[Second Reprint] ASSEMBLY, No. 798

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2020 SESSION

Sponsored by: Assemblyman ANTHONY S. VERRELLI District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer) Assemblywoman VALERIE VAINIERI HUTTLE District 37 (Bergen) Assemblyman JOHN ARMATO District 2 (Atlantic) Senator ROBERT W. SINGER District 30 (Monmouth and Ocean) Senator LINDA R. GREENSTEIN District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by:

Assemblyman Mazzeo, Assemblywoman Murphy, Assemblyman Benson, Assemblywoman Lopez, Assemblymen Space, Wirths, Assemblywoman McKnight, Assemblymen Johnson, Houghtaling, Assemblywomen Downey, Timberlake, Assemblyman McKeon, Senators Corrado and Gopal

SYNOPSIS

Establishes local drug overdose fatality review teams.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT As amended by the Senate on December 2, 2021.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 1/10/2022)

2

AN ACT regarding drug overdoses and supplementing Title 26 of
 the Revised Statutes.

3 4

5

6

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

¹[1. a. The Local Advisory Committee on Alcohol Use
Disorder and Substance Use Disorder in each county may establish
a local drug overdose fatality review team for that county. A local
drug overdose fatality review team may serve one or more counties
where practicable. Each local drug overdose fatality review team
shall elect a chair.

b. Local drug overdose fatality review teams shall consist of
individuals with experience and knowledge regarding health, social
services, law enforcement, education, emergency medicine, mental
health, juvenile delinquency, and drug and alcohol abuse.

17 The Commissioner of Health shall develop a mandatory drug c. 18 overdose death reporting process, pursuant to which health care 19 practitioners, medical examiners, hospitals, emergency medical 20 services providers, local health departments, law enforcement 21 agencies, substance use disorder treatment programs, and relevant 22 social services agencies will be required to confidentially report 23 cases of drug overdose death to the Department of Health in a 24 standardized, uniform format.

25 The department shall transmit to the appropriate local drug d. 26 overdose fatality review team such information as the department 27 has available concerning any drug overdose that occurs within the 28 county served by the local drug overdose fatality review team, 29 including, but not limited to: the individual's age, race, gender, 30 county of residence, and county of death; and the date, manner, 31 cause, and specific circumstances of the overdose death, as recorded 32 on the individual's completed death certificate. In addition, the 33 team may be provided access to the following records related to the 34 individual:

(1) any relevant information and records maintained by a health
care provider related to the individual's physical health, mental
health, and substance use disorder treatment; and

(2) any relevant information and records maintained by a State
or local government agency, including criminal history records and
records of probation and parole if the transmission of such records
does not imperil ongoing investigations, medical examiner records,
social service records, and school records and educational histories.

e. Upon receipt of a report of drug overdose death that has
been forwarded to a local drug overdose death fatality review team
pursuant to subsection d. of this section, the team shall review the

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in **bold-faced brackets** [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

¹Senate floor amendments adopted June 21, 2021.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

²Senate floor amendments adopted December 2, 2021.

reported case in accordance with the provisions of subsection f. of
 this section.

3 f. Each local drug overdose fatality review team shall:

(1) develop methods to help prevent drug overdoses;

5 (2) explore methods to promote cooperation among multi-6 disciplinary agencies in providing services to individuals with 7 substance use disorders;

(3) develop an understanding of the causes of drug overdoses;

9 (4) recommend possible changes to law and policy to prevent10 drug overdoses; and

(5) meet at least quarterly to review drug overdose death cases transmitted to the team pursuant to this section, as well as available criminal, educational, substance abuse, and mental health records of the deceased individuals. Local drug overdose fatality review team meetings shall be closed to the public, and information discussed at the meetings shall be deemed confidential.

17 g. As used in this section:

¹⁸ "Drug overdose" means an acute condition including, but not ¹⁹ limited to, extreme physical illness, coma, decreased level of ²⁰ consciousness, respiratory depression, or death resulting from the ²¹ consumption or use of a controlled dangerous substance or another ²² substance with which a controlled dangerous substance was ²³ combined and that a layperson would reasonably believe to require ²⁴ medical assistance.]¹

25

4

8

26 ¹[2. Names and individual identification data collected pursuant 27 to the provisions of this act shall not be disclosed by the 28 Department of Health or a local drug overdose fatality review team 29 member unless required by law, and nothing in this act shall be 30 construed to require disclosure of any private or confidential health 31 information in violation of State or federal privacy laws. 32 Notwithstanding the foregoing, State and local government agencies 33 are directed to share, upon request by the Department of Law and 34 Public Safety for integration into its integrated drug awareness dashboard, or by a local drug overdose fatality review team, such 35 36 information or records as may be necessary and appropriate for the 37 local drug overdose fatality review team to conduct a review of 38 reported drug overdose deaths pursuant to section 1 of this act or for 39 the Department of Law and Public Safety to integrate into its 40 integrated drug awareness dashboard in order to protect the public 41 health, safety, and welfare.]¹

42

¹[3. The Department of Health, in collaboration with each local
drug overdose fatality review team, shall report any findings made
pursuant to this act to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of
P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature.]¹

4

¹[1. a. The Local Advisory Committee on Alcohol Use
Disorder and Substance Use Disorder in each county may establish
a local drug overdose fatality review team for that county. A local
drug overdose fatality review team may serve one or more counties
where practicable. Each local drug overdose fatality review team
shall elect a chair.

b. Local drug overdose fatality review teams shall consist of
individuals with experience and knowledge regarding health, social
services, law enforcement, education, emergency medicine, mental
health, juvenile delinquency, and drug and alcohol abuse.

11 The Commissioner of Health shall develop a mandatory drug c. 12 overdose death reporting process, pursuant to which health care 13 practitioners, medical examiners, hospitals, emergency medical 14 services providers, local health departments, law enforcement agencies, substance use disorder treatment programs, and relevant 15 16 social services agencies will be required to confidentially report 17 cases of drug overdose death to the Department of Health in a 18 standardized, uniform format.

19 The department shall transmit to the appropriate local drug d. 20 overdose fatality review team such information as the department 21 has available concerning any drug overdose that occurs within the 22 county served by the local drug overdose fatality review team, 23 including, but not limited to: the individual's age, race, gender, 24 county of residence, and county of death; and the date, manner, 25 cause, and specific circumstances of the overdose death, as recorded 26 on the individual's completed death certificate. In addition, the 27 team may be provided access to the following records related to the 28 individual:

(1) any relevant information and records maintained by a health
care provider related to the individual's physical health, mental
health, and substance use disorder treatment; and

(2) any relevant information and records maintained by a State
or local government agency, including criminal history records and
records of probation and parole if the transmission of such records
does not imperil ongoing investigations, medical examiner records,
social service records, and school records and educational histories.

e. Upon receipt of a report of drug overdose death that has
been forwarded to a local drug overdose death fatality review team
pursuant to subsection d. of this section, the team shall review the
reported case in accordance with the provisions of subsection f. of
this section.

f. Each local drug overdose fatality review team shall:

43 (1) develop methods to help prevent drug overdoses;

42

44 (2) explore methods to promote cooperation among multi45 disciplinary agencies in providing services to individuals with
46 substance use disorders;

47 (3) develop an understanding of the causes of drug overdoses;

5

1 (4) recommend possible changes to law and policy to prevent 2 drug overdoses; and 3 (5) meet at least quarterly to review drug overdose death cases 4 transmitted to the team pursuant to this section, as well as available 5 criminal, educational, substance abuse, and mental health records of 6 the deceased individuals. Local drug overdose fatality review team 7 meetings shall be closed to the public, and information discussed at 8 the meetings shall be deemed confidential. 9 g. As used in this section: 10 "Drug overdose" means an acute condition including, but not 11 limited to, extreme physical illness, coma, decreased level of 12 consciousness, respiratory depression, or death resulting from the 13 consumption or use of a controlled dangerous substance or another 14 substance with which a controlled dangerous substance was 15 combined and that a layperson would reasonably believe to require medical assistance.]¹ 16 17 18 ¹<u>1. As used in this act:</u> 19 "Confidential case report" means a report created by a local 20 overdose fatality review team summarizing the data collected and 21 analyzed regarding a confirmed fatal drug overdose. 22 "De-identifiable data" means data or information not containing 23 personally identifiable information. 24 ²["Drug" means a substance which produces a physiological effect when ingested or otherwise introduced into the body.]² 25 "Health care provider" means a physician, advanced practice 26 27 nurse, or physician assistant acting within the scope of a valid 28 license or certification issued pursuant to Title 45 of the Revised 29 Statutes. 30 "Local team" means a local overdose fatality review team. "Mental health provider" means a psychiatrist, a psychologist, an 31 32 advanced practice nurse practitioner with a specialty in psychiatric 33 mental health, a clinical social worker, a professional counselor, or 34 a marriage and family therapist who is licensed to provide mental 35 health services pursuant to Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. 36 "Overdose" means "drug overdose" as that term is defined in 37 section 3 of P.L.2013, c.46 (C.24:6J-3). 38 "Personally identifiable information" means any information 39 about an individual that can be used to distinguish or trace an 40 individual's identity, including, but not limited to, an individual's 41 name, address, social security number, date and place of birth, 42 mother's maiden name, biometric records, and medical, 43 educational, financial, and employment information. 44 "Public health purpose" means a purpose of protecting and 45 improving the health of people and their communities. "Public 46 health purpose" includes, but is not limited to, implementing 47 educational programs, recommending policies, administering

6

services, conducting research, and promoting healthcare equity, in 1 2 an effort to protect the health of entire populations. 3 "Substance use disorder" shall have the same meaning prescribed 4 by the American Psychiatric Association in the Diagnostic and 5 Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition, and any subsequent editions, and shall include the symptoms of withdrawal 6 7 from a substance use disorder. 8 "Substance use disorder treatment provider" means any 9 individual or entity licensed, registered, or certified pursuant to the 10 laws of this State to treat substance use disorders or who holds a current and valid waiver under the federal Drug Addiction 11 12 Treatment Act of 2000 (Pub. L. 106-310) from the federal 13 Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration to 14 treat individuals with substance use disorder using medications 15 approved for that indication by the United States Food and Drug Administration.¹ 16 17 18 ¹[2. Names and individual identification data collected pursuant 19 to the provisions of this act shall not be disclosed by the 20 Department of Health or a local drug overdose fatality review team 21 member unless required by law, and nothing in this act shall be 22 construed to require disclosure of any private or confidential health 23 information in violation of State or federal privacy laws. 24 Notwithstanding the foregoing, State and local government agencies 25 are directed to share, upon request by the Department of Law and 26 Public Safety for integration into its integrated drug awareness 27 dashboard, or by a local drug overdose fatality review team, such 28 information or records as may be necessary and appropriate for the 29 local drug overdose fatality review team to conduct a review of 30 reported drug overdose deaths pursuant to section 1 of this act or for 31 the Department of Law and Public Safety to integrate into its 32 integrated drug awareness dashboard in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare.]¹ 33 34 35 ¹2. a. (1) A county health department ²[or a local board of <u>health</u>² may establish a local overdose fatality review team to 36 conduct a comprehensive review of confirmed overdose fatalities 2 , 37 or a sample thereof using an approach authorized by the Department 38 39 of Health in consultation with the Office of the Chief State Medical Examiner,² in order to better understand the individual and 40 population circumstances and the resources and characteristics of 41 42 potential overdose victims for the purposes of preventing future 43 overdose deaths and related harms in a locality. (2) A local drug overdose fatality review team may be 44 45 established to serve ²[: (a)]² one or more counties ²[; 46

7

(b) . The Office of the Chief State Medical Examiner may 1 2 direct a local overdose fatality review team to establish a municipal subcommittee to focus on² a municipality with a population of 3 4 100,000 persons or more; or ²[(c)]² <u>a municipality with a high overdose rate as determined</u> 5 on annual basis by the Department of Health and the Office of the 6 7 Chief State Medical Examiner. 8 (3) A local overdose fatality review team shall be under the direction of the county health department ²[or the local board of 9 health, as appropriate,]² and shall be subject to the regulation of the 10 Department of Health. A local team shall work cooperatively with 11 12 the Local Advisory Committee on Alcohol Use Disorder and Substance Use Disorder, established pursuant to section 4 of 13 14 P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-33), if one exists within the local team's 15 jurisdiction. A local team shall cooperate with and provide any 16 information as may be requested by the Office of the Chief State Medical Examiner or the Department of Health ²[through the 17 Deputy Commissioner for Public Health Services]² for public 18 19 health purposes. 20 b. A local overdose fatality review team shall consist of 21 individuals with experience and knowledge regarding health, social 22 services, law enforcement, education, emergency medicine, mental 23 health, juvenile delinquency, and substance use disorders. (1) At a minimum, each local overdose fatality review team 24 25 shall include: (a) the ²[municipal or]² county health officer, or a designee; 26 27 (b) the regional or county medical examiner, or a designee; (c) a member of the Local Advisory Committee on Alcohol Use 28 29 Disorder and Substance Use Disorder, established pursuant to 30 section 4 of P.L.1983, c.531 (C.26:2B-33), if one exists within the 31 local team's jurisdiction; 32 (d) a State, county, or municipal law enforcement officer or 33 county prosecutor; 34 (e) a substance use disorder health care professional; and 35 (f) the county or municipal director of behavioral health 36 services, or a designee. 37 (2) A local overdose fatality review team may also include any 38 of the following: 39 (a) the superintendent of schools, or a designee; 40 (b) an emergency medical services provider; 41 (c) a representative of a health care facility, including a hospital, 42 health system, or federally qualified health center; 43 (d) a representative of a county jail, detention center, or 44 corrections department; 45 (e) a representative of a county social services agency;

8

(f) ²[<u>a pharmacy permit holder or another</u>] an² individual with 1 access to the Prescription Monitoring Program established pursuant 2 3 to section 25 of P.L.2007, c.244 (C.45:1-45); (g) a representative of the local office of the Division of Child 4 5 Protection and Permanency in the Department of Children and 6 Families; 7 (h) a representative of a county healthcare facility; 8 (i) a representative of a harm reduction center, if one is located 9 in a municipality or county over which the local team exercises jurisdiction; ²[and]² 10 (j) any individual deemed necessary for the work of the local 11 12 team, as recommended by the chair and approved by a majority vote of the team members and by the Department of Health²; and 13 14 (k) a representative of the office of county probation and parole services².¹ 15 16 17 ¹[3. The Department of Health, in collaboration with each local drug overdose fatality review team, shall report any findings made 18 19 pursuant to this act to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of 20 P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature.]¹ 21 22 ¹3. a. A local overdose fatality review team established 23 pursuant to section 2 of this act shall: 24 (1) establish and implement appropriate protocols and 25 procedures that allow the local teams to operate in accordance with 26 applicable State and federal laws; (2) elect, in accordance with the procedures established pursuant 27 to paragraph (1) of this subsection and on an annual basis, a chair, 28 29 who shall be a member of the local team; 30 (3) collect, analyze, interpret, and maintain local data on 31 overdose deaths, which information shall be maintained by the local 32 team in accordance with all appropriate and industry-standard 33 technical, administrative, and physical controls necessary to protect 34 the privacy and security of the information; (4) conduct, in accordance with Department of Health 35 regulations and guidance, a multidisciplinary review of the 36 37 information collected pursuant to this section regarding a decedent 38 of a confirmed fatal drug overdose, as selected by the office of the county medical examiner in the county in which the ²[decedent was 39 pronounced dead overdose fatality was primarily investigated² and 40 41 at the direction of the Office of Chief State Medical Examiner, which review shall include, but need not be limited to: 42 43 (a) consideration of the decedent's points of contact with health 44 care systems, social services, educational institutions, child and 45 family services, the criminal justice system, including law 46 enforcement, and any other systems with which the decedent had 47 contact prior to death; and

9

1 (b) identification of the specific factors and social determinants 2 of health that put the decedent at risk for an overdose; 3 (5) recommend prevention and intervention strategies to 4 improve the coordination of services and investigations among 5 member agencies in an effort to reduce overdose deaths; (6) produce confidential case reports based on information 6 7 received, which shall be transmitted to the Department of Health in 8 a form and manner prescribed by the department. The reports and the data used therefor shall only be accessed by the department for 9 10 public health purposes, in a form and format that is secured to prevent disclosure of personally identifiable information, 11 ²[determined by the department and]² in accordance with 12 13 applicable State and federal laws; and 14 (7) submit to the Department of Health an annual report², in a manner prescribed the department,² containing only de-identified 15 data associated with the jurisdiction served by the local team, which 16 reports may be made available to the public pursuant to P.L.1963, 17 c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) and shall include, but need not be limited 18 19 to: 20 (a) the total number of fatal overdoses that occurred within the 21 jurisdiction of the local team; 22 (b) the number of fatal overdose cases investigated by the local 23 overdose fatality team; 24 (c) any recommendations for action by State agencies, local 25 agencies, or the Legislature for preventing fatal overdoses in this 26 State; and 27 (d) any assessable results of any recommendations made by the 28 local team, including, but not limited to, changes in local, county, 29 or State law, policy, or funding made as a result of the local team's 30 recommendations. 31 b. A local overdose fatality review team shall establish policies and procedures to ensure that all records ²in their possession² 32 containing personally identifiable information are ²properly handled 33 and retained and are securely and permanently² destroyed within 34 one year ²of,² or within a reasonable period of time ², as determined 35 by the Department of Health,² after ²,² the conclusion of a local 36 team's review of a decedent's case. The annual report and other 37 public records shall be destroyed in accordance to the requirements 38 39 of P.L.1953, c.410 (C.47:3-15 et seq.). 40 c. A local team may only request, collect, analyze, and share information for public health purposes directly related to the review 41 42 of confirmed fatal drug overdoses and, except as otherwise provided 43 in this act, in compliance with all applicable State and federal laws 44 or regulations.¹ 45 46 ¹4. a. To the extent not otherwise inconsistent with State and 47 federal laws and only upon written request of the chair of a local

10

1 overdose fatality review team and as necessary to carry out the 2 official functions of the local team and the provisions of this act, the 3 entities listed in subsection b. of this section may provide a local 4 team with the following information: 5 (1) any relevant information and records maintained by a health care provider related to an individual's physical health, mental 6 7 health, and substance use disorder treatment; and 8 (2) any relevant information and records maintained by a State 9 or local government agency, including criminal history records and 10 records of probation and parole if the transmission of such records 11 does not imperil ongoing investigations, medical examiner records, 12 social service records, and school records and educational histories. b. The following individuals and ²entities² may disclose, within a 13 14 reasonable period of time following a request, medical records and 15 information requested pursuant to subsection a. of this section: 16 (1) county medical examiners; 17 (2) paid fire departments or volunteer fire companies; 18 (3) hospitals and health systems; 19 (4) law enforcement agencies; 20 (5) State and local government agencies; 21 (6) mental health providers; 22 (7) health care practitioners; 23 (8) substance use disorder treatment programs and providers; 24 (9) public and private schools and institutions of higher 25 education; 26 (10) emergency medical services providers; 27 (11) social services agencies and providers; and 28 (12) the Prescription Monitoring Program. 29 c. An individual or entity subject to a request for information or records by a local overdose fatality review team pursuant to this 30 31 section may charge the local team a reasonable fee for the service of 32 duplicating any records. <u>d.</u> $^{2}(1)^{2}$ The chair of a local overdose fatality review team, or the 33 34 chair's designee, may request individuals authorized under 42 35 C.F.R. Part 2 to provide consent for the release of confidential 36 information protected pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s.290dd-2 and 42 37 C.F.R. Part 2. ²(2) To the extent not otherwise inconsistent with State and 38 39 federal laws, and as necessary to carry out the official functions of 40 the local team and the provisions of this act, other individuals and 41 entities identified by a local overdose fatality review team as having 42 relevant data for a confidential case report may also provide a local 43 team with relevant information in their possession that may contain personally identifiable information.² 44 45 e. A local overdose fatality review team shall develop a confidentiality ²policy and² form establishing: the requirements for 46 maintaining the confidentiality of any information disclosed during 47

11

a meeting, during review, or at any other time; the responsibilities 1 2 concerning those requirements; and any penalties associated with 3 failure to maintain such confidentiality. Such requirements shall be 4 in accordance with all applicable State and federal laws and any 5 best practices identified by the Department of Health. An individual shall review the confidentiality ²policy and² form, 6 purpose, and goals of the local team prior to participating in any 7 8 review. All necessary and reasonable measures shall be taken to 9 prevent the disclosure of a decedent's name or initials at any team 10 meeting. 11 f. Information received pursuant to this act may be shared with 12 local team members at a meeting of the local team, provided that each individual present, including staff, has signed and abides by 13 the provisions of the confidentiality ²policy and ² form developed 14 15 pursuant to subsection e. of this section. Such information may be shared with any non-member attendees who meet the criteria of 16 17 subsection b. of section 2 of this act and whose attendance is 18 approved in accordance with this act, provided that such attendees also sign and abide by the provisions of the confidentiality ²policy 19 and² form. 20 21 g. (1) Meetings of a local team during which confidential 22 information is discussed shall be closed to the public, except that, 23 upon a majority vote of the local team members present, a local 24 team may request and permit an individual who has information 25 relevant to the exercise of the team's duties to attend a team 26 meeting, regardless of whether the individual meets the criteria set 27 forth in subsection b. of section 2 of this act or is a permanent member of the local team. Notice concerning the individual's 28 29 attendance shall be provided to members of the local team not later 30 than 10 days prior to the meeting at which the individual will be 31 present. 32 (2) A representative from the Department of Health, as 33 designated by the Deputy Commissioner for Public Health Services, 34 and a representative from the Office of the Chief State Medical 35 Examiner may attend any meeting of a local overdose fatality 36 review team. Notice concerning a representative's attendance shall 37 be provided to members of the local team not later than 10 days 38 prior to the meeting at which the representative will be present. 39 h. Meetings of a local overdose fatality review team shall be 40 exempt from the "Senator Byron M. Baer Open Public Meetings 41 Act," P.L.1975, c.231 (C.10:4-6 et seq.). 42 i. A member of the local overdose fatality review team may 43 contact, interview, or obtain information by request from a family 44 member or friend of an individual whose death is being reviewed by 45 the local team. 46 j. To the extent not otherwise inconsistent with State and federal 47 laws, an entity that provides, in good faith, information or records 48 to a local overdose fatality review team shall not be subject to civil

12

1 or criminal liability or any professional disciplinary action as a 2 result of providing the information or records.¹ 3 4 ¹5. a. Information and records acquired by a local overdose 5 fatality review team, except for information contained within the 6 annual report submitted pursuant to paragraph (7) of subsection a. 7 of section 3 of this act, shall be confidential and shall not be subject 8 to subpoena, discovery, or introduction into evidence in a civil or 9 criminal proceeding or disciplinary or other administrative action. 10 Information and records that are otherwise available from other sources shall not be immune from subpoena, discovery, or 11 12 introduction into evidence through those sources solely due to the 13 presentation or review of the information or record to or by a local 14 team. 15 b. Information and records created by a local overdose fatality review team shall be considered confidential and shall not be 16 17 disclosed to the public or considered a government record pursuant 18 to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.). 19 c. Substance use disorder treatment records requested by or 20 provided to a local overdose fatality review team shall be subject to 21 any additional limitations on the redisclosure of a medical record 22 developed in connection with the provision of substance use disorder treatment services under State or federal law, including, 23 but not limited to, 42 U.S.C. s.290dd-2 and 42 C.F.R. Part 2. 24 25 d. Local overdose fatality review team members, and any individual who presents or provides information to a local team, 26 27 may not be questioned in any civil or criminal proceeding or 28 disciplinary action regarding the information presented or provided, 29 except in an action contesting the validity of the disclosure itself. 30 This subsection shall not prevent an individual from testifying 31 regarding information obtained independently of the local team, 32 public information, or publicly available information. e. The county health department ²[or local board of health, as 33 appropriate,]² shall ensure the privacy, confidentiality, and security 34 35 of the information provided to a local overdose fatality review team 36 shall be maintained as required by State and federal laws and any 37 local ordinances. 38 f. An individual damaged by the negligent or knowing and 39 willful disclosure of confidential information by a local team or its 40 members may bring an action for damages, costs, and attorney fees consistent with State law. Additionally, the Department of Health 41 may establish penalties for the negligent or knowing and willful 42 43 disclosure of confidential information by a local team or its 44 members. 45 g. Nothing in this act shall be construed to require the disclosure 46 of any private or confidential health information in violation of State or federal privacy laws.¹ 47

13

¹6. a. The Department of Health, the Office of the Chief State 1 Medical Examiner, ²applicable county and local health 2 departments,² applicable county medical examiner offices, and local 3 overdose fatality review teams may pursue all sources of federal 4 funding, matching funds, and foundation funding available to 5 6 implement the provisions of this act. 7 b. The Department of Health, the Office of the Chief State 8 Medical Examiner, county medical examiner offices, and local 9 overdose fatality review teams may accept such gifts, grants, and endowments, from public or private sources, as may be made, in 10 11 trust or otherwise, or any income derived according to the terms of 12 a gift, grant, or endowment, to implement the provisions of this act.¹ 13 14 15 ¹7. a. The Department of Health shall analyze and compile reports from each local overdose fatality review team and submit 16 one Statewide annual overdose fatality report containing 17 18 information from each local team. The report shall be submitted to 19 the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature. The report shall be considered a 20 21 government record pursuant to P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.). 22 Each publication of the Statewide annual report shall be in a format that does not identify any individual or decedent and does not 23 contain personally ²identifable or personal² identifying information. 24 b. The Office of the Chief State Medical Examiner may direct 25 all local teams to assist with the coordination of all the relevant 26 information necessary to review a specific decedent case. 27 c. The Department of Health may share data containing de-28 identified data at any time. The department may only share data 29 containing personally identifiable information if the data is being 30 31 shared for public health purposes, the sharing of the data is 32 permitted by this act and other applicable laws, and the data is in a 33 form and format that is secured to prevent the disclosure of 34 personally identifiable information. Any publication made 35 available to the public shall be in a format that does not identify any 36 individual or decedent and does not contain personally identifiable information.¹ 37 38 39 ¹<u>8. Any local overdose fatality review team in existence on the</u> date of enactment of this act shall conform to the requirements of, 40 and operate in accordance with, the ²[requirements] provisions² of 41 this act no later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this act.¹ 42 43 ¹[4.] <u>9.</u>¹ The Department of Health ¹[shall] <u>may</u>¹ adopt ¹<u>any</u>¹ 44 rules and regulations ¹necessary to effectuate the provisions of this 45 act¹, ¹which rules and regulations shall be effective immediately 46 upon filing with the Office of Administrative Law for a period not 47

<u>to exceed six months and which may thereafter be adopted</u>¹
pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410
(C.52:14B-1 et seq.) ¹[, to implement the provisions of this act]¹.
¹[5.] <u>10.</u>¹ This act shall take effect ¹[180] <u>90</u>¹ days after the date of enactment.