# SENATE, No. 865 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2018 SESSION

Sponsored by: Senator STEPHEN M. SWEENEY District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem) Senator STEVEN V. OROHO District 24 (Morris, Sussex and Warren)

Co-Sponsored by: Senators Singleton and Cruz-Perez

## SYNOPSIS

Permits public-private partnership agreements for certain building and highway infrastructure projects; provides for EDA oversight.

# **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 4/6/2018)

#### **S865** SWEENEY, OROHO

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AN ACT concerning public-private partnerships for certain building 1 2 and highway infrastructure projects, and amending and 3 supplementing various parts of the statutory law. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. (New section) a. As used in this section: 9 "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974, 10 c.80 (C.34:1B-4). 11 12 "Availability payment" means a periodic payment made by a local government unit to a private entity in exchange for making 13 14 available the use of a public building, road, structure, infrastructure, 15 or facility at a predetermined level of service, operation, or 16 maintenance. 17 "Bundling" means the use of a solicitation for multiple projects 18 in one single contract, through a public-private partnership project 19 delivery method, the result of which restricts competition. 20 "Local government unit" means a county, a municipality, or any board, commission, committee, authority or agency thereof that is 21 22 subject to the provisions of the "Local Public Contracts Law," 23 P.L.1971, c.198 (C.40A:11-1 et seq.). 24 "Project" means the development, construction, reconstruction, 25 alteration, improvement, extension, operation, repair. and maintenance of any building, road, structure, infrastructure, or 26 27 facility constructed or acquired by a local government unit to house 28 local government functions, including any infrastructure or facility 29 used or to be used by the public or in support of a public purpose or 30 activity; provided that, with respect to a roadway or highway project, a qualifying project shall include an expenditure of at least 31 32 \$10 million in public funds, or any expenditure in solely private 33 funds. "Public-private partnership agreement" means an agreement 34 35 entered into by a local government unit and a private entity 36 pursuant to this section for the purpose of permitting a private entity 37 to assume financial and administrative responsibility for the 38 development, construction, reconstruction, repair, alteration, 39 improvement, extension, operation, and maintenance of a project of, 40 or for the benefit of, the local government unit. 41 (1) A local government unit may enter into a contract with a b. 42 private entity, subject to subsection f. of this section, to be referred 43 to as a public-private partnership agreement, that permits the private 44 entity to assume financial and administrative responsibility for a

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

project of, or for the benefit of, the local government unit, provided
 that the project is financed in whole or in part by the private entity.

3 (2) A public-private partnership agreement may include an 4 agreement under which a local government unit and a private entity 5 enter into a lease of a public building, road, structure, infrastructure, 6 or facility in exchange for up-front or structured financing by the 7 private entity for the project. Under the lease agreement, the 8 private entity may be responsible for the management, operation, 9 and maintenance of the building, road, structure, infrastructure, or 10 facility. The private entity may receive some or all, as per the 11 agreement, of the revenue generated by the building, road, structure, 12 infrastructure, or facility, and may operate the building, road structure, infrastructure, or facility in accordance with local 13 14 government unit standards. At the end of the lease term, subsequent 15 revenue generated by the building, road, structure, infrastructure, or 16 facility, along with management, operation, and maintenance 17 responsibility, shall revert to the local government unit.

(3) A public-private partnership agreement may include the use
of availability payments if deemed to be in the best interest of the
public and the local government unit, provided the private entity
shall operate the building, road, structure, infrastructure or facility
in accordance with local government unit standards.

(4) Bundling of projects shall be prohibited under this section.

23

c. (1) Unless otherwise set forth herein, a private entity that assumes financial and administrative responsibility for a project pursuant to this section shall not be subject to the procurement and contracting requirements of all statutes applicable to the local government unit at which the project is completed, including, but not limited to, the "Local Public Contracts Law," P.L.1971, c.198 (C.40A:11-1 et seq.).

31 (2) For the purposes of facilitating the financing of a project 32 pursuant to this section, a public entity may become the owner or 33 lessee of the project or the lessee of the land, or both, may become 34 the lessee of a revenue-producing building, structure, or facility to 35 which the local government unit holds title, may issue indebtedness 36 in accordance with the public entity's enabling legislation and, 37 notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, shall be 38 empowered to enter into contracts with a private entity and its 39 affiliates without being subject to the procurement and contracting 40 requirements of any statute applicable to the public entity provided 41 that the private entity has been selected by the local government 42 unit pursuant to a solicitation of proposals or qualifications from at least two private entities. For the purposes of this subsection, a 43 44 public entity shall include the New Jersey Economic Development 45 Authority, and any project undertaken pursuant to this section of 46 which the authority becomes the owner or lessee, or which is 47 situated on land of which the authority becomes the lessee, shall be

deemed a "project" under the "The New Jersey Economic
 Development Authority Act," P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.).

3 (3) As the carrying out of any project described pursuant to this 4 section constitutes the performance of an essential public function, 5 all projects used in furtherance of the purposes of the local 6 government unit undertaken pursuant to this section, provided the 7 project is owned by or leased to a public entity, non-profit business 8 entity, foreign or domestic, or a business entity wholly owned by 9 such non-profit business entity, shall at all times be exempt from 10 property taxation and special assessments of the State, or any 11 municipality, or other political subdivision of the State and, 12 notwithstanding the provisions of section 15 of P.L.1974, 13 c.80 (C.34:1B-15), section 2 of P.L.1977, c.272 (C.54:4-2.2b), or 14 any other section of law to the contrary, shall not be required to 15 make payments in lieu of taxes. The land upon which the project is 16 located shall also at all times be exempt from property taxation. 17 The project and land upon which the project is located shall not be 18 subject to the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1984, c.176 (C.54:4-19 1.10) regarding the tax liability of private parties conducting for 20 profit activities on tax exempt land, or section 1 of P.L.1949, 21 c.177 (C.54:4-2.3) regarding the taxation of leasehold interests in 22 exempt property that are held by nonexempt parties.

23 (4) Prior to the commencement of work on a project, the private 24 entity shall establish a construction account and appoint a third-25 party financial institution, who shall act as a collateral agent, to 26 manage the construction account. The construction account shall 27 include the funding, financial instruments, or both, that shall be 28 used to fully capitalize and fund the project, and the collateral agent 29 shall maintain a full accounting of the funds and instruments in the 30 account. The funds and instruments in the construction account shall be held in trust for the benefit of the contractor, construction 31 32 manager, and design-build team involved in the project. The funds 33 and instruments in the construction account shall not be the 34 property of the private entity unless all amounts due to the 35 construction account beneficiaries are paid in full. The construction 36 account shall not be designated for more than one project.

37 Each worker employed in the construction, rehabilitation, or d. 38 building maintenance services of facilities by a private entity that 39 has entered into a public-private partnership agreement with a local government unit pursuant to this section shall be paid not less than 40 41 the prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or trade as 42 determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce 43 Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) 44 and P.L.2005, c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.).

e. (1) All building construction projects under a public-private
partnership agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall
contain a project labor agreement. The project labor agreement
shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.2002, c.44 (C.52:38-1 et

1 seq.), and shall be in a manner that to the greatest extent possible 2 enhances employment opportunities for individuals residing in the 3 county of the project's location. The general contractor, 4 construction manager, design-build team, or subcontractor for a 5 construction project proposed in accordance with this paragraph 6 shall be registered pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.), and shall be classified by the Division of 7 8 Property Management and Construction, or shall be prequalified by 9 the Department of Transportation, as appropriate, to perform work 10 on a public-private partnership project.

11 (2) All projects proposed in accordance with this section shall 12 be submitted to the New Jersey Economic Development Authority 13 for its review and approval prior to commencing procurement of the 14 project and, when practicable, are encouraged to adhere to the 15 Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design Green Building 16 Rating System as adopted by the United States Green Building 17 Council, the Green Globes Program adopted by the Green Building 18 Initiative, or a comparable nationally recognized, accepted, and 19 appropriate sustainable development rating system.

(3) The general contractor, construction manager, or designbuild team shall be required to post a performance bond to ensure
the completion of the project and a payment bond guaranteeing
prompt payment of moneys due in accordance with and conforming
to the requirements of N.J.S.2A:44-143 et seq.

f. (1) All projects proposed in accordance with this section shall be submitted to the New Jersey Economic Development Authority for the authority's review and approval. The projects are encouraged, when practicable, to adhere to the green building manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6).

31 In order for an application to be complete and (2) (a) 32 considered by the authority, the application shall include, but not be 33 limited to: (i) a full description of the proposed public-private 34 partnership agreement between the local government unit and the 35 private developer; (ii) a full description of the project, including a 36 description of any agreement for the lease of a revenue-producing 37 facility related to the project; (iii) the estimated costs and financial 38 documentation for the project; (iv) a timetable for completion of the 39 construction of the project extending no more than five years after 40 consideration and approval; and (v) any other requirements that the 41 authority deems appropriate or necessary.

(b) As part of the estimated costs and financial documentation
for the project, the application shall contain a long-range
maintenance plan and a long-range maintenance bond and shall
specify the expenditures that qualify as an appropriate investment in
maintenance. The long-range maintenance plan shall be approved
by the authority pursuant to regulations promulgated by the

authority that reflect national building maintenance standards and
 other appropriate building maintenance benchmarks.

3 (3) The authority shall review all completed applications, and 4 request additional information as is needed to make a complete 5 assessment of the project. No project shall commence the procurement process until final approval has been granted by the 6 7 authority; provided, however, that the authority shall retain the right 8 to revoke approval if it determines that the project has deviated 9 from the plan submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) of this 10 subsection, and shall retain the right to cancel a procurement after a 11 short list of private entities is developed if deemed in the public 12 interest as specified under subsection j. of this section. 13 Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, all 14 roadway or highway projects shall be subject to review and 15 approval by the State Treasurer, and the authority shall not approve 16 any roadway or highway project disapproved by the State Treasurer. 17 (4) The authority may promulgate any rules and regulations 18 necessary to implement this subsection, including provisions for

19 fees to cover administrative costs.

g. A project with an expenditure of under \$50 million
developed under a public-private partnership agreement shall
include a requirement that precludes contractors from engaging in
the project if the contractor has contributed to the private entity's
financing of the project in an amount of more than 10% of the
project's financing costs.

26 h. The power of eminent domain shall not be delegated to any 27 private entity under the provisions of P.L. , c. (C. ) 28 (pending before the Legislature as this bill); however, a local 29 government unit may dedicate any property interest, including land, 30 improvements, and tangible personal property of the local 31 government unit for public use in a qualifying project if the local 32 government unit finds that so doing will serve the public purpose of 33 the project by minimizing the cost of the project to the local 34 government unit or reducing the delivery time of a project.

i. Any public-private partnership agreement, if appropriate,
shall include provisions affirming that the agreement and any work
performed under the agreement are subject to the provisions of the
"Construction Industry Independent Contractor Act," P.L.2007,
c.114 (C.34:20-1 et seq.).

40 j. (1) A private entity seeking to enter into a public-private 41 partnership agreement with the local government unit shall be 42 qualified by the local government unit as part of the procurement 43 process, provided such process ensures that the private entity meets 44 at least the minimum local government unit standards for 45 qualification for professional services, construction contracting, and 46 other qualifications applicable to the project, prior to submitting a 47 proposal under the procurement process. The qualification process 48 shall result in a list of qualified private entities, that may be ranked

in order to generate a short list of private entities requested to
 submit a final proposal.

3 (2) The local government unit may accept unsolicited proposals 4 from private entities for public-private partnership agreements. If 5 the local government unit receives an unsolicited proposal and determines that it meets the standards of this section, the local 6 7 government unit shall publish a notice of the receipt of the proposal 8 on the Internet site of the local government unit, or through 9 advertisements in newspapers. If a notice is published exclusively 10 in newspapers, the notice shall appear in two or more newspapers 11 circulated wholly or in part in the county where the proposed 12 project is to be located. The notice shall provide that the local 13 government unit will accept, for 45 days after the initial date of 14 publication, proposals meeting the standards of this section from 15 other private entities for eligible projects that satisfy the same basic 16 purpose and need. A copy of the notice shall be mailed to each 17 municipal and county local government body in the geographic area 18 affected by the proposal.

19 (3) After the proposal or proposals have been received, and any 20 public notification period has expired, the local government unit shall rank the proposals in order of preference. In ranking the 21 22 proposals, the local government unit may consider factors that 23 include, but may not be limited to, professional qualifications, 24 general business terms, innovative engineering, architectural 25 services, or cost-reduction terms, finance plans, and the need for 26 local government funds to deliver the project and discharge the 27 agreement. If only one proposal is received, the local government 28 unit shall negotiate in good faith and, if not satisfied with the results 29 of the negotiations, the local government unit may, at its sole 30 discretion, terminate negotiations.

(4) The local government unit may require that the private entity
assume responsibility for all costs incurred by the local government
unit before execution of the public-private partnership agreement,
including costs of retaining independent experts to review, analyze,
and advise the local government unit with respect to the proposal.

(5) If the authority or State Treasurer deem it in the public's
interest to cancel a procurement after a short list of private entities
is developed, the authority shall pay for documented third party
costs, including, but not limited to, design services, legal advisors,
financial advisors, and reasonable expenditures.

41 (6) Stipends may be used on public private partnership projects 42 when there is a substantial opportunity for innovation and the costs for developing a proposal are significant. The local government unit 43 44 may elect to pay unsuccessful proposers for the work product they 45 submit with their proposal in response to a request for proposals. 46 The use by the local government unit of any design element 47 contained in an unsuccessful proposal shall be at the sole risk and 48 discretion of the local government unit and shall not confer liability

on the recipient of the stipulated stipend amount. After payment of 1 2 the stipulated stipend amount, the local government unit and the 3 unsuccessful proposer shall jointly own the rights to, and may make 4 use of any work product contained in the proposal, including the 5 technologies, techniques, methods, processes, ideas, and information contained in the proposal, project design, and project 6 7 financial plan. The use by the unsuccessful proposer of any part of 8 the work product contained in the proposal shall be at the sole risk 9 of the unsuccessful proposer and shall not confer liability on the 10 local government unit.

11 12

2. (New section) a. As used in this section:

13 "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development
14 Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974,
15 c.80 (C.34:1B-4).

"Availability payment" means a periodic payment made by a
school district to a private entity in exchange for making available
the use of a public building, structure, infrastructure, or facility at a
predetermined level of service, operation, or maintenance.

20 "Bundling" means the use of a solicitation for multiple projects
21 in one single contract, through a public-private partnership project
22 delivery method, the result of which restricts competition.

"Project" shall have the same meaning as provided in section 3
of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-3) for schools facilities project, and
shall include any infrastructure or facility used or to be used by the
public or in support of a public purpose or activity.

27 "Public-private partnership agreement" means an agreement 28 entered into by a school district and a private entity pursuant to this 29 section for the purpose of permitting a private entity to assume 30 financial and administrative responsibility for the development, 31 construction, reconstruction, repair, alteration, improvement, 32 extension, operation, and maintenance of a school facilities project 33 of, or for the benefit of, the school district.

"School district" means and includes a local school district,
regional school district, or county special services school district or
county vocational school established and operating under the
provisions of Title 18A of the New Jersey Statutes. The term
"school district" shall not include a charter school established under
P.L.1995, c.426 (C.18A:36A-1 et seq.).

b. (1) A school district may enter into a contract with a private
entity, subject to subsection f. of this section, to be referred to as a
public-private partnership agreement, that permits the private entity
to assume financial and administrative responsibility for a project
of, or for the benefit of, the school district, provided that the project
is financed in whole or in part by the private entity.

46 (2) A public-private partnership agreement may include an
47 agreement under which a school district and a private entity enter
48 into a lease of a revenue-producing public building, structure, or

facility in exchange for up-front or structured financing by the 1 2 private entity for the project. Under the lease agreement, the 3 private entity may be responsible for the management, operation, 4 and maintenance of the building, structure, or facility. The private 5 entity may receive some or all, as per the agreement, of the revenue 6 generated by the building, structure, or facility, and may operate the 7 building, structure, or facility in accordance with school district 8 At the end of the lease term, subsequent revenue standards. 9 generated by the building, structure, or facility, along with 10 management, operation, and maintenance responsibility, shall revert 11 to the school district.

(3) A public-private partnership agreement may include the use
of availability payments if deemed to be in the best interest of the
public and the school district, provided the private entity shall
operate the building, structure, infrastructure or facility in
accordance with school district standards.

17 (4) Bundling of projects shall be prohibited under this section.

c. (1) A private entity that assumes financial and administrative responsibility for a project pursuant to this section shall not be subject to, unless otherwise set forth herein, the procurement and contracting requirements of all statutes applicable to the school district at which the project is completed, including, but not limited to, the "Public School Contracts Law," N.J.S.18A:18A-1 et seq.

24 (2) For the purposes of facilitating the financing of a project 25 pursuant to this section, a public entity may become the owner or 26 lessee of the project or the lessee of the land, or both, may become 27 the lessee of a building, structure, or facility to which the school 28 district holds title, may issue indebtedness in accordance with the 29 public entity's enabling legislation and, notwithstanding any 30 provision of law to the contrary, shall be empowered to enter into 31 contracts with a private entity and its affiliates without being 32 subject to the procurement and contracting requirements of any 33 statute applicable to the public entity provided that the private 34 entity has been selected by the school district pursuant to a 35 solicitation of proposals or qualifications from at least two private 36 entities. For the purposes of this subsection, a public entity shall 37 include the New Jersey Economic Development Authority, and any 38 project undertaken pursuant to this section of which the authority 39 becomes the owner or lessee, or which is situated on land of which 40 the authority becomes the lessee, shall be deemed a "project" under 41 the "The New Jersey Economic Development Authority Act," 42 P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.).

(3) As the carrying out of any project described pursuant to this
section constitutes the performance of an essential public function,
all projects predominantly used in furtherance of the purposes of the
school district undertaken pursuant to this section, provided the
project is owned by or leased to a public entity, non-profit business
entity, foreign or domestic, or a business entity wholly owned by

such non-profit business entity, shall at all times be exempt from 1 2 property taxation and special assessments of the State, or any 3 municipality, or other political subdivision of the State and, 4 notwithstanding the provisions of section 15 of P.L.1974, 5 c.80 (C.34:1B-15), section 2 of P.L.1977, c.272 (C.54:4-2.2b), or 6 any other section of law to the contrary, shall not be required to 7 make payments in lieu of taxes. The land upon which the project is 8 located shall also at all times be exempt from property taxation. 9 The project and land upon which the project is located shall not be 10 subject to the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1984, c.176 (C.54:4-11 1.10) regarding the tax liability of private parties conducting for 12 profit activities on tax exempt land, or section 1 of P.L.1949, 13 c.177 (C.54:4-2.3) regarding the taxation of leasehold interests in 14 exempt property that are held by nonexempt parties.

15 (4) Prior to the commencement of work on a project, the private 16 entity shall establish a construction account and appoint a third-17 party financial institution, who shall act as a collateral agent, to 18 manage the construction account. The construction account shall 19 include the funding, financial instruments, or both, that shall be 20 used to fully capitalize and fund the project, and the collateral agent 21 shall maintain a full accounting of the funds and instruments in the 22 account. The funds and instruments in the construction account 23 shall be held in trust for the benefit of the contractor, construction 24 manager, and design-build team involved in the project. The funds 25 and instruments in the construction account shall not be the 26 property of the private entity unless all amounts due to the 27 construction account beneficiaries are paid in full. The construction 28 account shall not be designated for more than one project.

29 Each worker employed in the construction, rehabilitation, or d. 30 building maintenance services of facilities by a private entity that has entered into a public-private partnership agreement with a 31 32 school district pursuant to this section shall be paid not less than the 33 prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or trade as determined by 34 the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce Development pursuant 35 to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) and P.L.2005, 36 c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.).

37 (1) All building construction projects under a public-private e. 38 partnership agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall 39 contain a project labor agreement. The project labor agreement 40 shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.2002, c.44 (C.52:38-1 et 41 seq.), and shall be in a manner that to the greatest extent possible 42 enhances employment opportunities for individuals residing in the 43 county of the project's location. The general contractor, 44 construction manager, design-build team, or subcontractor for a 45 construction project proposed in accordance with this paragraph 46 shall be registered pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.238 47 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.), and shall be classified by the Division of 48 Property Management and Construction, or shall be prequalified by

the Department of Transportation, as appropriate, to perform work
 on a public-private partnership project.

3 (2) All projects proposed in accordance with this section shall 4 be submitted to the New Jersey Economic Development Authority 5 for its review and approval prior to commencing procurement of the 6 project and, when practicable, are encouraged to adhere to the 7 Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design Green Building 8 Rating System as adopted by the United States Green Building 9 Council, the Green Globes Program adopted by the Green Building 10 Initiative, or a comparable nationally recognized, accepted, and 11 appropriate sustainable development rating system.

(3) The general contractor, construction manager, or designbuild team shall be required to post a performance bond to ensure
the completion of the project and a payment bond guaranteeing
prompt payment of moneys due in accordance with and conforming
to the requirements of N.J.S.2A:44-143 et seq.

17 f. (1) All projects proposed in accordance with this section 18 shall be submitted to the New Jersey Economic Development 19 Authority for the authority's review and approval. The projects are 20 encouraged, when practicable, to adhere to the green building 21 manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs 22 pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6).

23 In order for an application to be complete and (2) (a) 24 considered by the authority, the application shall include, but not be 25 limited to: (i) a full description of the proposed public-private 26 partnership agreement between the school district and the private 27 developer; (ii) a full description of the project, including a 28 description of any agreement for the lease of a revenue-producing 29 facility related to the project; (iii) the estimated costs and financial 30 documentation for the project; (iv) a timetable for completion of the 31 construction of the project extending no more than five years after 32 consideration and approval; and (v) any other requirements that the 33 authority deems appropriate or necessary.

34 (b) As part of the estimated costs and financial documentation 35 for the project, the application shall contain a long-range 36 maintenance plan and a long-range maintenance bond and shall 37 specify the expenditures that qualify as an appropriate investment in 38 maintenance. The long-range maintenance plan shall be approved 39 by the authority pursuant to regulations promulgated by the 40 authority that reflect national building maintenance standards and 41 other appropriate building maintenance benchmarks.

42 (3) The authority shall review all completed applications, and 43 request additional information as is needed to make a complete 44 assessment of the project. No project shall commence the 45 procurement process until final approval has been granted by the 46 authority; provided, however, that the authority shall retain the right 47 to revoke approval if it determines that the project has deviated 48 from the plan submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection, and shall retain the right to cancel a procurement after a
 short list of private entities is developed if deemed in the public

3 interest as specified under subsection j. of this section.

4 (4) The authority may promulgate any rules and regulations
5 necessary to implement this subsection, including provisions for
6 fees to cover administrative costs.

g. A project with an expenditure of under \$50 million
developed under a public-private partnership agreement shall
include a requirement that precludes contractors from engaging in
the project if the contractor has contributed to the private entity's
financing of the project in an amount of more than 10% of the
project's financing costs.

13 h. The power of eminent domain shall not be delegated to any 14 private entity under the provisions of P.L. , c. (C. ) 15 (pending before the Legislature as this bill); however, a school 16 district may dedicate any property interest, including land, 17 improvements, and tangible personal property of the school district 18 for public use in a qualifying project if the school district finds that 19 so doing will serve the public purpose of the project by minimizing 20 the cost of the project to the school district or reducing the delivery 21 time of a project.

i. Any public-private partnership agreement, if appropriate,
shall include provisions affirming that the agreement and any work
performed under the agreement are subject to the provisions of the
"Construction Industry Independent Contractor Act," P.L.2007,
c.114 (C.34:20-1 et seq.).

27 j. (1) A private entity seeking to enter into a public-private 28 partnership agreement with the school district shall be qualified by 29 the school district as part of the procurement process, provided such 30 process ensures that the private entity meets at least the minimum 31 school district standards for qualification for professional services, 32 construction contracting, and other qualifications applicable to the 33 project, prior to submitting a proposal under the procurement 34 process. The qualification process shall result in a list of qualified 35 private entities, that may be ranked in order to generate a short list 36 of private entities requested to submit a final proposal.

37 (2) The school district may accept unsolicited proposals from 38 private entities for public-private partnership agreements. If the 39 school district receives an unsolicited proposal and determines that it meets the standards of this section, the school district shall 40 41 publish a notice of the receipt of the proposal on the Internet site of 42 the school district, or through advertisements in newspapers. If a 43 notice is published exclusively in newspapers, the notice shall 44 appear in two or more newspapers circulated wholly or in part in 45 the county where the proposed project is to be located. The notice 46 shall provide that the school district will accept, for 45 days after 47 the initial date of publication, proposals meeting the standards of 48 this section from other private entities for eligible projects that satisfy the same basic purpose and need. A copy of the notice shall
 be mailed to each municipal and county local government body in

3 the geographic area affected by the proposal.

4 (3) After the proposal or proposals have been received, and any 5 public notification period has expired, the school district shall rank 6 the proposals in order of preference. In ranking the proposals, the 7 school district may consider factors that include, but may not be 8 limited to, professional qualifications, general business terms, 9 innovative engineering, architectural services, or cost-reduction 10 terms, finance plans, and the need for school district funds to 11 deliver the project and discharge the agreement. If only one 12 proposal is received, the school district shall negotiate in good faith 13 and, if not satisfied with the results of the negotiations, the school 14 district may, at its sole discretion, terminate negotiations.

(4) The school district may require that the private entity assume
responsibility for all costs incurred by the school district before
execution of the public-private partnership agreement, including
costs of retaining independent experts to review, analyze, and
advise the school district with respect to the proposal.

(5) If the authority or State Treasurer deem it in the public's
interest to cancel a procurement after a short list of private entities
is developed, the authority shall pay for documented third party
costs, including, but not limited to, design services, legal advisors,
financial advisors, and reasonable expenditures.

25 (6) Stipends may be used on public private partnership projects 26 when there is a substantial opportunity for innovation and the costs 27 for developing a proposal are significant. The school district may 28 elect to pay unsuccessful proposers for the work product they 29 submit with their proposal in response to a request for proposals. 30 The use by the school district of any design element contained in an 31 unsuccessful proposal shall be at the sole risk and discretion of the 32 school district and shall not confer liability on the recipient of the 33 stipulated stipend amount. After payment of the stipulated stipend 34 amount, the school district and the unsuccessful proposer shall 35 jointly own the rights to, and may make use of any work product 36 contained in the proposal, including the technologies, techniques, 37 methods, processes, ideas, and information contained in the 38 proposal, project design, and project financial plan. The use by the 39 unsuccessful proposer of any part of the work product contained in 40 the proposal shall be at the sole risk of the unsuccessful proposer 41 and shall not confer liability on the school district.

42

43 3. (New section) a. As used in this section:

44 "Authority" means the New Jersey Economic Development
45 Authority established pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1974,
46 c.80 (C.34:1B-4).

47 "Availability payment" means a periodic payment made by a48 State government entity to a private entity in exchange for making

1 available the use of a public building, road, structure, infrastructure,

2 or facility at a predetermined level of service, operation, or

3 maintenance.

"Building project" means the construction, reconstruction, repair,
alteration, improvement, or extension of any public building,
structure, or facility constructed or acquired by a State government
entity to house State government functions, including any
infrastructure or facility used or to be used by the public or in
support of a public purpose or activity.

"Bundling" means the use of a solicitation for multiple projects
in one single contract, through a public-private partnership project
delivery method, the result of which restricts competition.

13 "Highway project" means the construction, reconstruction, 14 repair, alteration, improvement, or extension of public expressways, 15 freeways, and parkways, including bridges, tunnels, overpasses, 16 underpasses, interchanges, rest areas, express bus roadways, bus 17 pullouts and turnarounds, and park and ride facilities, including any 18 infrastructure or facility used or to be used by the public or in 19 support of a public purpose or activity; provided that the project 20 shall include an expenditure of at least \$10 million in public funds, 21 or any expenditure in solely private funds.

22 "Public-private partnership agreement" means an agreement 23 entered into by a State government entity and a private entity 24 pursuant to this section for the purpose of permitting a private entity 25 to assume financial and administrative responsibility for the 26 construction, reconstruction, repair, alteration, improvement, 27 extension, operation, and maintenance of a building project or a 28 highway project of, or for the benefit of, the State government 29 entity.

30 "State government entity" means the State or any department,
31 agency, board, commission, committee, or authority thereof subject
32 to the public contracting provisions of P.L.1954, c.48 (C.52:34-6 et
33 seq.), but shall not include any State institution of higher education.

34 b. (1) A State government entity may enter into a contract with 35 a private entity, subject to subsection f. of this section, to be 36 referred to as a public-private partnership agreement, that permits 37 the private entity to assume financial and administrative 38 responsibility for the construction, reconstruction, repair, alteration, 39 improvement, extension, operation, and maintenance of a building 40 or highway of, or for the benefit of, the State government entity, 41 provided that the building or highway project is financed in whole 42 or in part by the private entity.

(2) A public-private partnership agreement may include an
agreement under which a State government entity and a private
entity enter into a lease of a revenue-producing public building or
highway in exchange for up-front or structured financing by the
private entity for the project. Under the lease agreement, the
private entity may be responsible for the management, operation,

1 and maintenance of the building or highway. The private entity 2 may receive some or all, as per the agreement, of the revenue 3 generated by the building or highway, and may operate the building 4 or highway in accordance with State government entity standards. 5 At the end of the lease term, subsequent revenue generated by the 6 building or highway, along with management, operation, and 7 maintenance responsibility, shall revert to the State government 8 entity.

9 (3) A public-private partnership agreement may include the use 10 of availability payments if deemed to be in the best interest of the 11 public and the State government entity, provided the private entity 12 shall operate the building, road, structure, infrastructure or facility 13 in accordance with State government entity standards.

14 (4) Bundling of projects shall be prohibited under this section.

15 c. (1) A private entity that assumes financial and administrative 16 responsibility for a building or highway project pursuant to this 17 section, unless otherwise set forth herein, shall not be subject to the 18 procurement and contracting requirements of all statutes applicable 19 to the State government entity at which the project is completed, 20 including, but not limited to, the public contracting provisions of 21 P.L.1954, c.48 (C.52:34-6 et seq.).

22 (2) For the purposes of facilitating the financing of a project 23 pursuant to this section, a public entity may become the owner or 24 lessee of the project or the lessee of the land, or both, may become 25 the lessee of a building or highway to which the State government 26 entity holds title and, notwithstanding any provision of law to the 27 contrary, shall be empowered to enter into contracts with a private 28 entity and its affiliates without being subject to the procurement and 29 contracting requirements, unless otherwise set forth herein, of any 30 statute applicable to the public entity provided that the private 31 entity has been selected by the public entity pursuant to a 32 solicitation of proposals or qualifications from at least two private 33 entities. For the purposes of this subsection, a public entity shall 34 include the New Jersey Department of Transportation, New Jersey 35 Turnpike Authority, South Jersey Transportation Authority, New 36 Jersey Transit, and the New Jersey Economic Development 37 Authority, and any project undertaken pursuant to this section of 38 which the public entity becomes the owner or lessee, or which is 39 situated on land of which the public entity becomes the lessee, shall 40 deemed a "project" under the "New Jersey Economic 41 Development Authority Act," P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.).

42 (3) As the carrying out of any project described pursuant to this
43 section constitutes the performance of an essential public function,
44 all projects predominantly used in furtherance of the purposes of the
45 State government entity undertaken pursuant to this section,
46 provided the project is owned by or leased to a public entity, non47 profit business entity, foreign or domestic, or a business entity
48 wholly owned by such non-profit business entity, shall at all times

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1 be exempt from property taxation and special assessments of the 2 State, or any municipality, or other political subdivision of the State 3 and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.80 4 (C.34:1B-15), section 2 of P.L.1977, c.272 (C.54:4-2.2b), or any 5 other section of law to the contrary, shall not be required to make 6 payments in lieu of taxes. The land upon which the project is 7 located shall also at all times be exempt from property taxation. 8 The project and land upon which the project is located shall not be 9 subject to the provisions of section 1 of P.L.1984, c.176 (C.54:4-10 1.10) regarding the tax liability of private parties conducting for 11 profit activities on tax exempt land, or section 1 of P.L.1949, c.177 12 (C.54:4-2.3) regarding the taxation of leasehold interests in exempt 13 property that are held by nonexempt parties.

14 (4) Prior to the commencement of work on a project, the private 15 entity shall establish a construction account and appoint a third-16 party financial institution, who shall act as a collateral agent, to 17 manage the construction account. The construction account shall 18 include the funding, financial instruments, or both, that shall be 19 used to fully capitalize and fund the project, and the collateral agent 20 shall maintain a full accounting of the funds and instruments in the 21 account. The funds and instruments in the construction account 22 shall be held in trust for the benefit of the contractor, construction 23 manager, and design-build team involved in the project. The funds 24 and instruments in the construction account shall not be the 25 property of the private entity unless all amounts due to the 26 construction account beneficiaries are paid in full. The construction 27 account shall not be designated for more than one project.

28 Each worker employed in the construction, rehabilitation, or d. 29 maintenance services of buildings or highways by a private entity 30 that has entered into a public-private partnership agreement with a 31 State government entity pursuant to this section shall be paid not 32 less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or trade as 33 determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce 34 Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) 35 and P.L.2005, c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.).

36 e. (1) All building construction projects under a public-private 37 partnership agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall 38 contain a project labor agreement. The project labor agreement 39 shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.2002, c.44 (C.52:38-1 et 40 seq.), and shall be in a manner that to the greatest extent possible 41 enhances employment opportunities for individuals residing in the 42 county of the project's location. The general contractor, 43 construction manager, design-build team, or subcontractor for a 44 construction project proposed in accordance with this paragraph 45 shall be registered pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.238 46 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.), and shall be classified by the Division of 47 Property Management and Construction, or shall be prequalified by

the Department of Transportation, as appropriate, to perform work
 on a public-private partnership project.

3 (2) All projects proposed in accordance with this section shall 4 be submitted to the New Jersey Economic Development Authority 5 for its review and approval prior to commencing procurement of the 6 project and, when practicable, are encouraged to adhere to the 7 Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design Green Building 8 Rating System as adopted by the United States Green Building 9 Council, the Green Globes Program adopted by the Green Building 10 Initiative, or a comparable nationally recognized, accepted, and 11 appropriate sustainable development rating system.

(3) The general contractor, construction manager, or designbuild team shall be required to post a performance bond to ensure
the completion of the project and a payment bond guaranteeing
prompt payment of moneys due in accordance with and conforming
to the requirements of N.J.S.2A:44-143 et seq.

17 f. (1) All projects proposed in accordance with this section 18 shall be submitted to the New Jersey Economic Development 19 Authority for the authority's review and approval. The projects are 20 encouraged, when practicable, to adhere to the green building 21 manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community Affairs 22 pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6).

23 (2) (a) In order for an application to be complete and considered 24 by the authority, the application shall include, but not be limited to: 25 (i) a full description of the proposed public-private partnership 26 agreement between the State government entity and the private 27 developer; (ii) a full description of the project, including a description of any agreement for the lease of a revenue-producing 28 29 building or highway related to the project; (iii) the estimated costs 30 and financial documentation for the project; (iv) a timetable for 31 completion of the construction of the project extending no more 32 than five years after consideration and approval; and (v) any other 33 requirements that the authority deems appropriate or necessary.

34 (b) As part of the estimated costs and financial documentation 35 for the project, the application shall contain a long-range 36 maintenance plan and a long-range maintenance bond and shall 37 specify the expenditures that qualify as an appropriate investment in 38 maintenance. The long-range maintenance plan shall be approved 39 by the authority pursuant to regulations promulgated by the 40 authority that reflect national building or highway maintenance 41 standards, as appropriate, and other appropriate maintenance 42 benchmarks.

(3) The authority shall review all completed applications, and
request additional information as is needed to make a complete
assessment of the project. No project shall commence the
procurement process until final approval has been granted by the
authority; provided, however, that the authority shall retain the right
to revoke approval if it determines that the project has deviated

from the plan submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) of this 1 2 subsection, and shall retain the right to cancel a procurement after a 3 short list of private entities is developed if deemed in the public 4 interest as specified under subsection j. of this section. 5 Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, all roadway or highway projects shall be subject to review and 6 approval by the State Treasurer, and the authority shall not approve 7 8 any roadway or highway project disapproved by the State Treasurer.

9 (4) The authority may promulgate any rules and regulations 10 necessary to implement this subsection, including provisions for 11 fees to cover administrative costs.

12 g. A project with an expenditure of under \$50 million 13 developed under a public-private partnership agreement shall 14 include a requirement that precludes contractors from engaging in 15 the project if the contractor has contributed to the private entity's 16 financing of the project in an amount of more than 10% of the 17 project's financing costs.

18 h. The power of eminent domain shall not be delegated to any 19 private entity under the provisions of P.L. , c. (C. ) 20 (pending before the Legislature as this bill); however, a State government entity may dedicate any property interest, including 21 22 land, improvements, and tangible personal property of the State 23 government entity for public use in a qualifying project if the State 24 government entity finds that so doing will serve the public purpose 25 of the project by minimizing the cost of the project to the State 26 government entity or reducing the delivery time of a project.

i. Any public-private partnership agreement, if appropriate,
shall include provisions affirming that the agreement and any work
performed under the agreement are subject to the provisions of the
"Construction Industry Independent Contractor Act," P.L.2007,
c.114 (C.34:20-1 et seq.).

32 j. (1) A private entity seeking to enter into a public-private 33 partnership agreement with the State government entity shall be 34 qualified by the State government entity as part of the procurement 35 process, provided such process ensures that the private entity meets 36 at least the minimum State government entity standards for 37 qualification for professional services, construction contracting, and 38 other qualifications applicable to the project, prior to submitting a 39 proposal under the procurement process. The qualification process 40 shall result in a list of qualified private entities, that may be ranked 41 in order to generate a short list of private entities requested to 42 submit a final proposal.

(2) The State government entity may accept unsolicited
proposals from private entities for public-private partnership
agreements. If the State government entity receives an unsolicited
proposal and determines that it meets the standards of this section,
the State government entity shall publish a notice of the receipt of
the proposal on the Internet site of the State government entity, or

through advertisements in newspapers. If a notice is published 1 2 exclusively in newspapers, the notice shall appear in two or more 3 newspapers circulated wholly or in part in the county where the 4 proposed project is to be located. The notice shall provide that the 5 State government entity will accept, for 45 days after the initial date 6 of publication, proposals meeting the standards of this section from 7 other private entities for eligible projects that satisfy the same basic 8 purpose and need. A copy of the notice shall be mailed to each 9 municipal and county local government body in the geographic area 10 affected by the proposal.

11 (3) After the proposal or proposals have been received, and any 12 public notification period has expired, the State government entity 13 shall rank the proposals in order of preference. In ranking the 14 proposals, the State government entity may consider factors that 15 include, but may not be limited to, professional qualifications, 16 general business terms, innovative engineering, architectural 17 services, or cost-reduction terms, finance plans, and the need for 18 State government entity funds to deliver the project and discharge 19 the agreement. If only one proposal is received, the State 20 government entity shall negotiate in good faith and, if not satisfied 21 with the results of the negotiations, the State government entity 22 may, at its sole discretion, terminate negotiations.

(4) The State government entity may require that the private
entity assume responsibility for all costs incurred by the State
government entity before execution of the public-private
partnership agreement, including costs of retaining independent
experts to review, analyze, and advise the State government entity
with respect to the proposal.

(5) If the authority or State Treasurer deem it in the public's
interest to cancel a procurement after a short list of private entities
is developed, the authority shall pay for documented third party
costs, including, but not limited to, design services, legal advisors,
financial advisors, and reasonable expenditures.

34 (6) Stipends may be used on public private partnership projects 35 when there is a substantial opportunity for innovation and the costs 36 for developing a proposal are significant. The State government 37 entity may elect to pay unsuccessful proposers for the work product 38 they submit with their proposal in response to a request for 39 proposals. The use by the State government entity of any design 40 element contained in an unsuccessful proposal shall be at the sole 41 risk and discretion of the State government entity and shall not 42 confer liability on the recipient of the stipulated stipend amount. 43 After payment of the stipulated stipend amount, the State 44 government entity and the unsuccessful proposer shall jointly own 45 the rights to, and may make use of any work product contained in 46 the proposal, including the technologies, techniques, methods, 47 processes, ideas, and information contained in the proposal, project 48 design, and project financial plan. The use by the unsuccessful

proposer of any part of the work product contained in the proposal
 shall be at the sole risk of the unsuccessful proposer and shall not
 confer liability on the State government entity.

- 4. (New section) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 43
  of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.18A:64-85) to the contrary, the New Jersey
  Institute of Technology may enter into a public-private partnership
  agreement in accordance with the provisions of that section.
- 9
- 10 5. Section 43 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.18A:64-85) is amended to 11 read as follows:

12 43. a. (1) A State college or county college may enter into a 13 contract with a private entity, subject to subsection f. of this section, 14 to be referred to as a public-private partnership agreement, that permits the private entity to assume [full] financial and 15 16 administrative responsibility for the on-campus or off-campus 17 construction, reconstruction, repair, alteration, improvement, 18 extension, management, or operation of a building, structure, or 19 facility of, or for the benefit of, the institution, provided that the project is financed in whole or in part by the private entity and that 20 21 the State or institution of higher education, as applicable, retains 22 full ownership of the land upon which the project is completed.

23 (2) A public-private partnership agreement may include an 24 agreement under which a State or county college [leases to a private entity the operation ] and the private entity enter into a lease 25 26 of a dormitory or other [revenue-producing] facility to which the 27 college holds title, in exchange for up-front or structured financing 28 by the private entity for the construction of classrooms, 29 laboratories, or other academic or research buildings. Under the 30 lease agreement, the college shall continue to hold title to the 31 facility, and the private entity shall be responsible for the 32 management, operation, and maintenance of the facility. The 33 private entity shall receive some or all, as per the agreement, of the 34 revenue generated by the facility and shall operate the facility in 35 accordance with college standards. [A lease agreement shall not 36 affect the status or employment rights of college employees who are 37 assigned to, or provide services to, the leased facility. **]** A lease 38 agreement shall not affect the status or employment rights of 39 college employees who are assigned to, or provide services to, the 40 leased facility. At the end of the lease term, subsequent revenue 41 generated by the facility, along with management, operation, and 42 maintenance responsibility, shall revert to the college. 43 (3) A public-private partnership agreement may include the use 44 of availability payments if deemed to be in the best interest of the

44 of availability payments if deemed to be in the best interest of the
 45 public and the State or county college, provided the private entity
 46 shall operate the building, structure, infrastructure or facility in
 47 accordance with State or county college standards. Bundling of

projects shall be prohibited. As used in this paragraph, "availability 1 2 payment" means a periodic payment made by a State or county 3 college to a private entity in exchange for making available the use 4 of a public building, structure, infrastructure, or facility at a 5 predetermined level of service, operation, or maintenance. "Bundling" means the use of a solicitation for multiple projects in 6 7 one single contract, through a public-private partnership project 8 delivery method, the result of which restricts competition. 9 b. (1) A private entity that assumes financial and administrative 10 responsibility for a project pursuant to subsection a. of this section 11 shall not be subject, unless otherwise set forth herein, to the 12 procurement and contracting requirements of all statutes applicable 13 to the institution of higher education at which the project is 14 completed, including, but not limited to, the "State College 15 Contracts Law," P.L.1986, c.43 (C.18A:64-52 et seq.), and the 16 "County College Contracts Law," P.L.1982, c.189 (C.18A:64A-25.1 17 et seq.). For the purposes of facilitating the financing of a project 18 pursuant to subsection a. of this section, a public entity , including 19 any State or county college or public research university, may 20 become the owner or lessee of the project or the lessee of the land, 21 or both, may become the lessee of a dormitory or other revenue-22 producing facility to which the college holds title, may issue 23 indebtedness in accordance with the public entity's or institution's 24 enabling legislation and, notwithstanding any provision of law to 25 the contrary, shall be empowered to enter into contracts with a 26 private entity and its affiliates, unless otherwise set forth herein, 27 without being subject to the procurement and contracting 28 requirements of any statute applicable to the public entity or 29 institution provided that the private entity has been selected by the 30 institution of higher education pursuant to a solicitation of 31 proposals or qualifications from at least two private entities. For 32 the purposes of this section, a public entity shall include the New 33 Jersey Economic Development Authority, and any project 34 undertaken pursuant to subsection a. of this section of which the 35 authority becomes the owner or lessee, or which is situated on land 36 of which the authority becomes the lessee, shall be deemed a 37 "project" under the "New Jersey Economic Development Authority 38 Act," P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.).

39 (2) As the carrying out of any project described pursuant to this 40 section constitutes the performance of an essential public function, 41 all projects [predominantly used in furtherance of the] having the 42 primary stated purpose of furthering the educational purposes of the 43 institution undertaken pursuant to this section, provided it is owned 44 by or leased to a public entity, any State or county college or public 45 research university, non-profit business entity, foreign or domestic, 46 or a business entity wholly owned by such non-profit business 47 entity, shall at all times be exempt from property taxation and 48 special assessments of the State, or any municipality, or other

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political subdivision of the State and, notwithstanding the 1 2 provisions of section 15 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-15), section 2 3 of P.L.1977, c.272 (C.54:4-2.2b), or any other section of law to the 4 contrary, shall not be required to make payments in lieu of taxes. 5 The land upon which the project is located shall also at all times be 6 exempt from property taxation. Further, the project and land upon 7 which the project is located shall not be subject to the provisions of 8 section 1 of P.L.1984, c.176 (C.54:4-1.10) regarding the tax 9 liability of private parties conducting for profit activities on tax 10 exempt land, or section 1 of P.L.1949, c.177 (C.54:4-2.3) regarding 11 the taxation of leasehold interests in exempt property that are held 12 by nonexempt parties.

13 (3) Prior to the commencement of work on a project, the private 14 entity shall establish a construction account and appoint a third-15 party financial institution, who shall act as a collateral agent, to 16 manage the construction account. The construction account shall 17 include the funding, financial instruments, or both, that shall be 18 used to fully capitalize and fund the project, and the collateral agent 19 shall maintain a full accounting of the funds and instruments in the 20 account. The funds and instruments in the construction account 21 shall be held in trust for the benefit of the contractor, construction 22 manager, and design-build team involved in the project. The funds 23 and instruments in the construction account shall not be the 24 property of the private entity unless all amounts due to the 25 construction account beneficiaries are paid in full. The construction 26 account shall not be designated for more than one project.

27 Each worker employed in the construction, rehabilitation, or c. 28 building maintenance services of facilities by a private entity that 29 has entered into a public-private partnership agreement with a State 30 or county college pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall be 31 paid not less than the prevailing wage rate for the worker's craft or 32 trade as determined by the Commissioner of Labor and Workforce 33 Development pursuant to P.L.1963, c.150 (C.34:11-56.25 et seq.) 34 and P.L.2005, c.379 (C.34:11-56.58 et seq.).

35 d. (1) All <u>building</u> construction projects under a public-private 36 partnership agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall 37 contain a project labor agreement. The project labor agreement 38 shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.2002, c.44 (C.52:38-1 et 39 seq.), and shall be in a manner that to the greatest extent possible 40 enhances employment opportunities for individuals residing in the 41 county of the project's location. Further, the general contractor, 42 construction manager, design-build team, or subcontractor for a 43 construction project proposed in accordance with this paragraph 44 shall be registered pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.238 45 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.), and shall be classified by the Division of 46 Property Management and Construction, or shall be prequalified by 47 the Department of Transportation, as appropriate, to perform work 48 on a public-private partnership higher education project.

1 (2) All [construction] projects proposed in accordance with this 2 [paragraph] section shall be submitted to the New Jersey Economic 3 Development Authority for its review and approval prior to 4 commencing procurement of the project and, when practicable, are 5 encouraged to adhere to the Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design Green Building Rating System as adopted by 6 7 the United States Green Building Council, the Green Globes 8 Program adopted by the Green Building Initiative, or a comparable 9 nationally recognized, accepted, and appropriate sustainable 10 development rating system.

Where no public fund has been established for the 11 **(**2) financing of a public improvement, the chief financial officer of the 12 13 public owner shall require the private entity for whom the public 14 improvement is being made] (3) The general contractor, 15 construction manager, or design-build team shall be required to post [, or cause to be posted,] a performance bond to ensure completion 16 17 of the project and a payment bond guaranteeing prompt payment of 18 moneys due [to the contractor, his or her subcontractors and to all 19 persons furnishing labor or materials to the contractor or his or her 20 subcontractors in the prosecution of the work on the public 21 improvement in accordance with and conforming to the 22 requirements of N.J.S.2A:44-143 et seq.

e. **[**A general contractor, construction manager, design-build team, or subcontractor shall be registered pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1999, c.238 (C.34:11-56.48 et seq.), and shall be classified by the Division of Property Management and Construction to perform work on a public-private partnership higher education project.**]** (Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

30 f. (1) [On or before August 1, 2015, all] <u>All</u> projects proposed 31 in accordance with this section shall be submitted to the New Jersey 32 Economic Development Authority for the authority's review and 33 approval **[**; except that in the case of projects proposed in 34 accordance with paragraph (2) of subsection a. of this section, all 35 projects shall be submitted on or before August 1, 2016]. The 36 projects are encouraged, when practicable, to adhere to the green 37 building manual prepared by the Commissioner of Community 38 Affairs pursuant to section 1 of P.L.2007, c.132 (C.52:27D-130.6). Any application that is deemed to be incomplete on August 2, 39 40 2015, or on August 2, 2016 in the case of an application submitted 41 pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection a. of this section, shall not 42 be eligible for consideration.

(2) (a) In order for an application to be complete and
considered by the authority, the application shall include, but not be
limited to: (i) a <u>full description of the proposed</u> public-private
partnership agreement between the State or county college and the
private developer; (ii) a full description of the project, including a

description of any agreement for the lease of a revenue-producing facility related to the project; (iii) the estimated costs and financial documentation for the project; (iv) a timetable for completion of the <u>construction of the</u> project extending no more than five years after consideration and approval; and (v) any other requirements that the authority deems appropriate or necessary.

7 (b) As part of the estimated costs and financial documentation 8 for the project, the application shall contain a long-range 9 maintenance plan and a long-range maintenance bond and shall 10 specify the expenditures that qualify as an appropriate investment in 11 maintenance. The long-range maintenance plan shall be approved 12 by the authority pursuant to regulations promulgated by the 13 authority that reflect national building maintenance standards and 14 other appropriate building maintenance benchmarks. All contracts 15 to implement a long-range maintenance plan pursuant to this 16 paragraph shall contain a project labor agreement. The project 17 labor agreement shall be subject to the provisions of P.L.2002, 18 c.44 (C.52:38-1 et seq.), and shall be in a manner that to the greatest 19 extent possible enhances employment opportunities for individuals 20 residing in the county of the project's location.

21 (3) The authority shall review all completed applications, and 22 request additional information as is needed to make a complete 23 assessment of the project. No project shall [be undertaken] 24 commence the procurement process until final approval has been 25 granted by the authority; provided, however, that the authority shall 26 retain the right to revoke approval if it determines that the project 27 has deviated from the plan submitted pursuant to paragraph (2) of 28 this subsection, and shall retain the right to cancel a procurement 29 after a short list of private entities is developed if deemed in the 30 public interest as specified under subsection k. of this section.

31 (4) The authority may promulgate any rules and regulations
32 necessary to implement this subsection, including provisions for
33 fees to cover administrative costs.

34 Where no public fund has been established for the financing of 35 a public improvement, the chief financial officer of the public 36 owner shall require the private entity for whom the public 37 improvement is being made to post, or cause to be posted, a bond 38 guaranteeing prompt payment of moneys due to the contractor, his 39 or her subcontractors and to all persons furnishing labor or 40 materials to the contractor or his or her subcontractors in the 41 prosecution of the work on the public improvement.

g. [The provisions of P.L.2009, c.136 (C.52:18-42 et al.) shall
not apply to any project carried out pursuant to this section.]
(Deleted by amendment, P.L., c.) (pending before the
Legislature as this bill)

46 <u>h. A project with an expenditure of under \$50 million</u>
 47 <u>developed under a public-private partnership agreement shall</u>

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1 include a requirement that precludes contractors from engaging in 2 the project if the contractor has contributed to the private entity's 3 financing of the project in an amount of more than 10% of the 4 project's financing costs. 5 i. The power of eminent domain shall not be delegated to any 6 private entity under the provisions of P.L., c. (C.) 7 (pending before the Legislature as this bill); however, a State or 8 county college may dedicate any property interest, including land, 9 improvements, and tangible personal property of the State or county 10 college for public use in a qualifying project if the State or county 11 college finds that so doing will serve the public purpose of the 12 project by minimizing the cost of the project to the State or county 13 college or reducing the delivery time of a project. 14 j. Any public-private partnership agreement, if appropriate, 15 shall include provisions affirming that the agreement and any work 16 performed under the agreement are subject to the provisions of the 17 "Construction Industry Independent Contractor Act," P.L.2007, 18 c.114 (C.34:20-1 et seq.). 19 k. (1) A private entity seeking to enter into a public-private 20 partnership agreement with the State or county college shall be 21 qualified by the State or county college as part of the procurement 22 process, provided such process ensures that the private entity meets 23 at least the minimum State or county college standards for 24 gualification for professional services, construction contracting, and 25 other qualifications applicable to the project, prior to submitting a 26 proposal under the procurement process. The qualification process 27 shall result in a list of qualified private entities, that may be ranked 28 in order to generate a short list of private entities requested to 29 submit a final proposal. 30 (2) The State or county college may accept unsolicited proposals 31 from private entities for public-private partnership agreements. If 32 the State or county college receives an unsolicited proposal and determines that it meets the standards of this section, the State or 33 34 county college shall publish a notice of the receipt of the proposal 35 on the Internet site of the State or county college, or through 36 advertisements in newspapers. If a notice is published exclusively 37 in newspapers, the notice shall appear in two or more newspapers 38 circulated wholly or in part in the county where the proposed 39 project is to be located. The notice shall provide that the State or 40 county college will accept, for 45 days after the initial date of 41 publication, proposals meeting the standards of this section from 42 other private entities for eligible projects that satisfy the same basic 43 purpose and need. A copy of the notice shall be mailed to each 44 municipal and county local government body in the geographic area 45 affected by the proposal. 46 (3) After the proposal or proposals have been received, and any 47 public notification period has expired, the State or county college shall rank the proposals in order of preference. In ranking the 48

1 proposals, the State or county college may consider factors that 2 include, but may not be limited to, professional qualifications, 3 general business terms, innovative engineering, architectural 4 services, or cost-reduction terms, finance plans, and the need for 5 State or county college funds to deliver the project and discharge the agreement. If only one proposal is received, the State or county 6 7 college shall negotiate in good faith and, if not satisfied with the 8 results of the negotiations, the State or county college may, at its 9 sole discretion, terminate negotiations. 10 (4) The State or county college may require that the private 11 entity assume responsibility for all costs incurred by the State or 12 county college before execution of the public-private partnership 13 agreement, including costs of retaining independent experts to 14 review, analyze, and advise the State or county college with respect 15 to the proposal. 16 (5) If the authority or State Treasurer deem it in the public's 17 interest to cancel a procurement after a short list of private entities 18 is developed, the authority shall pay for documented third party 19 costs, including, but not limited to, design services, legal advisors, financial advisors, and reasonable expenditures. 20 21 (6) Stipends may be used on public private partnership projects 22 when there is a substantial opportunity for innovation and the costs 23 for developing a proposal are significant. The State or county 24 college may elect to pay unsuccessful proposers for the work 25 product they submit with their proposal in response to a request for 26 proposals. The use by the State or county college of any design 27 element contained in an unsuccessful proposal shall be at the sole 28 risk and discretion of the State or county college and shall not 29 confer liability on the recipient of the stipulated stipend amount. 30 After payment of the stipulated stipend amount, the State or county 31 college and the unsuccessful proposer shall jointly own the rights 32 to, and may make use of any work product contained in the proposal, including the technologies, techniques, methods, 33 34 processes, ideas, and information contained in the proposal, project 35 design, and project financial plan. The use by the unsuccessful 36 proposer of any part of the work product contained in the proposal 37 shall be at the sole risk of the unsuccessful proposer and shall not 38 confer liability on the State or county college. 39 (cf: P.L.2013, c.161, s.26) 40 6. Section 5 of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-5) is amended to read 41 42 as follows: 43 5. The authority shall have the following powers: 44 To adopt bylaws for the regulation of its affairs and the a. 45 conduct of its business; b. To adopt and have a seal and to alter the same at pleasure; 46 47 c. To sue and be sued;

d. To acquire in the name of the authority by purchase or 1 2 otherwise, on such terms and conditions and such manner as it may 3 deem proper, or by the exercise of the power of eminent domain in 4 the manner provided by the "Eminent Domain Act of 1971," 5 P.L.1971, c.361 (C.20:3-1 et seq.), any lands or interests therein or other property which it may determine is reasonably necessary for 6 7 any project; provided, however, that the authority in connection 8 with any project shall not take by exercise of the power of eminent 9 domain any real property except upon consent thereto given by 10 resolution of the governing body of the municipality in which such 11 real property is located; and provided further that the authority shall 12 be limited in its exercise of the power of eminent domain in 13 connection with any project in qualifying municipalities as defined 14 under the provisions of P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.), or to 15 municipalities which had a population, according to the latest 16 federal decennial census, in excess of 10,000;

e. To enter into contracts with a person upon such terms and
conditions as the authority shall determine to be reasonable,
including, but not limited to, reimbursement for the planning,
designing, financing, construction, reconstruction, improvement,
equipping, furnishing, operation and maintenance of the project and
to pay or compromise any claims arising therefrom;

f. To establish and maintain reserve and insurance funds with
respect to the financing of the project or the school facilities project
and any project financed pursuant to the "Municipal Rehabilitation
and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et
al.);

g. To sell, convey or lease to any person all or any portion of a
project for such consideration and upon such terms as the authority
may determine to be reasonable;

h. To mortgage, pledge or assign or otherwise encumber all or
any portion of a project, or revenues, whenever it shall find such
action to be in furtherance of the purposes of this act, P.L.2000,
c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), the "Municipal Rehabilitation and
Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.),
P.L.2007, c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.), and sections 3 through 18 of
P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489c et al.);

i. To grant options to purchase or renew a lease for any of its
projects on such terms as the authority may determine to be
reasonable;

41 To contract for and to accept any gifts or grants or loans of į. 42 funds or property or financial or other aid in any form from the 43 United States of America or any agency or instrumentality thereof, 44 or from the State or any agency, instrumentality or political 45 subdivision thereof, or from any other source and to comply, 46 subject to the provisions of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), 47 of P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1), section 6 P.L.2000, 48 c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), the "Municipal Rehabilitation and

1 Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.),

2 and P.L.2007, c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.), with the terms and 3 conditions thereof:

k. In connection with any action undertaken by the authority in
the performance of its duties and any application for assistance or
commitments therefor and modifications thereof, to require and
collect such fees and charges as the authority shall determine to be
reasonable, including but not limited to fees and charges for the
authority's administrative, organizational, insurance, operating,
legal, and other expenses;

To adopt, amend and repeal regulations to carry out the 11 1. 12 provisions of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1), P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), 13 14 the "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," 15 P.L.2002, (C.52:27BBB-1 P.L.2007, c.43 et al.), and 16 c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.);

m. To acquire, purchase, manage and operate, hold and dispose
of real and personal property or interests therein, take assignments
of rentals and leases and make and enter into all contracts, leases,
agreements and arrangements necessary or incidental to the
performance of its duties;

n. To purchase, acquire and take assignments of notes,
mortgages and other forms of security and evidences of
indebtedness;

25 o. To purchase, acquire, attach, seize, accept or take title to any 26 project or school facilities project by conveyance or by foreclosure, 27 and sell, lease, manage or operate any project or school facilities 28 project for a use specified in this act, P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 29 et al.), the "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," 30 P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.), P.L.2007, c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.), and sections 3 through 18 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-31 32 489c et al.);

33 p. To borrow money and to issue bonds of the authority and to 34 provide for the rights of the holders thereof, as provided in 35 P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, 36 c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1), P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), the 37 "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, 38 c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.), P.L.2007, c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.), 39 and sections 3 through 18 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489c et al.); 40 a. To extend credit or make loans to any person for the 41 designing, acquiring, constructing, reconstructing, planning, 42 improving, equipping and furnishing of a project or school facilities 43 project, which credits or loans may be secured by loan and security 44 agreements, mortgages, leases and any other instruments, upon such 45 terms and conditions as the authority shall deem reasonable, 46 including provision for the establishment and maintenance of 47 reserve and insurance funds, and to require the inclusion in any 48 mortgage, lease, contract, loan and security agreement or other

instrument, of such provisions for the construction, use, operation
 and maintenance and financing of a project or school facilities
 project as the authority may deem necessary or desirable;

5 project as the authority may deem necessary or desirable;

r. To guarantee up to 90% of the amount of a loan to a person,
if the proceeds of the loan are to be applied to the purchase and
installation, in a building devoted to industrial or commercial
purposes, or in an office building, of an energy improvement
system;

9 s. To employ consulting engineers, architects, attorneys, real 10 estate counselors, appraisers, and such other consultants and employees as may be required in the judgment of the redevelopment 11 12 utility to carry out the purposes of P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1), P.L.2000, 13 14 c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), the "Municipal Rehabilitation and 15 Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.), 16 P.L.2007, c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.), and sections 3 through 18 of 17 P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489c et al.), and to fix and pay their 18 compensation from funds available to the redevelopment utility 19 therefor, all without regard to the provisions of Title 11A of the 20 New Jersey Statutes;

To do and perform any acts and things authorized by 21 t. 22 P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, 23 c.401 (C.34:1B-4.1), P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), the 24 "Municipal Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, 25 c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.), P.L.2007, c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.), 26 and sections 3 through 18 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489c et al.), 27 under, through or by means of its own officers, agents and 28 employees, or by contract with any person;

u. To procure insurance against any losses in connection with
its property, operations or assets in such amounts and from such
insurers as it deems desirable;

32 v. To do any and all things necessary or convenient to carry out 33 its purposes and exercise the powers given and granted in P.L.1974, 34 c.80 (C.34:1B-1 et seq.), section 6 of P.L.2001, c.401 (C.34:1B-35 4.1), P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), the "Municipal 36 Rehabilitation and Economic Recovery Act," P.L.2002, 37 c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.), P.L.2007, c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.), 38 and sections 3 through 18 of P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489c et al.);

39 w. To construct, reconstruct, rehabilitate, improve, alter, equip, 40 maintain or repair or provide for the construction, reconstruction, 41 improvement, alteration, equipping or maintenance or repair of any 42 development property and lot, award and enter into construction 43 contracts, purchase orders and other contracts with respect thereto, 44 upon such terms and conditions as the authority shall determine to 45 be reasonable, including, but not limited to, reimbursement for the 46 planning, designing, financing, construction, reconstruction, 47 improvement, equipping, furnishing, operation and maintenance of 48 any such development property and the settlement of any claims

arising therefrom and the establishment and maintenance of reserve
 funds with respect to the financing of such development property;

x. When authorized by the governing body of a municipality
exercising jurisdiction over an urban growth zone, to construct,
cause to be constructed or to provide financial assistance to projects
in an urban growth zone which shall be exempt from the terms and
requirements of the land use ordinances and regulations, including,
but not limited to, the master plan and zoning ordinances, of such
municipality;

y. To enter into business employment incentive agreements as
provided in the "Business Employment Incentive Program Act,"
P.L.1996, c.26 (C.34:1B-124 et al.);

13 z. To enter into agreements or contracts, execute instruments, 14 and do and perform all acts or things necessary, convenient or 15 desirable for the purposes of the redevelopment utility to carry out 16 any power expressly provided pursuant to P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-17 1 et seq.), P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), and P.L.2007, 18 c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.), including, but not limited to, entering 19 into contracts with the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of 20 Education, districts, the New Jersey Schools Development Authority, and any other entity which may be required in order to 21 22 carry out the provisions of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), 23 P.L.2007, c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.), and sections 3 through 18 of 24 P.L.2009, c.90 (C.52:27D-489c et al.);

25 aa. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2007, c.137);

bb. To make and contract to make loans to local units to finance the cost of school facilities projects and to acquire and contract to acquire bonds, notes or other obligations issued or to be issued by local units to evidence the loans, all in accordance with the provisions of P.L.2000, c.72 (C.18A:7G-1 et al.), and P.L.2007, c.137 (C.52:18A-235 et al.);

32 cc. Subject to any agreement with holders of its bonds issued to 33 finance a project or school facilities project, obtain as security or to 34 provide liquidity for payment of all or any part of the principal of and interest and premium on the bonds of the authority or for the 35 36 purchase upon tender or otherwise of the bonds, lines of credit, 37 letters of credit, reimbursement agreements, interest rate exchange 38 agreements, currency exchange agreements, interest rate floors or 39 caps, options, puts or calls to hedge payment, currency, rate, spread 40 or similar exposure or similar agreements, float agreements, 41 forward agreements, insurance contract, surety bond, commitment 42 to purchase or sell bonds, purchase or sale agreement, or 43 commitments or other contracts or agreements, and other security 44 agreements or instruments in any amounts and upon any terms as 45 the authority may determine and pay any fees and expenses required 46 in connection therewith;

dd. To charge to and collect from local units, the State and anyother person, any fees and charges in connection with the

authority's actions undertaken with respect to school facilities 1 2 projects, including, but not limited to, fees and charges for the 3 authority's administrative, organization, insurance, operating and 4 other expenses incident to the financing of school facilities projects; 5 ee. To make loans to refinance solid waste facility bonds 6 through the issuance of bonds or other obligations and the execution 7 of any agreements with counties or public authorities to effect the 8 refunding or rescheduling of solid waste facility bonds, or otherwise 9 provide for the payment of all or a portion of any series of solid 10 waste facility bonds. Any county or public authority refunding or 11 rescheduling its solid waste facility bonds pursuant to this 12 subsection shall provide for the payment of not less than fifty 13 percent of the aggregate debt service for the refunded or 14 rescheduled debt of the particular county or public authority for the 15 duration of the loan; except that, whenever the solid waste facility 16 bonds to be refinanced were issued by a public authority and the 17 county solid waste facility was utilized as a regional county solid 18 waste facility, as designated in the respective adopted district solid 19 waste management plans of the participating counties as approved 20 by the department prior to November 10, 1997, and the utilization 21 of the facility was established pursuant to tonnage obligations set 22 forth in their respective interdistrict agreements, the public 23 authority refunding or rescheduling its solid waste facility bonds 24 pursuant to this subsection shall provide for the payment of a 25 percentage of the aggregate debt service for the refunded or 26 rescheduled debt of the public authority not to exceed the 27 percentage of the specified tonnage obligation of the host county for 28 the duration of the loan. Whenever the solid waste facility bonds are 29 the obligation of a public authority, the relevant county shall 30 execute a deficiency agreement with the authority, which shall 31 provide that the county pledges to cover any shortfall and to pay 32 deficiencies in scheduled repayment obligations of the public 33 authority. All costs associated with the issuance of bonds pursuant 34 to this subsection may be paid by the authority from the proceeds of these bonds. Any county or public authority is hereby authorized to 35 36 enter into any agreement with the authority necessary, desirable or 37 convenient to effectuate the provisions of this subsection.

The authority shall not issue bonds or other obligations to effect
the refunding or rescheduling of solid waste facility bonds after
December 31, 2002. The authority may refund its own bonds issued
for the purposes herein at any time;

ff. To pool loans for any local government units that are
refunding bonds and do and perform any and all acts or things
necessary, convenient or desirable for the purpose of the authority
to achieve more favorable interest rates and terms for those local
governmental units;

gg. To finance projects approved by the board, provide staffsupport to the board, oversee and monitor progress on the part of

1 the board in carrying out the revitalization, economic development 2 and restoration projects authorized pursuant to the "Municipal 3 and Economic Recovery Act," Rehabilitation P.L.2002, 4 c.43 (C.52:27BBB-1 et al.) and otherwise fulfilling its 5 responsibilities pursuant thereto;

hh. To offer financial assistance to qualified film production
companies as provided in the "New Jersey Film Production
Assistance Act," P.L.2003, c.182 (C.34:1B-178 et al.); [and]

9 ii. To finance or develop private or public parking facilities or 10 structures, which may include the use of solar photovoltaic 11 equipment, in municipalities qualified to receive State aid pursuant 12 to the provisions of P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-178 et seq.) and 13 municipalities that contain areas designated pursuant to P.L.1985, 14 c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et al.) as Planning Area 1 (Metropolitan), 15 Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a town center, and to provide 16 appropriate assistance, including but not limited to, extensions of 17 credit, loans, and guarantees, to municipalities qualified to receive 18 State aid pursuant to the provisions of P.L.1978, c.14 (C.52:27D-19 178 et seq.) and municipalities that contain areas designated 20 pursuant to P.L.1985, c.398 (C.52:18A-196 et seq.) as Planning 21 Area 1 (Metropolitan), Planning Area 2 (Suburban), or a town 22 center, and their agencies and instrumentalities or to private entities 23 whose projects are located in those municipalities, in order to 24 facilitate the financing and development of parking facilities or 25 structures in such municipalities. The authority may serve as the 26 issuing agent of bonds to finance the undertaking of a project for 27 the purposes of this subsection; and

28 jj. To consider, review, amend, and approve public-private 29 partnership agreements for certain building or highway 30 infrastructure development projects entered into by a private entity 31 and a local government unit, a school district, a State government 32 entity, or the New Jersey Institute of Technology pursuant to 33 sections 1 through 4 of P.L., c. (C. through C. ) (pending 34 before the Legislature as this bill) or by a private entity and a State 35 or county college pursuant to section 43 of P.L.2009, c.90 36 (C.18A:64-85), for the purposes set forth therein, and provide to a 37 private entity that is a party to an agreement any tax-exempt private 38 activity bond financing under terms and conditions established by 39 the authority and as otherwise authorized under State or federal law. 40 (cf: P.L.2010, c.28, s.3)

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7. (New section) The New Jersey Economic Development
Authority shall post on its official website the status of each publicprivate partnership agreement subject to its consideration, review,
amendment, or approval under subsection jj. of section 5 of
P.L.1974, c.80 (C.34:1B-5), indicating the status of each agreement
by designating it as a proposed, under review, or active publicprivate partnership project.

1 8. This act shall take effect immediately. 2 3 4 **STATEMENT** 5 6 This bill permits certain government entities to enter into public-7 private partnership agreements with private entities for undertaking 8 certain building and highway infrastructure projects, and provides 9 for oversight of these agreements by the New Jersey Economic 10 Development Authority (EDA). Under the bill, local government units, school districts, and State 11 12 government entities would be eligible to enter into public-private 13 partnership agreements with private entities. Under current law, a 14 State college or county college is already authorized to enter into 15 public-private partnership agreements under the provisions of 16 N.J.S.A.18A:64-85, and Rowan University may also do so under 17 that statute pursuant to N.J.S.A.18A:64M-9.1. This bill authorizes 18 the New Jersey Institute of Technology to also enter into public-19 private partnership agreements under N.J.S.A.18A:64-85. 20 The bill specifically allows the government entity to enter into a public-private partnership agreement under which the private entity 21 22 assumes financial and administrative responsibility for the 23 development, construction, reconstruction, repair, alteration, 24 improvement, extension, operation, and maintenance of a project of, 25 or for the benefit of, the government entity, provided that the 26 project is financed in whole or in part by the private entity. 27 The bill requires that workers employed in the construction, 28 rehabilitation, or building maintenance services of a project by a 29 private entity that has entered into an agreement with a government 30 entity be subject to the applicable provisions of the "New Jersey Prevailing Wage Act;" that building construction projects 31 32 undertaken pursuant to an agreement contain a project labor 33 agreement; and that the general contractor, construction manager, 34 design-build team, or subcontractor for a project is registered and 35 classified by the State to perform work on a project. 36 Under the bill, a public-private partnership project may be 37 structured using availability payments as a financing method. 38 However, the bundling of multiple projects would be prohibited. In 39 addition, roadway or highway projects must include an expenditure 40 of at least \$10 million in public funds or any expenditure in private 41 funds. A private entity would be required to establish a construction 42 account to fully capitalize and fund the project, while the general 43 contractor, construction manager, or design-build team would be 44 required to post performance and payment bonds, instead of the 45 chief financial officer of the public entity. A contractor would be 46 precluded from engaging in a project having an expenditure of 47 under \$50 million if the contractor contributed more than 10% of

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the project's financing. All projects would be required to undergo a
 procurement process established under the bill.

3 All applications for agreements authorized under the bill are to 4 be submitted to the EDA for its review and approval prior to 5 commencing the procurement process. The EDA would have the 6 power to cancel procurement after a short list of private entities is 7 developed, if deemed in the public interest. The bill also requires 8 the EDA to post on its official website the status of each public-9 private partnership agreement subject to its consideration, review, 10 amendment, or approval, indicating the status of each agreement by 11 designating it as a proposed, under review, or active public-private

12 partnership project.