SENATE, No. 1959 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 214th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MAY 20, 2010

Sponsored by: Senator ANTHONY R. BUCCO District 25 (Morris)

SYNOPSIS

"Toxic Mold Protection Act of 2010."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning mold hazards and remediation, and 2 supplementing Title 26 of the Revised Statutes. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. This act chapter shall be known, and may be cited, as the 8 "Toxic Mold Protection Act of 2010." 9 2. As used in this act: 10 "Certified Industrial Hygienist" shall have the same meaning as 11 12 defined in section 3 of P.L.1996, c.130 (C.56:8-83). 13 "Code enforcement officer" means a local official responsible for 14 enforcing housing codes and maintaining public safety in buildings 15 using an interdepartmental approach at the local government level. 16 "Indoor environments" means the affected dwelling unit or 17 affected commercial or industrial building. 18 "Mold" means any form of multicellular fungi that live on plant 19 or animal matter and in indoor environments. Types of mold 20 include, but are not limited to, Cladosporium, Penicillium, 21 Alternaria, Aspergillus, Fuarim, Trichoderma, Memnoniella, Mucor 22 and Stachhybotrys Chartarum, often found in water-damaged 23 building materials. 24 "Public health officer" means a full-time health officer as defined pursuant to section 3 of P.L.1975, c.329 (C.26:3A2-3), or a local 25 26 comprehensive health agency designated by the board of 27 supervisors pursuant to Section 101275 to carry out the drinking 28 water program. 29 30 3. a. There is created the "Mold Task Force." The task force 31 shall consist of 5 representatives from State and local agencies and 32 8 public members. The State and local representatives shall be 33 from each of the following: a representative from a county board of 34 health, a representative from a municipal health agency, a 35 representative from the Department of Community Affairs, a 36 representative from the Department of Health and Senior Services, and a representative from the Department of Environmental 37 38 Protection. The 8 public members shall be appointed by the 39 Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The public 40 members shall include a representative with expertise on the health 41 effects of molds, a certified industrial hygienist, a representative 42 with knowledge of mold abatement techniques, a representative of 43 commercial and industrial tenants, a representative of commercial 44 or industrial property owners, a representative of an environmental group, a representative of the home builders, and a representative 45 46 of the insurance industry. The Department of Community Affairs 47 and the Department of Health and Senior Services shall provide 48 staff to implement the functions and duties of the task force. The

public members of the task force shall serve without compensation
 but may be reimbursed for actual expenses in the performance of
 their duties. The Governor shall select the chairperson of the task
 force.

5 b. The task force shall provide advise to the Department of 6 Health and Senior Services and the Department of Community 7 Affairs on the development of standards for permissible exposure 8 limits to mold in the indoor environment, guidelines for the 9 identification of the presence of mold, guidelines for the assessment 10 of the health risk posed by the presence of mold, and remediation 11 guidelines and procedures for the abatement of a mold hazard.

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13 4. a. Within 12 months of the effective date of this act, the Department of Health and Senior Services, in consultation with the 14 Department of Environmental Protection and the Department of 15 16 Community Affairs, shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative 17 Procedure Act," P.L. 1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), permissible 18 exposure limits to mold in indoor environments, and procedures for 19 the assessment of the health risk posed by the presence of mold. 20 The exposure limits shall be set at levels to avoid adverse effects on 21 health, with an adequate margin of safety. The department shall 22 balance the protection of public health with technological and 23 economic feasibility when it adopts permissible exposure limits and 24 procedures for the assessment of the health risk posed by the 25 presence of mold. The department shall use the latest scientific data to develop permissible exposure limits and assessment procedures 26 27 that target the general population.

b. The department shall consider the following criteria when it
adopts permissible exposure limits and assessment procedures for
molds in indoor environments:

(1) The adverse health effects of exposure to molds on the
general population, the health effects on members of subgroups of
the general population, which may include infants, children age 6
years and under, pregnant women, the elderly, asthmatic, allergic
individuals, immune compromised individuals or other subgroups
that are identifiable as being at greater risk of adverse health effects
than the general population when exposed to mold;

38 (2) The standards for mold exposure and procedures for
39 assessing its health effects, if any, adopted by any other state or by
40 a federal agency;

(3) The technological and economic feasibility of compliance
with the proposed permissible exposure limit for molds. For the
purposes of determining economic feasibility pursuant to this
paragraph, the department shall consider the costs of compliance to
tenants, landlords, homeowners, and other affected parties; and

46 (4) Toxicological studies and any scientific evidence as it relates47 to mold.

48 c. The department may develop alternative permissible

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exposure limits and assessment standards applicable to those
 facilities in which persons more vulnerable to the health effects of
 mold exposure reside or visit, which may include hospitals, child
 care facilities, and nursing homes.

d. The department shall report to the Legislature on its progress
in developing the permissible exposure limit for molds by April 30,
2011.

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5. The Department of Health and Senior Services shall provide
public notice that when it initiates work on the permissible exposure
limits to mold and procedures for assessing its health effects on
individuals. The notice shall include:

(1) A brief description or bibliography of the technical
documents or other information the department has identified that is
relevant to the preparation of the permissible exposure limits and
assessment procedures;

(2) The name and address of a person in the department to
whom the public may send information concerning exposure to
molds, and the date by which the information must be received in
order for the department to consider it in the preparation of the
permissible exposure limits.

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6. a. Within 12 months of the effective date of this act, the 23 24 Department of Community Affairs, in consultation with the Department of Health and Senior Services, and the Department of 25 Environmental Protection, shall adopt, pursuant 26 to the Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 27 28 seq.), mold identification guidelines for the recognition of mold in 29 indoor environments.

b. Identification guidelines shall include scientifically accepted 30 31 methods to identify the presence of mold, and may include 32 procedures for the collection or air, surface and bulk samples, visual identification, 33 identification. olfactory laboratory analysis, 34 measurements of amount of moisture, and presence of mold, and 35 any other recognized analytical method used for the identification of molds. The department may use scientific data or existing 36 37 standards or procedures for the identification of molds adopted by 38 any other state or by a federal agency.

c. The department shall consider the following criteria when itdevelops identification guidelines for molds:

(1) Exposure limits and the procedures for the assessment of the
health threat by molds adopted pursuant to section 4 of
P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill),

44 (2) Any scientific or other evidence developed by the United
45 States Environmental Protection Agency, the World Health
46 Organization, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, or any
47 other public health or scientific organization.

48 d. The department may not require a commercial, industrial, or

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1 residential landlord or a public entity that rents or leases a unit or 2 building to perform testing to determine whether the presence of 3 molds exceeds the permissible exposure limits to mold established 4 pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.). 5 e. The department shall develop a reporting form for building inspection that may be used to document the presence of mold. 6 7 f. The department shall develop 8 The department shall report to the Legislature on its progress g. 9 in developing identification guidelines for mold by April 30, 2011. 10 7. The Department of Community Affairs shall provide public 11 12 notice that when it initiates work on mold identification guidelines 13 for the recognition of mold in indoor environments. The notice 14 shall include: 15 (1) A brief description or bibliography of the technical 16 documents or other information the department has identified that is 17 relevant to the preparation of mold identification guidelines for the 18 recognition of mold in indoor environments; 19 (2) The name and address of a person in the department to 20 whom the public may send information concerning mold 21 identification guidelines, and the date by which the information must be received in order for the department to consider it in the 22 23 preparation of the guidelines. 24 25 8. a. Within 12 months of the effective date of this act, the Department of Community Affairs shall adopt, pursuant to the 26 27 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 28 seq.), standards for mold remediation procedures including 29 specialized cleaning, repairs, maintenance, painting, temporary 30 containment and ongoing monitoring of mold hazards or potential 31 hazards. 32 b. Remediation procedures for mold developed by the 33 department shall: 34 (1) Provide practical guidelines for the removal of mold and 35 abatement of the underlying cause of mold and associated water 36 intrusion and water damage in indoor environments. (2) Balance the protection of public health with technological 37 38 and economic feasibility; 39 (3) Provide practical guidance for the removal or cleaning of 40 contaminated materials in a manner that protects the health of the 41 person performing the remediation, including requirements for the 42 use of protective clothing or equipment; 43 c. The department shall not require a commercial, industrial, or 44 residential lessor, or a public entity that rents or leases a unit or building to conduct air or surface tests of units or buildings to 45 determine whether the presence of molds exceeds the permissible 46 47 exposure limits to mold established in section 4 of P.L., c. (C.). 48 d. The department shall report to the Legislature on its progress

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1 in developing remediation standards for mold by April 30, 2011.

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9. The department shall provide public notice when it initiates
work on the remediation procedures for mold. The notice shall
include:

6 (1) A brief description or bibliography of the technical 7 documents or other information the department has identified that is 8 relevant to the preparation of the mold remediation procedures;

9 (2) The name and address of a person in the department to 10 whom the public may send information concerning mold 11 remediation procedures, and the date by which the information must 12 be received in order for the department to consider it in the 13 preparation of the mold remediation procedures.

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15 10. The Department of Community Affairs shall make available 16 to the public upon request, information about contracting for the 17 removal of mold in a building or surrounding environment. The 18 information to be made available shall include recommended steps 19 to take when contracting with a company to remove mold, existing 20 laws, regulations, and guidelines developed by the Department of 21 Community Affairs and the Department of Health and Senior 22 Services, pertaining to permissible exposure limits to mold, 23 identification, and remediation, health effects of molds, methods to 24 prevent, identify and remediate mold growth, resources to obtain 25 information about molds, and contact information for individuals, 26 organizations, or government entities to assist with public concerns 27 about molds.

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29 11. a. Any person who sells or transfers commercial or industrial real property shall disclose, in writing, to any prospective 30 31 buyer before the transfer of title, when the seller or transferor 32 knows of the presence of mold in the unit or building and the mold either exceeds permissible exposure limits to mold or poses a health 33 34 risk, pursuant to the standards adopted by the Department of Health 35 and Senior Services pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now 36 before the Legislature as this bill). A disclosure shall not be 37 required pursuant to this section if a mold hazard is remediated 38 pursuant to the remediation standards adopted by the Department of 39 Community Affairs pursuant to section 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (now 40 before the Legislature as this bill.

b. A person who sells or transfers commercial or industrial real property shall not be required to conduct air or surface tests of property to determine whether the presence of molds exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds established by pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.).

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47 12. a. Any lessor of commercial or industrial property shall48 disclose, in writing, to prospective and current tenants of the

property when the lessor knows that mold is present that exceeds the permissible exposure limits to molds or poses a health risk pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.). The disclosure shall be provided to prospective tenants prior to entering into the rental agreement and to current tenants in affected units as soon as practicable.

b. A commercial and industrial landlord shall not be required to
provide a disclosure pursuant to this section if a mold hazard is
remediated pursuant to the remediation standards adopted by the
Department of Community Affairs pursuant to section 8 of
P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill.

c. A person who leases commercial or industrial real property
shall not be required to conduct air or surface tests of property to
determine whether the presence of molds exceeds the permissible
exposure limits to molds established by pursuant to section 4 of
P.L., c. (C.).

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18 13. Any lessee of a commercial or industrial real property who 19 knows that mold is present in the building, heating system, 20 ventilating or air conditioning system, or appurtenant structures, or 21 that there is a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood, shall 22 inform the lessor of this knowledge in writing within a reasonable 23 period of time. The lessee shall make the property available to the 24 lessor or his or her agents for appropriate assessment or remedial 25 action as soon as is reasonably practicable if the lessor is 26 responsible for maintenance of the property. Nothing in this section 27 shall affect existing duties and obligations of residential lessees and 28 lessors.

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30 14. a. Except as provided in subsection b. of this section, any 31 person who owns a commercial and industrial property, who knows 32 or has notice that mold is present in the building, heating system, 33 ventilating or air conditioning system, or appurtenant structures, or 34 that there is a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood, shall, 35 within a reasonable period of time, assess the presence of mold, or 36 the condition likely to result in the presence of mold and conduct 37 any necessary remedial action.

b. The provisions of subsection a. of this section shall not
apply to any property where the lessee is responsible pursuant to a
lease or other contract, for maintenance of the property.

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42 15. Any lessee of commercial or industrial real property who 43 knows that mold is present in the building, heating system, 44 ventilating or air conditioning system, or appurtenant structures, or 45 that there is a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood, and is 46 responsible for maintenance of the property shall inform the owner 47 of the property, in writing of the conditions as soon as practicable and shall correct the condition in compliance with the terms of the
 lease.

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4 16. A public entity that owns, leases, or operates a building shall 5 disclose, in writing, to all building occupants and prospective tenants when the public entity knows, or has reasonable cause to 6 7 believe, that a condition of chronic water intrusion or flood exists, 8 or that mold, both visible and invisible or hidden, is present that 9 affects the building or unit and the mold either exceeds the 10 permissible exposure limits to mold or poses a health threat established in section 4 of P.L. 11 , c. (C.). A disclosure shall 12 not be required pursuant to this section if a mold hazard is 13 remediated pursuant to the remediation standards adopted by the 14 Department of Community Affairs pursuant to section 8 of 15 P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill). 16

17 17. a. A lessor of residential property shall disclose, in writing, 18 to any prospective or current lessee when the lessor knows, or has 19 reasonable cause to believe, that mold, both visible and invisible or 20 hidden, is present that affects the unit or the building and the mold 21 either exceeds the permissible exposure limits to mold or poses a 22 health threat pursuant to standards adopted pursuant to section 4 of 23 P.L., c. (C.). A disclosure shall not be required pursuant to 24 this section if a mold hazard is remediated pursuant to the 25 remediation standards 8 of P.L. , c. (C.) (now before the 26 Legislature as this bill).

b. A lessor of residential property shall not be required to conduct air or surface tests of units or buildings to determine whether the presence of molds exceeds the permissible exposure limits to mold established pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.).

18. Before a purchaser or lessee is obligated under any contract
to purchase or lease residential housing, a seller or lessor of
residential housing shall provide the purchaser or lessee with a
mold hazard information pamphlet developed by the Department of
Community Affairs.

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39 19. Any person violating the provisions of sections 11, 12, and 40 16 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), or 41 any order of the Department of Community Affairs made pursuant 42 to this act, shall be liable for penalties as may be levied against the 43 owner of a multiple dwelling pursuant to section 19 of P.L.1967, 44 c.76 (C.55:13A-19), and the Department of Community Affairs shall have all of the enforcement powers granted under that section 45 to enforce this act. The Department of Community Affairs shall 46 47 adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1068, 48 c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), disclosure enforcement guidelines

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pursuant to this section, and shall include development of a form for
 disclosure, and penalties, if any, that may be imposed for failure to
 disclose.

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5 20. Any local health inspector, local housing inspector, code 6 enforcement officer or Department of Community Affairs inspector 7 may respond to complaints about mold and may enforce standards 8 adopted by the Department of Community Affairs or the 9 Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to sections 4, 10 6, or 8 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill) and enforce the disclosure requirements established pursuant to 11 12 sections 11, 12, 16 of P.L., c. (C.).

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14 21. Sections 4, 6, 8, and 20 of this act shall take effect
15 immediately, and the remainder of this act shall take effect 18
16 months after the date of enactment.

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STATEMENT

21 This bill would require the Department of Health and Senior Services to adopt rules and regulations establishing permissible 22 23 exposure limits for mold exposure and procedures for the 24 assessment of the health risk posed by the presence of mold. 25 Further, the bill would require the Department of Community Affairs to adopt mold identification guidelines and mold 26 27 remediation procedures. The bill would require the disclosure of 28 the presence of mold by a person selling or leasing a commercial or 29 industrial building, by a public entity that owns, leases or operates a building, and by a lessor of a residential building. Finally, the bill 30 31 would require a lessee who knows that mold is present in the 32 building to inform the owner of a building.