ASSEMBLY, No. 3740 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 22, 2018

Sponsored by: Assemblyman HERB CONAWAY, JR. District 7 (Burlington) Assemblywoman CAROL A. MURPHY District 7 (Burlington)

SYNOPSIS

Authorizes medical marijuana for treatment of any diagnosed condition; revises requirements for physicians to authorize qualifying patients; and revises requirements for alternative treatment center operations and permitting.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning medical marijuana and revising and 2 supplementing P.L.2009, c.307. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 2 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-2) is amended to read 8 as follows: 9 2. The Legislature finds and declares that: 10 Modern medical research has discovered a beneficial use for a. marijuana in treating or alleviating the pain or other symptoms 11 12 associated with certain [debilitating] <u>qualifying</u> medical conditions, as found by the National Academy of Sciences' Institute 13 14 of Medicine in March 1999; 15 b. According to the U.S. Sentencing Commission and the Federal Bureau of Investigation, 99 out of every 100 marijuana 16 arrests in the country are made under state law, rather than under 17 18 federal law. Consequently, changing state law will have the 19 practical effect of protecting from arrest the vast majority of 20 seriously ill people who have a medical need to use marijuana; 21 Although federal law currently prohibits the use of c. 22 marijuana, the laws of Alaska, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Maine, 23 Michigan, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Rhode Island, 24 Vermont, and Washington permit the use of marijuana for medical 25 purposes, and in Arizona doctors are permitted to prescribe marijuana. New Jersey joins this effort for the health and welfare 26 27 of its citizens; 28 d. States are not required to enforce federal law or prosecute 29 people for engaging in activities prohibited by federal law; 30 therefore, compliance with this act does not put the State of New 31 Jersey in violation of federal law; and 32 e. Compassion dictates that a distinction be made between 33 medical and non-medical uses of marijuana. Hence, the purpose of 34 this act is to protect from arrest, prosecution, property forfeiture, 35 and criminal and other penalties, those patients who use marijuana 36 to alleviate suffering from [debilitating] certain qualifying medical 37 conditions, as well as their physicians, primary caregivers, and 38 those who are authorized to produce marijuana for medical 39 purposes. 40 (cf: P.L.2009, c.307, s.2) 41 42 2. Section 3 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-3) is amended to read 43 as follows: 44 3. As used in [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), 45 P.L.2015, c.158 (C.18A:40-12.22), and P.L. , c. (C.) 46 (pending before the Legislature as this bill):

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

1 "ATC identification card" means a document issued by the 2 department that identifies a person as an owner, director, board 3 member, principal officer, or employee of an ATC. 4 "Bona fide physician-patient relationship" means a relationship 5 in which the physician has ongoing responsibility for the assessment, care, and treatment of a patient's [debilitating] 6 7 qualifying medical condition. 8 ["Certification" means a statement signed by a physician with 9 whom a qualifying patient has a bona fide physician-patient 10 relationship, which attests to the physician's authorization for the patient to apply for registration for the medical use of marijuana. 11 12 "Central region" means the counties of Hunterdon, Middlesex, 13 Mercer, Monmouth, Ocean, Somerset, and Union. 14 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Health. 15 "Common ownership or control" means: (1) between two for-profit entities, the same individuals or 16 17 entities own and control more than 50 percent of both entities; 18 (2) between a nonprofit entity and a for-profit entity, a majority 19 of the directors, trustees, or members of the governing body of the 20 nonprofit entity directly or indirectly own and control more than 50 21 percent of the for-profit entity; and 22 (3) between two nonprofit entities, the same directors, trustees, 23 or governing body members comprise a majority of the voting 24 directors, trustees, or governing body members of both nonprofits. 25 "Cultivate" means possessing, planting, propagating, cultivating, 26 growing, harvesting, processing, labeling, manufacturing, compounding, and storing medical marijuana consistent with 27 28 P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.). 29 ["Debilitating medical condition" means: 30 (1) one of the following conditions, if resistant to conventional 31 medical therapy: seizure disorder, including epilepsy; intractable 32 skeletal muscular spasticity; post-traumatic stress disorder; or 33 glaucoma; 34 (2) one of the following conditions, if severe or chronic pain, 35 severe nausea or vomiting, cachexia, or wasting syndrome results 36 from the condition or treatment thereof: positive status for human 37 immunodeficiency virus; acquired immune deficiency syndrome; or 38 cancer; 39 (3) amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, multiple sclerosis, terminal 40 cancer, muscular dystrophy, or inflammatory bowel disease, 41 including Crohn's disease; 42 (4) terminal illness, if the physician has determined a prognosis 43 of less than 12 months of life; or 44 (5) any other medical condition or its treatment that is approved 45 by the department by regulation. 46 "Department" means the Department of Health.

1 "Immediate family" means the spouse, child, sibling, or parent of 2 an individual, and shall include the siblings and parents of the 3 individual's spouse and the spouse of the individual's child. 4 "Interest holder" means a direct or indirect owner, part owner, 5 investor, lender, stockholder, officer, director, partner, or member 6 of any corporation, partnership, limited liability company, limited 7 liability partnership, employee cooperative, association, nonprofit 8 corporation, business entity, or any other person with a direct 9 ownership interest or indirect interest through intermediary business 10 entities or other structures in an alternative treatment center. 11 "Marijuana" has the meaning given in section 2 of the "New 12 Jersey Controlled Dangerous Substances Act," P.L.1970, c.226 13 (C.24:21-2). 14 "Medical marijuana alternative treatment center" or "alternative 15 treatment center" or "ATC" means an organization [approved] 16 issued a permit by the department to perform activities necessary 17 to provide registered qualifying patients with usable marijuana and 18 related paraphernalia in accordance with the provisions of this act] 19 operate as a medical marijuana cultivator-processor or as a medical 20 marijuana dispensary. This term shall include the organization's 21 officers, directors, board members, and employees. 22 "Medical marijuana cultivator-processor" means an organization 23 holding a permit issued by the department that authorizes the 24 organization to: possess and cultivate marijuana; produce, 25 manufacture, or otherwise create marijuana-infused and marijuana-26 derived products; and deliver, transfer, transport, distribute, supply, 27 and sell medical marijuana, marijuana-infused products, marijuana-28 derived products, and related supplies to medical marijuana 29 dispensaries. A medical marijuana cultivator-processor permit shall 30 not authorize the permit holder to deliver, transfer, transport, 31 distribute, supply, sell, or dispense medical marijuana, marijuana-32 infused products, marijuana-derived products, or related supplies to 33 qualifying patients or their primary caregivers. 34 "Medical marijuana dispensary" means an organization issued a 35 permit by the department that authorizes the organization to obtain medical marijuana, marijuana-infused products, and marijuana 36 37 derived products from a medical marijuana cultivator-processor, 38 and to possess, display, deliver, transfer, transport, distribute, 39 supply, sell, and dispense medical marijuana, marijuana-infused 40 products, marijuana-derived products, and related supplies to 41 gualifying patients and their primary caregivers. A medical 42 marijuana dispensary permit shall not authorize the permit holder to 43 cultivate marijuana or to manufacture or process marijuana-infused 44 or marijuana-derived products. 45 "Medical use of marijuana" means the acquisition, possession, 46 transport, or use of marijuana or paraphernalia by a registered 47 qualifying patient as authorized by [this act] P.L.2009, c.307

1 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), P.L.2015, c.158 (C.18A:40-12.22), and P.L., c. 2 (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 3 "Minor" means a person who is under 18 years of age and who 4 has not been married or previously declared by a court or an 5 administrative agency to be emancipated. "Northern region" means the counties of Bergen, Essex, Hudson, 6 7 Morris, Passaic, Sussex, and Warren. 8 "Paraphernalia" has the meaning given in N.J.S.2C:36-1. 9 "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine and 10 surgery pursuant to Title 45 of the Revised Statutes with whom the 11 patient has a bona fide physician-patient relationship and who is the 12 primary care physician, hospice physician, or physician responsible 13 for the ongoing treatment of a patient's [debilitating] <u>qualifying</u> 14 medical condition, provided, however, that the ongoing treatment 15 shall not be limited to the provision of authorization for a patient to 16 use medical marijuana or consultation solely for that purpose. 17 "Primary caregiver" or "caregiver" means a resident of the State 18 who: 19 is at least 18 years old; a. 20 has agreed to assist with a registered qualifying patient's b. 21 medical use of marijuana, is not currently serving as primary 22 caregiver for [another] more than one other qualifying patient, and 23 is not the qualifying patient's physician; 24 subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of section 4 of c. 25 P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-4), has never been convicted of possession 26 or sale of a controlled dangerous substance, unless such conviction 27 occurred after the effective date of [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.) and was for a violation of federal law related to 28 29 possession or sale of marijuana that is authorized under [this act] 30 P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), P.L.2015, c.158 (C.18A:40-31 12.22), or P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as 32 this bill); 33 d. has registered with the department pursuant to section 4 of 34 [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-4), and, if the individual is not an immediate family member of the patient, has satisfied the 35 36 criminal history record background check requirement of section 4 37 of [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-4); and 38 e. has been designated as primary caregiver on the qualifying 39 patient's application or renewal for a registry identification card or 40 in other written notification to the department. 41 "Qualifying medical condition" means any medical condition 42 diagnosed by a physician, including the symptoms of the condition 43 and any symptoms resulting from any treatment for the condition, 44 which the physician determines may be treated using medical 45 marijuana. 46 "Qualifying patient" or "patient" means a resident of the State 47 who has been [provided with a certification] authorized for the

1 medical use of marijuana by a physician pursuant to a bona fide 2 physician-patient relationship. 3 "Region" means the northern region, the central region, or the 4 southern region, as defined in this section. 5 "Registry identification card" means a document issued by the 6 department that identifies a person as a registered qualifying patient 7 or primary caregiver. 8 "Southern region" means the counties of Atlantic, Burlington, 9 Camden, Cape May, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem. 10 "Usable marijuana" means the dried leaves and flowers of 11 marijuana, and any mixture or preparation thereof, and does not 12 include the seeds, stems, stalks, or roots of the plant. (cf: P.L.2016, c.53, s.1) 13 14 15 3. Section 4 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-4) is amended to read 16 as follows: 17 4. a. The department shall establish a registry of qualifying 18 patients and their primary caregivers, and shall issue a registry 19 identification card, which shall be valid for two years, to a 20 qualifying patient and primary caregiver, if applicable, who submits 21 the following, in accordance with regulations adopted by the 22 department: 23 (1) a [certification that meets the requirements of section 5 of this act] documentation of a physician's authorization for the 24 25 medical use of marijuana; 26 (2) an application or renewal fee, which may be based on a 27 sliding scale as determined by the commissioner; except that no application or renewal fee shall apply in the case of an immediate 28 29 family member of the patient who serves as primary caregiver to the 30 patient. In all other cases, the application and renewal fee shall not 31 exceed \$10 for patients who are indigent and \$50 for all other 32 cardholders; 33 (3) the name, address, and date of birth of the patient and 34 caregiver, as applicable; and 35 (4) the name, address, and telephone number of the patient's 36 physician. 37 b. Before issuing a registry identification card, the department 38 shall verify the information contained in the application or renewal 39 form submitted pursuant to this section. In the case of a primary 40 caregiver who is not an immediate family member of the patient, 41 the department shall provisionally approve an application pending 42 the results of a criminal history record background check, if the caregiver otherwise meets the requirements of [this act] P.L.2009, 43 44 c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.). The department shall approve or deny an 45 application or renewal within 30 days of receipt of the completed 46 application or renewal, and shall issue a registry identification card 47 within five days of approving the application or renewal. The 48 department may deny an application or renewal only if the applicant

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fails to provide the information required pursuant to this section, or
if the department determines that the information was incorrect or
falsified or does not meet the requirements of [this act] P.L.2009,
<u>c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.)</u>. Denial of an application shall be a final
agency decision, subject to review by the Superior Court, Appellate
Division.

c. (1) The commissioner shall require each applicant seeking 7 8 to serve as a primary caregiver who is not an immediate family 9 member of the patient to undergo a criminal history record 10 background check. The commissioner is authorized to exchange fingerprint data with and receive criminal history record 11 background information from the Division of State Police and the 12 13 Federal Bureau of Investigation consistent with the provisions of 14 applicable federal and State laws, rules, and regulations. The 15 Division of State Police shall forward criminal history record 16 background information to the commissioner in a timely manner 17 when requested pursuant to the provisions of this section.

18 An applicant seeking to serve as a primary caregiver who is not 19 an immediate family member of the patient shall submit to being 20 fingerprinted in accordance with applicable State and federal laws, 21 rules, and regulations. No check of criminal history record 22 background information shall be performed pursuant to this section 23 unless the applicant has furnished [his] the applicant's written 24 consent to that check. An applicant who is not an immediate family 25 member of the patient who refuses to consent to, or cooperate in, 26 the securing of a check of criminal history record background 27 information shall not be considered for inclusion in the registry as a primary caregiver or issuance of an identification card. 28 An 29 applicant shall bear the cost for the criminal history record 30 background check, including all costs of administering and 31 processing the check. <u>No criminal history record background check</u> 32 shall be required of an applicant to be a primary caregiver if the 33 applicant is an immediate family member of the patient.

34 (2) The commissioner shall not approve an applicant seeking to 35 serve as a primary caregiver who is not an immediate family 36 member of the patient if the criminal history record background 37 information of the applicant reveals a disqualifying conviction. For 38 the purposes of this section, a disqualifying conviction shall mean a 39 conviction of a crime involving any controlled dangerous substance 40 or controlled substance analog as set forth in chapter 35 of Title 2C 41 of the New Jersey Statutes except [paragraph] : subparagraph (b) of 42 paragraph (10) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:35-5, paragraphs (11) 43 or (12) of subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:35-5, or paragraphs (3) or (4) of 44 subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:35-10, or any similar law of the United 45 States or of any other state.

46 (3) Upon receipt of the criminal history record background
47 information from the Division of State Police and the Federal
48 Bureau of Investigation, the commissioner shall provide written

notification to the applicant of [his] the applicant's qualification or
 disqualification for serving as a primary caregiver.
 If the applicant is disqualified because of a disqualifying

conviction pursuant to the provisions of this section, the conviction
that constitutes the basis for the disqualification shall be identified
in the written notice.

(4) The Division of State Police shall promptly notify the 7 8 commissioner in the event that an individual who was the subject of 9 a criminal history record background check conducted pursuant to 10 this section is convicted of a crime or offense in this State after the date the background check was performed. Upon receipt of that 11 12 notification, the commissioner shall make a determination regarding 13 the continued eligibility of the applicant to serve as a primary 14 caregiver.

15 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of this section to the contrary, no applicant shall be disqualified from 16 17 serving as a registered primary caregiver on the basis of any 18 conviction disclosed by a criminal history record background check 19 conducted pursuant to this section if the individual has affirmatively 20 demonstrated to the commissioner clear and convincing evidence of 21 rehabilitation. In determining whether clear and convincing 22 evidence of rehabilitation has been demonstrated, the following 23 factors shall be considered:

(a) the nature and responsibility of the position which theconvicted individual would hold, has held, or currently holds;

26 (b) the nature and seriousness of the crime or offense;

(c) the circumstances under which the crime or offenseoccurred;

(d) the date of the crime or offense;

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30 (e) the age of the individual when the crime or offense was31 committed;

32 (f) whether the crime or offense was an isolated or repeated33 incident;

34 (g) any social conditions which may have contributed to the35 commission of the crime or offense; and

(h) any evidence of rehabilitation, including good conduct in
prison or in the community, counseling or psychiatric treatment
received, acquisition of additional academic or vocational
schooling, successful participation in correctional work-release
programs, or the recommendation of those who have had the
individual under their supervision.

42 d. A registry identification card shall contain the following43 information:

44 (1) the name, address, and date of birth of the patient and45 primary caregiver, if applicable;

46 (2) the expiration date of the registry identification card;

47 (3) photo identification of the cardholder; and

1 (4) such other information that the department may specify by 2 regulation.

e. (1) A patient who has been issued a registry identification
card shall notify the department of any change in the patient's name,
address, or physician or change in status of the patient's
[debilitating] <u>qualifying</u> medical condition, within 10 days of such
change, or the registry identification card shall be deemed null and
void.

9 (2) A primary caregiver who has been issued a registry 10 identification card shall notify the department of any change in the 11 caregiver's name or address within 10 days of such change, or the 12 registry identification card shall be deemed null and void.

13 The department shall maintain a confidential list of the f. 14 persons to whom it has issued registry identification cards. 15 Individual names and other identifying information on the list, and 16 information contained in any application form, or accompanying or supporting document shall be confidential, and shall not be 17 18 considered a public record under P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) 19 or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.), and shall not be disclosed 20 except to:

(1) authorized employees of the department and the Division of
 Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety as
 necessary to perform official duties of the department and the
 division, as applicable; and

(2) authorized employees of State or local law enforcement
agencies, only as necessary to verify that a person who is engaged
in the suspected or alleged medical use of marijuana is lawfully in
possession of a registry identification card.

g. Applying for or receiving a registry card does not constitute
a waiver of the qualifying patient's patient-physician privilege.
(cf: P.L.2009, c.307, s.4)

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4. (New section) a. A physician shall not be required to enroll
in any medical marijuana physician registry or undergo any
additional registration process as a condition of authorizing patients
for the medical use of marijuana.

37 b. When authorizing a qualifying patient who is a minor for the 38 medical use of marijuana, if the treating physician is not trained in 39 the care of pediatric patients, the treating physician shall, prior to 40 authorizing the patient for the medical use of marijuana, obtain 41 written confirmation from a physician trained in the care of 42 pediatric patients establishing, in the physician's professional 43 opinion, and following an examination of the minor patient or 44 review of the minor patient's medical record, that the minor patient 45 is likely to receive therapeutic or palliative benefits from the 46 medical use of marijuana to treat or alleviate symptoms associated 47 with the patient's qualifying medical condition. If the treating 48 physician is trained in the care of pediatric patients, no additional

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written confirmation from any other physician shall be required as a
 condition of authorizing the patient for the medical use of
 marijuana.

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5 5. (New section) a. Except as provided in subsection b. of this 6 section, no physician who has authorized a patient for the medical 7 use of marijuana pursuant to P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.) 8 within the past 90 days, and no member of such physician's 9 immediate family, shall be an interest holder in, or receive any form 10 of direct or indirect compensation from, any alternative treatment 11 center.

b. Nothing in subsection a. of this section shall be construed to prevent a physician from serving on the medical advisory board of an alternative treatment center established pursuant to section 9 of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) and receiving a reasonable stipend for such service, provided that:

(1) the stipend does not exceed the stipend paid to any other
member of the medical advisory board for serving on the board; and
(2) the amount of the stipend is not based on patient volumes at
the alternative treatment center or on the number of authorizations
for the medical use of marijuana the physician issues pursuant to
P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.).

c. A physician, or an immediate family member of a physician,
who applies for an ATC identification card shall certify that the
physician has not authorized a patient for the medical use of
marijuana pursuant to P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.) within the
90 days immediately preceding the date of the application.

28 d. A person who violates subsection a. of this section shall be29 guilty of a crime of the fourth degree.

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31 6. Section 7 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-7) is amended to read
32 as follows:

33 7. a. The department shall accept applications from entities 34 for permits to operate as alternative treatment centers [, and may charge a reasonable fee for the issuance of a permit under this 35 section]. [The department shall seek to ensure the availability of a 36 sufficient number of <u>To ensure adequate access to</u> alternative 37 treatment centers throughout the State, **[**pursuant to need, including 38 39 at least two the department shall grant permits to three medical 40 marijuana cultivator-processors and at least nine medical marijuana 41 dispensaries in each [in] of the northern, central, and southern 42 regions of the State, for a total of nine medical marijuana cultivator-43 processor permits and 27 medical marijuana dispensary permits; 44 this total number of permits shall include the six alternative 45 treatment center permits issued prior to the effective date of P.L. 46 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), which shall c. 47 constitute six of the medical marijuana cultivator-processor permits

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1 and six of the medical marijuana dispensary permits, plus the three 2 medical marijuana cultivator-processor permits and the 21 medical 3 marijuana dispensary permits issued pursuant to section 6 of P.L. 4 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 5 Thereafter, the department shall periodically evaluate whether the 6 number of medical marijuana cultivator-processors and medical 7 marijuana dispensaries is sufficient to meet the needs of qualifying 8 patients in the State, and, if it determines additional medical 9 marijuana cultivator-processors or medical marijuana dispensaries 10 are needed to meet the needs of qualifying patients, make a request 11 for applications and such additional medical marijuana cultivator-12 processor permits and medical marijuana dispensary permits as it 13 deems necessary. 14 Commencing 18 months after the effective date of P.L., c. 15 (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), a medical 16 marijuana dispensary may submit an application to the department 17 for approval to open a satellite dispensary. Any such application 18 shall meet the requirements of subsection k. of section 7 of P.L., 19 c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). The 20 department may reject an application for a satellite dispensary if the department determines the proposed location would be contrary to 21 22 the interests of ensuring geographic dispersion of medical 23 marijuana dispensaries throughout the State or would not be suited 24 to meeting current patient treatment needs in the proposed region. 25 If a satellite dispensary application is rejected by the department, 26 the medical marijuana dispensary shall be authorized to submit a 27 new application for another location. A medical marijuana 28 dispensary shall have no more than one satellite dispensary. 29 Subject to department approval, a medical marijuana dispensary 30 may close its satellite dispensary or, pursuant to subsection j. of this 31 section, relocate the satellite dispensary to a new location within the same county as the satellite dispensary is located. 32 33 An initial application for a medical marijuana cultivator-34 processor permit or a medical marijuana dispensary permit shall 35 meet the application requirements set forth in section 8 of P.L., c. 36 (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 37 An alternative treatment center holding a permit that was issued prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (pending before the 38 39 Legislature as this bill) shall be deemed to hold both a medical 40 marijuana cultivator-processor permit and a medical marijuana 41 dispensary permit, and shall be authorized to hold both permits 42 <u>concurrently</u>. The first two centers issued a permit in each region 43 shall be nonprofit entities, and centers subsequently issued permits 44 may be nonprofit or for-profit entities] No interest holder, or natural person with a direct or indirect 45 interest through intermediary business entities or other structures, in 46 47 any medical marijuana cultivator-processor, shall own, either in 48 whole or in part, or be directly or indirectly interested in, a medical

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1 marijuana dispensary. The foregoing shall not apply to interest 2 holders of a medical marijuana alternative treatment center issued a 3 permit by the department prior to the effective date of 4 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 5 No interest holder, or natural person with a direct or indirect 6 interest through intermediary business entities or other structures, in 7 any medical marijuana dispensary, shall own, either in whole or in 8 part, or be directly or indirectly interested in, a medical marijuana 9 cultivator-processor. The foregoing shall not apply to interest 10 holders of a medical marijuana alternative treatment center issued a 11 permit by the department prior to the effective date of 12 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill). 13 No natural person or entity shall hold an interest in more than 14 one medical marijuana cultivator-processor or more than one 15 medical marijuana dispensary at any time, except that an interest 16 holder in a medical marijuana alternative treatment center that was 17 issued a permit by the department prior to the effective date of 18 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) 19 may concurrently hold up to a 15 percent ownership interest in up 20 to one additional medical marijuana alternative treatment center that 21 was issued a permit by the department prior to the effective date of 22 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill), up 23 to one medical marijuana cultivator-processor, or up to one medical 24 marijuana dispensary; a medical marijuana cultivator-processor may 25 concurrently hold up to a 15 percent ownership interest in up to one 26 additional medical marijuana cultivator-processor or up to one 27 medical marijuana alternative treatment center that was issued a 28 permit by the department prior to the effective date of 29 P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill); 30 and a medical marijuana dispensary may concurrently hold up to a 31 15 percent ownership interest in up to one additional medical 32 marijuana dispensary or up to one medical marijuana alternative 33 treatment center that was issued a permit by the department prior to 34 the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 35 Legislature as this bill). 36 None of the ownership restrictions set forth in this subsection 37 shall be construed to be implicated solely by any person's 38 ownership of less than one percent of the total capitalization of a 39 publicly traded company, provided that the stockholder is not also 40 an employee, officer, or director of the publicly traded company. [An alternative treatment center] <u>A medical marijuana</u> 41 42 cultivator-processor shall be authorized to acquire a reasonable 43 initial and ongoing inventory, as determined by the department, of 44 marijuana seeds or seedlings and paraphernalia, possess, cultivate, plant, grow, harvest, process, [display,] and manufacture medical 45 46 marijuana and marijuana-infused and marijuana-derived products, 47 and deliver, transfer, transport, distribute, supply, sell, or dispense 48 medical marijuana, [or] marijuana-infused products, marijuana-

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1 derived products, and related supplies to any medical marijuana 2 dispensary in the State. If approved by the department, a medical 3 marijuana cultivator-processor may operate, within the scope of its 4 permit, from more than one physical location. Medical marijuana 5 dispensaries may purchase or acquire medical marijuana, 6 marijuana-infused and marijuana-derived products, paraphernalia, 7 and related supplies from any medical marijuana cultivator-8 processor in the State, and distribute, supply, sell, or dispense 9 marijuana, marijuana-infused products, marijuana-derived products, 10 and related supplies to qualifying patients or their primary caregivers who are registered with the department pursuant to 11 12 section 4 of [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-4). [An alternative 13 treatment center] <u>A medical marijuana cultivator-producer</u> shall not 14 be limited in the number of strains of medical marijuana cultivated 15 [, and] or the number of products manufactured. A medical 16 marijuana cultivator-producer may package, and a medical 17 marijuana dispensary may directly dispense [marijuana] to 18 qualifying patients and their primary caregivers, medical marijuana 19 in dried form, oral lozenges, topical formulations, transdermal form, 20 sublingual form, tincture form, or edible form, or any other form as 21 authorized by the commissioner. Edible form shall include tablets, 22 capsules, drops or syrups, and any other form as authorized by the 23 commissioner. **[**Edible forms shall be available only to qualifying 24 patients who are minors.] 25 Applicants that choose to apply for authorization as [nonprofit] alternative treatment centers with nonprofit status shall be subject to 26 27 all applicable State laws governing nonprofit entities, but need not 28 be recognized as a 501(c)(3) organization by the federal Internal 29 Revenue Service. 30 b. The department shall require that an applicant provide such 31 information as the department determines to be necessary pursuant 32 to regulations adopted pursuant to [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 33 (C.24:6I-1 et al.) and may, in its discretion, require any applicant to 34 submit a personal history disclosure and conduct financial due 35 diligence on any person or entity providing \$100,000 or more in 36 financial backing to an applicant. 37 c. A person who has been convicted of a crime involving any 38 controlled dangerous substance or controlled substance analog as 39 set forth in chapter 35 of Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes except [paragraph] : subparagraph (b) of paragraph (10) of subsection b. 40 41 of N.J.S.2C:35-5, paragraphs (11) or (12) of subsection b. of 42 N.J.S.2C:35-5, or paragraphs (3) or (4) of subsection a. of 43 N.J.S.2C:35-10, or any similar law of the United States or any other 44 state shall not be issued a permit to operate as an alternative

45 treatment center or be [a director, officer, or employee of an 46 alternative treatment center] issued an ATC identification card,

47 unless such conviction occurred after the effective date of [this act]

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<u>P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.)</u> and was for a violation of federal
 law relating to possession or sale of marijuana for conduct that is
 authorized under [this act] <u>P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.)</u>,

4 P.L.2015, c.158 (C.18A:40-12.22), or P.L. , c. (C.) (pending

5 <u>before the Legislature as this bill)</u>.

6 d. (1) The commissioner shall require each applicant seeking a permit to operate as an alternative treatment center to undergo a 7 8 criminal history record background check. For purposes of this 9 section, the term "applicant" shall include any applicant for an ATC 10 identification card authorizing the individual to be an owner, director, board member, principal officer, or employee of an 11 12 alternative treatment center. The commissioner is authorized to 13 exchange fingerprint data with and receive criminal history record background information from the Division of State Police and the 14 15 Federal Bureau of Investigation consistent with the provisions of applicable federal and State laws, rules, and regulations. The 16 17 Division of State Police shall forward criminal history record 18 background information to the commissioner in a timely manner 19 when requested pursuant to the provisions of this section.

20 An applicant shall submit to being fingerprinted in accordance 21 with applicable State and federal laws, rules, and regulations. No 22 check of criminal history record background information shall be 23 performed pursuant to this section unless the applicant has 24 furnished [his] written consent to that check. An applicant who 25 refuses to consent to, or cooperate in, the securing of a check of 26 criminal history record background information shall not be 27 considered for **[**a permit to operate, or authorization to be employed 28 at, an alternative treatment center] issuance of an ATC 29 identification card. An applicant shall bear the cost for the criminal 30 history record background check, including all costs of 31 administering and processing the check.

32 (2) The commissioner shall not approve an applicant for **[**a 33 permit to operate, or authorization to be employed at, an alternative 34 treatment center**]** issuance of an ATC identification card if the 35 criminal history record background information of the applicant 36 reveals a disqualifying conviction as set forth in subsection c. of 37 this section.

38 (3) Upon receipt of the criminal history record background 39 information from the Division of State Police and the Federal 40 Bureau of Investigation, the commissioner shall provide written 41 notification to the applicant of [his] the applicant's qualification 42 for or disqualification for [a permit to operate or] issuance of an 43 ATC identification card authorizing the individual to be [a] an 44 owner, director, board member, principal officer, or employee of an 45 alternative treatment center, as appropriate.

46 If the applicant is disqualified because of a disqualifying47 conviction pursuant to the provisions of this section, the conviction

that constitutes the basis for the disqualification shall be identifiedin the written notice.

3 (4) The Division of State Police shall promptly notify the commissioner in the event that an individual who was the subject of 4 5 a criminal history record background check conducted pursuant to 6 this section is convicted of a crime or offense in this State after the 7 date the background check was performed. Upon receipt of that 8 notification, the commissioner shall make a determination regarding 9 the continued eligibility to operate or be [a] an owner, director, 10 board member, principal officer, or employee of an alternative 11 treatment center.

12 (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of this 13 section to the contrary, the commissioner may offer [provisional 14 authority for] an applicant to be an employee of an alternative 15 treatment center a provisional ATC identification card, which shall 16 be valid for a period not to exceed three months, if the applicant 17 submits to the commissioner a sworn statement attesting that the 18 [person] applicant has not been convicted of any disqualifying 19 conviction pursuant to this section.

20 (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection b. of this 21 section to the contrary, no employee of an alternative treatment 22 center shall be disqualified from issuance of an ATC identification 23 card on the basis of any conviction disclosed by a criminal history 24 record background check conducted pursuant to this section if the 25 individual has affirmatively demonstrated to the commissioner clear 26 and convincing evidence of rehabilitation. In determining whether 27 clear and convincing evidence of rehabilitation has been 28 demonstrated, the following factors shall be considered:

(a) the nature and responsibility of the position which theconvicted individual would hold, has held, or currently holds;

31 (b) the nature and seriousness of the crime or offense;

32 (c) the circumstances under which the crime or offense33 occurred;

34 (d) the date of the crime or offense;

(e) the age of the individual when the crime or offense wascommitted;

37 (f) whether the crime or offense was an isolated or repeated38 incident;

(g) any social conditions which may have contributed to thecommission of the crime or offense; and

(h) any evidence of rehabilitation, including good conduct in prison or in the community, counseling or psychiatric treatment received, acquisition of additional academic or vocational schooling, successful participation in correctional work-release programs, or the recommendation of those who have had the individual under their supervision.

1 e. The department shall issue **[**a permit to a person to operate 2 as] an alternative treatment center permit to an applicant if the 3 department finds that issuing such a permit would be consistent 4 with the purposes of [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.) 5 and the requirements of this section are met and the department has 6 verified the information contained in the application. An initial 7 permit to operate an alternative treatment center issued pursuant to 8 this subsection shall be valid for three years, and thereafter shall be 9 renewable biennially. The department shall approve or deny an 10 application within 60 days after receipt of a completed application. 11 The denial of an application shall be considered a final agency 12 decision, subject to review by the Appellate Division of the 13 Superior Court. The department may suspend or revoke a permit to 14 operate as an alternative treatment center for cause, which shall be 15 subject to review by the Appellate Division of the Superior Court.

A person [who has been] or entity issued a medical 16 f. 17 marijuana cultivator-processor permit pursuant to this section shall display the permit at the premises of the **[**alternative treatment 18 19 center] medical marijuana cultivator-processor facility at all times 20 when marijuana is being produced, [or], cultivated, processed, or 21 manufactured, and a person or entity issued a medical marijuana 22 dispensary permit pursuant to this section shall display the permit 23 on the premises of the medical marijuana dispensary at all times 24 when medical marijuana is being dispensed to a registered 25 qualifying patient or the patient's primary caregiver. An individual 26 who has been issued an ATC identification card shall have the card 27 on the cardholder's person at all times that the individual is on the 28 premises of an alternative treatment center.

g. An alternative treatment center shall report any change in
information to the department not later than 10 days after such
change, or the permit shall be deemed null and void.

32 h. [An alternative treatment center] <u>A medical marijuana</u> 33 cultivator-processor may charge a medical marijuana dispensary for 34 the reasonable costs associated with the production, cultivation, 35 processing, and manufacture of medical marijuana and marijuana-36 infused and marijuana-derived products, and a medical marijuana 37 dispensary may charge a registered qualifying patient or primary caregiver for the reasonable costs associated with the [production 38 and distribution of <u>medical</u> marijuana [for] to the cardholder. 39

i. The commissioner shall adopt regulations to:

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(1) require such written documentation of each delivery of
marijuana to, and pickup of marijuana for, a registered qualifying
patient, including the date and amount dispensed, to be maintained
in the records of the [alternative treatment center] medical
<u>marijuana dispensary</u>, as the commissioner determines necessary to
ensure effective documentation of the operations of each
[alternative treatment center] medical marijuana dispensary;

1 (2) monitor, oversee, and investigate all activities performed by 2 an alternative treatment center; and 3 (3) ensure adequate security of all facilities 24 hours per day, 4 including production and retail locations, and security of all 5 delivery methods to registered qualifying patients. 6 j. A medical marijuana cultivator-processor may apply to the 7 department for approval to relocate to another location within the 8 same region, and a medical marijuana dispensary may apply to the 9 department for approval to relocate the medical marijuana 10 dispensary or a satellite dispensary, if any, to another location 11 within the same county. The department may approve an 12 application for relocation if the department finds the relocation would be consistent with the purposes of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-13 14 1 et al.). The denial of an application to relocate a medical 15 marijuana cultivator-processor, medical marijuana dispensary, or 16 satellite dispensary shall be considered a final agency decision, 17 subject to review by the Appellate Division of the Superior Court. 18 k. (1) A medical marijuana cultivator-processor or medical 19 marijuana dispensary may apply to the department for approval to 20 sell or transfer its permit to another entity. The department shall not approve the sale or transfer of a medical marijuana cultivator 21 22 processor or medical marijuana dispensary permit until each 23 applicant at the entity applying to purchase or receive the transfer of 24 the permit undergoes a criminal history record background check 25 pursuant to subsection d. of this section, the department finds that 26 the sale or transfer of the permit would be consistent with the 27 purposes of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), the requirements of 28 this section are met, and the department has verified the information 29 contained in the application. The department shall approve or deny 30 an application within 90 days after receipt of a completed 31 application. The denial of an application to sell or transfer a 32 medical marijuana cultivator processor or medical marijuana 33 dispensary permit shall be considered a final agency decision, 34 subject to review by the Appellate Division of the Superior Court. 35 The sale or transfer of a permit pursuant to this subsection shall not 36 constitute authorization to relocate the permitted facility unless the 37 entity purchasing or receiving transfer of the permit additionally 38 receives approval for the relocation from the department pursuant to 39 subsection j. of this section. 40 (2) If a nonprofit medical marijuana cultivator processor or 41 medical marijuana dispensary proposes to sell or transfer its permit 42 to a for-profit entity, its board of directors may proceed with the 43 sale or transfer upon receiving approval for the sale or transfer from 44 the department pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, and, 45 except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, after 46 obtaining an independent appraisal for the fair market value of the permit. The sale or transfer of the permit shall be consistent with 47 the requirements of the "New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation Act," 48

1 N.J.S.15A:1-1 et seq. The proceeds of the sale or transfer, 2 following satisfaction of the obligations of the medical marijuana 3 cultivator-processor or medical marijuana dispensary, shall be 4 retained or expended in a manner consistent with the requirements 5 of the "New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation Act," N.J.S.15A:1-1 et 6 seq., or until the organization is lawfully wound down or dissolved. 7 If a nonprofit medical marijuana cultivator processor or medical 8 marijuana dispensary seeks to sell or transfer its permit to a for-9 profit entity with which it shares common ownership or control, the 10 sale or transfer shall not proceed unless at least one disinterested 11 director or trustee approves the sale or transfer in accordance with 12 the requirements of the "New Jersey Nonprofit Corporation Act," N.J.S.15A:1-1 et seq. 13 14 (3) In the case of a nonprofit alternative treatment center that 15 was issued a permit prior to the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) 16 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), in lieu of obtaining an 17 independent appraisal of the fair market value of the alternative treatment center's medical marijuana cultivator-processor or 18 19 medical marijuana dispensary permit as required under paragraph 20 (2) of this subsection, upon receiving approval for the sale from the 21 department pursuant to paragraph (1) of this subsection, a nonprofit 22 alternative treatment center that was issued a permit prior to the 23 effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the 24 Legislature as this bill) may, on a single occasion and no later than 25 one year after the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending 26 before the Legislature as this bill), elect to pay the department a fee 27 of \$300,000 and sell or transfer its medical marijuana cultivator 28 processor permit or medical marijuana dispensary permit for a sum 29 that satisfies its outstanding obligations. 30 1. The maximum fees that may be charged in connection with 31 an alternative treatment center permit shall be as follows: (1) for issuance of an initial three-year permit or biennial 32 33 renewal of an existing permit, \$40,000; 34 (2) for authorization to relocate a medical marijuana cultivatorprocessor to a new location within the same region, or for 35 36 authorization to relocate a medical marijuana dispensary or satellite 37 dispensary to another location within the same county, \$20,000; 38 (3) for a permit to open a satellite dispensary, \$20,000; 39 (4) except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of subsection 40 k. of this section, to sell or transfer an alternative treatment center 41 permit, \$150,000; 42 (cf: P.L.2013, c.160, s.2) 43 44 7. (New section) The department shall begin accepting and

processing applications for three additional cultivator-processors
and 21 additional medical marijuana dispensaries no later than 90
days after the effective date of P.L., c. (C.) (pending before
the Legislature as this bill).

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1 The department shall make a determination as to a permit 2 application within 90 days after receiving the application, and shall 3 issue an initial permit to an approved applicant immediately upon 4 collection of the permit fee, unless the department finds the 5 applicant is not implementing the plans, procedures, protocols, 6 actions, or other measures set forth in the applicant's permit 7 application submitted pursuant to section 7 of P.L., c. (C.) 8 (pending before the Legislature as this bill), or is otherwise not in 9 compliance with the requirements of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et 10 al.), in which case the department shall issue the permit to the next 11 highest scoring applicant in the same region that is in compliance 12 with the applicant's permit application and the requirements of 13 P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.).

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15 8. (New section) a. Each application for an initial three year 16 permit to operate a medical marijuana cultivator processor or 17 medical marijuana dispensary, and for biennial renewal of such 18 permit, shall be submitted to the department. A separate application 19 shall be required for each location at which an applicant seeks to 20 operate. Renewal applications shall be submitted to the department 21 no later than 90 days before the date the current permit will expire.

b. An initial medical marijuana cultivator-processor or medical marijuana dispensary permit application shall be evaluated and scored on a 100 point scale, consistent with the requirements of subsections c. and d. of this section, plus any bonus points awarded pursuant to subsection e. of this section.

c. In addition to any points awarded for an initial application
for a medical marijuana cultivator-processor permit or a medical
marijuana dispensary permit pursuant to subsection d. of this
section and any bonus points awarded pursuant to subsection e. of
this section, up to 21 points may be awarded for the summary of the
applicant's operating plan, excluding safety and security criteria:

(1) In the case of an applicant for a medical marijuana
cultivator-processor permit, the operating plan summary shall
include a written description, of up to 1,000 words per topic,
concerning the applicant's qualifications for, experience in, and
knowledge of each of the following topics:

38 (a) State-licensed cultivation of medical marijuana and
39 manufacture of marijuana products using appropriate extraction
40 methods;

41 (b) conventional horticulture or agriculture, familiarity with
42 good agricultural practices, and any relevant certifications or
43 degrees;

44 (c) pharmaceutical manufacturing, good manufacturing45 practices, quality control, and quality assurance;

46 (d) recall plans;

47 (e) packaging and labeling;

1 (f) inventory control and tracking software or systems for the 2 production of medical marijuana; (g) analytical chemistry and testing of marijuana and marijuana-3 infused or marijuana-derived products and formulations; 4 5 (h) water management practices; 6 (i) odor mitigation practices; 7 (j) onsite and offsite recordkeeping; 8 (k) strain variety and plant genetics; 9 (1) pest control and disease management practices, including 10 plans for the use of pesticides, nutrients, and additives; (m) waste disposal plans; and 11 12 (n) compliance with applicable laws and regulations. 13 (2) In the case of an applicant for a medical marijuana dispensary permit, the operating plan summary shall include a 14 15 written description, of up 1,000 words per topic, concerning the applicant's qualifications for, experience in, and knowledge of each 16 17 of the following topics: (a) State-licensed dispensation of medical marijuana to 18 19 qualifying patients; 20 (b) healthcare, medicine, and treatment of patients with 21 debilitating medical conditions; 22 (c) marijuana product evaluation procedures; 23 (d) recall plans; 24 (e) packaging and labeling; 25 (f) inventory control and point-of-sale software or systems for 26 the sale of medical marijuana; 27 (g) patient counseling procedures; (h) the routes of administration, strains, varieties, and 28 29 cannabinoid profiles of medical marijuana products; 30 (i) odor mitigation practices; 31 (j) onsite and offsite recordkeeping; (k) the composition of the applicant's medical advisory board, if 32 33 any; 34 (1) compliance with State and federal patient privacy rules; 35 (m) waste disposal plans; and (n) compliance with applicable laws and regulations. 36 37 d. In addition to any points awarded for an operating plan 38 summary submitted pursuant to subsection c. of this section and any 39 bonus points awarded pursuant to subsection e. of this section, up 40 79 points may be awarded for an initial application for a medical 41 marijuana cultivator-processor permit or a medical marijuana 42 dispensary permit, as follows: 43 (1) Up to four points may be awarded for the applicant's 44 environmental impact plan, which shall not exceed five pages. 45 (2) Up to 7.5 points may be awarded for the summary of the 46 applicant's safety and security plans and procedures, which shall include descriptions of the following: 47 48 (a) plans for the use of security personnel;

(b) the experience or qualifications of existing security

(c) security and surveillance features, including descriptions of

any alarm systems, video surveillance systems, and access and

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personnel;

5 visitor management systems, along with drawings identifying the 6 proposed locations for surveillance cameras and other security 7 features; 8 (d) plans for the storage of medical marijuana and medical 9 marijuana products, including any safes, vaults, and climate control 10 systems that will be utilized for this purpose; 11 (e) a diversion prevention plan; 12 (f) an emergency management plan; 13 (g) procedures for screening, monitoring, and performing 14 criminal history record background checks of employees; 15 (h) cybersecurity procedures, including, in the case of an 16 applicant for a medical marijuana dispensary permit, procedures for 17 collecting, processing, and storing patient data, and the applicant's 18 familiarity with State and federal privacy laws; 19 (i) workplace safety plans and the applicant's familiarity with 20 federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration regulations; 21 (j) the applicant's history of workers' compensation claims and 22 safety assessments; 23 (k) procedures for reporting adverse events; and 24 (l) a sanitation practices plan. 25 (3) Up to 15 total points may be awarded for the summary of the 26 business experience, subject to the applicant's following 27 requirements: (a) up to six points may be awarded for the description of the 28 29 applicant's experience operating businesses in highly-regulated 30 industries; 31 (b) up to six points may be awarded for a description of the 32 applicant's experience in operating alternative treatment centers and 33 related medical marijuana production and dispensation entities 34 under the laws of New Jersey or any other state; 35 (c) up to three points may be awarded for the applicant's plan, which shall not exceed three pages, to comply with and mitigate the 36 37 effects of 26 U.S.C. s.280E on marijuana businesses, and for 38 evidence that the applicant is not in arrears with respect to any tax 39 obligation to the State. 40 In evaluating the experience described under subparagraphs (a) 41 and (b) of this paragraph, the department shall afford the greatest 42 weight to the experience of the applicant itself, controlling owners, 43 and entities with common ownership or control with the applicant; 44 followed by the experience of those with a 15 percent or greater 45 ownership interest in the applicant's organization; followed by 46 interest holders in the applicant's organization; followed by other officers, directors, and bona fide full-time employees of the 47 48 applicant as of the submission date of the application.

1 (4) Up to 15 points may be awarded based on a description of 2 the proposed location for the applicant's alternative treatment center 3 site, which shall be awarded as follows:

4 (a) up to seven points may be awarded for a description of the
5 proposed location, the surrounding area, and the suitability or
6 advantages of the proposed location, along with a floor plan and
7 optional renderings or architectural or engineering plans;

8 (b) four points may be awarded for submitting zoning approvals 9 for the proposed location, which shall consist of a letter or affidavit 10 from appropriate municipal officials that the location will conform 11 to municipal zoning requirements allowing for the cultivation, 12 processing, or dispensing of medical marijuana, marijuana-infused 13 and marijuana-derived products, and related supplies, as 14 appropriate; and

15 (c) four points may be awarded for submitting proof of local 16 support for the suitability of the location, which may be 17 demonstrated by a letter from the municipality's highest-ranking 18 official or by a resolution adopted by the municipality's governing 19 body indicating that the intended location is appropriately located 20 or otherwise suitable for the cultivation, processing, or dispensing 21 of medical marijuana, marijuana-infused and marijuana-derived 22 products, and related supplies, as appropriate.

23 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, an 24 application shall be disqualified from consideration unless it 25 includes documentation demonstrating that the applicant will have 26 final control of the premises upon approval of the application, 27 including, but not limited to, a lease agreement, contract for sale, 28 title, deed, or similar documentation. In addition, if the applicant 29 will lease the premises, the application will be disqualified from 30 consideration unless it includes certification from the landlord that 31 the landlord is aware that the tenant's use of the premises will 32 involve cultivation, processing, or dispensing of medical marijuana 33 and medical marijuana products, as appropriate. An application 34 shall not be disqualified from consideration if the application does 35 not include the materials described in subparagraphs (b) or (c) of 36 this paragraph.

37 (5) Up to 15 total points may be awarded in the community
38 impact and social responsibility section of the application, subject
39 to the following requirements:

40 (a) up to four points may be awarded for a community impact 41 plan, not to exceed five pages, summarizing how the applicant 42 intends to have a positive impact on the community in which the 43 proposed medical marijuana cultivator-processor or medical 44 marijuana dispensary is to be located, which shall include an 45 economic impact plan, a description of outreach activities, and any 46 financial assistance or discount plans the applicant will provide to 47 qualifying patients and primary caregivers;

1 (b) up to three points may be awarded for a written description 2 of the applicant's record of social responsibility, philanthropy, and 3 ties to the proposed host community, which shall not exceed five 4 pages; and

5 (c) up to four points may be awarded for a written description of 6 any research the applicant has conducted on the medical efficacy or 7 adverse effects of marijuana use and the applicant's participation in 8 or support of marijuana-related research and educational activities, 9 which shall not exceed three pages; and

10 (d) up to four points may be awarded for a written plan, which 11 shall not exceed three pages, describing any research and 12 development regarding the medical efficacy or adverse effects of 13 marijuana, and any marijuana-related educational and outreach 14 activities, the applicant intends to conduct if issued a permit by the 15 department.

16 evaluating the information submitted In pursuant to 17 subparagraphs (b) and (c) of this paragraph, the department shall afford the greatest weight to the experience of the applicant itself, 18 19 controlling owners, and entities with common ownership or control 20 with the applicant; followed by the experience of those with a 15 21 percent or greater ownership interest in the applicant's organization; 22 followed by interest holders in the applicant's organization; 23 followed by other officers, directors, and bona fide full-time 24 employees of the applicant as of the submission date of the 25 application.

26 (6) Up to 7.5 total points may be awarded for the applicant's
27 workforce development and job creation plan, which may be
28 awarded based on the following criteria:

29 (a) up to four points may be awarded for a description of the 30 applicant's workforce development and job creation plan, which 31 may include information on the applicant or its owners' history of job creation and planned job creation at its proposed medical 32 33 marijuana cultivator-processor or medical marijuana dispensary; 34 education, training, and resources to be made available for employees; any relevant certifications; and an optional diversity 35 36 plan; and

(b) 3.5 points shall be awarded to any applicant that has
executed a labor peace agreement or card check and neutrality
agreement with a collective bargaining unit for the proposed
medical marijuana cultivator-processor or medical marijuana
dispensary. An applicant that does not submit the information
described in this subparagraph shall not be disqualified from
consideration.

44 (7) Up to 15 total points may be awarded for the description of45 applicant's business and financial plan:

46 (a) up to five points may be awarded for an executive summary
47 of the applicant's business plan, which shall not exceed 1,500
48 words;

1 (b) up to five points may be awarded for a demonstration of the 2 applicant's financial ability to implement its business plan, which 3 shall not exceed 10 pages including attachments, and which may 4 include, but shall not be limited to, bank statements, business and 5 individual financial statements, net worth statements, and debt and 6 equity financing statements. An applicant who demonstrates the 7 availability of at least \$500,000 in a bank account in the applicant's 8 name at the time the application is submitted shall be awarded full 9 points under this subparagraph;

10 (c) up to five points may be awarded for a description of the 11 applicant's experience complying with guidance pertaining to 12 marijuana issued by the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network 13 under 31 U.S.C. s.5311 et seq., the federal Bank Secrecy Act, which 14 may be demonstrated by submitting letters regarding its banking 15 history from banks or credit unions that certify they are aware of the 16 business activities of the applicant, or entities with common 17 ownership or control of the applicant's organization, in any state 18 where the applicant has operated a business related to medical 19 marijuana. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the department 20 shall consider only bank references involving accounts in the name 21 of the applicant or of an entity with common ownership or control of the applicant's organization. An applicant who does not submit 22 23 the information described in this subparagraph shall not be 24 disqualified from consideration.

e. Up to a total of 40 bonus points may be added to theapplicant's total score based on the following:

27 (1) If any of the applicant's majority or controlling owners were 28 previously approved by the department to serve as an officer, 29 director, principal, or key employee of an alternative treatment 30 center, and the individual served in such capacity at the alternative 31 treatment center for two or more years, the department shall award 32 10 bonus points, which shall be added to the applicant's total score. 33 No points shall be deducted from the applicant's total score if none 34 of the majority or controlling owners meet the requirements of this 35 paragraph.

36 (2) If an applicant can demonstrate that its governance structure
37 includes the involvement of a licensed and accredited school of
38 medicine or osteopathic medicine, a general acute care hospital or
39 ambulatory care facility licensed in New Jersey, or a pharmacy, the
40 department shall award 15 bonus points, which shall be added to the
41 applicant's total score, provided the following conditions are met:

42 (a) the school, hospital, facility, or pharmacy has conducted or
43 participated in institutional review board-approved research related
44 to marijuana involving the use of human subjects;

(b) the school, hospital, facility, or pharmacy holds a profit
share or ownership interest in the applicant's organization of 10
percent or more; and

1 (c) the school, hospital, facility, or pharmacy participates in 2 major decision-making activities within the applicant's 3 organization, which may be demonstrated by representation on the 4 board of directors of the applicant's organization.

No points shall be deducted from the applicant's total score if the
applicant's governance structure does not include a school, hospital,
facility, or pharmacy that meets the requirements of this paragraph.

8 (3) If the applicant submits evidence that the applicant, or an 9 entity with common ownership or control with the applicant, has 10 executed a collective bargaining agreement in the cannabis industry 11 that has been in effect for at least six months as of the submission 12 date of the application, the department shall award 15 bonus points, 13 which shall be added to the applicant's total score. No points shall 14 be deducted from the applicant's total score if the applicant has not 15 executed a collective bargaining agreement in the cannabis industry 16 that meets the requirements of this paragraph.

17 f. In reviewing a medical marijuana cultivator-processor or 18 medical marijuana dispensary initial permit application, unless the 19 information is otherwise solicited by the department in a specific 20 application question, the department's evaluation of the application 21 shall be limited to the experience and qualifications of the 22 applicant's organization, including any entities with common 23 ownership or control of the applicant's organization, controlling 24 owners or interest holders in the applicant's organization, and the 25 officers, directors, and actual full-time existing employees of the 26 applicant's organization. Responses pertaining to consultants, 27 independent contractors, and prospective or part-time employees of 28 the entity shall not be considered or scored. Each applicant shall 29 certify as to the status of the individuals and entities included in the 30 application.

g. To the extent possible, the department shall seek to ensure
that at least 15 percent of the total number of new medical
marijuana dispensary permits issued on or after the effective date of
P.L., c. (C.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill) are
issued to a qualified applicant that:

(1) has been certified as a minority business or as a women's
business by the Division of Development for Small Businesses and
Women's and Minority Businesses in the New Jersey Commerce
and Economic Growth Commission pursuant to P.L.1986, c.195
(C.52:27H-21.18 et seq.);

41 (2) has been certified as a veteran-owned business by the
42 Department of the Treasury pursuant to P.L.2011, c.147 (C.52:3243 49 et seq.); or

44 (3) is a disabled-veteran business, as defined in section 2 of
45 P.L.2015, c.116 (C.52:32-31.2).

In selecting among applicants who meet these criteria, theDepartment of Health shall grant a higher preference to applicants

with up to two groups in its ownership composition that meet the
 criteria described in this subsection.

h. No employee of the department shall have any direct or
indirect financial interest in the cultivation, processing, or
dispensing of medical marijuana or related paraphernalia, or
otherwise receive anything of value from a medical marijuana
cultivator-processor or medical marijuana dispensary permit
applicant in exchange for reviewing, processing, or making any
recommendations with respect to a permit application.

i. Application materials submitted to the department pursuant
to this section not be considered a public record pursuant to
P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.), P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et
al.), or the common law concerning access to public records.

14 į. If the department notifies an applicant that it has scored 15 sufficiently high on multiple applications to be awarded more than 16 one medical marijuana cultivator-processor or medical marijuana 17 dispensary permit by the department, the applicant shall notify the 18 department, within seven business days after receiving such notice, 19 as to which permit it will accept. For any permit award declined by 20 an applicant pursuant to this subsection, the department shall, upon 21 receiving notice from the applicant of the declination, award the 22 permit to the applicant with the next highest score on an application 23 for that permit in the same region. If an applicant fails to notify the 24 department as to which permit it will accept, the department shall 25 have the discretion to determine which permit it will award to the 26 applicant, based on the department's determination of Statewide 27 need and the scores awarded to other applications in the affected 28 regions.

k. Any application submitted by a medical marijuana
dispensary to open a satellite dispensary shall include a description
of the proposed location for the applicant's satellite dispensary site,
including:

(1) a description of the proposed location, the surrounding area,
and the suitability or advantages of the proposed location, along
with a floor plan and optional renderings or architectural or
engineering plans;

37 (2) zoning approvals for the proposed location, which shall
38 consist of a letter or affidavit from appropriate municipal officials
39 that the location will conform to municipal zoning requirements
40 allowing for the dispensing of medical marijuana, marijuana41 infused and marijuana-derived products, and related supplies; and

(3) proof of local support for the suitability of the location,
which may be demonstrated by a letter from the municipality's
highest-ranking official or by a resolution adopted by the
municipality's governing body indicating that the intended location
is appropriately located or otherwise suitable for the dispensing of
medical marijuana, marijuana-infused and marijuana-derived
products, and related supplies.

27

1 Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection, an 2 application shall be disqualified from consideration unless it 3 includes documentation demonstrating that the applicant will have 4 final control of the premises upon approval of the application, 5 including, but not limited to, a lease agreement, contract for sale, 6 title, deed, or similar documentation. In addition, if the applicant 7 will lease the premises, the application will be disqualified from 8 consideration unless it includes certification from the landlord that 9 the landlord is aware that the tenant's use of the premises will 10 involve dispensing of medical marijuana and medical marijuana 11 An application shall not be disqualified from products. 12 consideration if the application does not include the materials 13 described in paragraphs (2) or (3) of this subsection.

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15 9. (New section) a. An alternative treatment center may
appoint a medical advisory board to provide advice to the
alternative treatment center on all aspects of its business.

18 b. A medical advisory board appointed pursuant to this section 19 shall comprise five members: three health care professionals 20 licensed to practice in New Jersey, at least one of whom shall be a 21 physician; one qualifying patient; and one individual who owns a 22 business in the same region in which the alternative treatment 23 center is located. If the alternative treatment center is a medical 24 marijuana dispensary, the qualifying patient member shall be 25 registered with the dispensary; if the alternative treatment center is 26 a medical marijuana cultivator-processor, the qualifying patient 27 shall be registered with a medical marijuana dispensary located in 28 the same region as the medical marijuana cultivator-processor. No 29 ATC identification card holder may serve on a medical advisory 30 board.

c. A medical advisory board appointed pursuant to this sectionshall meet at least two times per calendar year.

33

34 10. Section 10 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-10) is amended to
 35 read as follows:

36 10. a. A physician shall provide written instructions for a 37 registered qualifying patient or [his] <u>the patient's primary</u> caregiver 38 to present to [an alternative treatment center] a medical marijuana 39 dispensary concerning the total amount of usable marijuana that a 40 patient may be dispensed, in weight, in a 30-day period, which 41 amount shall not exceed [two] four ounces. If no amount is noted, 42 the maximum amount that may be dispensed at one time is [two] 43 four ounces.

b. A physician may issue multiple written instructions at one
time authorizing the patient to receive a total of up to a 90-day
supply, provided that the following conditions are met:

(1) Each separate set of instructions shall be issued for a
 legitimate medical purpose by the physician, as provided in [this
 act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.);

4 (2) Each separate set of instructions shall indicate the earliest
5 date on which a [center] <u>dispensary</u> may dispense the marijuana,
6 except for the first dispensation if it is to be filled immediately; and

7 (3) The physician has determined that providing the patient with
8 multiple instructions in this manner does not create an undue risk of
9 diversion or abuse.

10 c. A registered qualifying patient or [his] <u>the patient's</u> primary 11 caregiver shall present the patient's or caregiver's registry 12 identification card, as applicable, and these written instructions to 13 the [alternative treatment center] medical marijuana dispensary, 14 which shall verify and log the documentation presented. А 15 physician may provide a copy of a written instruction by electronic 16 or other means, as determined by the commissioner, directly to **[**an 17 alternative treatment center] a medical marijuana dispensary on 18 behalf of a registered qualifying patient. The dispensation of 19 marijuana pursuant to any written instructions shall occur within 20 one month of the date that the instructions were written or the 21 instructions are void.

22 d. [A] Medical marijuana may be dispensed to a patient or the 23 patient's primary caregiver [may be registered at only one 24 alternative treatment center at any time] by any medical marijuana 25 dispensary in the State. Prior to dispensing medical marijuana to a 26 qualifying patient or the patient's primary caregiver, the medical 27 marijuana dispensary shall access the system established pursuant 28 to section 11 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.45:1-45.1) to ascertain whether medical marijuana was dispensed to the patient or the patient's 29 30 primary caregiver by any medical marijuana dispensary within the 31 preceding 30 days. Upon dispensing medical marijuana to a 32 qualifying patient or the patient's primary caregiver, the medical 33 marijuana dispensary shall transmit to the patient's physician information concerning the amount, strain, and form of medical 34 35 marijuana that was dispensed.

- 36 (cf: P.L.2009, c.307, s.10)
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38 11. Section 14 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-12) is amended to39 read as follows:

40 14. a. The commissioner shall report to the Governor, and to the
41 Legislature pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1):
42 (1) no later than one year after the effective date of [this act]
43 P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), on the actions taken to
44 implement the provisions of [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1
45 et al.) and P.L.2015, c.158 (C.18A:40-12.22 et al.); and

46 (2) annually thereafter on the number of applications for registry47 identification cards, the number of qualifying patients registered,

the number of primary caregivers registered, the nature of the [debilitating] <u>qualifying</u> medical conditions of the patients, the number of registry identification cards revoked, the number of alternative treatment center permits issued and revoked, and the number of physicians [providing certifications for] <u>authorizing</u> patients for the medical use of marijuana.

b. The reports shall not contain any identifying information ofpatients, caregivers, or physicians.

9 c. Within two years after the effective date of [this act] 10 P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.) and every two years thereafter, 11 the commissioner shall: evaluate whether there are sufficient numbers of alternative treatment centers to meet the needs of 12 registered qualifying patients throughout the State; evaluate 13 14 whether the maximum amount of medical marijuana allowed pursuant to [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.) is sufficient 15 16 to meet the medical needs of qualifying patients; and determine 17 whether any alternative treatment center has charged excessive 18 prices for marijuana that the center dispensed.

The commissioner shall report his findings no later than two
years after the effective date of [this act] P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I<u>1 et al.</u>), and every two years thereafter, to the Governor, and to the
Legislature pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1).
(cf: P.L.2009, c.307, s.14)

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25 12. Section 15 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-13) is amended to26 read as follows:

27 15. a. The Department of Health is authorized to exchange 28 fingerprint data with, and receive information from, the Division of 29 State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety and the 30 Federal Bureau of Investigation for use in reviewing applications 31 for individuals seeking to serve as primary caregivers who are not 32 an immediate family member of the patient pursuant to section 4 of 33 P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-4), applications for an ATC identification 34 card pursuant to section 7 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-7), and 35 <u>applications</u> for permits to operate as **[**, or to be a director, officer, or employee of, alternative treatment centers pursuant to section 7 36 37 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-7).

38 b. The Division of State Police shall promptly notify the 39 Department of Health in the event an applicant seeking to serve as a 40 primary caregiver who is not an immediate family member of the 41 patient, an applicant for an ATC identification card, or an applicant 42 for a permit to operate as **[**, or to be a director, officer, or employee 43 of,] an alternative treatment center, who was the subject of a 44 criminal history record background check conducted pursuant to 45 subsection a. of this section, is convicted of a crime involving 46 possession or sale of a controlled dangerous substance.

47 (cf: P.L.2012, c.17, s.91)

13. Section 11 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.45:1-45.1) is amended to

read as follows: 11. a. A physician who [provides a certification] <u>authorizes a</u> patient for the medical use of marijuana or who provides a written instruction for the medical use of marijuana to a qualifying patient pursuant to P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.) and any [alternative treatment center] medical marijuana dispensary shall furnish to the Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety such information, on a daily basis and in such a format [and at such intervals,] as the director shall prescribe by regulation, for inclusion in a system established to monitor the dispensation of marijuana in this State for medical use as authorized by the provisions of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), which system shall serve the same purpose as, and be cross-referenced with, the electronic system for monitoring controlled dangerous substances established pursuant to section 25 of P.L.2007, c.244 (C.45:1-45). b. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), and in consultation with the Commissioner of Health [and Senior Services], shall adopt rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of subsection a. of this section. Notwithstanding any provision of P.L.1968, c. c.410

24 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, the Director of the Division of 25 Consumer Affairs shall adopt, immediately upon filing with the 26 Office of Administrative Law and no later than the 90th day after 27 the effective date of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), such 28 regulations as the director deems necessary to implement the 29 provisions of subsection a. of this section. Regulations adopted 30 pursuant to this subsection shall be effective until the adoption of 31 rules and regulations pursuant to subsection b. of this section and 32 may be amended, adopted, or readopted by the director in 33 accordance with the requirements of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 34 et seq.).

35 (cf: P.L.2009, c.307, s.11)

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14. Section 5 of P.L.2009, c.307 (C.24:6I-5) is repealed.

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The Commissioner of Health shall adopt, pursuant to the
"Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
seq., such rules and regulations as may be necessary to effectuate
the purposes of this act.

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16. This act shall take effect 900 days after the date of
enactment, except that the Commissioner of Health may take any
advance administrative action as may be necessary to implement the
requirements of this act.

STATEMENT

This bill makes various revisions to the requirements of the 3 "Compassionate Use Medical Marijuana Act," P.L.2009, c.307 4 5 (C.24:6I-1 et al.), including allowing medical marijuana to be 6 authorized for any condition, revising the application, ownership, 7 and operational requirements for alternative treatment centers 8 (ATCs), revising the requirements for physicians to authorize 9 patients for the medical use of marijuana, and revising certain 10 requirements concerning patients and primary caregivers.

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12 Patient Registration and Certification and Dispensing Requirements 13

14 The bill provides that medical marijuana may be authorized for 15 the treatment of any medical condition diagnosed by a physician, 16 including the symptoms of the medical condition and the symptoms 17 resulting from any treatment for the medical condition, rather than 18 the list of enumerated conditions as provided under current law.

19 The bill provides that no application or renewal fee will apply in 20 the case of an immediate family member of a qualifying patient 21 who serves as primary caregiver to the patient; in all other cases, 22 the maximum fee will be \$10 for an individual who is indigent and 23 \$50 for all other cardholders. The current application fee is \$200, 24 with a reduced fee of \$20 for low-income applicants. In addition, 25 an immediate family member of a patient will not be required to 26 undergo a criminal history record background check. The bill 27 provides that a person may serve as primary caregiver for up to two 28 patients at one time; under current law, primary caregivers are 29 restricted to serving as primary caregiver for no more than one 30 patient at a time.

31 The bill revises the list of disqualifying offenses for applicants 32 seeking to serve as a primary caregiver who are not an immediate 33 family member of the patient to provide that a conviction for 34 possession of any amount of marijuana or hashish, and a conviction 35 for manufacture, dispensing, or distributing less than 50 pounds of 36 marijuana, fewer than 50 marijuana plants, or less than five pounds 37 of hashish, will not constitute a disqualifying condition.

38 The bill provides that physicians will not be required to enroll in 39 a physician registry as a condition of authorizing qualifying patients 40 for the medical use of marijuana and removes the requirement that 41 physicians certify a patient for medical marijuana.

42 The bill provides that, in order to authorize a qualifying patient 43 who is a minor for medical marijuana, the certifying physician will 44 be required to either: (1) be trained in the care of pediatric patients; 45 or (2) obtain written confirmation from a physician trained in the 46 care of pediatric patients establishing that, following examination of 47 the patient or a review of the patient's record, the minor patient is 48 likely to receive therapeutic or palliative benefits from the medical

use of marijuana to treat or alleviate symptoms associated with the
 patient's debilitating medical condition.

The bill increases the maximum amount of medical marijuana that may be dispensed to a patient for a 30-day period from two ounces to four ounces.

6 The bill removes a provision that limited distribution of edible 7 forms of medical marijuana to qualifying patients who are minors, 8 and specifies that medical marijuana may be distributed in 9 transdermal, sublingual, and tincture forms, as well as in the forms 10 authorized under current law.

11 The bill provides that medical marijuana may be dispensed to a 12 patient by any medical marijuana dispensary in the State; under current law, patients are to be registered with, and may only be 13 14 dispensed medical marijuana from, a single alternative treatment 15 center where the patient is registered. The bill requires that, prior to 16 dispensing medical marijuana to a patient, a medical marijuana 17 dispensary will be required to access a system currently maintained 18 by the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and 19 Public Safety that tracks medical marijuana dispensations in the 20 State, in order to ascertain whether any medical marijuana was 21 dispensed to the patient or the patient's primary caregiver within the 22 preceding 30 days. Upon dispensing medical marijuana to a patient, 23 the medical marijuana dispensary will be required to transmit to the 24 authorizing physician information concerning the amount, form, 25 and strain of medical marijuana that was dispensed.

26 The bill provides that a physician or an immediate family 27 member of a physician who authorizes patients for medical 28 marijuana may not hold any profit or ownership interest in an ATC. 29 A physician or the immediate family member of a physician who 30 applies for an ATC identification card is to certify that the 31 physician has not authorized any patients for medical marijuana in 32 the preceding 90 days. A violation of this prohibition will constitute a crime of the fourth degree, which is punishable by 33 34 imprisonment for up to 18 months, up to a \$10,000 fine, or both. 35 The bill specifies that nothing in the prohibition will prohibit any 36 physician from serving on the medical advisory board of an ATC, 37 provided the physician receives no special compensation or remuneration from the ATC, including payments based on patient 38 39 volumes or the number of certifications issued by the physician.

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ATC Application and Operational Requirements

With regard to ATCs, the bill differentiates between two different types of ATC: medical marijuana cultivator-processors and medical marijuana dispensaries. Medical marijuana cultivatorprocessors are facilities that will be authorized to cultivate and process marijuana and marijuana-infused and marijuana-derived products, which it may supply to medical marijuana dispensaries.

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Medical marijuana dispensaries will be authorized to dispense marijuana and marijuana products to qualifying patients. An ATC holding a permit as of the effective date of the bill will be deemed to hold both a cultivator-processor permit and a dispensary permit. The bill limits the ability of a person or entity holding a direct or indirect interest in an ATC that is issued a new permit under the bill. Specifically:

A person or entity holding an interest in an ATC issued a
permit prior to the effective date of the bill may
simultaneously hold up to a 15 percent interest in up to one
other ATC issued a permit prior to the effective date of the
bill, medical marijuana cultivator-processor, or medical
marijuana dispensary;

 A person or entity holding an interest in a medical marijuana cultivator-processor may simultaneously hold up to a 15 percent interest in up to one other medical marijuana cultivator-processor or in an ATC that was issued a permit prior to the effective date of the bill; and

A person or entity holding an interest in a medical marijuana dispensary may simultaneously hold up to a 15 percent interest in up to one other medical marijuana dispensary or in an ATC that was issued a permit prior to the effective date of the bill.

No person or entity will be permitted to simultaneously hold any other interest in any other ATC. These ownership restrictions do not apply in the case of a person or entity holding an ownership interest of less than one percent of the total capitalization of a publicly traded company, provided the stockholder is not an employee, officer, or director of the publicly traded company. ATCs may, but are not required to be, nonprofit entities.

31 To ensure adequate access to ATCs throughout the State, the bill 32 requires the Department of Health (DOH) to issue a request for 33 applications for three additional medical marijuana cultivator-34 processors and 21 additional medical marijuana dispensary permits 35 within 90 days after the effective date of the bill; these new 36 facilities, along with the six ATCs currently operating in the State, 37 will result in a total of nine medical marijuana cultivator-processors 38 and 27 total medical marijuana dispensaries. Thereafter, DOH will be required to periodically evaluate whether the number of existing 39 40 ATCs is sufficient to meet the needs of qualifying patients in the 41 State, and, if it determines additional ATCs are needed, make a 42 request for applications and issue such additional permits as it 43 deems necessary.

The bill adds specific requirements for DOH to review and score initial permit applications for new medical marijuana cultivatorprocessors and medical marijuana dispensaries based on a 100-point scale, which includes evaluations of the applicant's operational plan, environmental impact plan, safety and security plan, business

1 experience, proposed location, record of social responsibility, 2 philanthropy, involvement in research concerning the medical 3 efficacy and adverse effects of medical marijuana, workforce 4 development and job creation plan, and business and financial plan. 5 In evaluating an application, DOH is to limit its review to the 6 controlling owners, officers, directors, and employees, and is not to 7 to consultants, consider responses pertaining independent 8 contractors, or prospective or part-time employees. To the extent 9 possible, DOH is to seek to ensure that at least 15 percent of the 10 new medical marijuana dispensary permits issued under the bill are 11 awarded to entities certified as a minority business, a women's 12 business, a veteran-owned business, or a disabled-veteran business, 13 with higher preference going to entities that are certified in up to two such categories. Application materials submitted to DOH will 14 15 not constitute a public record subject to the statutory or common 16 laws concerning access to public records.

17 Applicants are to submit a separate application for each proposed 18 medical marijuana cultivator-processor or medical marijuana 19 dispensary location. If an applicant scores sufficiently high on 20 multiple applications to be awarded more than one permit, the 21 applicant is to notify DOH within seven business days as to which 22 permit it will accept; for any permit declined by an applicant, DOH 23 will award the permit to the next highest-scoring applicant. If an 24 applicant fails to provide notice as to which permit it will accept 25 within seven business days, DOH will have the discretion to 26 determine which permit to award the applicant, based on its 27 determination of Statewide need and the scores awarded to other 28 applicants in the relevant locations.

29 Commencing 18 months after the effective date of the bill, 30 medical marijuana dispensaries will be allowed to apply to DOH for 31 approval to open up to one satellite dispensary. The application is 32 to include information concerning the proposed location for the 33 satellite dispensary. Medical marijuana dispensaries will be limited 34 to a single satellite dispensary; with DOH approval, a satellite 35 dispensary may be closed or relocated. If a medical marijuana 36 dispensary permit is sold or transferred, such sale or transfer will 37 include the dispensary's satellite dispensary, if any. The fee for a 38 satellite dispensary permit will be \$20,000.

The bill prohibits DOH employees from holding any financial
interest in an ATC or receiving anything of value from an ATC in
connection with reviewing, processing, or making recommendations
with respect to an ATC permit application.

43 The bill provides that an initial ATC permit will be valid for44 three years and will thereafter be renewable on a biennial basis.

The bill provides that DOH may require ATC permit applicants to submit a personal history disclosure and may conduct financial due diligence on any person or entity providing \$100,000 or more in financial backing to an applicant. The bill revises the list of

disqualifying offenses for ATC permit applicants to provide that a
conviction for possession of any amount of marijuana or hashish,
and a conviction for manufacture, dispensing, or distributing less
than 50 pounds of marijuana, fewer than 50 marijuana plants, or
less than five pounds of hashish, will not constitute a disqualifying
condition.

7 The bill clarifies that the officers, directors, board members, 8 owners, and employees of an ATC will be issued "ATC 9 identification cards" upon approval of the ATC's permit 10 application.

11 The bill sets forth certain requirements for the sale or transfer of 12 an ATC permit, which include completing a criminal history record 13 background check of the entity purchasing or receiving the permit, 14 as well as certain requirements specific to nonprofit ATCs, which 15 will be required to comply with the requirements of the "New 16 Jersey Nonprofit Corporation Act," N.J.S.15A:1-1 et seq. If the 17 debts and liabilities of a nonprofit ATC exceed the value of all 18 assets of the ATC other than the permit, the ATC may pay \$300,000 19 to DOH and sell its permit for a sum that satisfies all outstanding 20 obligations. The bill provides that, with DOH approval, medical 21 marijuana cultivator-processors may relocate within the same 22 region and medical marijuana dispensaries may relocate within the 23 same county.

The bill provides that the maximum fee for initial issuance or renewal of an ATC permit will be \$40,000; the maximum fee for relocation of an ATC will be \$20,000; and the maximum fee to sell or transfer an ATC permit will be \$150,000.

28 The bill provides that ATCs will be permitted to establish a 29 medical advisory board to advise the ATC on all aspects of its 30 business. A medical advisory board is to comprise five members: 31 three healthcare professionals, including at least one physician; one 32 qualifying patient; and one business owner from the same region as 33 the ATC. If the ATC is a medical marijuana dispensary, the 34 qualifying patient member is to be registered with the dispensary; if 35 the ATC is a medical marijuana cultivator-processor, the qualifying 36 patient member is to be registered at a medical marijuana 37 dispensary located in the same region as the medical marijuana cultivator-processor. No ATC identification card holder may serve 38 39 on an ATC medical advisory board. Medical advisory boards are to 40 meet at least two times per year.