

# ASSEMBLY JOINT RESOLUTION

No. 110

---

## STATE OF NEW JERSEY

### 219th LEGISLATURE

---

INTRODUCED FEBRUARY 20, 2020

**Sponsored by:**

**Assemblywoman PAMELA R. LAMPITT**

**District 6 (Burlington and Camden)**

**Co-Sponsored by:**

**Assemblyman Danielsen**

**SYNOPSIS**

Urges U.S. Congress to pass Equal Rights Amendment.

**CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/16/2020)

1   **A JOINT RESOLUTION** urging the United States Congress to pass  
2       the Equal Rights Amendment.  
3  
4   **WHEREAS**, The Equal Rights Amendment (ERA) is a proposed  
5       amendment to the United States Constitution designed to guarantee  
6       equal rights for women; and  
7   **WHEREAS**, The ERA states: “Equality of rights under the law shall  
8       not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on  
9       account of sex - the ERA establishes within the United States  
10      Constitution the unambiguous and unassailable rights of women  
11      under the law”; and  
12   **WHEREAS**, New Jersey suffragist leader Alice Paul, who was  
13      instrumental in the passage of the 19th amendment which granted  
14      women the right to vote, and Crystal Eastman authored the ERA in  
15      1923. It was introduced for the first time in the United States  
16      Congress that same year; and  
17   **WHEREAS**, In 1972, the ERA passed the United State Congress and  
18      was submitted to the state legislatures for ratification. Congress set  
19      a ratification deadline of March 22, 1979, and through 1977, 35 of  
20      the required 38 states had ratified the amendment; and  
21   **WHEREAS**, In 1978, a joint resolution of the United States Congress  
22      extended the deadline for ratification to June 30, 1982; and  
23   **WHEREAS**, Five states rescinded their ratifications of the ERA prior to  
24      June 30, 1982, and no other states ratified the amendment between  
25      1979 and the 1982 deadline. As a result, the ERA was not adopted  
26      as part of the Constitution; and  
27   **WHEREAS**, The ERA has been reintroduced in every session of the  
28      United States Congress since 1982. The last time it received a floor  
29      vote in Congress was 1983; and  
30   **WHEREAS**, On January 23, 2017 Senators Bob Menendez (D-N.J.),  
31      Cory Booker (D-N.J.), Sherrod Brown (D-Ohio), Ben Cardin (D-  
32      Md.), Chris Coons (D-Del.), Dianne Feinstein (D-Calif.), Kirsten  
33      Gillibrand (D-N.Y.), and Ed Markey (D-Mass.) reintroduced the  
34      ERA in the United States Congress; and  
35   **WHEREAS**, Passage of the ERA by the United States Congress and its  
36      ratification by state legislatures would affirm this country’s  
37      commitment to equal rights for women and introduce the idea of  
38      sex equality as a fundamental principle in the United States  
39      Constitution; now, therefore,  
40  
41        **BE IT RESOLVED** *by the Senate and General Assembly of the*  
42        *State of New Jersey:*  
43  
44        1. The Legislature hereby urges the United States Congress to  
45        pass the Equal Rights Amendment as reintroduced by Senators Bob  
46        Menendez, Cory Booker, Sherrod Brown, Ben Cardin, Chris Coons,  
47        Dianne Feinstein, Kirsten Gillibrand, and Ed Markey in order to

1 affirm this country's commitment to equal rights for women and to  
2 introduce the idea of sex equality as a fundamental principle in the  
3 United States Constitution.

4

5 2. Copies of this resolution, as filed with the Secretary of State,  
6 shall be transmitted by the Secretary of the Senate or the Clerk of the  
7 General Assembly to each member of the New Jersey Congressional  
8 delegation.

9

10 3. This joint resolution shall take effect immediately.

11

12

13

STATEMENT

14

15 This resolution urges the United States Congress to pass the  
16 Equal Rights Amendment as reintroduced by Senators Bob  
17 Menendez, Cory Booker, Sherrod Brown, Ben Cardin, Chris Coons,  
18 Dianne Feinstein, Kirsten Gillibrand, and Ed Markey in order to  
19 affirm this country's commitment to equal rights for women and to  
20 introduce the idea of sex equality as a fundamental principle in the  
21 United States Constitution.