[Third Reprint] SENATE, No. 1739

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 218th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 5, 2018

Sponsored by: Senator JEFF VAN DREW District 1 (Atlantic, Cape May and Cumberland) Senator STEVEN V. OROHO District 24 (Morris, Sussex and Warren) Assemblyman R. BRUCE LAND District 1 (Atlantic, Cape May and Cumberland) Assemblyman BOB ANDRZEJCZAK District 1 (Atlantic, Cape May and Cumberland) Assemblyman PARKER SPACE District 24 (Morris, Sussex and Warren) Assemblyman MATTHEW W. MILAM District 1 (Atlantic, Cape May and Cumberland)

Co-Sponsored by: Assemblymen Giblin, Johnson, Assemblywoman Sumter and Assemblyman Wirths

SYNOPSIS

Renames county corrections officers as county correctional police officers.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Law and Public Safety Committee on March 7, 2019, with amendments.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 6/21/2019)

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1 AN ACT concerning county corrections officers, supplementing Title 40A of the New Jersey Statutes, and amending various 2 3 parts of the statutory law. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. (New section) The Civil Service Commission shall a. 9 effectuate the following title changes in the career service: 10 (1) County correction captain shall be retitled as county 11 correctional police captain; (2) County correction lieutenant shall be retitled as county 12 correctional police lieutenant; 13 (3) County correction officer shall be retitled as 14 county 15 correctional police officer; ²[and]² (4) County correction sergeant shall be retitled as county 16 correctional police sergeant²; 17 (5) Warden shall be retitled as county correctional police warden; 18 19 and 20 (6) Deputy warden shall be retitled as county correctional deputy police warden². 21 22 b. In a county in which Title 11A, Civil Service, of the New 23 Jersey Statutes, is not operative, every county corrections officer title shall be changed to a county correctional police officer title 2 and every 24 warden title shall be changed to a county police warden title². 25 c. Any fees associated with the retitling pursuant to subsections a. 26 and b. of this section shall be borne by the county corrections officer 27 ²<u>or warden</u>² whose title is changed. 28 29 2. N.J.S.2A:154-3 is amended to read as follows: 30 2A:154-3. a. All court attendants, sheriff's officers, and county 31 32 [correction] correctional police officers in the competitive class of civil service who have been or who may hereafter be appointed by 33 34 the sheriff or board of chosen freeholders of any county in this State shall, by virtue of [such] the appointment and in addition to any 35 other power or authority, be empowered to act as officers for the 36 37 detection, apprehension, arrest, and conviction of offenders against 38 the law. 39 b. In addition to the powers set forth in subsection a. of this section, any county [correction] <u>correctional police</u> officer who has 40 41 satisfactorily completed a basic training course approved by the 42 Police Training Commission, as provided by P.L.1961, c.56 43 (C.52:17B-66 et seq.), shall have full power of arrest for any crime

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced** brackets **[thus]** in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹Senate SLP committee amendments adopted February 8, 2018.

²Senate floor amendments adopted February 26, 2018.

³Assembly ALP committee amendments adopted March 7, 2019.

1 committed in [his] the officer's presence anywhere within the 2 territorial limits of the State of New Jersey. 3 c. A county [correction] <u>correctional police</u> officer who has full power of arrest pursuant to subsection b. of this section, and is 4 5 acting under lawful authority beyond the territorial limits of [his] the employing county, shall have all of the immunities from tort 6 7 liability and shall have all of the pension, relief, disability, workers' 8 compensation, insurance, and other benefits enjoyed while 9 performing duties within the employing county. 10 (cf: P.L.1996, c.40, s.1) 11 12 ³[3. Section 1 of P.L.1993, c.247 (C.43:16A-3.8) is amended to 13 read as follows: 14 1. a. The following are eligible, regardless of age, to become 15 members of the Police and Firemen's Retirement System of New 16 Jersey (PFRS) as provided in this supplementary act: 17 (1) any policeman or fireman employed on the effective date of 18 this supplementary act by a municipality, which was not required to 19 participate in PFRS under section 3 of P.L.1944, c.255 (C.43:16A-3) and has not adopted that act, who meets the requirements for 20 membership in PFRS as set forth in the definitions of "Policeman" 21 22 and "Fireman" in section 1 of that act, as amended and 23 supplemented, and who is enrolled in the Public Employees' 24 Retirement System of New Jersey (PERS) on that date; 25 (2) any policeman employed on the effective date of this 26 supplementary act by a county who is enrolled in PERS on that 27 date: (3) any sheriff's officer, sergeant sheriff's officer, lieutenant 28 29 sheriff's officer, captain sheriff's officer, chief sheriff's officer, or 30 sheriff's investigator employed on the effective date of this 31 supplementary act in the offices of the county sheriffs who is enrolled in PERS on that date; 32 (4) any [correction] State correctional police officer, senior 33 [correction] <u>correctional police</u> officer, [correction officer] 34 <u>correctional police</u> sergeant, [correction officer] <u>correctional police</u> 35 36 lieutenant, [correction officer] correctional police captain, 37 investigator, senior investigator, principal investigator, assistant 38 chief investigator, chief investigator, or director of custody 39 operations I, II, III employed on the effective date of this 40 supplementary act in the Department of Corrections who is enrolled 41 in PERS on that date; 42 (5) any county [correction] <u>correctional police</u> officer, county 43 [correction] <u>correctional police</u> sergeant, county [correction] 44 correctional police lieutenant, county [correction] correctional 45 police captain, or county deputy warden employed on the effective 46 date of this supplementary act in the several county jails who is

47 enrolled in PERS on that date;

(6) any principal inspector employed on the effective date of
 this supplementary act in the Alcoholic Beverage Control
 Enforcement Bureau, Department of Law and Public Safety who is
 enrolled in PERS on that date;

5 (7) any police officer, police sergeant, or police lieutenant 6 employed on the effective date of this supplementary act in the 7 Department of Human Services who is enrolled in PERS on that 8 date; and

9 (8) any fireman employed on the effective date of this 10 supplementary act by a fire district in which the provisions of 11 P.L.1944, c.255 (C.43:16A-1 et seq.) are not operative who meets 12 the requirements for membership in PFRS as set forth in the 13 definition of "Fireman" in section 1 of that act, as amended and 14 supplemented, and who is enrolled in PERS on that date.

15 b. Any person eligible pursuant to subsection a. of this section 16 to become a member of PFRS may, regardless of age, transfer 17 membership from PERS to PFRS in accordance with the provisions 18 of the law and regulations governing the retirement system relative 19 to interfund transfers by waiving, within 90 days of the effective 20 date of this supplementary act, all rights and benefits which would 21 otherwise be provided by PERS. If an eligible person does not file 22 a timely waiver of PERS benefits, the person's pension status shall 23 remain unchanged and the person's membership shall not be 24 transferred to PFRS. Transfers under this section shall take effect 25 on the first day of the first full calendar month following the 26 effective date of this supplementary act by at least 180 days. PERS 27 shall transmit to PFRS an amount equal to the present value of the benefit under PERS accrued to the date of transfer by each person 28 29 transferring to PFRS. The service credit accrued in PERS to the 30 date of transfer shall be transferred to PFRS and may be used to 31 meet any service credit requirement for benefits under PFRS. Any benefit of a member who transfers membership from PERS to PFRS 32 33 under this supplementary act based upon service credit shall be the 34 amount of benefit determined as provided under PFRS based upon 35 the total amount of service credit multiplied by the ratio of the 36 service credit under PFRS from the date of transfer to the total 37 amount of service credit, plus a benefit comparable to a PERS 38 deferred, early or regular service retirement benefit, as appropriate, 39 based upon the age of the member at the time of retirement and the 40 amount of PERS service credit transferred to PFRS, determined as 41 provided under the law and regulations governing PERS for the 42 benefit. The total amount of service credit in PFRS, including the 43 transferred PERS service credit, may be used to meet the service 44 credit requirement for the benefit comparable to a PERS deferred or 45 early retirement benefit, but the benefit shall be calculated only on 46 the transferred PERS service credit.

47 Active and retired death benefits, accidental death benefits, and48 ordinary and accidental disability retirement benefits for members

1 transferring to PFRS under this supplementary act shall be the 2 benefits provided under PFRS. 3 For members transferring to PFRS under this supplementary act, the widows' or widowers' pensions provided under section 26 of 4 5 P.L.1967, c.250 (C.43:16A-12.1) shall be the amount of the benefit 6 determined as provided in section 26 multiplied by the ratio of the 7 service credit under PFRS from the date of transfer to the total amount of service credit. Transferring members shall be entitled to 8 9 elect optional retirement allowances for the portions of their 10 retirement benefits based upon their PERS service credit as provided under the laws and regulations governing selection of 11 12 optional retirement allowances under PERS. (cf: P.L.1993, c.247, s.1)]³ 13 14 3[4.] 3.3 N.J.S.2C:12-1 is amended to read as follows: 15 2C:12-1. Assault. a. Simple assault. A person is guilty of 16 17 assault if [he] the person: 18 (1) Attempts to cause or purposely, knowingly or recklessly 19 causes bodily injury to another; or (2) Negligently causes bodily injury to another with a deadly 20 21 weapon; or 22 (3) Attempts by physical menace to put another in fear of 23 imminent serious bodily injury. 24 Simple assault is a disorderly persons offense unless committed 25 in a fight or scuffle entered into by mutual consent, in which case it 26 is a petty disorderly persons offense. 27 b. Aggravated assault. A person is guilty of aggravated assault 28 if [he] the person: 29 (1) Attempts to cause serious bodily injury to another, or causes 30 [such] injury purposely or knowingly or under circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human life 31 32 recklessly causes such injury; or 33 (2) Attempts to cause or purposely or knowingly causes bodily 34 injury to another with a deadly weapon; or (3) Recklessly causes bodily injury to another with a deadly 35 36 weapon; or 37 (4) Knowingly under circumstances manifesting extreme 38 indifference to the value of human life points a firearm, as defined in subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, at or in the direction of another, 39 whether or not the actor believes it to be loaded; or 40 41 (5) Commits a simple assault as defined in paragraph (1), $(2)^{1,1}$ or (3) of subsection a. of this section upon: 42 43 (a) Any law enforcement officer acting in the performance of 44 [his] the officer's duties while in uniform or exhibiting evidence of 45 [his] authority or because of [his] the officer's status as a law 46 enforcement officer; or

(b) Any paid or volunteer [fireman] <u>firefighter</u> acting in the
performance of [his] <u>the firefighter's</u> duties while in uniform or
otherwise clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance
of the duties of a [fireman] <u>firefighter;</u> or

5 (c) Any person engaged in emergency first-aid or medical 6 services acting in the performance of [his] <u>the person's</u> duties 7 while in uniform or otherwise clearly identifiable as being engaged 8 in the performance of emergency first-aid or medical services; or

9 (d) Any school board member, school administrator, teacher, 10 school bus driver, or other employee of a public or nonpublic school or school board while clearly identifiable as being engaged 11 12 in the performance of [his] the person's duties or because of [his] <u>the</u> '[person's] <u>person's</u>' status as a member or employee of a 13 public or nonpublic school or school board or any school bus driver 14 15 employed by an operator under contract to a public or nonpublic school or school board while clearly identifiable as being engaged 16 17 in the performance of [his] the person's duties or because of [his] 18 the person's status as a school bus driver; or

(e) Any employee of the Division of Child Protection and
Permanency while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the
performance of [his] the employee's duties or because of [his] the
status as an employee of the division; or

(f) Any justice of the Supreme Court, judge of the Superior
Court, judge of the Tax ¹[Court] Court¹ or municipal judge while
clearly identifiable as being engaged in the performance of judicial
duties or because of [his] the status as a member of the judiciary;
or

(g) Any operator of a motorbus or the operator's supervisor or
any employee of a rail passenger service while clearly identifiable
as being engaged in the performance of [his] the person's duties or
because of [his] the status as an operator of a motorbus or as the
operator's supervisor or as an employee of a rail passenger service;
or

34 (h) Any Department of Corrections employee, county 35 [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officer, juvenile [corrections] correctional police officer, State juvenile facility employee, juvenile 36 37 detention staff member, juvenile detention officer, probation officer 38 or any sheriff, undersheriff, or sheriff's officer acting in the 39 performance of [his] the person's duties while in uniform or 40 exhibiting evidence of [his] the person's authority or because of 41 [his] <u>the</u> status as a Department of Corrections employee, county [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officer, juvenile [corrections] 42 correctional police officer, State juvenile facility employee, juvenile 43 44 detention staff member, juvenile detention officer, probation 45 officer, sheriff, undersheriff, or sheriff's officer; or

(i) Any employee, including any person employed under 1 2 contract, of a utility company as defined in section 2 of P.L.1971, 3 c.224 (C.2A:42-86) or a cable television company subject to the provisions of the "Cable Television Act," P.L.1972, c.186 4 5 (C.48:5A-1 et seq.) while clearly identifiable as being engaged in 6 the performance of [his] the employee's duties in regard to 7 connecting, disconnecting, or repairing or attempting to connect, 8 disconnect, or repair any gas, electric, or water utility, or cable 9 television or telecommunication service; or

10 (j) Any health care worker employed by a licensed health care 11 facility to provide direct patient care, any health care professional 12 licensed or otherwise authorized pursuant to Title 26 or Title 45 of 13 the Revised Statutes to practice a health care profession, except a 14 direct care worker at a State or county psychiatric hospital or State 15 developmental center or veterans' memorial home, while clearly 16 identifiable as being engaged in the duties of providing direct 17 patient care or practicing the health care profession; or

(k) Any direct care worker at a State or county psychiatric
hospital or State developmental center or veterans' memorial home,
while clearly identifiable as being engaged in the duties of
providing direct patient care or practicing the health care
profession, provided that the actor is not a patient or resident at the
facility who is classified by the facility as having a mental illness or
developmental disability; or

25 (6) Causes bodily injury to another person while fleeing or 26 attempting to elude a law enforcement officer in violation of 27 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or while operating a motor vehicle in 28 violation of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:20-10. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, a person shall be strictly 29 30 liable for a violation of this paragraph upon proof of a violation of 31 subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:29-2 or while operating a motor vehicle in 32 violation of subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:20-10 which resulted in 33 bodily injury to another person; or

34 (7) Attempts to cause significant bodily injury to another or
35 causes significant bodily injury purposely or knowingly or, under
36 circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to the value of
37 human life recklessly causes such significant bodily injury; or

38 (8) Causes bodily injury by knowingly or purposely starting a 39 fire or causing an explosion in violation of N.J.S.2C:17-1 which 40 results in bodily injury to any emergency services personnel 41 involved in fire suppression activities, rendering emergency 42 medical services resulting from the fire or explosion or rescue 43 operations, or rendering any necessary assistance at the scene of the 44 fire or explosion, including any bodily injury sustained while 45 responding to the scene of a reported fire or explosion. For 46 purposes of this paragraph, "emergency services personnel" shall 47 include, but not be limited to, any paid or volunteer [fireman] 48 firefighter, any person engaged in emergency first-aid or medical

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services and any law enforcement officer. Notwithstanding any
 other provision of law to the contrary, a person shall be strictly
 liable for a violation of this paragraph upon proof of a violation of
 N.J.S.2C:17-1 which resulted in bodily injury to any emergency
 services personnel; or

6 (9) Knowingly, under circumstances manifesting extreme 7 indifference to the value of human life, points or displays a firearm, 8 as defined in subsection f. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, at or in the direction of 9 a law enforcement officer; or

(10) Knowingly points, displays or uses an imitation firearm, as
defined in subsection v. of N.J.S.2C:39-1, at or in the direction of a
law enforcement officer with the purpose to intimidate, threaten, or
attempt to put the officer in fear of bodily injury or for any unlawful
purpose; or

15 (11) Uses or activates a laser sighting system or device, or a 16 system or device which, in the manner used, would cause a 17 reasonable person to believe that it is a laser sighting system or 18 device, against a law enforcement officer acting in the performance 19 of [his] the officer's duties while in uniform or exhibiting evidence 20 of [his] the officer's authority. As used in this paragraph, "laser 21 sighting system or device" means any system or device that is 22 integrated with or affixed to a firearm and emits a laser light beam 23 that is used to assist in the sight alignment or aiming of the firearm; 24 or

(12) Attempts to cause significant bodily injury or causes
significant bodily injury purposely or knowingly or, under
circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to the value of
human life, recklessly causes significant bodily injury to a person
who, with respect to the actor, meets the definition of a victim of
domestic violence, as defined in subsection d. of section 3 of
P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-19); or

32 (13) Knowingly or, under circumstances manifesting extreme 33 indifference to the value of human life, recklessly obstructs the 34 breathing or blood circulation of a person who, with respect to the 35 actor, meets the definition of a victim of domestic violence, as 36 defined in subsection d. of section 3 of P.L.1991, c.261 (C.2C:25-37 19), by applying pressure on the throat or neck or blocking the nose 38 or mouth of such person, thereby causing or attempting to cause 39 bodily injury.

40 Aggravated assault under paragraphs (1) and (6) of subsection b. 41 of this section is a crime of the second degree; under paragraphs (2), (7), $(9)^{1}$, and (10) of subsection b. of this section is a crime of 42 the third degree; under paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection b. of 43 44 this section is a crime of the fourth degree; and under paragraph (5) 45 of subsection b. of this section is a crime of the third degree if the 46 victim suffers bodily injury, otherwise it is a crime of the fourth 47 degree. Aggravated assault under paragraph (8) of subsection b. of 48 this section is a crime of the third degree if the victim suffers bodily

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1 injury; if the victim suffers significant bodily injury or serious 2 bodily injury it is a crime of the second degree. Aggravated assault 3 under paragraph (11) of subsection b. of this section is a crime of 4 the third degree. Aggravated assault under paragraph (12) or (13) 5 of subsection b. of this section is a crime of the third degree but the 6 presumption of non-imprisonment set forth in subsection e. of 7 N.J.S.2C:44-1 for a first offense of a crime of the third degree shall 8 not apply.

9 c. (1) A person is guilty of assault by auto or vessel when the 10 person drives a vehicle or vessel recklessly and causes either serious bodily injury or bodily injury to another. Assault by auto or 11 12 vessel is a crime of the fourth degree if serious bodily injury results 13 and is a disorderly persons offense if bodily injury results. Proof 14 that the defendant was operating a hand-held wireless telephone 15 while driving a motor vehicle in violation of section 1 of P.L.2003, 16 c.310 (C.39:4-97.3) may give rise to an inference that the defendant 17 was driving recklessly.

(2) Assault by auto or vessel is a crime of the third degree if the
person drives the vehicle while in violation of R.S.39:4-50 or
section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) and serious bodily
injury results and is a crime of the fourth degree if the person drives
the vehicle while in violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of
P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) and bodily injury results.

(3) Assault by auto or vessel is a crime of the second degree if
serious bodily injury results from the defendant operating the auto
or vessel while in violation of R.S.39:4-50 or section 2 of P.L.1981,
c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a) while:

(a) on any school property used for school purposes which is
owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school
board, or within 1,000 feet of such school property;

31 (b) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1 if
32 the municipality, by ordinance or resolution, has designated the
33 school crossing as such; or

(c) driving through a school crossing as defined in R.S.39:1-1
 knowing that juveniles are present if the municipality has not
 designated the school crossing as such by ordinance or resolution.

Assault by auto or vessel is a crime of the third degree if bodily
injury results from the defendant operating the auto or vessel in
violation of this paragraph.

A map or true copy of a map depicting the location and boundaries of the area on or within 1,000 feet of any property used for school purposes which is owned by or leased to any elementary or secondary school or school board produced pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1987, c.101 (C.2C:35-7) may be used in a prosecution under subparagraph (a) of paragraph (3) of this subsection.

It shall be no defense to a prosecution for a violation of
subparagraph (a) or (b) of paragraph (3) of this subsection that the
defendant was unaware that the prohibited conduct took place while

on or within 1,000 feet of any school property or while driving
through a school crossing. Nor shall it be a defense to a prosecution
under subparagraph (a) or (b) of paragraph (3) of this subsection
that no juveniles were present on the school property or crossing
zone at the time of the offense or that the school was not in session.

6 (4) Assault by auto or vessel is a crime of the third degree if the 7 person purposely drives a vehicle in an aggressive manner directed 8 at another vehicle and serious bodily injury results and is a crime of 9 the fourth degree if the person purposely drives a vehicle in an 10 aggressive manner directed at another vehicle and bodily injury 11 results. For purposes of this paragraph, "driving a vehicle in an 12 aggressive manner" shall include, but is not limited to, 13 unexpectedly altering the speed of the vehicle, making improper or 14 erratic traffic lane changes, disregarding traffic control devices, 15 failing to yield the right of way, or following another vehicle too 16 closely.

As used in this subsection, "vessel" means a means of
conveyance for travel on water and propelled otherwise than by
muscular power.

d. A person who is employed by a facility as defined in section
2 of P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-2) who commits a simple assault as
defined in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection a. of this section upon
an institutionalized elderly person as defined in section 2 of
P.L.1977, c.239 (C.52:27G-2) is guilty of a crime of the fourth
degree.

e. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2001, c.443).

27 f. A person who commits a simple assault as defined in paragraph (1), $(2)^{1,1}$ or (3) of subsection a. of this section in the 28 presence of a child under 16 years of age at a school or community 29 30 sponsored youth sports event is guilty of a crime of the fourth 31 degree. The defendant shall be strictly liable upon proof that the 32 offense occurred, in fact, in the presence of a child under 16 years 33 of age. It shall not be a defense that the defendant did not know 34 that the child was present or reasonably believed that the child was 35 16 years of age or older. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to create any liability on the part of a participant in a 36 37 youth sports event or to abrogate any immunity or defense available 38 to a participant in a youth sports event. As used in this act, "school 39 or community sponsored youth sports event" means a competition, 40 practice, or instructional event involving one or more 41 interscholastic sports teams or youth sports teams organized 42 pursuant to a nonprofit or similar charter or which are member 43 teams in a youth league organized by or affiliated with a county or 44 municipal recreation department and shall not include collegiate, 45 semi-professional or professional sporting events.

46 (cf: P.L.2017, c.240, s.1)

³[5.] <u>4.</u>³ Section 2 of P.L.1997, c.182 (C.2C:12-13) is 1 2 amended to read as follows: 3 2. A person who throws a bodily fluid at a Department of Corrections employee, county [corrections] correctional police 4 5 officer, juvenile [corrections] correctional police officer, State juvenile facility employee, juvenile detention staff member, 6 7 probation officer, any sheriff, undersheriff or sheriff's officer or any 8 municipal, county, or State law enforcement officer while in the 9 performance of [his] the person's duties or otherwise purposely 10 subjects such employee to contact with a bodily fluid commits an 11 aggravated assault. If the victim suffers bodily injury, this shall be 12 a crime of the third degree. Otherwise, this shall be a crime of the 13 fourth degree. A term of imprisonment imposed for this offense 14 shall run consecutively to any term of imprisonment currently being 15 served and to any other term imposed for another offense 16 committed at the time of the assault. Nothing herein shall be 17 deemed to preclude, if the evidence so warrants, an indictment and 18 conviction for a violation or attempted violation of chapter 11 of 19 Title 2C of the New Jersey Statutes or subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:12-20 1 or any other provision of the criminal laws. 21 (cf: P.L.2003, c.283, s.1) 22 23 ³5. N.J.S.2C:39-6 is amended to read as follows: 24 2C:39-6. a. Provided a person complies with the requirements 25 of subsection j. of this section, N.J.S.2C:39-5 does not apply to: 26 (1) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States or of the 27 National Guard while actually on duty, or while traveling between 28 places of duty and carrying authorized weapons in the manner 29 prescribed by the appropriate military authorities; 30 (2) Federal law enforcement officers, and any other federal officers and employees required to carry firearms in the 31 32 performance of their official duties; 33 (3) Members of the State Police and, under conditions 34 prescribed by the superintendent, members of the Marine Law 35 Enforcement Bureau of the Division of State Police; 36 (4) A sheriff, undersheriff, sheriff's officer, county prosecutor, 37 assistant prosecutor, prosecutor's detective or investigator, deputy 38 attorney general or State investigator employed by the Division of 39 Criminal Justice of the Department of Law and Public Safety, 40 investigator employed by the State Commission of Investigation, 41 inspector of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Enforcement Bureau of 42 the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public 43 Safety authorized to carry weapons by the Superintendent of State 44 Police, State park police officer, or State conservation officer; 45 (5) Except as hereinafter provided, a State correctional police 46 officer, or a prison or jail warden of any penal institution in this

State or [his] the warden's deputies, or an employee of the 47

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1 Department of Corrections engaged in the interstate transportation 2 of convicted offenders, while in the performance of [his] the 3 employee's duties, and when required to possess the weapon by [his] <u>a</u> superior officer, or a [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> 4 5 officer or keeper of a penal institution in this State at all times while 6 in the State of New Jersey, provided [he] the person annually 7 passes an examination approved by the superintendent testing [his] 8 the person's proficiency in the handling of firearms;

9 (6) A civilian employee of the United States Government under 10 the supervision of the commanding officer of any post, camp, 11 station, base, or other military or naval installation located in this 12 State who is required, in the performance of **[**his**]** <u>the employee's</u> 13 official duties, to carry firearms, and who is authorized to carry 14 firearms by the commanding officer, while in the actual 15 performance of **[**his**]** <u>the employee's</u> official duties;

(7) (a) A regularly employed member, including a detective, of
the police department of any county or municipality, or of any
State, interstate, municipal , or county park police force or
boulevard police force, at all times while in the State of New
Jersey;

(b) A special law enforcement officer authorized to carry a
weapon as provided in subsection b. of section 7 of P.L.1985, c.439
(C.40A:14-146.14);

24 (c) An airport security officer or a special law enforcement 25 officer appointed by the governing body of any county or municipality, except as provided in [subsection] subparagraph (b) 26 27 of paragraph (7) of this [section] subsection, or by the commission, 28 board or other body having control of a county park or airport or 29 boulevard police force, while engaged in the actual performance of 30 [his] the officer's official duties and when specifically authorized 31 by the governing body to carry weapons;

32 (8) A full-time, paid member of a paid or part-paid fire 33 department or force of any municipality who is assigned full-time 34 or part-time to an arson investigation unit created pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1981, c.409 (C.40A:14-7.1) or to the county arson 35 36 investigation unit in the county prosecutor's office, while either 37 engaged in the actual performance of arson investigation duties or 38 while actually on call to perform arson investigation duties and 39 when specifically authorized by the governing body or the county 40 prosecutor, as the case may be, to carry weapons. Prior to being 41 permitted to carry a firearm, a member shall take and successfully 42 complete a firearms training course administered by the Police 43 Training Commission pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et 44 seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar 45 weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm;

46 (9) A juvenile [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officer in the
47 employment of the Juvenile Justice Commission established

1 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) subject to

2 the regulations promulgated by the commission;

(10) A designated employee or designated licensed agent for a 3 4 nuclear power plant under license of the Nuclear Regulatory 5 Commission, while in the actual performance of [his] the person's official duties, if the federal licensee certifies that the designated 6 employee or designated licensed agent is assigned to perform site 7 8 protection, guard, armed response or armed escort duties and is 9 appropriately trained and qualified, as prescribed by federal 10 regulation, to perform those duties. Any firearm utilized by an employee or agent for a nuclear power plant pursuant to this 11 12 paragraph shall be returned each day at the end of the employee's or 13 agent's authorized official duties to the employee's or agent's 14 All firearms returned each day pursuant to this supervisor. 15 paragraph shall be stored in locked containers located in a secure 16 area;

(11) A county [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officer at all
times while in the State of New Jersey, provided [he] <u>the officer</u>
annually passes an examination approved by the superintendent
testing [his] <u>the officer's</u> proficiency in the handling of firearms.

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b. Subsections a., b., and c. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to:

(1) A law enforcement officer employed by a governmental
agency outside of the State of New Jersey while actually engaged in
[his] the officer's official duties, provided, however, that [he] the
officer has first notified the superintendent or the chief law
enforcement officer of the municipality or the prosecutor of the
county in which [he] the officer is engaged; or

(2) A licensed dealer in firearms and [his] the dealer's
registered employees during the course of their normal business
while traveling to and from their place of business and other places
for the purpose of demonstration, exhibition, or delivery in
connection with a sale, provided, however, that the weapon is
carried in the manner specified in subsection g. of this section.

c. Provided a person complies with the requirements of
subsection j. of this section, subsections b. and c. of N.J.S.2C:39-5
do not apply to:

(1) A special agent of the Division of Taxation who has passed
an examination in an approved police training program testing
proficiency in the handling of any firearm which [he] the agent
may be required to carry, while in the actual performance of [his]
the agent's official duties and while going to or from [his] the
agent's place of duty, or any other police officer, while in the actual
performance of [his] the officer's official duties;

44 (2) A State deputy conservation officer or a full-time employee
45 of the Division of Parks and Forestry having the power of arrest and
46 authorized to carry weapons, while in the actual performance of
47 [his] the officer's official duties;

(3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1986, c.150.)
 (4) A court attendant appointed by the sheriff of the county or
 by the judge of any municipal court or other court of this State,
 while in the actual performance of [his] the attendant's official
 duties;

6 (5) A guard employed by any railway express company, banking
7 or building and loan or savings and loan institution of this State,
8 while in the actual performance of [his] the guard's official duties;

9 (6) A member of a legally recognized military organization 10 while actually under orders or while going to or from the prescribed 11 place of meeting and carrying the weapons prescribed for drill, 12 exercise or parade;

(7) A municipal humane law enforcement officer, authorized
pursuant to subsection d. of section 25 of P.L.2017, c.331 (C.4:2214.1), or humane law enforcement officer of a county society for
the prevention of cruelty to animals authorized pursuant to
subsection c. of section 29 of P.L.2017, c.331 (C.4:22-14.5), while
in the actual performance of the officer's duties;

(8) An employee of a public utilities corporation actuallyengaged in the transportation of explosives;

(9) A railway policeman, except a transit police officer of the
New Jersey Transit Police Department, at all times while in the
State of New Jersey, provided that [he] the person has passed an
approved police academy training program consisting of at least
280 hours. The training program shall include, but need not be
limited to, the handling of firearms, community relations, and
juvenile relations;

(10) A campus police officer appointed under P.L.1970, c.211
(C.18A:6-4.2 et seq.) at all times. Prior to being permitted to carry
a firearm, a campus police officer shall take and successfully
complete a firearms training course administered by the Police
Training Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et
seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar
weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm;

35 (11) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.168).

(12) A transit police officer of the New Jersey Transit Police
Department, at all times while in the State of New Jersey, provided
the officer has satisfied the training requirements of the Police
Training Commission, pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of
P.L.1989, c.291 (C.27:25-15.1);

(13) A parole officer employed by the State Parole Board at all
times. Prior to being permitted to carry a firearm, a parole officer
shall take and successfully complete a basic course for regular
police officer training administered by the Police Training
Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et seq.), and
shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weapon
prior to being permitted to carry a firearm;

(14) A Human Services police officer at all times while in the
 State of New Jersey, as authorized by the Commissioner of Human
 Services;

4 (15) A person or employee of any person who, pursuant to and as
5 required by a contract with a governmental entity, supervises or
6 transports persons charged with or convicted of an offense;

7 (16) A housing authority police officer appointed under
8 P.L.1997, c.210 (C.40A:14-146.19 et al.) at all times while in the
9 State of New Jersey; or

10 (17) A probation officer assigned to the "Probation Officer 11 Community Safety Unit" created by section 2 of P.L.2001, c.362 12 (C.2B:10A-2) while in the actual performance of the probation 13 officer's official duties. Prior to being permitted to carry a firearm, 14 a probation officer shall take and successfully complete a basic 15 course for regular police officer training administered by the Police 16 Training Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et 17 seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar 18 weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm.

d. (1) Subsections c. and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to
antique firearms, provided that the antique firearms are unloaded or
are being fired for the purposes of exhibition or demonstration at an
authorized target range or in another manner approved in writing by
the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the
exhibition or demonstration is held, or if not held on property under
the control of a particular municipality, the superintendent.

(2) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of
N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to an antique cannon that is capable of
being fired but that is unloaded and immobile, provided that the
antique cannon is possessed by (a) a scholastic institution, a
museum, a municipality, a county or the State, or (b) a person who
obtained a firearms purchaser identification card as specified in
N.J.S.2C:58-3.

(3) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of
N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to an unloaded antique cannon that is
being transported by one eligible to possess it, in compliance with
regulations the superintendent may promulgate, between its
permanent location and place of purchase or repair.

(4) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 38 39 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to antique cannons that are being loaded 40 or fired by one eligible to possess an antique cannon, for purposes 41 of exhibition or demonstration at an authorized target range or in 42 the manner as has been approved in writing by the chief law 43 enforcement officer of the municipality in which the exhibition or 44 demonstration is held, or if not held on property under the control 45 of a particular municipality, the superintendent, provided that 46 performer has given at least 30 days' notice to the superintendent.

47 (5) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 48 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to the transportation of unloaded

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1 antique cannons directly to or from exhibitions or demonstrations 2 authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection d. of this section, 3 provided that the transportation is in compliance with safety 4 regulations the superintendent may promulgate. Those subsections 5 shall not apply to transportation directly to or from exhibitions or 6 demonstrations authorized under the law of another jurisdiction, 7 provided that the superintendent has been given 30 days' notice and 8 that the transportation is in compliance with safety regulations the 9 superintendent may promulgate.

10 e. Nothing in subsections b., c., and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent a person keeping or carrying about [his] 11 the person's place of business, residence, premises, or other land 12 13 owned or possessed by [him] the person, any firearm, or from 14 carrying the same, in the manner specified in subsection g. of this 15 section, from any place of purchase to [his] the person's residence or place of business, between [his] the person's dwelling and [his] 16 17 place of business, between one place of business or residence and another when moving, or between [his] the person's dwelling or 18 19 place of business and place where the firearms are repaired, for the 20 purpose of repair. For the purposes of this section, a place of 21 business shall be deemed to be a fixed location.

f. Nothing in subsections b., c., and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall
be construed to prevent:

24 (1) A member of any rifle or pistol club organized in accordance 25 with the rules prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion 26 of Rifle Practice, in going to or from a place of target practice, 27 carrying firearms necessary for target practice, provided that the 28 club has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent and 29 annually submits a list of its members to the superintendent and 30 provided further that the firearms are carried in the manner 31 specified in subsection g. of this section;

32 (2) A person carrying a firearm or knife in the woods or fields
33 or upon the waters of this State for the purpose of hunting, target
34 practice or fishing, provided that the firearm or knife is legal and
35 appropriate for hunting or fishing purposes in this State and [he]
36 <u>the person</u> has in [his] possession a valid hunting license, or, with
37 respect to fresh water fishing, a valid fishing license;

(3) A person transporting any firearm or knife while traveling:

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39 (a) Directly to or from any place for the purpose of hunting or
40 fishing, provided the person has in [his] possession a valid hunting
41 or fishing license; or

42 (b) Directly to or from any target range, or other authorized 43 place for the purpose of practice, match, target, trap or skeet 44 shooting exhibitions, provided in all cases that during the course of 45 the travel all firearms are carried in the manner specified in 46 subsection g. of this section and the person has complied with all 47 the provisions and requirements of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes and any amendments thereto and all rules and regulations
 promulgated thereunder; or

3 (c) In the case of a firearm, directly to or from any exhibition or 4 display of firearms which is sponsored by any law enforcement 5 agency, any rifle or pistol club, or any firearms collectors club, for 6 the purpose of displaying the firearms to the public or to the 7 members of the organization or club, provided, however, that not 8 less than 30 days prior to the exhibition or display, notice of the 9 exhibition or display shall be given to the Superintendent of the 10 State Police by the sponsoring organization or club, and the sponsor 11 has complied with any reasonable safety regulations the 12 superintendent may promulgate. Any firearms transported pursuant 13 to this section shall be transported in the manner specified in 14 subsection g. of this section;

(4) A person from keeping or carrying about a private or
commercial aircraft or any boat, or from transporting to or from the
aircraft or boat for the purpose of installation or repair of a visual
distress signaling device approved by the United States Coast
Guard.

g. Any weapon being transported under paragraph (2) of
subsection b., subsection e., or paragraph (1) or (3) of subsection f.
of this section shall be carried unloaded and contained in a closed
and fastened case, gunbox, securely tied package, or locked in the
trunk of the automobile in which it is being transported, and in the
course of travel shall include only deviations as are reasonably
necessary under the circumstances.

27 h. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent any employee of a public utility, as defined in R.S.48:2-28 29 13, doing business in this State or any United States Postal Service 30 employee, while in the actual performance of duties which 31 specifically require regular and frequent visits to private premises, 32 from possessing, carrying or using any device which projects, 33 releases or emits any substance specified as being noninjurious to 34 canines or other animals by the Commissioner of Health and which 35 immobilizes only on a temporary basis and produces only 36 temporary physical discomfort through being vaporized or 37 otherwise dispensed in the air for the sole purpose of repelling 38 canine or other animal attacks.

The device shall be used solely to repel only those canine or other animal attacks when the canines or other animals are not restrained in a fashion sufficient to allow the employee to properly perform [his] the employee's duties.

Any device used pursuant to this act shall be selected from a list
of products, which consist of active and inert ingredients, permitted
by the Commissioner of Health.

46 i. (1) Nothing in N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent
47 any person who is 18 years of age or older and who has not been
48 convicted of a crime, from possession for the purpose of personal

1 self-defense of one pocket-sized device which contains and releases 2 not more than three-quarters of an ounce of chemical substance not 3 ordinarily capable of lethal use or of inflicting serious bodily injury, 4 but rather, is intended to produce temporary physical discomfort or 5 disability through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air. 6 Any person in possession of any device in violation of this 7 subsection shall be deemed and adjudged to be a disorderly person, 8 and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less 9 than \$100.

10 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this 11 subsection, nothing in N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent a 12 health inspector or investigator operating pursuant to the provisions of section 7 of P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-25) or a building 13 14 inspector from possessing a device which is capable of releasing 15 more than three-quarters of an ounce of a chemical substance, as 16 described in paragraph (1), while in the actual performance of the 17 inspector's or investigator's duties, provided that the device does not 18 exceed the size of those used by law enforcement.

19 A person shall qualify for an exemption from the provisions j. 20 of N.J.S.2C:39-5, as specified under subsections a. and c. of this 21 section, if the person has satisfactorily completed a firearms 22 training course approved by the Police Training Commission.

23 The exempt person shall not possess or carry a firearm until the 24 person has satisfactorily completed a firearms training course and 25 shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weapon. 26 For purposes of this subsection, a "firearms training course" means 27 a course of instruction in the safe use, maintenance and storage of 28 firearms which is approved by the Police Training Commission. 29 The commission shall approve a firearms training course if the 30 requirements of the course are substantially equivalent to the 31 requirements for firearms training provided by police training 32 courses which are certified under section 6 of P.L.1961, c.56 33 (C.52:17B-71). A person who is specified in paragraph (1), (2), (3), 34 or (6) of subsection a. of this section shall be exempt from the 35 requirements of this subsection.

36 k. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed 37 to prevent any financial institution, or any duly authorized 38 personnel of the institution, from possessing, carrying or using for 39 the protection of money or property, any device which projects, 40 releases or emits tear gas or other substances intended to produce 41 temporary physical discomfort or temporary identification.

42 1. Nothing in subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed 43 to prevent a law enforcement officer who retired in good standing, 44 including a retirement because of a disability pursuant to section 6 45 of P.L.1944, c.255 (C.43:16A-6), section 7 of P.L.1944, c.255 46 (C.43:16A-7), section 1 of P.L.1989, c.103 (C.43:16A-6.1), or any 47 substantially similar statute governing the disability retirement of 48 federal law enforcement officers, provided the officer was a

1 regularly employed, full-time law enforcement officer for an 2 aggregate of four or more years prior to [his] the officer's 3 disability retirement and further provided that the disability which 4 constituted the basis for the officer's retirement did not involve a 5 certification that the officer was mentally incapacitated for the 6 performance of [his] the officer's usual law enforcement duties and 7 any other available duty in the department which [his] the officer's 8 employer was willing to assign to [him] the officer or does not 9 subject that retired officer to any of the disabilities set forth in 10 subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:58-3 which would disqualify the retired 11 officer from possessing or carrying a firearm, who semi-annually 12 qualifies in the use of the handgun [he] the officer is permitted to carry in accordance with the requirements and procedures 13 14 established by the Attorney General pursuant to subsection j. of this 15 section and pays the actual costs associated with those semi-annual 16 qualifications, who is 75 years of age or younger, and who was 17 regularly employed as a full-time member of the State Police; a 18 full-time member of an interstate police force; a full-time member 19 of a county or municipal police department in this State; a full-time 20 member of a State law enforcement agency; a full-time sheriff, 21 undersheriff or sheriff's officer of a county of this State; a full-time 22 correctional police officer or county [corrections] State 23 correctional police officer; a full-time State or county park police 24 officer; a full-time special agent of the Division of Taxation; a full-25 time Human Services police officer; a full-time transit police officer 26 of the New Jersey Transit Police Department; a full-time campus 27 police officer exempted pursuant to paragraph (10) of subsection c. 28 of this section; a full-time State conservation officer exempted 29 pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection a. of this section; a full-time 30 Palisades Interstate Park officer appointed pursuant to R.S.32:14-31 21; a full-time Burlington County Bridge police officer appointed 32 pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1960, c.168 (C.27:19-36.3); a full-time 33 housing authority police officer exempted pursuant to paragraph 34 (16) of subsection c. of this section; a full-time juvenile 35 corrections] correctional police officer exempted pursuant to 36 paragraph (9) of subsection a. of this section; a full-time parole 37 officer exempted pursuant to paragraph (13) of subsection c. of this 38 section; a full-time railway policeman exempted pursuant to 39 paragraph (9) of subsection c. of this section; a full-time county 40 prosecutor's detective or investigator; a full-time federal law 41 enforcement officer; or is a qualified retired law enforcement officer, as used in the federal "Law Enforcement Officers Safety 42 43 Act of 2004," Pub.L. 108-277, domiciled in this State from carrying 44 a handgun in the same manner as law enforcement officers 45 exempted under paragraph (7) of subsection a. of this section under 46 the conditions provided herein:

(1) The retired law enforcement officer shall make application
 in writing to the Superintendent of State Police for approval to carry
 a handgun for one year. An application for annual renewal shall be
 submitted in the same manner.

5 (2) Upon receipt of the written application of the retired law 6 enforcement officer, the superintendent shall request a verification 7 of service from the chief law enforcement officer of the 8 organization in which the retired officer was last regularly 9 employed as a full-time law enforcement officer prior to retiring. 10 The verification of service shall include:

11 (a) The name and address of the retired officer;

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(b) The date that the retired officer was hired and the date thatthe officer retired;

14 (c) A list of all handguns known to be registered to that officer;

(d) A statement that, to the reasonable knowledge of the chief
law enforcement officer, the retired officer is not subject to any of
the restrictions set forth in subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:58-3; and

(e) A statement that the officer retired in good standing.

19 (3) If the superintendent approves a retired officer's application 20 or reapplication to carry a handgun pursuant to the provisions of 21 this subsection, the superintendent shall notify in writing the chief 22 law enforcement officer of the municipality wherein that retired 23 In the event the retired officer resides in a officer resides. 24 municipality which has no chief law enforcement officer or law 25 enforcement agency, the superintendent shall maintain a record of 26 the approval.

27 (4) The superintendent shall issue to an approved retired officer 28 an identification card permitting the retired officer to carry a 29 handgun pursuant to this subsection. This identification card shall 30 be valid for one year from the date of issuance and shall be valid The identification card shall not be 31 throughout the State. transferable to any other person. The identification card shall be 32 33 carried at all times on the person of the retired officer while the 34 retired officer is carrying a handgun. The retired officer shall 35 produce the identification card for review on the demand of any law 36 enforcement officer or authority.

37 (5) Any person aggrieved by the denial of the superintendent of 38 approval for a permit to carry a handgun pursuant to this subsection 39 may request a hearing in the Superior Court of New Jersey in the 40 county in which [he] the person resides by filing a written request for a hearing within 30 days of the denial. Copies of the request 41 42 shall be served upon the superintendent and the county prosecutor. 43 The hearing shall be held within 30 days of the filing of the request, 44 and no formal pleading or filing fee shall be required. Appeals 45 from the determination of the hearing shall be in accordance with 46 law and the rules governing the courts of this State.

47 (6) A judge of the Superior Court may revoke a retired officer's48 privilege to carry a handgun pursuant to this subsection for good

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1 cause shown on the application of any interested person. A person 2 who becomes subject to any of the disabilities set forth in 3 subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:58-3 shall surrender, as prescribed by the 4 superintendent, [his] the person's identification card issued under 5 paragraph (4) of this subsection to the chief law enforcement officer 6 of the municipality wherein [he] the person resides or the 7 superintendent, and shall be permanently disqualified to carry a 8 handgun under this subsection.

9 (7) The superintendent may charge a reasonable application fee 10 to retired officers to offset any costs associated with administering 11 the application process set forth in this subsection.

12 m. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed 13 to prevent duly authorized personnel of the New Jersey Division of 14 Fish and Wildlife, while in the actual performance of duties, from 15 possessing, transporting or using any device that projects, releases 16 or emits any substance specified as being non-injurious to wildlife 17 by the Director of the Division of Animal Health in the Department 18 of Agriculture, and which may immobilize wildlife and produces 19 only temporary physical discomfort through being vaporized or 20 otherwise dispensed in the air for the purpose of repelling bear or 21 other animal attacks or for the aversive conditioning of wildlife.

22 Nothing in subsection b., c., d. or e. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall n. 23 be construed to prevent duly authorized personnel of the New 24 Jersey Division of Fish and Wildlife, while in the actual 25 performance of duties, from possessing, transporting or using hand 26 held pistol-like devices, rifles or shotguns that launch pyrotechnic 27 missiles for the sole purpose of frightening, hazing or aversive 28 conditioning of nuisance or depredating wildlife; from possessing, transporting or using rifles, pistols or similar devices for the sole 29 30 purpose of chemically immobilizing wild or non-domestic animals; 31 or, provided the duly authorized person complies with the 32 requirements of subsection j. of this section, from possessing, 33 transporting or using rifles or shotguns, upon completion of a Police 34 Training Commission approved training course, in order to dispatch 35 injured or dangerous animals or for non-lethal use for the purpose 36 of frightening, hazing or aversive conditioning of nuisance or depredating wildlife.³ 37

38 (cf: P.L.2017, c.331, s.4)

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³[6. N.J.S.2C:39-6 is amended to read as follows:

41 2C:39-6. a. Provided a person complies with the requirements
42 of subsection j. of this section, N.J.S.2C:39-5 does not apply to:

(1) Members of the Armed Forces of the United States or of the
National Guard while actually on duty, or while traveling between
places of duty and carrying authorized weapons in the manner
prescribed by the appropriate military authorities;

1 (2) Federal law enforcement officers, and any other federal 2 officers and employees required to carry firearms in the 3 performance of their official duties;

4 (3) Members of the State Police and, under conditions
5 prescribed by the superintendent, members of the Marine Law
6 Enforcement Bureau of the Division of State Police;

7 (4) A sheriff, undersheriff, sheriff's officer, county prosecutor, 8 assistant prosecutor, prosecutor's detective or investigator, deputy 9 attorney general or State investigator employed by the Division of 10 Criminal Justice of the Department of Law and Public Safety, 11 investigator employed by the State Commission of Investigation, 12 inspector of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Enforcement Bureau of 13 the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public 14 Safety authorized to carry weapons by the Superintendent of State 15 Police, State park police officer, or State conservation officer;

16 (5) Except as hereinafter provided, a State correctional police 17 officer, or a prison or jail warden of any penal institution in this State or ¹[his] <u>the warden's</u>¹ deputies, or an employee of the 18 19 Department of Corrections engaged in the interstate transportation of convicted offenders, while in the performance of ¹[his] the 20 employee's¹ duties, and when required to possess the weapon by 21 ¹[his] \underline{a}^1 superior officer, or a [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> 22 23 officer or keeper of a penal institution in this State at all times while in the State of New Jersey, provided ¹[he] the person¹ annually 24 passes an examination approved by the superintendent testing 25 ¹[his] <u>the person's</u>¹ proficiency in the handling of firearms; 26

(6) A civilian employee of the United States Government under
the supervision of the commanding officer of any post, camp,
station, base^{1,1} or other military or naval installation located in this
State who is required, in the performance of ¹[his] <u>the employee's</u>¹
official duties, to carry firearms, and who is authorized to carry
firearms by the commanding officer, while in the actual
performance of ¹[his] <u>the employee's</u>¹ official duties;

34 (7) (a) A regularly employed member, including a detective, of
35 the police department of any county or municipality, or of any
36 State, interstate, municipal¹,¹ or county park police force or
37 boulevard police force, at all times while in the State of New
38 Jersey;

39 (b) A special law enforcement officer authorized to carry a
40 weapon as provided in subsection b. of section 7 of P.L.1985, c.439
41 (C.40A:14-146.14);

42 (c) An airport security officer or a special law enforcement 43 officer appointed by the governing body of any county or 44 municipality, except as provided in ¹[subsection] <u>subparagraph</u>¹ (b) 45 of ¹<u>paragraph (7) of</u>¹ this ¹[section] <u>subsection</u>¹, or by the 46 commission, board or other body having control of a county park or 47 airport or boulevard police force, while engaged in the actual performance of ¹[his] <u>the officer's</u>¹ official duties and when
 specifically authorized by the governing body to carry weapons;

3 (8) A full-time, paid member of a paid or part-paid fire 4 department or force of any municipality who is assigned full-time 5 or part-time to an arson investigation unit created pursuant to 6 section 1 of P.L.1981, c.409 (C.40A:14-7.1) or to the county arson 7 investigation unit in the county prosecutor's office, while either 8 engaged in the actual performance of arson investigation duties or 9 while actually on call to perform arson investigation duties and 10 when specifically authorized by the governing body or the county prosecutor, as the case may be, to carry weapons. Prior to being 11 12 permitted to carry a firearm, a member shall take and successfully 13 complete a firearms training course administered by the Police 14 Training Commission pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et 15 seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar 16 weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm;

(9) A juvenile [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officer in the
employment of the Juvenile Justice Commission established
pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1995, c.284 (C.52:17B-170) subject to
the regulations promulgated by the commission;

21 (10) A designated employee or designated licensed agent for a 22 nuclear power plant under license of the Nuclear Regulatory 23 Commission, while in the actual performance of ¹[his] the person's¹ official duties, if the federal licensee certifies that the 24 designated employee or designated licensed agent is assigned to 25 26 perform site protection, guard, armed response or armed escort 27 duties and is appropriately trained and qualified, as prescribed by 28 federal regulation, to perform those duties. Any firearm utilized by an employee or agent for a nuclear power plant pursuant to this 29 30 paragraph shall be returned each day at the end of the employee's or 31 agent's authorized official duties to the employee's or agent's 32 All firearms returned each day pursuant to this supervisor. 33 paragraph shall be stored in locked containers located in a secure 34 area;

(11) A county [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officer at all
times while in the State of New Jersey, provided [he] <u>the officer</u>
annually passes an examination approved by the superintendent
testing ¹[his] <u>the officer's</u>¹ proficiency in the handling of firearms.

b. Subsections a., b.¹,¹ and c. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to:
(1) A law enforcement officer employed by a governmental
agency outside of the State of New Jersey while actually engaged in
[his] the officer's official duties, provided, however, that [he] the
officer has first notified the superintendent or the chief law
enforcement officer of the municipality or the prosecutor of the
county in which [he] the officer is engaged; or

46 (2) A licensed dealer in firearms and [his] the dealer's
47 registered employees during the course of their normal business

while traveling to and from their place of business and other places for the purpose of demonstration, exhibition, or delivery in connection with a sale, provided, however, that the weapon is carried in the manner specified in subsection g. of this section.

c. Provided a person complies with the requirements of
subsection j. of this section, subsections b. and c. of N.J.S.2C:39-5
do not apply to:

8 (1) A special agent of the Division of Taxation who has passed 9 an examination in an approved police training program testing 10 proficiency in the handling of any firearm which ¹[he] <u>the agent</u>¹ 11 may be required to carry, while in the actual performance of ¹[his] 12 <u>the agent's</u>¹ official duties and while going to or from ¹[his] <u>the</u> 13 <u>agent's</u>¹ place of duty, or any other police officer, while in the 14 actual performance of ¹[his] <u>the officer's</u>¹ official duties;

15 (2) A State deputy conservation officer or a full-time employee 16 of the Division of Parks and Forestry having the power of arrest and 17 authorized to carry weapons, while in the actual performance of 18 ¹[his] the officer's¹ official duties;

(3) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1986, c.150.)

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(4) A court attendant appointed by the sheriff of the county or
by the judge of any municipal court or other court of this State,
while in the actual performance of ¹[his] <u>the attendant's</u>¹ official
duties;

(5) A guard employed by any railway express company, banking
or building and loan or savings and loan institution of this State,
while in the actual performance of ¹[his] <u>the guard's</u>¹ official
duties;

(6) A member of a legally recognized military organization
while actually under orders or while going to or from the prescribed
place of meeting and carrying the weapons prescribed for drill,
exercise or parade;

32 (7) A humane law enforcement officer of the New Jersey
33 Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals or of a county
34 society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, while in the actual
35 performance of ¹[his] the officer's¹ duties;

36 (8) An employee of a public utilities corporation actually37 engaged in the transportation of explosives;

(9) A railway policeman, except a transit police officer of the
New Jersey Transit Police Department, at all times while in the
State of New Jersey, provided that ¹[he] <u>the person</u>¹ has passed an
approved police academy training program consisting of at least
280 hours. The training program shall include, but need not be
limited to, the handling of firearms, community relations, and
juvenile relations;

45 (10) A campus police officer appointed under P.L.1970, c.211
46 (C.18A:6-4.2 et seq.) at all times. Prior to being permitted to carry
47 a firearm, a campus police officer shall take and successfully

complete a firearms training course administered by the Police
 Training Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et
 seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar
 weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm;

5 (11) (Deleted by amendment, P.L.2003, c.168).

6 (12) A transit police officer of the New Jersey Transit Police 7 Department, at all times while in the State of New Jersey, provided 8 the officer has satisfied the training requirements of the Police 9 Training Commission, pursuant to subsection c. of section 2 of 10 P.L.1989, c.291 (C.27:25-15.1);

(13) A parole officer employed by the State Parole Board at all
times. Prior to being permitted to carry a firearm, a parole officer
shall take and successfully complete a basic course for regular
police officer training administered by the Police Training
Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et seq.), and
shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weapon
prior to being permitted to carry a firearm;

18 (14) A Human Services police officer at all times while in the
19 State of New Jersey, as authorized by the Commissioner of Human
20 Services;

(15) A person or employee of any person who, pursuant to and as
 required by a contract with a governmental entity, supervises or
 transports persons charged with or convicted of an offense;

(16) A housing authority police officer appointed under
P.L.1997, c.210 (C.40A:14-146.19 et al.) at all times while in the
State of New Jersey; or

27 (17) A probation officer assigned to the "Probation Officer Community Safety Unit" created by section 2 of P.L.2001, c.362 28 29 (C.2B:10A-2) while in the actual performance of the probation 30 officer's official duties. Prior to being permitted to carry a firearm, 31 a probation officer shall take and successfully complete a basic 32 course for regular police officer training administered by the Police 33 Training Commission, pursuant to P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-66 et 34 seq.), and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar 35 weapon prior to being permitted to carry a firearm.

d. (1) Subsections c. and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to
antique firearms, provided that the antique firearms are unloaded or
are being fired for the purposes of exhibition or demonstration at an
authorized target range or in another manner approved in writing by
the chief law enforcement officer of the municipality in which the
exhibition or demonstration is held, or if not held on property under
the control of a particular municipality, the superintendent.

(2) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of
N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to an antique cannon that is capable of
being fired but that is unloaded and immobile, provided that the
antique cannon is possessed by (a) a scholastic institution, a
museum, a municipality, a county or the State, or (b) a person who

obtained a firearms purchaser identification card as specified in
 N.J.S.2C:58-3.

3 (3) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 4 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to an unloaded antique cannon that is 5 being transported by one eligible to possess it, in compliance with 6 regulations the superintendent may promulgate, between its 7 permanent location and place of purchase or repair.

8 (4) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 9 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to antique cannons that are being loaded 10 or fired by one eligible to possess an antique cannon, for purposes 11 of exhibition or demonstration at an authorized target range or in 12 the manner as has been approved in writing by the chief law 13 enforcement officer of the municipality in which the exhibition or 14 demonstration is held, or if not held on property under the control 15 of a particular municipality, the superintendent, provided that 16 performer has given at least 30 days' notice to the superintendent.

17 (5) Subsection a. of N.J.S.2C:39-3 and subsection d. of 18 N.J.S.2C:39-5 do not apply to the transportation of unloaded 19 antique cannons directly to or from exhibitions or demonstrations 20 authorized under paragraph (4) of subsection d. of this section, 21 provided that the transportation is in compliance with safety 22 regulations the superintendent may promulgate. Those subsections 23 shall not apply to transportation directly to or from exhibitions or 24 demonstrations authorized under the law of another jurisdiction, 25 provided that the superintendent has been given 30 days' notice and 26 that the transportation is in compliance with safety regulations the 27 superintendent may promulgate.

e. Nothing in subsections b., c., and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall 28 be construed to prevent a person keeping or carrying about ¹[his] 29 <u>the person's</u>¹ place of business, residence, premises^{1,1} or other land 30 owned or possessed by ¹[him] <u>the person</u>¹, any firearm, or from 31 carrying the same, in the manner specified in subsection g. of this 32 33 section, from any place of purchase to 1 [his] the person's 1 residence or place of business, between ¹[his] the person's¹ 34 dwelling and ¹[his]¹ place of business, between one place of 35 business or residence and another when moving, or between ¹[his] 36 the person's¹ dwelling or place of business and place where the 37 38 firearms are repaired, for the purpose of repair. For the purposes of 39 this section, a place of business shall be deemed to be a fixed 40 location.

f. Nothing in subsections b., c., and d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall
be construed to prevent:

(1) A member of any rifle or pistol club organized in accordance
with the rules prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion
of Rifle Practice, in going to or from a place of target practice,
carrying firearms necessary for target practice, provided that the
club has filed a copy of its charter with the superintendent and

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annually submits a list of its members to the superintendent and
 provided further that the firearms are carried in the manner
 specified in subsection g. of this section;

4 (2) A person carrying a firearm or knife in the woods or fields
5 or upon the waters of this State for the purpose of hunting, target
6 practice or fishing, provided that the firearm or knife is legal and
7 appropriate for hunting or fishing purposes in this State and ¹[he]
8 the person¹ has in ¹[his]¹ possession a valid hunting license, or,
9 with respect to fresh water fishing, a valid fishing license;

(3) A person transporting any firearm or knife while traveling:

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(a) Directly to or from any place for the purpose of hunting or
fishing, provided the person has in ¹[his]¹ possession a valid
hunting or fishing license; or

14 (b) Directly to or from any target range, or other authorized 15 place for the purpose of practice, match, target, trap or skeet 16 shooting exhibitions, provided in all cases that during the course of 17 the travel all firearms are carried in the manner specified in 18 subsection g. of this section and the person has complied with all 19 the provisions and requirements of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes and any amendments thereto and all rules and regulations 20 21 promulgated thereunder; or

22 (c) In the case of a firearm, directly to or from any exhibition or 23 display of firearms which is sponsored by any law enforcement 24 agency, any rifle or pistol club, or any firearms collectors club, for 25 the purpose of displaying the firearms to the public or to the 26 members of the organization or club, provided, however, that not 27 less than 30 days prior to the exhibition or display, notice of the 28 exhibition or display shall be given to the Superintendent of the 29 State Police by the sponsoring organization or club, and the sponsor 30 has complied with any reasonable safety regulations the 31 superintendent may promulgate. Any firearms transported pursuant 32 to this section shall be transported in the manner specified in 33 subsection g. of this section;

(4) A person from keeping or carrying about a private or
commercial aircraft or any boat, or from transporting to or from the
aircraft or boat for the purpose of installation or repair of a visual
distress signaling device approved by the United States Coast
Guard.

g. Any weapon being transported under paragraph (2) of
subsection b., subsection e., or paragraph (1) or (3) of subsection f.
of this section shall be carried unloaded and contained in a closed
and fastened case, gunbox, securely tied package, or locked in the
trunk of the automobile in which it is being transported, and in the
course of travel shall include only deviations as are reasonably
necessary under the circumstances.

h. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed
to prevent any employee of a public utility, as defined in R.S.48:213, doing business in this State or any United States Postal Service

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1 employee, while in the actual performance of duties which 2 specifically require regular and frequent visits to private premises, 3 from possessing, carrying or using any device which projects, 4 releases or emits any substance specified as being noninjurious to 5 canines or other animals by the Commissioner of Health and which 6 immobilizes only on a temporary basis and produces only 7 temporary physical discomfort through being vaporized or 8 otherwise dispensed in the air for the sole purpose of repelling 9 canine or other animal attacks.

10 The device shall be used solely to repel only those canine or 11 other animal attacks when the canines or other animals are not 12 restrained in a fashion sufficient to allow the employee to properly 13 perform ¹[his] the employee's¹ duties.

Any device used pursuant to this act shall be selected from a listof products, which consist of active and inert ingredients, permittedby the Commissioner of Health.

17 i. (1) Nothing in N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent 18 any person who is 18 years of age or older and who has not been 19 convicted of a crime, from possession for the purpose of personal 20 self-defense of one pocket-sized device which contains and releases 21 not more than three-quarters of an ounce of chemical substance not 22 ordinarily capable of lethal use or of inflicting serious bodily injury, 23 but rather, is intended to produce temporary physical discomfort or 24 disability through being vaporized or otherwise dispensed in the air. 25 Any person in possession of any device in violation of this 26 subsection shall be deemed and adjudged to be a disorderly person, 27 and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less 28 than \$100.

29 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (1) of this 30 subsection, nothing in N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed to prevent a 31 health inspector or investigator operating pursuant to the provisions 32 of section 7 of P.L.1977, c.443 (C.26:3A2-25) or a building 33 inspector from possessing a device which is capable of releasing 34 more than three-quarters of an ounce of a chemical substance, as 35 described in paragraph (1), while in the actual performance of the inspector's or investigator's duties, provided that the device does not 36 37 exceed the size of those used by law enforcement.

j. A person shall qualify for an exemption from the provisions
of N.J.S.2C:39-5, as specified under subsections a. and c. of this
section, if the person has satisfactorily completed a firearms
training course approved by the Police Training Commission.

The exempt person shall not possess or carry a firearm until the person has satisfactorily completed a firearms training course and shall annually qualify in the use of a revolver or similar weapon. For purposes of this subsection, a "firearms training course" means a course of instruction in the safe use, maintenance and storage of firearms which is approved by the Police Training Commission. The commission shall approve a firearms training course if the requirements of the course are substantially equivalent to the
 requirements for firearms training provided by police training
 courses which are certified under section 6 of P.L.1961, c.56
 (C.52:17B-71). A person who is specified in paragraph (1), (2), (3),
 or (6) of subsection a. of this section shall be exempt from the
 requirements of this subsection.

k. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed
to prevent any financial institution, or any duly authorized
personnel of the institution, from possessing, carrying or using for
the protection of money or property, any device which projects,
releases or emits tear gas or other substances intended to produce
temporary physical discomfort or temporary identification.

Nothing in subsection b. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed 13 1. 14 to prevent a law enforcement officer who retired in good standing, 15 including a retirement because of a disability pursuant to section 6 16 of P.L.1944, c.255 (C.43:16A-6), section 7 of P.L.1944, c.255 17 (C.43:16A-7), section 1 of P.L.1989, c.103 (C.43:16A-6.1), or any 18 substantially similar statute governing the disability retirement of 19 federal law enforcement officers, provided the officer was a 20 regularly employed, full-time law enforcement officer for an 21 aggregate of four or more years prior to ¹[his] the officer's¹ disability retirement and further provided that the disability which 22 23 constituted the basis for the officer's retirement did not involve a 24 certification that the officer was mentally incapacitated for the performance of ¹[his] <u>the officer's</u>¹ usual law enforcement duties 25 and any other available duty in the department which ¹[his] the 26 officer's¹ employer was willing to assign to ¹[him] the officer¹ or 27 28 does not subject that retired officer to any of the disabilities set 29 forth in subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:58-3 which would disqualify the 30 retired officer from possessing or carrying a firearm, who semiannually qualifies in the use of the handgun 1 [he] the officer 1 is 31 32 permitted to carry in accordance with the requirements and 33 procedures established by the Attorney General pursuant to 34 subsection j. of this section and pays the actual costs associated 35 with those semi-annual qualifications, who is 75 years of age or 36 younger, and who was regularly employed as a full-time member of 37 the State Police; a full-time member of an interstate police force; a 38 full-time member of a county or municipal police department in this 39 State; a full-time member of a State law enforcement agency; a full-40 time sheriff, undersheriff or sheriff's officer of a county of this State; a full-time State correctional police officer or county 41 42 [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officer; a full-time State or county 43 park police officer; a full-time special agent of the Division of 44 Taxation; a full-time Human Services police officer; a full-time 45 transit police officer of the New Jersey Transit Police Department; a 46 full-time campus police officer exempted pursuant to paragraph 47 (10) of subsection c. of this section; a full-time State conservation

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1 officer exempted pursuant to paragraph (4) of subsection a. of this 2 section; a full-time Palisades Interstate Park officer appointed 3 pursuant to R.S.32:14-21; a full-time Burlington County Bridge 4 police officer appointed pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1960, c.168 5 (C.27:19-36.3); a full-time housing authority police officer 6 exempted pursuant to paragraph (16) of subsection c. of this 7 section; a full-time juvenile [corrections] correctional police 8 officer exempted pursuant to paragraph (9) of subsection a. of this 9 section; a full-time parole officer exempted pursuant to paragraph 10 (13) of subsection c. of this section; a full-time railway policeman 11 exempted pursuant to paragraph (9) of subsection c. of this section; a full-time county prosecutor's detective or investigator; a full-time 12 13 federal law enforcement officer; or is a qualified retired law 14 enforcement officer, as used in the federal "Law Enforcement Officers Safety Act of 2004," Pub.L. 108-277, domiciled in this 15 16 State from carrying a handgun in the same manner as law 17 enforcement officers exempted under paragraph (7) of subsection a. 18 of this section under the conditions provided herein:

(1) The retired law enforcement officer shall make application
in writing to the Superintendent of State Police for approval to carry
a handgun for one year. An application for annual renewal shall be
submitted in the same manner.

(2) Upon receipt of the written application of the retired law
enforcement officer, the superintendent shall request a verification
of service from the chief law enforcement officer of the
organization in which the retired officer was last regularly
employed as a full-time law enforcement officer prior to retiring.
The verification of service shall include:

(a) The name and address of the retired officer;

30 (b) The date that the retired officer was hired and the date that31 the officer retired;

(c) A list of all handguns known to be registered to that officer;

33 (d) A statement that, to the reasonable knowledge of the chief
34 law enforcement officer, the retired officer is not subject to any of
35 the restrictions set forth in subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:58-3; and

(e) A statement that the officer retired in good standing.

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37 (3) If the superintendent approves a retired officer's application 38 or reapplication to carry a handgun pursuant to the provisions of 39 this subsection, the superintendent shall notify in writing the chief 40 law enforcement officer of the municipality wherein that retired 41 In the event the retired officer resides in a officer resides. 42 municipality which has no chief law enforcement officer or law 43 enforcement agency, the superintendent shall maintain a record of 44 the approval.

(4) The superintendent shall issue to an approved retired officer
an identification card permitting the retired officer to carry a
handgun pursuant to this subsection. This identification card shall
be valid for one year from the date of issuance and shall be valid

throughout the State. The identification card shall not be transferable to any other person. The identification card shall be carried at all times on the person of the retired officer while the retired officer is carrying a handgun. The retired officer shall produce the identification card for review on the demand of any law enforcement officer or authority.

7 (5) Any person aggrieved by the denial of the superintendent of 8 approval for a permit to carry a handgun pursuant to this subsection 9 may request a hearing in the Superior Court of New Jersey in the county in which ¹[he] <u>the person</u>¹ resides by filing a written 10 request for a hearing within 30 days of the denial. Copies of the 11 12 request shall be served upon the superintendent and the county 13 prosecutor. The hearing shall be held within 30 days of the filing of 14 the request, and no formal pleading or filing fee shall be required. 15 Appeals from the determination of the hearing shall be in 16 accordance with law and the rules governing the courts of this State.

17 (6) A judge of the Superior Court may revoke a retired officer's 18 privilege to carry a handgun pursuant to this subsection for good 19 cause shown on the application of any interested person. A person 20 who becomes subject to any of the disabilities set forth in 21 subsection c. of N.J.S.2C:58-3 shall surrender, as prescribed by the superintendent, ¹[his] <u>the person's</u>¹ identification card issued under 22 23 paragraph (4) of this subsection to the chief law enforcement officer 24 of the municipality wherein ¹[he] the person¹ resides or the superintendent, and shall be permanently disqualified to carry a 25 26 handgun under this subsection.

(7) The superintendent may charge a reasonable application fee
to retired officers to offset any costs associated with administering
the application process set forth in this subsection.

30 m. Nothing in subsection d. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall be construed 31 to prevent duly authorized personnel of the New Jersey Division of 32 Fish and Wildlife, while in the actual performance of duties, from 33 possessing, transporting or using any device that projects, releases 34 or emits any substance specified as being non-injurious to wildlife 35 by the Director of the Division of Animal Health in the Department of Agriculture, and which may immobilize wildlife and produces 36 37 only temporary physical discomfort through being vaporized or 38 otherwise dispensed in the air for the purpose of repelling bear or 39 other animal attacks or for the aversive conditioning of wildlife.

40 Nothing in subsection b., c., d. or e. of N.J.S.2C:39-5 shall n. 41 be construed to prevent duly authorized personnel of the New Jersey Division of Fish and Wildlife, while in the actual 42 43 performance of duties, from possessing, transporting or using hand 44 held pistol-like devices, rifles or shotguns that launch pyrotechnic 45 missiles for the sole purpose of frightening, hazing or aversive 46 conditioning of nuisance or depredating wildlife; from possessing, 47 transporting or using rifles, pistols or similar devices for the sole 48 purpose of chemically immobilizing wild or non-domestic animals;

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or, provided the duly authorized person complies with the
requirements of subsection j. of this section, from possessing,
transporting or using rifles or shotguns, upon completion of a Police
Training Commission approved training course, in order to dispatch
injured or dangerous animals or for non-lethal use for the purpose
of frightening, hazing or aversive conditioning of nuisance or
depredating wildlife.

8 (cf: P.L.2017, c.293, s.3)]³

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10 3 [7.] <u>6.</u> 3 Section 1 of P.L.2006, c.54 (C.30:8-18.2) is amended 11 to read as follows:

12 1. A person shall not be removed from employment or a 13 position as a county [corrections] correctional police officer, or suspended, fined or reduced in rank for a violation of the internal 14 15 rules and regulations established for the conduct of employees of 16 the county corrections department, unless a complaint charging a 17 violation of those rules and regulations is filed no later than the 18 45th day after the date on which the person filing the complaint 19 obtained sufficient information to file the matter upon which the 20 complaint is based. A failure to comply with this section shall 21 require a dismissal of the complaint. The 45-day time limit shall not 22 apply if an investigation of a county [corrections] correctional 23 police officer for a violation of the internal rules and regulations of 24 the county corrections department is included directly or indirectly 25 within a concurrent investigation of that officer for a violation of 26 the criminal laws of this State; the 45-day limit shall begin on the 27 day after the disposition of the criminal investigation. The 45-day 28 requirement in this section for the filing of a complaint against a 29 county [corrections] correctional police officer shall not apply to a 30 filing of a complaint by a private individual.

31 (cf: P.L.2006, c.54, s.1)

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33 3 [8.] 7. Section 2 of P.L.2010, c.103 (C.40A:14-180.2) is 34 amended to read as follows:

2. a. The provisions of any other law to the contrary
notwithstanding, the appointing authority of a county correctional
facility, be that the governing body of the county pursuant to
R.S.30:8-19 or the sheriff pursuant to R.S.30:8-17, may appoint as a
county correctional <u>police</u> officer any person who:

40 (1) was serving as a county correctional <u>police</u> officer in good
41 standing in any county correctional facility in this State; and

42 (2) satisfactorily completed a working test period in a county
43 correctional <u>police</u> officer title or in a county which has adopted
44 Title 11A, Civil Service, of the New Jersey Statutes or satisfactorily
45 completed a comparable, documented probationary period in a
46 county correctional title in a county which has not adopted Title
47 11A, Civil Service; and

1 (3) was, for reasons of economy, terminated as a county 2 correctional police officer within 60 months prior to the 3 appointment. b. The appointing authority of a county correctional facility 4 5 may employ such a person notwithstanding that: (1) Title 11A, Civil Service, of the New Jersey Statutes is 6 7 operative in that county; 8 (2) the appointing authority has available to it an eligible or 9 regular reemployment list of [corrections] correctional police 10 officers eligible for [such] appointments; and 11 (3) the appointed person is not on any eligible list. If the county 12 appointing authority is subject to the provisions of Title 11A, Civil 13 Service, it may not employ [such a] the person if a special reemployment list is in existence for the county [corrections] 14 15 correctional police officer title to be filled. 16 c. If the county appointing authority determines to appoint a 17 person pursuant to the provisions of this act, it shall give first priority in making [such] the appointments to residents of the 18 19 county. 20 d. The seniority, seniority-related privileges, and rank a county 21 [corrections] correctional ¹[police] police¹ officer possessed with 22 the employer who terminated the officer's employment for reasons 23 of economy shall not be transferable to a new position when the 24 officer is appointed to a county [corrections] correctional police 25 officer position pursuant to the provisions of this section. 26 (cf: P.L.2010, c.103, s.2) 27 ³[9.] 8.³ Section 2 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-67) is 28 29 amended to read as follows: 30 2. As used in this act: "Approved school" shall mean a school approved and authorized 31 32 by the Police Training Commission to give police training courses or a training course for State and county [corrections] correctional 33 police officers and juvenile detention officers as prescribed in this 34 35 act. "Commission" shall mean the Police Training Commission or 36 37 officers or employees thereof acting on its behalf. 38 "County" shall mean any county which within its jurisdiction has 39 or shall have a law enforcement unit as defined in this act. 40 "Law enforcement unit" shall mean any police force or 41 organization in a municipality or county which has by statute or 42 ordinance the responsibility of detecting crime and enforcing the 43 general criminal laws of this State. 44 "Municipality" shall mean a city of any class, township, borough, 45 village, camp meeting association, or any other type of municipality 46 in this State which, within its jurisdiction, has or shall have a law 47 enforcement unit as defined in this act.

"Permanent appointment" shall mean an appointment having
permanent status as a police officer in a law enforcement unit as
prescribed by Title 11A of the New Jersey Statutes, Civil Service
Commission Rules and Regulations, or of any other law of this
State, municipal ordinance, or rules and regulations adopted
thereunder.

7 "Police officer" shall mean any employee of a law enforcement 8 unit, including sheriff's officers and county investigators in the 9 office of the county prosecutor, other than civilian heads thereof, 10 assistant prosecutors and legal assistants, persons appointed pursuant to the provisions of R.S.40:47-19, persons whose duties do 11 12 not include any police function, court attendants, State and county 13 [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officers, juvenile [corrections] 14 correctional police officers, and juvenile detention officers.

15 (cf: P.L.1995, c.280, s.54)

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17 3 [10.] <u>9.</u> Section 6 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-71) is 18 amended to read as follows:

19 6. The commission is vested with the power, responsibility and20 duty:

21 To prescribe standards for the approval and continuation of a. 22 approval of schools at which police training courses authorized by 23 this act and in-service police training courses shall be conducted, 24 including but not limited to [presently] currently existing regional, county, municipal, and police chief association police training 25 26 schools or at which basic training courses and in-service training 27 courses shall be conducted for State and county juvenile and adult 28 [corrections] correctional police officers and juvenile detention 29 officers;

b. To approve and issue certificates of approval to [such] these
schools, to inspect [such] the schools from time to time, and to
revoke any approval or certificate issued to [such] the schools;

33 c. To prescribe the curriculum, the minimum courses of study, 34 attendance requirements, equipment and facilities, and standards of operation for [such] these schools. Courses of study in crime 35 prevention may be recommended to the Police Training 36 Commission by the Crime Prevention Advisory Committee, 37 established by section 2 of P.L.1985, c.1 (C.52:17B-77.1). The 38 39 Police Training Commission may prescribe psychological and psychiatric examinations for police recruits while in [such] the 40 41 schools;

d. To prescribe minimum qualifications for instructors at
[such] these schools and to certify, as qualified, instructors for
approved police training schools and to issue appropriate
certificates to [such] the instructors;

46 e. To certify police officers, [corrections] <u>correctional police</u>
47 officers, juvenile [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officers, and

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1 juvenile detention officers who have satisfactorily completed 2 training programs and to issue appropriate certificates to [such] the police officers, [corrections] correctional police officers, juvenile 3 [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officers, and juvenile detention 4 5 officers; 6 f. To advise and consent in the appointment of an 7 administrator of police services by the Attorney General pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1961, c.56 (C.52:17B-73); 8 9 g. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1985, c.491. 10 To make [such] rules and regulations as may be reasonably h. 11 necessary or appropriate to accomplish the purposes and objectives 12 of this act; To make a continuous study of police training methods and 13 i. 14 training methods for [corrections] correctional police officers, juvenile [corrections] correctional police officers, and juvenile 15 16 detention officers and to consult and accept the cooperation of any 17 recognized federal or State law enforcement agency or educational 18 institution; 19 To consult and cooperate with universities, colleges, and j. 20 institutes in the State for the development of specialized courses of 21 study for police officers in police science and police administration; 22 k. To consult and cooperate with other departments and 23 agencies of the State concerned with police training or the training 24 of [corrections] <u>correctional police</u> officers, juvenile [corrections] correctional police officers, and juvenile detention officers; 25 26 1. To participate in unified programs and projects relating to 27 police training and the training of [corrections] correctional police officers, juvenile [corrections] correctional police officers, and 28 29 juvenile detention officers sponsored by any federal, State, or other 30 public or private agency; m. To perform ¹[such]¹ other acts as may be necessary or 31 32 appropriate to carry out its functions and duties as set forth in this 33 act; 34 To extend the time limit for satisfactory completion of police n. 35 training programs or programs for the training of [corrections] 36 correctional police officers, juvenile [corrections] correctional police officers, and juvenile detention officers upon a finding that 37 health, extraordinary workload, or other factors have, singly or in 38 39 combination, effected a delay in the satisfactory completion of 40 [such] the training program; 41 o. To furnish approved schools, for inclusion in their regular 42 police training courses and curriculum, with information concerning 43 the advisability of high speed chases, the risk caused [thereby] by 44 them, and the benefits resulting [therefrom] from them; 45 p. To review and approve new standards and course curricula 46 developed by the Department of Corrections for both basic and in-

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service training of State and county [corrections] correctional 1 2 police officers and juvenile detention officers. These courses for the State [corrections] correctional police officers and juvenile 3 detention officers shall be centrally provided at the Corrections 4 5 Officers' Training Academy of the Department of Corrections. 6 Courses for the county [corrections] correctional police officers 7 and juvenile detention officers shall also be centrally provided at 8 the Corrections Officers' Training Academy unless an off-grounds 9 training program is established by the county. A county may elect to establish and conduct a basic training program for [corrections] 10 11 correctional police officers and juvenile detention officers seeking permanent appointment in that county. The Corrections Officers' 12 13 Training Academy shall develop the curriculum of the basic 14 training program to be conducted by a county;

q. To administer and distribute the monies in the Law Enforcement Officers Training and Equipment Fund established by section 9 of P.L.1996, c.115 (C.2C:43-3.3) and make [such] rules and regulations for the administration and distribution of the monies as may be necessary or appropriate to accomplish the purpose for which the fund was established.

21 (cf: P.L.1996, c.115, s.6)

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³[11.] <u>10.</u>³ Section 1 of P.L.2013, c.177 (C.52:18A-218.1) is
 amended to read as follows:

25 1. As used in this act:

26 "Family" means the spouse, parent, children^{1,1} or other person
27 who pays the funeral expenses of a public safety employee who is
28 killed in the line of duty ¹[; and].¹

"Public safety employee" means a permanent, full-time member 29 of a State, county¹,¹ or municipal law enforcement agency or a 30 county sheriff's office who is statutorily empowered to act for the 31 32 detection, apprehension, arrest, and conviction of offenders against 33 the laws of this State; an active member in good standing of a paid, 34 part-paid¹,¹ or volunteer fire department or of a duly incorporated 35 first aid, emergency, ambulance or rescue squad; or a State or 36 county correctional police officer.

37 (cf: P.L.2013, c.177, s.1)

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