwise acquired, in accordance with local ordinances and State and federal law for the primary purpose of providing companionship to the owner, rather than for business or agricultural purposes.
- v. "Personal identifying information" means any name, number or other information that may be used, alone or in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific individual and includes, but is not limited to, the name, address, telephone number, date of birth, social security number, official State issued identification number, employer or taxpayer number, place of employment, employee identification number, demand deposit account number, savings account number, credit card or debit card number, mother's maiden name, unique biometric data, such as fingerprint, voice print, retina or iris image or other unique physical representation, or unique electronic identification number, address or routing code of the individual.
- (cf: P.L.2004, c.11, s.1)
- 45 2. Section 4 of P.L.2002, c.85, s.4 (C.2C:21-17.1) is amended 46 to read as follows:
- 47 4. [Restitution] <u>In addition to any other disposition authorized</u>
 48 by law ¹and any restitution otherwise ordered by the court ¹, the

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- 1 court shall order the actor to pay to a victim of an offense under N.J.S.2C:21-1, section 1 of P.L.1983, c.565 (C.2C:21-2.1), 2 N.J.S.2C:21-17, section 5 of P.L.2003, c.184 (C.2C:21-17.2) or 3 4 section 6 of P.L. 2003, c.184 (C.2C:21-17.3) when the offense 5 concerns personal identifying information [may include] 1[, restitution of lall reasonable costs, including without limitation 6 any reasonable attorney's fees¹, expenses¹ and ¹[other litigation]¹ 7 costs, incurred by the victim: 8 9 a. in clearing the credit history or credit rating of the victim; or 10
 - a. in clearing the credit history or credit rating of the victim; or
 b. in connection with any civil or administrative proceeding to
 satisfy any debt, lien, or other obligation of the victim arising as a
 result of the actions of the defendant.
- 13 (cf: P.L.2005, c.224, s.3)

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3. This act shall take effect immediately.