ASSEMBLY SUBSTITUTE FOR

ASSEMBLY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR **ASSEMBLY, No. 1533**

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 215th LEGISLATURE

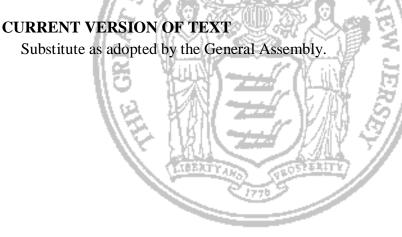
ADOPTED JUNE 21, 2012

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOHN J. BURZICHELLI District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem) Assemblyman CHARLES MAINOR District 31 (Hudson) Assemblywoman BONNIE WATSON COLEMAN District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer) Assemblyman GILBERT ''WHIP'' L. WILSON District 5 (Camden and Gloucester)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblywoman Sumter

SYNOPSIS

The "Licensed Wildlife Rehabilitator Act;" establishes licensure requirements for wildlife rehabilitators.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/26/2012)

2

AN ACT establishing wildlife rehabilitator licensing requirements 1 2 and supplementing Title 23 of the Revised Statutes. 3 4 BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Licensed Wildlife Rehabilitator Act." 8 9 The Legislature finds and declares that: 10 2. In the past decade, the number of wildlife encounters has 11 a. increased while the number of volunteer wildlife rehabilitators in 12 13 the State has decreased drastically, and seven counties in the State 14 have no wildlife rehabilitators; 15 b. The wildlife rehabilitator permitting process was established by the Division of Fish and Wildlife, in the Department of 16 17 Environmental Protection, in order to support and keep track of 18 individuals rehabilitating wildlife; Volunteer wildlife rehabilitators demonstrate an interest in 19 c. 20 helping injured, orphaned, or sick wildlife and are an asset to 21 communities all over the State, providing an outlet for the public by 22 responding to calls for help from veterinarians, police departments 23 and State Police, fire departments, the United States Coast Guard, 24 animal control officers, and private individuals, and rehabilitating 25 thousands of animals each year; and 26 d. It is therefore in the best interest of the State to increase the 27 number of wildlife rehabilitators and wildlife rehabilitation 28 facilities located throughout the State by: creating an environment that encourages volunteers; eliminating any apparent and real 29 30 conflicts with the Division of Fish and Wildlife; working with 31 animal rescue groups, veterinarians, animal shelters, animal control 32 officers, and others to establish fair and reasonable training and licensing requirements and educational programs; and supporting 33 34 wildlife rehabilitation goals that protect the health and wellbeing of 35 citizens and wildlife in this State. 36 37 3. As used in this act: "Applicant" means a person who has applied to the department 38 39 to become a wildlife rehabilitator or apprentice. 40 "Apprentice" means a person issued an apprentice license to 41 perform wildlife rehabilitation under the supervision of a wildlife 42 rehabilitator licensed pursuant to this act. "Board" means the Wildlife Rehabilitation Board established 43 44 pursuant to section 8 of this act. 45 "Department" means the Department of Environmental 46 Protection.

3

1

"Wildlife rehabilitation" means the process of caring for an

2 injured, orphaned, or sick wild animal, including providing food, 3 shelter, and medical care to the animal, and returning the animal to 4 the wild after treatment if appropriate. 5 "Wildlife rehabilitator" means a person who is trained to perform wildlife rehabilitation on specific animals and licensed pursuant to 6 7 this act. 8 9 4. a. There is hereby established the Wildlife Rehabilitation Board in, but not of, the Department of Environmental Protection. 10 The board shall be distinct and separate from the Division of Fish 11 12 and Wildlife in the department. The board shall have full authority 13 and responsibility for: 14 providing professional oversight (1) for the wildlife 15 rehabilitation license and apprentice license established and 16 authorized pursuant to this act; 17 (2) establishing and implementing inspection requirements; 18 (3) developing continuing education programs for wildlife 19 rehabilitators; 20 (4) reviewing, and revising as necessary, applicant species lists 21 submitted by the department and established in conjunction with a 22 wildlife rehabilitation license application pursuant to section 8 of 23 this act; 24 (5) determining if a license shall be denied, modified, suspended 25 or revoked, or if a person may apply to become licensed without 26 serving as an apprentice as provided pursuant to subsection f. of 27 section 8 of this act; and 28 (6) reviewing, prior to any seizure or destruction of any animal, 29 any seizure of animals or order for the destruction thereof, and 30 validating or vacating any order for the destruction of animals. 31 The board shall consist of 10 members, nine of whom shall b.

be voting members and State residents, to be selected within 120
days after the date of enactment of this act and qualified as follows:
(1) the Commissioner of Environmental Protection, or the

commissioner's designee who shall not be in the Division of Fish
and Wildlife, who shall serve ex officio and who shall be a nonvoting member;

(2) three members who shall be wildlife rehabilitators licensed
in New Jersey and residents of the State, and appointed by the
Governor from nominations by the Garden State Wildlife
Rehabilitators Council and Co-op, or, in the absence of timely
nominations for the appointments, any wildlife rehabilitators;

(3) two members, with experience rehabilitating injured wildlife
and preferably with experience in avian and exotic species, and
appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the
Senate from nominations by the New Jersey Veterinary Medical

Association, in consultation with the New Jersey Veterinary
 Technicians and Assistants;

3 (4) two members appointed by the Governor from nominations

4 by the New Jersey Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals5 or the Associated Humane Societies of New Jersey; and

6 (5) two members of the public, appointed by the Governor, who 7 are State residents with a demonstrated interest in the protection of 8 wildlife from physical harm or injury, but who are not licensed or 9 volunteer wildlife rehabilitators.

10 If a vacancy for any appointed member exists after the 120th c. day after the date of enactment of this act, the President of the 11 12 Senate and the Speaker of the General Assembly shall fill any 13 vacancy as soon as practicable by alternating appointing, beginning 14 with the President of the Senate, appointing members with the 15 appropriate qualifications for the member as specified in subsection 16 b. of this section until all vacancies are filled. A member appointed 17 pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the appointment terms 18 set forth in subsection d. of this section. Any person may apply for 19 consideration to be appointed as a member of the board pursuant to 20 this subsection, without being nominated or selected by a group or 21 organization, if the person otherwise qualifies for the appointment 22 under the specific qualifications set forth in subsection b. of this 23 section for the member being appointed.

d. Of the nine voting members first appointed, three shall be
appointed to a term of one year, three shall be appointed to a term
of two years, and three shall be appointed to a term of three years.
Thereafter, all appointments shall be for a term of three years, and a
member shall not be appointed to serve more than three consecutive
three-year terms.

e. Each appointed member shall serve for the term of the
appointment and until a successor shall have been appointed and
qualified.

33 f. No member may be appointed if found in violation of any 34 law, rule, or regulation concerning animal cruelty, or this act or any 35 rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto. A member found in 36 violation of any law, rule, or regulation concerning animal cruelty, 37 or this act or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant thereto, shall 38 be immediately removed by the Governor from the board and the 39 vacancy shall be filled in the manner prescribed pursuant to 40 subsection b. of this section.

41 g. The appointed members shall serve without compensation.

h. The board shall organize as soon as possible after the appointment of its members, but no later than 180 days after the appointment of its members, and shall select a chairperson from among its members, other than the commissioner or the commissioner's designee, and a secretary who need not be a member of the board.

i. A majority of the nine voting members of the board shall
constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Action may be
taken and motions and resolutions adopted by the board at any
meeting thereof by the affirmative vote of a majority of the voting
members present.

j. The board shall be entitled to the assistance and service of
the employees of the Department of Environmental Protection, and
any State, county or municipal department, board, bureau,
commission or agency, or a public institution of higher education in
the State, as it may require and as may be available to it for its
purposes.

12

5. a. The Department of Environmental Protection, in
collaboration with the Wildlife Rehabilitation Board established
pursuant to section 4 of this act, shall administer a licensing
program and licensing requirements for wildlife rehabilitators and
apprentice wildlife rehabilitators.

b. An application for a wildlife rehabilitation license or an
apprentice license, or a license renewal thereof, shall be made by an
applicant on a standardized form, provided by the department and
reviewed and revised as necessary by the board after the board has
organized.

c. Each wildlife rehabilitation license or apprentice license
issued pursuant to this act shall be issued to an individual, shall be
valid only for the individual to whom it is issued, and shall not be
transferable. There shall be no application or renewal fees charged
for any wildlife rehabilitation license or apprentice license issued
pursuant to this act.

d. No wildlife rehabilitation license or apprentice license
issued pursuant to this act, or a renewal thereof, may be denied,
modified, suspended, or revoked without a hearing and the Wildlife
Rehabilitation Board expressly recommending to the department the
denial, specific modification, suspension, or revocation of the
specific license or renewal thereof, as applicable.

e. (1) No applicant may be denied a wildlife rehabilitation
license if the applicant meets the requirements of section 8 of this
act, except if the applicant has had a wildlife rehabilitation license
or a required federal rehabilitation permit suspended or revoked
after the effective date of this act.

40 (2) No applicant may be denied an apprentice license if the 41 applicant meets the requirements of section 7 of this act, except if 42 the applicant has had an apprentice license or other license or 43 permit to rehabilitate wildlife suspended or revoked after the 44 effective date of this act.

45 (3) Any applicant whose wildlife rehabilitator permit or other
46 authorization to rehabilitate wildlife was denied, suspended,
47 revoked, or expired in the 10 years preceding the effective date of

6

this act may apply to the board for immediate consideration for issuance of an apprentice license or wildlife rehabilitation license, as applicable pursuant to this act, and may be immediately issued an apprentice license or wildlife rehabilitation license, as applicable, at the board's discretion.

6

6. a. A person issued a wildlife rehabilitator permit by the department on or before the effective date of this act shall be deemed to be licensed as a wildlife rehabilitator for up to two years after the effective date of this act. Thereafter, the person shall apply to the department for a wildlife rehabilitation license renewal pursuant to this act.

b. A person performing wildlife rehabilitation as an apprentice
on or before the effective date of this act shall be deemed to be an
apprentice for up to two years after the effective date of this act.
Thereafter, the person shall apply to the department for an
apprentice license renewal pursuant to this act.

18

21

19 7. a. An applicant shall be eligible to be issued an apprentice20 license by the department provided that the applicant:

(1) is 18 years of age or older;

(2) has not been found in violation of any law, rule, or
regulation concerning animal cruelty, or this act or any rule or
regulation adopted pursuant thereto; and

(3) has fulfilled the other requirements for an apprentice license,as set forth in this section.

27 b. In order for an applicant to apply for an apprentice license, a 28 licensed wildlife rehabilitator shall nominate an applicant to assist 29 the wildlife rehabilitator. The wildlife rehabilitator may be assisted 30 by the apprentice, shall provide training to the apprentice, and shall 31 be responsible for the proper performance of the duties of the 32 apprentice. The wildlife rehabilitator shall submit a letter to the 33 board and the department affirming and attesting to the wildlife 34 rehabilitator's intended supervision and training of the apprentice, 35 and provide a copy thereof to the apprentice license applicant.

36 c. Upon nomination and receipt of a copy of the letter pursuant 37 to subsection b. of this section, the apprentice license applicant shall submit the appropriate form required pursuant to subsection b. 38 39 of section 5 of this act, with a copy of the letter and any other 40 required documentation, to the board and the department. Upon 41 confirmation of the receipt of the required documentation and the 42 applicant's eligibility, the board shall recommend to the department issuance of an apprentice license to the applicant, and the 43 44 department shall issue the license.

d. The applicant shall obtain an apprentice license pursuant tothis section prior to assisting the wildlife rehabilitator in any

capacity other than that of a volunteer, as set forth in subsection b. 1 2 of section 10 of this act. 3 To qualify for a wildlife rehabilitation license, an apprentice e. 4 is required to: 5 (1) obtain an apprentice license; (2) serve under the supervision and training of a wildlife 6 7 rehabilitator for at least one year; (3) complete at least 100 hours of wildlife rehabilitation with 8 9 the wildlife rehabilitator; and (4) obtain written documentation of the required service and 10 hours described in paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection, attested 11 to by the wildlife rehabilitator. 12 13 An apprentice license issued pursuant to this section shall be f. 14 valid for three years and shall be automatically renewed every three 15 years upon: 16 (1) submission to the department of a letter from a wildlife 17 rehabilitator licensed pursuant to this act attesting to supervision 18 and training of the apprentice as required pursuant to this section; 19 (2) submission of an application for an apprentice license 20 renewal, as established by the board and the department; and 21 (3) verification by the board that the apprentice has not been 22 found in violation of any law, rule, or regulation concerning animal 23 cruelty, or this act or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant 24 thereto. 25 26 8. a. Except as otherwise provided in subsection f. of this 27 section, an applicant shall be eligible to be issued a wildlife 28 rehabilitation license provided that the applicant: 29 (1) is 18 years of age or older; 30 (2) has not been found in violation of any law, rule, or 31 regulation concerning animal cruelty, or this act or any rule or 32 regulation adopted pursuant thereto; 33 (3) has served as an apprentice under an apprentice license; and 34 (4) has fulfilled the other requirements for a wildlife 35 rehabilitation license set forth in this section. 36 b. Except as provided in subsection f. of this section, prior to 37 applying for a wildlife rehabilitation license pursuant to this act, an applicant shall: 38 39 (1) obtain an apprentice license and serve as an apprentice pursuant to the requirements established in section 7 of this act; 40 (2) obtain and receive a federal rehabilitation permit from the 41 United States Fish and Wildlife Service in the United States 42 43 Department of the Interior or from the National Marine Fisheries 44 Service in the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, if 45 necessary or applicable; 46 (3) serve under the supervision and training of a wildlife 47 rehabilitator for at least one year;

1 (4) complete at least 100 hours of wildlife rehabilitation with 2 the wildlife rehabilitator; and

3 (5) obtain written documentation of the required service and
4 hours described in paragraphs (3) and (4) of this subsection, attested
5 to by the wildlife rehabilitator.

c. A wildlife rehabilitation license applicant shall submit the 6 7 form provided pursuant to subsection b. of section 5 with any 8 documentation obtained pursuant to subsection b. of this section, 9 required for establishing the list of species pursuant to subsection d. 10 of this section, or otherwise required by the board or the Upon confirmation of the receipt of the required 11 department. 12 documentation and the applicant's eligibility, the board shall recommend to the department issuance of a wildlife rehabilitation 13 14 license to the applicant, and the department shall issue the license.

15 d. A wildlife rehabilitation license issued pursuant to this act shall list the species that the wildlife rehabilitator is authorized to 16 17 handle. Prior to the issuance of a wildlife rehabilitation license, the 18 department shall establish the list of species that the license 19 applicant is authorized to handle, and shall submit the license 20 application, species list, and applicant information, including 21 documentation of the requirements set forth in subsection b. of this 22 section, to the Wildlife Rehabilitation Board for review and 23 approval. If no action is taken by the board within 60 days after the 24 submittal of these materials by the department, the department shall 25 determine that the license application and species list are approved 26 and shall issue the wildlife rehabilitation license to the applicant, 27 authorizing the wildlife rehabilitator to handle the species on the 28 list. Within the 60 days, the board may act by revising or requiring 29 additional information of the applicant or the department before 30 approving the applicant's species list.

31 To maintain the validity of the wildlife rehabilitation license, e. 32 a wildlife rehabilitator shall keep a record of any wild animal that is 33 a rabies vector species accepted for rehabilitation, in addition to any 34 records, tallies or logs or other information required pursuant to a 35 federal rehabilitation permit. The record shall include information 36 concerning: (1) the date the wild animal was received; (2) the name, 37 address, and phone number of the person the wild animal was 38 received from, if applicable; (3) the species; (4) the reason for 39 admittance, including the type of injury or illness, if applicable; and 40 (5) the status and final disposition report, including the location of 41 release or relocation, or transfer. The wildlife rehabilitator shall 42 maintain an initial exam record and a medical sheet for each wild 43 animal. The department may require additional information related 44 to rabies vector species, such as a rabies vector species log or tally.

f. A person with significant experience related to animal
biology, health, safety, or welfare, including a full-time, part-time,
retired, or out-of-State veterinarian, veterinary technician, wildlife

rehabilitator, zoologist, or other animal specialist, may apply for a
 wildlife rehabilitation license in this State by:
 (1) demonstrating, to the satisfaction of the Wildlife

4 Rehabilitation Board, that the person has relevant and necessary
5 experience related to wildlife rehabilitation, and by providing any
6 documentation related thereto; and

7 (2) completing at least 10 hours of wildlife rehabilitation or
8 more, as determined by the board, with a wildlife rehabilitator
9 licensed pursuant to this act, to be documented and attested to by
10 the wildlife rehabilitator.

g. A wildlife rehabilitation license issued pursuant to this act
shall be valid for three years and shall be automatically renewed
every three years upon:

(1) fulfillment by the wildlife rehabilitator of continuing
education requirements and documentation thereof, as provided
pursuant to section 9 of this act;

17 (2) submission of an application form for license renewal18 required pursuant to subsection b. of section 5 of this act;

(3) submission of records for any wild animal that is a rabies
vector species accepted for rehabilitation, pursuant to subsection e.
of this section; and

(4) verification by the board that the wildlife rehabilitator has
not been found in violation of any law, rule, or regulation
concerning animal cruelty, or this act or any rule or regulation
adopted pursuant thereto.

26

9. a. The Wildlife Rehabilitation Board, in consultation with
the Department of Environmental Protection, shall establish
continuing education requirements for a wildlife rehabilitator. A
wildlife rehabilitator shall fulfill specific criteria, as set forth
pursuant to this section, prior to renewal of a wildlife rehabilitation
license issued pursuant to this act.

b. A wildlife rehabilitator shall complete at least 12 hours ofinstruction in each three-year license cycle.

35 Upon fulfillment of the continuing education requirements, a c. 36 wildlife rehabilitator shall provide verification to the board and the 37 department that the continuing education coursework is complete. The board shall accept any certificate of completion issued by a 38 39 college or other education provider for the purposes of renewing a license issued pursuant to section 9 of this act. If such a certificate 40 41 is not provided, the board may specify other documentation that is 42 acceptable for the verification required pursuant to this section. 43

10. a. In pursuing the amount of hours of wildlife rehabilitation
required for a license or a permit pursuant to this act, an applicant
may complete a basic training course for wildlife rehabilitation. A
basic training course may be substituted for no more than 40 hours

of the minimum hours required pursuant to this act, as applicable, 1 2 and which shall be determined by the board on a case-by-case basis. 3 A person who has not been issued a wildlife rehabilitation b. 4 license or apprentice license may volunteer to assist a wildlife 5 rehabilitator if the person is under the direct supervision of the wildlife rehabilitator. If a volunteer subsequently applies for an 6 7 apprentice license, the volunteer may be credited up to 10 hours 8 towards the minimum amount of hours of wildlife rehabilitation 9 required pursuant to this act, subject to the discretion of the board and with the recommendation from the supervising wildlife 10 11 rehabilitator.

12

11. a. The department may recommend to the board that the
license of a wildlife rehabilitator or an apprentice be suspended or
revoked pursuant to the provisions of this section. The board shall
determine if a license shall be suspended or revoked.

17 b. Whenever, on the basis of available information, the 18 department finds that a wildlife rehabilitator or an apprentice is in 19 violation of this act, or any rule or regulation adopted pursuant 20 thereto, or knowingly has made any false statement, representation, 21 or certification in any documents or information required to be 22 submitted to the department, the department may recommend to the 23 board that the license of the wildlife rehabilitator or apprentice, or 24 the renewal thereof, be denied, suspended, or revoked.

c. (1) The board is authorized to deny, suspend, or revoke a
license of a wildlife rehabilitator or an apprentice after receipt of
any recommendations from the department and after a hearing,
pursuant to the process set forth in this section.

(2) Upon determination by the board that an applicant is not
qualified or is ineligible to become licensed or have a license
renewed, the board shall provide to the applicant a written
statement setting forth the reasons for the denial of the license.

(3) Upon determination by the board that a license shall be
suspended or revoked, the board shall provide to the wildlife
rehabilitator or apprentice a written statement setting forth the
reasons for the suspension or revocation.

(4) The written statement, which shall be provided to the
applicant, wildlife rehabilitator, or apprentice by certified mail or
personal service, shall: (a) identify the statutory or regulatory basis
of the violation; (b) identify the specific act or omission
constituting the violation; and (c) affirm the right of the violator to
a hearing on any matter contained in the notice and the procedures
for requesting a hearing, pursuant to subsection d. of this section.

d. Upon determination by the board that an applicant shall be
denied a license or that a wildlife rehabilitation license or an
apprentice license shall be suspended or revoked, an applicant,
wildlife rehabilitator, or apprentice may, within 30 days after the

11

date of receipt of the written statement, request a hearing for a
 review of the determination. The board shall grant a hearing to the
 applicant, wildlife rehabilitator or apprentice within 30 days after
 receipt of the request for a hearing.

5 After a hearing and upon finding that a violation has occurred 6 and the denial, suspension or revocation is justified, the board shall 7 issue a final order denying, suspending, or revoking the license. If a 8 violator does not request a hearing pursuant to this subsection, or 9 fails to satisfy the requirements for requesting a hearing, the notice 10 of intent to deny, suspend, or revoke the license shall become final 11 after the expiration of the 30-day period, and the license shall be 12 denied, suspended or revoked, as applicable.

13 e. Upon a recommendation of the department that the conduct 14 of the wildlife rehabilitator or apprentice is so egregious as to pose 15 an imminent threat to public health or safety or to the health or 16 safety of the animals if the wildlife rehabilitator or apprentice is 17 allowed to continue conducting wildlife rehabilitation activities or 18 otherwise caring for the animals pending a hearing on a revocation 19 of the license, the board may suspend the license prior to the 20 outcome of the hearing and relocate the animals to a secure and 21 appropriate wildlife rehabilitation facility if appropriate, pending 22 the hearing and final determination concerning the license.

f. Any order issued by the board suspending or revoking a
license shall provide for the obligations of a wildlife rehabilitator
regarding the disposition of any wildlife in the possession of the
wildlife rehabilitator and the maintenance and preservation of
records regarding the wildlife rehabilitation activities.

g. A wildlife rehabilitator wishing to retain a license, prior to suspension or revocation, shall allow an inspector, authorized by the board pursuant to subsection b. of section 13 of this act, to inspect, at a reasonable time, the wildlife rehabilitation facility in which the wildlife rehabilitator performs wildlife rehabilitation and any wild animal therein, to determine compliance with license and inspection requirements as set forth by the board.

h. At the discretion of the board, a wildlife rehabilitator or an apprentice may not apply for a new license for up to two years following the date of revocation of a license by the board if the violation is of a severe nature. At the conclusion of the license revocation period, the formerly licensed wildlife rehabilitator or apprentice shall follow the application procedures for licensure in accordance with this act.

42 i. Upon the second revocation of a license, a wildlife
43 rehabilitator or an apprentice shall be permanently prohibited from
44 holding a wildlife rehabilitation license or apprentice license in the
45 State.

12. a. The department, in collaboration with the Wildlife 1 2 Rehabilitation Board established pursuant to section 4 of this act, 3 shall establish a permit for the possession of permanently injured 4 wildlife or endangered or threatened permanently injured wildlife 5 species. There shall be no application or renewal fee for the permit. No wildlife rehabilitator may possess permanently injured wildlife 6 7 or endangered or threatened permanently injured wildlife species 8 without the permit established pursuant to this section, and no 9 wildlife rehabilitator may be issued a permit pursuant to this section unless the wildlife rehabilitator has a valid wildlife rehabilitation 10 11 license.

b. Prior to applying for the permit established pursuant to thissection, a wildlife rehabilitator shall:

(1) obtain any necessary federal permit therefor from the United
States Fish and Wildlife Service in the United States Department of
the Interior or the National Marine Fisheries Service in the National
Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, if appropriate or
applicable;

(2) establish an agreement in writing with a nearby veterinarian
for consultation or services for the wildlife in the care of the
wildlife rehabilitator;

(3) allow and provide for an inspector, authorized by the board
pursuant to section 13 of this act, to inspect the rehabilitation
facility to determine if it is suitable for the intended species.

25 c. For the purposes of the inspection required pursuant to paragraph (3) of subsection b. of this section, the wildlife 26 27 rehabilitator shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the inspector 28 that the security of the housing, caging and other containment areas 29 of the facility, as applicable, sufficiently protects the animal and the 30 public. The inspector shall verify the facilities are constructed to 31 prevent: (1) possible escape of the animal; and (2) public access to 32 the animal, except for those animals that are used for educational 33 purposes.

d. Upon completion of the inspection, the inspector shall
provide the wildlife rehabilitator with documentation of the
inspection and its outcome. After the initial inspection for the
permit application, the inspector may inspect the facility once each
year thereafter.

39 e. A wildlife rehabilitator shall provide the board and the department with the documentation obtained pursuant to 40 subsections b. and d. of this section and shall submit to the board 41 42 the proposal required pursuant to subsection f. of this section. After 43 the board receives the proposal, the board shall determine the 44 eligibility of the wildlife rehabilitator for the permit and shall notify 45 the department of its determination. The department shall issue a 46 permit to the wildlife rehabilitator upon a satisfactory determination

by the board, or shall deny the permit if the board determines the
 permit applicant to be unsatisfactory.

3 The board shall require a wildlife rehabilitator, as part of the f. 4 application for the permit established pursuant to this section, to 5 submit to the board a detailed written proposal, including the results 6 of the inspection conducted pursuant to subsections b., c., and d. of 7 this section. As part of the proposal, the board may request that the 8 wildlife rehabilitator submit information detailing the wildlife 9 rehabilitator's relevant education, experience, research, 10 publications, funding, equipment and any other information, to 11 demonstrate to the satisfaction of the board that the wildlife 12 rehabilitator has the knowledge and expertise in handling and caring 13 for the specific species, and that it is reasonably probable that the 14 wildlife rehabilitator will accept guidance from the board to 15 improve upon that expertise.

16 g. In order to retain a permit issued pursuant to this section, a 17 wildlife rehabilitator shall submit to the board a report on the 18 disposition of each animal processed pursuant to the permit, no later 19 than 180 days after the date of issuance of the permit for the first 20 year, and biennially on the date of issuance of the initial permit 21 thereafter.

22 h. Upon determination by the board that the wildlife 23 rehabilitator has failed to comply with the conditions set forth in 24 this section, the board shall suspend or revoke the permit and 25 immediately seize the animal and place it under the care of another 26 wildlife rehabilitator, pending permanent forfeiture of the animal 27 and any other animals from the possession of the wildlife 28 rehabilitator by the board and at the wildlife rehabilitator's expense. 29 i. The wildlife rehabilitator shall, in writing at the time of 30 application, release the board, the department, any sponsoring 31 organization, or any professional monitoring the wildlife 32 rehabilitator's work from liability for any damages arising from the 33 suspension or revocation of a permit issued by the department pursuant to this section. Upon the suspension, revocation, or 34 35 expiration of the permit, the wildlife rehabilitator shall be solely 36 responsible for all costs of maintaining and relocating, at the 37 discretion of the board, all the animals possessed under the permit.

j. If the wildlife rehabilitation license or license renewal of a
wildlife rehabilitator is denied, suspended, or revoked, then the
permit issued pursuant to this section shall be correspondingly and
automatically denied, suspended, or revoked.

42

13. a. The Wildlife Rehabilitation Board shall develop wildlife
rehabilitation facility inspection requirements for any size facility,
including home-based facilities and facilities specializing in a
particular species, and shall use the National Wildlife Rehabilitators
Association guidelines as the basis therefor. The requirements shall

include inspection of the space, and cage if applicable, for an
 animal, and the capacity of the facility for rehabilitating multiple
 animals.

b. The board shall establish requirements for any person
authorized to conduct inspections of wildlife rehabilitation
facilities. Each inspector shall serve at the discretion of the board.

7 Each wildlife rehabilitation facility shall be inspected twice c. 8 during a three-year period, in conjunction with the three-year period 9 of the license of the wildlife rehabilitator, except as provided 10 pursuant to subsection g. of section 11 of this act, section 12 of this act, and subsection g. of this section. An inspector shall only 11 12 inspect areas where animals are present, are expected to be present, 13 or are reasonably presumed to be present based on evidence 14 discovered at the facility.

d. At the time of an inspection, the inspector shall provide a
copy of the inspection documentation to the wildlife rehabilitator.
The inspection documentation shall include space for the inspector
to remark on any deficiencies found and what corrective actions are
required. The inspector shall submit the inspection documentation
to the board within three days after the date of inspection.

e. Upon failure to satisfactorily fulfill inspection requirements, and within 15 days after the date of inspection, a wildlife rehabilitator shall submit a letter to the board indicating the wildlife rehabilitator's response to any inspection violation, an explanation of the facility conditions cited in the inspection documentation, and the intended corrective action to be taken by the wildlife rehabilitator.

28 All reasonable corrective action, as determined by the board, f. 29 shall be completed by a wildlife rehabilitator within 30 days after 30 the board's receipt of a letter submitted pursuant to subsection e. of 31 this section, except as agreed to otherwise by the board. The board 32 may agree to the completion of the corrective action after the 30 33 days if the wildlife rehabilitator provides proper documentation 34 indicating that the corrective action will be completed and submits 35 it to the board within the 30 days, including a contractor quote for 36 cost and timeframe of completion of the work necessary to meet the 37 inspection requirement if applicable.

g. A wildlife rehabilitator shall notify the board after
completion of all corrective action. Within 30 days after the
board's receipt of this notification, an authorized inspector shall reinspect the wildlife rehabilitation facility to ensure completion of
the corrective action for the original violations only.

h. When an inspector attempts an inspection of a wildlife
rehabilitation facility and no person is present to grant access, the
inspector shall post a notice on an entrance to the facility
demanding access within three days. Failure to permit an inspection
within three days, as indicated in the posted notice, shall constitute

15

a refusal of entry for purposes of this section, unless there are no
animals at the facility, or the wildlife rehabilitator and the inspector
who posted the notice agree within the three days indicated in the
posted notice to permit an inspection at a time agreed to by both
parties.

6 i. A violation of this section may be used by the board to
7 determine if denial of a license renewal or suspension or revocation
8 of a license, pursuant to section 11 of this act, is appropriate.

9 į. A wildlife rehabilitator may report a complaint about an inspector or an inspection to the board. Within 30 days after receipt 10 of a complaint, the board may conduct a hearing to review the 11 12 complaint. After a hearing and upon a finding that an inspector has 13 not performed an inspection in a professional manner, or has 14 violated any provision of this section, the board may suspend or 15 remove the inspector, or determine that the inspector shall remain 16 authorized to perform inspections pursuant to this section. 17

18 14. No animal may be seized or destroyed under any
19 circumstances, unless the Wildlife Rehabilitation Board, established
20 pursuant to section 4 of this act, specifically orders and directs the
21 seizure or the destruction of the animal.

22

15. a. A wildlife rehabilitator may release an animal within 10
miles of where the animal was found, and may release an animal at
a State park or forest, with the approval of the Division of Parks and
Forestry in the Department of Environmental Protection, or in a
wildlife management area if the animal was originally found near or
in the park, forest, or wildlife management area.

b. A wildlife rehabilitator may recommend placement of a nonreleasable animal to a zoo and, upon approval by the board in
consultation with the zoo, may place the animal at the zoo.

32

16. a. A wildlife rehabilitator shall be allowed to care for an
injured, orphaned, or sick wild animal outside of the scope of the
species authorized under the license pursuant to subsection d. of
section 8 of this act or the permit required pursuant to section 12 of
this act, if:

38 (1) no other wildlife rehabilitator is available and able to care
39 for the injured, orphaned, or sick wild animal at the time it is
40 discovered;

41 (2) no other wildlife rehabilitator in the State has been issued a42 license which includes such species;

(3) the nearest wildlife rehabilitator with a license to care forthat species of wild animal is located more than 25 miles away; or

(4) the transportation of the wild animal to another wildlife
rehabilitator would jeopardize the health, safety, or general
wellbeing of the wild animal at that time.

16

b. For any injured, orphaned, or sick wild animal being
temporarily cared for by a wildlife rehabilitator pursuant to
subsection a. of this section, the wild animal shall be transferred to
a wildlife rehabilitator with a license to care for that species within
a reasonable and practicable period of time, but no longer than 30
days, except if the board determines that transferring the wild
animal within that timeframe would be impracticable or unfeasible.

c. The Wildlife Rehabilitation Board, established pursuant to
section 4 of this act, shall review the reporting requirements for
licensed veterinarians and may make recommendations to the State
Board of Veterinary Medical Examiners for revision of the
requirements concerning injured or orphaned wildlife, as deemed
necessary by the board.

d. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, or rules or
regulations adopted pursuant thereto to the contrary, a licensed
veterinarian may possess and hold a wild animal for as long as the
licensed veterinarian determines necessary for the animal's proper
care and treatment.

19

20 17. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law, or rule or 21 regulation adopted pursuant thereto, to the contrary, any person, 22 who in good faith renders emergency care to an animal at the scene 23 of a natural accident or emergency, or while transporting an animal 24 to a veterinary hospital or other facility where treatment or care is 25 to be rendered, shall not be liable for any civil damages as a result 26 of any acts or omissions by the person rendering the emergency 27 care, so long as the person contacts a wildlife rehabilitator or licensed veterinarian as soon as possible and the animal is 28 29 transported within 48 hours to a wildlife rehabilitator or licensed 30 veterinarian. This section shall apply to, but shall not necessarily 31 be limited to, a volunteer member of an animal rescue organization 32 or shelter or a person licensed to practice any method of treatment 33 of animal ailments, disease, pain, injury, deformity, or mental or 34 physical condition, or licensed to render services ancillary thereto. 35

18. The Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt,
pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
(C.52:14B-1 et seq.), rules and regulations as recommended by the
Wildlife Rehabilitation Board, as necessary for the implementation
and administration of this act.

41

42 19. Section 4 of this act shall take effect immediately and the
43 remainder of this act shall take effect on the 180th day after the date
44 of enactment, but the Commissioner of Environmental Protection
45 may take such anticipatory administrative action in advance thereof
46 as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

17

STATEMENT

The floor substitute would require the Department of 3 Environmental Protection (DEP) to establish a licensing program 4 5 and requirements for wildlife rehabilitators, including an apprenticeship requirement and licensing requirements 6 for 7 Each wildlife rehabilitation license would list the apprentices. 8 species that the licensee is authorized to handle. The substitute also 9 directs the DEP, in consultation with the Wildlife Rehabilitation Board established under section 4 of the floor substitute, to 10 11 establish a permit for the possession of permanently injured wildlife 12 and permanently injured endangered or threatened wildlife species, 13 in addition to the wildlife rehabilitation license.

The floor substitute establishes the Wildlife Rehabilitation Board
in, but not of, the Department of Environmental Protection. The
board would be distinct and separate from the Division of Fish and
Wildlife, with full authority and responsibility for:

1) providing professional oversight for the wildlife rehabilitation
 license and apprentice license established and authorized pursuant
 to this act;

2) establishing and implementing inspection requirements;

22 3) developing continuing education programs for wildlife23 rehabilitators;

4) reviewing, and revising as necessary, applicant species lists
submitted by the department and established in conjunction with a
wildlife rehabilitation license application;

5) determining if a license shall be denied, modified, suspended or revoked, or if a person may apply to become licensed without serving as an apprentice as provided pursuant to subsection f. of section 8 of this substitute; and

6) reviewing, prior to any seizure or destruction of any animal,
any seizure of animals or order for the destruction thereof, and
validating or vacating any order for the destruction of animals.

The board would consist of 10 members, nine of whom would be voting members and State residents, to be selected within 120 days after the enactment date of the bill and qualified as specified in section 4 of the floor substitute.

The floor substitute specifically prohibits any animal from being 38 39 seized or destroyed under any circumstances, unless the Wildlife 40 Rehabilitation Board specifically orders and directs the seizure or 41 the destruction of the animal. The floor substitute also prohibits any 42 license or permit established under the bill from being denied, 43 suspended or revoked without the board's specific recommendation 44 and direction to do so. Finally, the floor substitute provides for the 45 application and issuance process for the apprentice and wildlife 46 rehabilitation licenses and permit for permanently injured 47 endangered species and wildlife, and establishes requirements and

1 2

21

- 1 restrictions concerning inspections of wildlife rehabilitation
- 2 facilities.