SENATE, No. 2549

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 213th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 2, 2009

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex) Senator BILL BARONI District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex)

SYNOPSIS

Makes technical correction to definition of "creditable coverage" in individual, small employer and larger group insurance laws.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 2/3/2009)

1 AN ACT concerning health insurance coverage and amending 2 P.L.1992, c.161, P.L.1992, c.162, and P.L.1997, c.146. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 1 of P.L.1992, c.161 (C.17B:27A-2) is amended to 8 read as follows: 9 1. As used in sections 1 through 15, inclusive, of this act: 10 "Board" means the board of directors of the program. 11 "Carrier" means any entity subject to the insurance laws and 12 regulations of this State, or subject to the jurisdiction of the 13 commissioner, that contracts or offers to contract to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health 14 care services, including a sickness and accident insurance company, 15 16 a health maintenance organization, a nonprofit hospital or health 17 service corporation, or any other entity providing a plan of health 18 insurance, health benefits or health services. For purposes of this 19 act, carriers that are affiliated companies shall be treated as one 20 carrier. 21 "Church plan" has the same meaning given that term under Title 22 I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income 23 Security Act of 1974" (29 U.S.C. s.1002 (33)). 24 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Banking and 25 Insurance. 26 "Community rating" means a rating system in which the 27 premium for all persons covered by a contract is the same, based on 28 the experience of all persons covered by that contract, without 29 regard to age, sex, health status, occupation and geographical 30 location. "Creditable coverage" means, with respect to an individual, 31 32 coverage of the individual under any of the following: a group 33 health plan; a group or individual health benefits plan; Part A or 34 Part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. s.1395 et seq.); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 35 U.S.C. s.1396 et seq.), other than coverage consisting solely of 36 37 benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.1396s); Chapter 55 of Title 10, United 38 39 States Code (10 U.S.C. s.1071 et seq.); a medical care program of 40 the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a [State] state 41 health benefits risk pool; a health plan offered under chapter 89 of 42 Title 5, United States Code (5 U.S.C. s.8901 et seq.); a public health 43 plan as defined by federal regulation; and a health benefits plan 44 under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act" (22 U.S.C. s.2504(e));

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

or coverage under any other type of plan as set forth by the
 commissioner by regulation.

3 Creditable coverage shall not include coverage consisting solely 4 of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income 5 insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a 6 supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including 7 general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; 8 workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical 9 payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site 10 medical clinics; coverage, as specified in federal regulation, under 11 which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the 12 insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the definition of health benefits plan. 13

14 "Department" means the Department of Banking and Insurance.

"Dependent" means the spouse, domestic partner as defined in
section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3), civil union partner as
defined in section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), or child of an
eligible person, subject to applicable terms of the individual health
benefits plan.

"Eligible person" means a person who is a resident who is not
eligible to be covered under a group health benefits plan, group
health plan, governmental plan, church plan, or Part A or Part B of
Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.1395 et seq.).

24 "Federally defined eligible individual" means an eligible person: 25 (1) for whom, as of the date on which the individual seeks coverage 26 under P.L.1992, c.161 (C.17B:27A-2 et al.), the aggregate of the 27 periods of creditable coverage is 18 or more months; (2) whose 28 most recent prior creditable coverage was under a group health 29 plan, governmental plan, church plan, or health insurance coverage 30 offered in connection with any such plan; (3) who is not eligible for 31 coverage under a group health plan, Part A or Part B of Title XVIII 32 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.1395 et seq.), or a State plan 33 under Title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.1396 et seq.) 34 or any successor program, and who does not have another health 35 benefits plan, or hospital or medical service plan; (4) with respect to 36 whom the most recent coverage within the period of aggregate 37 creditable coverage was not terminated based on a factor relating to 38 nonpayment of premiums or fraud; (5) who, if offered the option of 39 continuation coverage under the COBRA continuation provision or 40 a similar State program, elected that coverage; and (6) who has 41 elected continuation coverage described in (5) above and has 42 exhausted that continuation coverage.

43 "Financially impaired" means a carrier which, after the effective
44 date of this act, is not insolvent, but is deemed by the commissioner
45 to be potentially unable to fulfill its contractual obligations, or a
46 carrier which is placed under an order of rehabilitation or
47 conservation by a court of competent jurisdiction.

"Governmental plan" has the meaning given that term under Title
I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income
Security Act of 1974" (29 U.S.C.s.1002(32)) and any governmental
plan established or maintained for its employees by the Government
of the United States or by any agency or instrumentality of that
government.

7 "Group health benefits plan" means a health benefits plan for8 groups of two or more persons.

"Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan, as
defined in Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee
Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (29 U.S.C. s.1002 (1)), to
the extent that the plan provides medical care, and including items
and services paid for as medical care to employees or their
dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement, or
otherwise.

16 "Health benefits plan" means a hospital and medical expense 17 insurance policy; health service corporation contract; hospital 18 service corporation contract; medical service corporation contract; 19 health maintenance organization subscriber contract; or other plan 20 for medical care delivered or issued for delivery in this State. For 21 purposes of this act, health benefits plan shall not include one or 22 more, or any combination of, the following: coverage only for 23 accident, or disability income insurance, or any combination 24 thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; 25 liability insurance, including general liability insurance and 26 automobile liability insurance; stop loss or excess risk insurance; 27 workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site 28 29 medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified 30 in federal regulations, under which benefits for medical care are 31 secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits. Health benefits 32 plan shall not include the following benefits if they are provided 33 under a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance or are 34 otherwise not an integral part of the plan: limited scope dental or 35 vision benefits; benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, 36 home health care, community-based care, or any combination 37 thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits as are specified in 38 federal regulations. Health benefits plan shall not include hospital 39 confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits are provided under 40 a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance, there is no 41 coordination between the provision of the benefits and any 42 exclusion of benefits under any group health benefits plan 43 maintained by the same plan sponsor, and those benefits are paid 44 with respect to an event without regard to whether benefits are 45 provided with respect to such an event under any group health plan 46 maintained by the same plan sponsor. Health benefits plan shall not 47 include the following if it is offered as a separate policy, certificate 48 or contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental health insurance

as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security
 Act (42 U.S.C.s.1395ss(g)(1)); and coverage supplemental to the
 coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code
 (10 U.S.C. s.1071 et seq.); and similar supplemental coverage
 provided to coverage under a group health plan.

6 "Health status-related factor" means any of the following factors:
7 health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental
8 illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history;
9 genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions
10 arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

11 "Individual health benefits plan" means: a. a health benefits plan 12 for eligible persons and their dependents; and b. a certificate issued 13 to an eligible person which evidences coverage under a policy or 14 contract issued to a trust or association, regardless of the situs of 15 delivery of the policy or contract, if the eligible person pays the 16 premium and is not being covered under the policy or contract 17 pursuant to continuation of benefits provisions applicable under 18 federal or State law.

Individual health benefits plan shall not include a certificate
issued under a policy or contract issued to a trust, or to the trustees
of a fund, which trust or fund is an employee welfare benefit plan,
to the extent the "Employee Retirement Income Security Act of
1974" (29 U.S.C. s.1001 et seq.) preempts the application of
P.L.1992, c.161 (C.17B:27A-2 et al.) to that plan.

25 "Medicaid" means the Medicaid program established pursuant to
26 P.L.1968, c.413 (C.30:4D-1 et seq.).

"Medical care" means amounts paid: (1) for the diagnosis, care,
mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease, or for the purpose of
affecting any structure or function of the body; and (2)
transportation primarily for and essential to medical care referred to
in (1) above.

32 "Member" means a carrier that issues or has in force health 33 benefits plans in New Jersey. Member shall not include a carrier 34 whose combined average Medicare, Medicaid, and NJ FamilyCare 35 enrollment represents more than 75% of its average total enrollment 36 for all health benefits plans or whose combined Medicare, 37 Medicaid, and NJ FamilyCare net earned premium for the two-year 38 calculation period represents more than 75% of its total net earned 39 premium for the two-year calculation period.

"Modified community rating" means a rating system in which the
premium for all persons covered under a policy or contract for a
specific health benefits plan and a specific date of issue of that plan
is the same without regard to sex, health status, occupation,
geographical location or any other factor or characteristic of
covered persons, other than age.

46 The rating system shall provide that the premium rate charged by
47 the carrier for the highest rated individual or class of individuals
48 shall not be greater than 350% of the premium rate charged for the

1 lowest rated individual or class of individuals purchasing the same 2 individual health benefits plan. The rate differential among the 3 premium rates charged to individuals covered under the same 4 individual health benefits plans shall be based on the actual or 5 expected experience of persons covered under that plan; provided, 6 however, that the rate differential may also be based upon age. The 7 factors upon which the rate differential is applied shall be consistent 8 with regulations promulgated by the commissioner, which shall 9 include age classifications established, at a minimum, in five-year 10 increments. There may be a reasonable differential among the 11 premium rates charged for different family structure rating tiers 12 within an individual health benefits plan or for different health benefits plans offered by the carrier. 13

"Net earned premium" means the premiums earned in this State 14 15 on health benefits plans, less return premiums thereon and 16 dividends paid or credited to policy or contract holders on the 17 health benefits plan business. Net earned premium shall include the 18 aggregate premiums earned on the carrier's insured group and 19 individual business and health maintenance organization business, 20 including premiums from any Medicare, Medicaid, or NJ FamilyCare contracts with the State or federal government, but 21 22 shall not include premiums earned from contracts funded pursuant 23 to the "Federal Employee Health Benefits Act of 1959," 5 U.S.C. 24 ss.8901-8914, any excess risk or stop loss insurance coverage 25 issued by a carrier in connection with any self insured health 26 benefits plan, or Medicare supplement policies or contracts.

27 "NJ FamilyCare" means the NJ FamilyCare Program established
28 pursuant to P.L.2005, c.156 (C.30:4J-8 et al.).

"Non-group person life year" means coverage of a person for 12
months by an individual health benefits plan or conversion policy or
contract subject to P.L.1992, c.161 (C.17B:27A-2 et al.), Medicare
cost or risk contract or Medicaid contract.

"Open enrollment" means the offering of an individual health
benefits plan to any eligible person on a guaranteed issue basis,
pursuant to procedures established by the board.

36 "Plan of operation" means the plan of operation of the program37 adopted by the board pursuant to this act.

38 "Plan sponsor" shall have the meaning given that term under
39 Title I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement
40 Income Security Act of 1974" (29 U.S.C. s.1002 (16)(B)).

41 "Preexisting condition" means a condition that, during a 42 specified period of not more than six months immediately preceding 43 the effective date of coverage, had manifested itself in such a 44 manner as would cause an ordinarily prudent person to seek medical 45 advice, diagnosis, care or treatment, or for which medical advice, 46 diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received as to that 47 condition or as to a pregnancy existing on the effective date of 48 coverage.

1 "Program" means the New Jersey Individual Health Coverage 2 Program established pursuant to this act. 3 "Resident" means a person whose primary residence is in New Jersey and who is present in New Jersey for at least six months of 4 5 the calendar year, or, in the case of a person who has moved to New 6 Jersey less than six months before applying for individual health 7 coverage, who intends to be present in New Jersey for at least six 8 months of the calendar year. 9 "Two-year calculation period" means a two calendar year period, 10 the first of which shall begin January 1, 1997 and end December 31, 11 1998. 12 (cf: P.L.2008, c.38, s.9) 13 2. Section 1 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-17) is amended to 14 15 read as follows: 16 1. As used in this act: "Actuarial certification" means a written statement by a member 17 of the American Academy of Actuaries or other individual 18 19 acceptable to the commissioner that a small employer carrier is in 20 compliance with the provisions of section 9 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-25), based upon examination, including a review of the 21 22 appropriate records and actuarial assumptions and methods used by 23 the small employer carrier in establishing premium rates for 24 applicable health benefits plans. 25 "Anticipated loss ratio" means the ratio of the present value of 26 the expected benefits, not including dividends, to the present value 27 of the expected premiums, not reduced by dividends, over the entire period for which rates are computed to provide coverage. For 28 29 purposes of this ratio, the present values must incorporate realistic 30 rates of interest which are determined before federal taxes but after 31 investment expenses. 32 "Board" means the board of directors of the program. 33 "Carrier" means any entity subject to the insurance laws and 34 regulations of this State, or subject to the jurisdiction of the 35 commissioner, that contracts or offers to contract to provide, 36 deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health 37 care services, including an insurance company authorized to issue 38 health insurance, a health maintenance organization, a hospital service corporation, medical service corporation and health service

39 40 corporation, or any other entity providing a plan of health 41 insurance, health benefits or health services. The term "carrier" 42 shall not include a joint insurance fund established pursuant to State 43 law. For purposes of this act, carriers that are affiliated companies 44 shall be treated as one carrier, except that any insurance company, 45 health service corporation, hospital service corporation, or medical service corporation that is an affiliate of a health maintenance 46 47 organization located in New Jersey or any health maintenance organization located in New Jersey that is affiliated with an 48

insurance company, health service corporation, hospital service
 corporation, or medical service corporation shall treat the health
 maintenance organization as a separate carrier.

4 "Church plan" has the same meaning given that term under Title5 I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income

6 Security Act of 1974" (29 U.S.C.s.1002(33)).

7 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Banking and8 Insurance.

9 "Community rating" or "community rated" means a rating 10 methodology in which the premium charged by a carrier for all 11 persons covered by a policy or contract form is the same based upon 12 the experience of the entire pool of risks covered by that policy or 13 contract form without regard to age, gender, health status, residence 14 or occupation.

15 "Creditable coverage" means, with respect to an individual, 16 coverage of the individual under any of the following: a group 17 health plan; a group or individual health benefits plan; Part A or 18 part B of Title XVIII of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 19 s.1395 et seq.); Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 20 U.S.C. s.1396 et seq.), other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title XIX of the federal Social 21 22 Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.1396s); chapter 55 of Title 10, United 23 States Code (10 U.S.C. s.1071 et seq.); a medical care program of 24 the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization; a state health 25 benefits risk pool; a health plan offered under chapter 89 of Title 5, 26 United States Code (5 U.S.C. s.8901 et seq.); a public health plan as 27 defined by federal regulation; a health benefits plan under section 28 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act" (22 U.S.C. s.2504(e)); or coverage 29 under any other type of plan as set forth by the commissioner by 30 regulation.

31 Creditable coverage shall not include coverage consisting solely 32 of the following: coverage only for accident or disability income 33 insurance, or any combination thereof; coverage issued as a 34 supplement to liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile liability insurance; 35 36 workers' compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical 37 payment insurance; credit only insurance; coverage for on-site 38 medical clinics; coverage, as specified in federal regulation, under 39 which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to the 40 insurance benefits; and other coverage expressly excluded from the 41 definition of health benefits plan.

42 "Department" means the Department of Banking and Insurance.

"Dependent" means the spouse, domestic partner as defined in
section 3 of P.L.2003, c.246 (C.26:8A-3), civil union partner as
defined in section 2 of P.L.2006, c.103 (C.37:1-29), or child of an
eligible employee, subject to applicable terms of the health benefits
plan covering the employee.

1 "Eligible employee" means a full-time employee who works a 2 normal work week of 25 or more hours. The term includes a sole 3 proprietor, a partner of a partnership, or an independent contractor, 4 if the sole proprietor, partner, or independent contractor is included 5 as an employee under a health benefits plan of a small employer, 6 but does not include employees who work less than 25 hours a 7 week, work on a temporary or substitute basis or are participating in 8 an employee welfare arrangement established pursuant to a 9 collective bargaining agreement.

"Enrollment date" means, with respect to a person covered under
a health benefits plan, the date of enrollment of the person in the
health benefits plan or, if earlier, the first day of the waiting period
for such enrollment.

"Financially impaired" means a carrier which, after the effective
date of this act, is not insolvent, but is deemed by the commissioner
to be potentially unable to fulfill its contractual obligations or a
carrier which is placed under an order of rehabilitation or
conservation by a court of competent jurisdiction.

"Governmental plan" has the meaning given that term under Title
I, section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income
Security Act of 1974" (29 U.S.C.s.1002(32)) and any governmental
plan established or maintained for its employees by the Government
of the United States or by any agency or instrumentality of that
government.

25 "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan, as 26 defined in Title I of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee 27 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974" (29 U.S.C. s.1002(1)), to 28 the extent that the plan provides medical care and including items 29 and services paid for as medical care to employees or their 30 dependents directly or through insurance, reimbursement or 31 otherwise.

32 "Health benefits plan" means any hospital and medical expense 33 insurance policy or certificate; health, hospital, or medical service 34 corporation contract or certificate; or health maintenance 35 organization subscriber contract or certificate delivered or issued 36 for delivery in this State by any carrier to a small employer group 37 pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-19). For 38 purposes of this act, "health benefits plan" shall not include one or 39 more, or any combination of, the following: coverage only for 40 accident or disability income insurance, or any combination thereof; 41 coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance; liability 42 insurance, including general liability insurance and automobile 43 liability insurance; workers' compensation or similar insurance; 44 automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; 45 coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance 46 coverage, as specified in federal regulations, under which benefits 47 for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance 48 Health benefits plan shall not include the following benefits.

1 benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate or 2 contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of the 3 plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits; benefits for long-term 4 care, nursing home care, home health care, community-based care, 5 or any combination thereof; and such other similar, limited benefits 6 as are specified in federal regulations. Health benefits plan shall 7 not include hospital confinement indemnity coverage if the benefits 8 are provided under a separate policy, certificate or contract of 9 insurance, there is no coordination between the provision of the 10 benefits and any exclusion of benefits under any group health 11 benefits plan maintained by the same plan sponsor, and those 12 benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard to whether 13 benefits are provided with respect to such an event under any group 14 health plan maintained by the same plan sponsor. Health benefits 15 plan shall not include the following if it is offered as a separate 16 policy, certificate or contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental 17 health insurance as defined under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal 18 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.1395ss(g)(1)); and coverage 19 supplemental to the coverage provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (10 U.S.C. s.1071 et seq.); and similar 20 21 supplemental coverage provided to coverage under a group health 22 plan.

"Health status-related factor" means any of the following factors:
health status; medical condition, including both physical and mental
illness; claims experience; receipt of health care; medical history;
genetic information; evidence of insurability, including conditions
arising out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

28 "Late enrollee" means an eligible employee or dependent who 29 requests enrollment in a health benefits plan of a small employer 30 following the initial minimum 30-day enrollment period provided 31 under the terms of the health benefits plan. An eligible employee or 32 dependent shall not be considered a late enrollee if the individual: a. 33 was covered under another employer's health benefits plan at the 34 time he was eligible to enroll and stated at the time of the initial 35 enrollment that coverage under that other employer's health benefits 36 plan was the reason for declining enrollment, but only if the plan 37 sponsor or carrier required such a statement at that time and 38 provided the employee with notice of that requirement and the 39 consequences of that requirement at that time; b. has lost coverage 40 under that other employer's health benefits plan as a result of 41 termination of employment or eligibility, reduction in the number of 42 hours of employment, involuntary termination, the termination of 43 the other plan's coverage, death of a spouse, or divorce or legal 44 separation; and c. requests enrollment within 90 days after 45 termination of coverage provided under another employer's health 46 benefits plan. An eligible employee or dependent also shall not be 47 considered a late enrollee if the individual is employed by an 48 employer which offers multiple health benefits plans and the

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1 individual elects a different plan during an open enrollment period; 2 the individual had coverage under a COBRA continuation provision 3 and the coverage under that provision was exhausted and the 4 employee requests enrollment not later than 30 days after the date 5 of exhaustion of COBRA coverage; or if a court of competent 6 jurisdiction has ordered coverage to be provided for a spouse or 7 minor child under a covered employee's health benefits plan and 8 request for enrollment is made within 30 days after issuance of that 9 court order.

"Medical care" means amounts paid: (1) for the diagnosis, care,
mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease, or for the purpose of
affecting any structure or function of the body; and (2)
transportation primarily for and essential to medical care referred to
in (1) above.

"Member" means all carriers issuing health benefits plans in thisState on or after the effective date of this act.

17 "Multiple employer arrangement" means an arrangement 18 established or maintained to provide health benefits to employees 19 and their dependents of two or more employers, under an insured 20 plan purchased from a carrier in which the carrier assumes all or a 21 substantial portion of the risk, as determined by the commissioner, 22 and shall include, but is not limited to, a multiple employer welfare 23 arrangement, or MEWA, multiple employer trust or other form of 24 benefit trust.

"Plan of operation" means the plan of operation of the program
including articles, bylaws and operating rules approved pursuant to
section 14 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-30).

28 "Plan sponsor" has the meaning given that term under Title I of
29 section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee Retirement Income
30 Security Act of 1974" (29 U.S.C.s.1002(16)(B)).

"Preexisting condition exclusion" means, with respect to 31 32 coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a 33 condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the 34 date of enrollment for that coverage, whether or not any medical 35 advice, diagnosis, care, or treatment was recommended or received 36 before that date. Genetic information shall not be treated as a 37 preexisting condition in the absence of a diagnosis of the condition related to that information. 38

39 "Program" means the New Jersey Small Employer Health
40 Benefits Program established pursuant to section 12 of P.L.1992,
41 c.162 (C.17B:27A-28).

42 "Small employer" means, in connection with a group health plan 43 with respect to a calendar year and a plan year, any person, firm, 44 corporation, partnership, or political subdivision that is actively 45 engaged in business that employed an average of at least two but 46 not more than 50 eligible employees on business days during the 47 preceding calendar year and who employs at least two employees 48 on the first day of the plan year, and the majority of the employees

1 are employed in New Jersey. All persons treated as a single 2 employer under subsection (b), (c), (m) or (o) of section 414 of the 3 Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C.s.414) shall be treated as 4 one employer. Subsequent to the issuance of a health benefits plan 5 to a small employer and for the purpose of determining continued 6 eligibility, the size of a small employer shall be determined 7 annually. Except as otherwise specifically provided, provisions of 8 P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-17 et seq.) that apply to a small 9 employer shall continue to apply at least until the plan anniversary 10 following the date the small employer no longer meets the 11 requirements of this definition. In the case of an employer that was 12 not in existence during the preceding calendar year, the 13 determination of whether the employer is a small or large employer 14 shall be based on the average number of employees that it is 15 reasonably expected that the employer will employ on business 16 days in the current calendar year. Any reference in P.L.1992, c.162 17 (C.17B:27A-17 et seq.) to an employer shall include a reference to 18 any predecessor of such employer.

"Small employer carrier" means any carrier that offers health
benefits plans covering eligible employees of one or more small
employers.

"Small employer health benefits plan" means a health benefits
plan for small employers approved by the commissioner pursuant to
section 17 of P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-33).

25 "Stop loss" or "excess risk insurance" means an insurance policy 26 designed to reimburse a self-funded arrangement of one or more 27 small employers for catastrophic, excess or unexpected expenses, 28 wherein neither the employees nor other individuals are third party 29 beneficiaries under the insurance policy. In order to be considered 30 stop loss or excess risk insurance for the purposes of P.L.1992, 31 c.162 (C.17B:27A-17 et seq.), the policy shall establish a per person 32 attachment point or retention or aggregate attachment point or 33 retention, or both, which meet the following requirements:

a. If the policy establishes a per person attachment point or
retention, that specific attachment point or retention shall not be
less than \$20,000 per covered person per plan year; and

b. If the policy establishes an aggregate attachment point or
retention, that aggregate attachment point or retention shall not be
less than 125% of expected claims per plan year.

40 "Supplemental limited benefit insurance" means insurance that is
41 provided in addition to a health benefits plan on an indemnity non42 expense incurred basis.

43 (P.L.2008, c.38, s.20)

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45 3. Section 14 of P.L.1997, c.146 (C.17B:27-54) is amended to 46 read as follows:

47 14. The provisions of sections 14 through 27 of P.L.1997, c.146
48 (C.17B:27-54 through C.17B:27-67) shall apply to group health

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1 insurance coverage that is not subject to the provisions of P.L.1992,

2 c.161 and c.162 (C.17B:27A-2 et seq. and 17B:27A-17 et seq.). To

3 the extent that any provision of sections 14 through 27 of P.L.1997,

4 c.146 (C.17B:27-54 through C.17B:27-67) is inconsistent with the

5 provisions of chapter 27 of Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes

6 and P.L.1973, c.337 (C.26:2J-1 et seq.), the provisions of sections

7 14 through 27 shall supersede those laws.

As used in sections 14 through 27 of P.L.1997, c.146 (C.17B:2754 through C.17B:27-67):

"Affiliation period" means a period which, under the terms of the group health plan offered by a health maintenance organization, begins on the enrollment date and which must expire before the health insurance becomes effective. The health maintenance organization shall not be required to provide health care services or benefits during such period and no premium shall be charged.

16 "Creditable coverage" means, with respect to an individual, 17 coverage of the individual, other than coverage of excepted 18 benefits, under any of the following: a group health plan; health 19 insurance coverage; Part A or Part B of Title XVIII of the federal 20 Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.1395 et seq.); Title XIX of the 21 federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.1396 et seq.); other than 22 coverage consisting solely of benefits under section 1928 of Title 23 XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.s.1396s); chapter 24 55 of Title 10, United States Code (10 U.S.C. s.1071 et seq.); a 25 medical care program of the Indian Health Service of a tribal 26 organization; a [State] state health benefits risk pool; a [State] 27 health plan offered under chapter 89 of Title 5, United States Code 28 (5 U.S.C. s.8901 et seq.); a public health plan; and a health benefits 29 plan under section 5(e) of the "Peace Corps Act" (22 30 U.S.C.s.2504(e)).

"Enrollment date" means, with respect to an individual covered
under a group health plan or health insurance coverage, the date of
enrollment of the individual in the plan or coverage or, if earlier,
the first day of the waiting period for enrollment.

35 "Excepted benefits" means:

a. coverage only for accident or disability income insurance, or 36 37 any combination thereof; coverage issued as a supplement to 38 liability insurance; liability insurance, including general liability 39 insurance and automobile liability insurance; workers 40 compensation or similar insurance; automobile medical payment 41 insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; and other similar insurance coverage, as specified by federal 42 43 regulation, under which benefits for medical care are secondary or 44 incidental to other insurance benefits;

b. when provided under a separate policy, certificate or
contract of insurance or otherwise not an integral part of the group
health plan: limited scope dental or vision benefits, benefits for
long-term care, nursing home care, home health care, community-

1 based care, or any combination thereof, and such other similar, 2 limited benefits as are specified by federal regulation;

3 when offered as independent, noncoordinated benefits: C. hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance; 4

5 d. when offered as a separate insurance policy, certificate or 6 contract of insurance: Medicare supplemental insurance as defined 7 under section 1882(g)(1) of the federal Social Security Act (42 8 U.S.C. s.1395ss(g)(1))and coverage supplemental to the coverage 9 provided under chapter 55 of Title 10, United States Code (10 10 U.S.C.s.1071 et seq.) and similar supplemental coverage provided 11 in addition to coverage under a group health plan.

12 "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan, as defined in Title 1 of section 3 of Pub.L.93-406, the "Employee 13 14 Retirement Income Security Act of 1974," (29 U.S.C. s.1002(1)), to 15 the extent that the plan provides medical care and including items 16 and services paid for as medical care to employees or their 17 dependents, as defined under the terms of the plan, directly or 18 through insurance, reimbursement or otherwise.

19 "Health insurance coverage" means benefits consisting of 20 medical care, provided directly, through insurance or reimbursement, or otherwise, and including items and services paid 21 22 for as medical care, under any hospital or medical expense policy or 23 certificate or health maintenance organization contract offered by a 24 health insurer.

25 "Health insurer" means an insurer licensed to sell health insurance pursuant to Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes, a 26 27 health, hospital or medical service corporation, fraternal benefit association or a health maintenance organization. 28

29 "Health status-related factor" means: health status; medical 30 condition, including both physical and mental illness; claims 31 experience; receipt of health care; medical history; genetic 32 information; evidence of insurability, including conditions arising 33 out of acts of domestic violence; and disability.

34 "Health maintenance organization" means a federally qualified 35 health maintenance organization as defined in the "Health 36 Maintenance Organization Act of 1973," Pub.L.93-222 (42 U.S.C. 37 s.300e et seq.), an organization authorized under P.L.1973, c.337 38 (C.26:2J-1 et seq.), or a similar organization regulated under State 39 law for solvency in the same manner and to the same extent as a 40 health maintenance organization authorized to do business in this 41 State.

42 "Late enrollee" means a participant or beneficiary who enrolls in 43 a group health plan other than during: the first period during which 44 the individual is eligible to enroll in the plan; or a special 45 enrollment period.

46 "Medical care" means amounts paid: (1) for the diagnosis, care, 47 mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease, or for the purpose of 48 affecting any structure or function of the body; and (2)

1 transportation primarily for and essential to medical care referred to 2 in (1) above. 3 "Network plan" means a group health plan offered by a health 4 insurer under which the financing and delivery of medical care, 5 including items and services paid for as medical care, are provided, 6 in whole or in part, through a defined set of providers under 7 contract with the insurer. Network plan includes a health 8 maintenance organization or health insurance company with 9 selective contracting arrangements. 10 "Preexisting condition" means with respect to coverage, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on 11 the fact that the condition was present before the date of enrollment 12 for that coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, 13 14 care or treatment was recommended or received before that date. 15 "Waiting period" means with respect to a group health plan and 16 an individual who is a potential participant or beneficiary in the 17 plan, the period that must pass with respect to the individual before 18 the individual is eligible to be covered for benefits under the terms 19 of the plan. 20 (P.L.1997, c.146, s.14) 21 22 4. This act shall take effect immediately. 23 24 25 **STATEMENT** 26 This bill makes a technical correction to the definition of 27 28 "creditable coverage" in the New Jersey Individual Health 29 Coverage and the New Jersey Small Employer Health Benefits 30 programs and the law concerning larger group insurance plans to 31 comply with federal law.