

P.L. 2021, CHAPTER 336, *approved January 10, 2022*
Senate, No. 1053 (*First Reprint*)

1 **AN ACT** establishing waterfront prevailing wage standards and
2 supplementing chapter 11 of Title 34 of the Revised Statutes.

3
4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5 of New Jersey:

6
7 1. For the purposes of this act:
8 “Applicable waterfront prevailing wage rates” means the wage
9 rates paid by virtue of ¹the multiemployer¹ collective bargaining
10 agreements with waterfront employers ¹**【employing the largest**
11 **numbers of longshoremen, including collective bargaining agreements**
12 **which apply to longshoremen working in waterfront facilities**
13 **throughout the State】** in the Port of New York District¹, provided that
14 if a collective bargaining agreement applying to a smaller locality or
15 ¹single¹ waterfront facility stipulates wage ¹**【levels higher than】** rates
16 different from¹ the levels stipulated by ¹the multiemployer¹ collective
17 bargaining agreements with ¹**【State-wide application, the higher】**
18 waterfront employers in the Port of New York district, those different¹
19 rates shall be the applicable waterfront prevailing wage rates for that
20 locality or facility. Contributions by a waterfront employer for
21 benefits made pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement shall be
22 considered an integral part of the wage paid by the waterfront
23 employer for the purpose of determining the applicable waterfront
24 prevailing wage rates for purpose of this act.

25 “Carrier of freight by water” shall mean any person engaged, or
26 who may hold himself out as willing to be engaged, whether as a
27 common carrier, as a contract carrier, or otherwise, in the carriage of
28 freight by water, except for carriage of liquid cargoes in bulk in tank
29 vessels designed for use exclusively in such service, and except for
30 carriage by barge of bulk cargoes consisting of only a single
31 commodity loaded or carried without wrappers or containers and
32 delivered by the carrier without transportation mark or count.

33 “Classification” of longshoremen means categories of
34 longshoremen, including: the kind of cargo they handle, such as break-
35 bulk terminal cargo, break-bulk vessel cargo, or containers; job
36 categories, such as laborers, equipment operators, checkers, crane
37 operators, or mechanics; and duration of employment.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets **【thus】** in the above bill is
not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Assembly ALA committee amendments adopted June 9, 2021.

1 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Labor and
2 Workforce Development or his duly authorized representatives.

3 "Container" means any receptacle, box, carton or crate which is
4 specifically designed and constructed so that it may be repeatedly used
5 for the carriage of freight by a carrier of freight by water.

6 "Department" means the Department of Labor and Workforce
7 Development of the State of New Jersey.

8 ¹"Division" means the Division of Wage and Hour Compliance in
9 the Department of Labor and Workforce Development.¹

10 "Financial assistance" means any loan, loan guarantee, grant,
11 incentive, tax exemption or other financial assistance that is approved,
12 funded, authorized, or administered by a public body, or otherwise
13 provided by the public body.

14 "Hiring agent" means an individual, who on behalf of any other
15 person selects longshoremen for employment.

16 "Locality" means any political subdivision of the State,
17 combination of the same or parts thereof, or any geographical area or
18 areas classified, designated and fixed by the commissioner from time
19 to time, provided that in determining the "locality," the commissioner
20 shall be guided by the boundary lines of political subdivisions or parts
21 thereof, or by a consideration of the areas with respect to which it has
22 been the practice of waterfront employers of classifications of
23 longshoremen to engage in collective bargaining with the
24 representatives of those classifications of longshoremen.

25 "Longshoreman" means an individual, other than a hiring agent,
26 who is employed for work at a waterfront facility to:

27 (a) move waterborne freight on a vessel berthed at waterfront
28 facilities, or to or from a barge, lighter or railroad car for transfer to or
29 from the vessel;

30 (b) engage in direct and immediate checking of the freight or its
31 custodial accounting or in the recording or tabulation of the hours
32 worked at waterfront facilities by longshoremen;

33 (c) directly and immediately supervise longshoremen; or

34 (d) perform any other labor or services incidental to the movement
35 of waterborne freight on vessels berthed at waterfront facilities,
36 including, but not limited to, cargo repairmen, coopers, general
37 maintenance workers, mechanical and miscellaneous workers, horse
38 and cattle fitters, grain ceilers, port watchmen, and marine carpenters.

39 "Marine terminal" means an area located in the State which
40 includes piers, and is used primarily for the moving, warehousing,
41 distributing or packing of waterborne freight or freight to or from
42 those piers, and which, inclusive of such piers, is under common
43 ownership or control.

44 "Person" means an individual or any partnership, joint venture,
45 association, corporation or any other legal entity other than a
46 governmental entity.

47 "Pier" includes any wharf, pier, dock or quay.

1 "Port watchman" includes any watchman, gateman, groundsman,
2 detective, guard, guardian or protector of property employed by the
3 operator of any pier or other waterfront terminal or by a carrier of
4 freight by water to perform services in such capacity on any pier or
5 other waterfront terminal.

6 "Public body" means the State of New Jersey, any of its political
7 subdivisions, and any authority, instrumentality, or agency of the State
8 of New Jersey or of any of its political subdivisions.

9 "Public waterfront facility" means a waterfront facility located in
10 the State which:

11 (a) is owned, operated or administered by a public body;

12 (b) receives financial assistance that is approved, funded,
13 authorized, or administered by a public body, or otherwise provided by
14 the public body; or

15 (c) is owned, operated or administered by a waterfront employer
16 who receives financial assistance that is approved, funded, authorized,
17 or administered by a public body, or otherwise provided by the public
18 body.

19 "Stevedore" means an employer of longshoremen who is a
20 contractor or subcontractor, but not an employee, engaged for
21 compensation pursuant to a contract or arrangement with a carrier of
22 waterborne freight or operator of a waterfront facility, to move
23 waterborne freight carried or consigned for carriage by the carrier on,
24 onto, or from vessels of the carrier berthed at waterfront facilities,
25 including:

26 (a) a contractor engaged for compensation pursuant to a contract
27 or arrangement with a public entity, the United States, or any other
28 state or territory thereof, to move freight carried or consigned for
29 carriage between any point in a waterfront facility and a point outside
30 of the waterfront facility on vessels berthed at the waterfront facility,
31 or

32 (b) a contractor engaged for compensation pursuant to a contract
33 or arrangement with any person to perform labor or services incidental
34 to the movement of waterborne freight on, onto, or from vessels
35 berthed at waterfront facilities, including, but not limited to, cargo
36 storage, cargo repairing, coopering, general maintenance, mechanical
37 and miscellaneous work, horse and cattle fitting, grain ceiling, and
38 marine carpentry, or

39 (c) a contractor engaged for compensation pursuant to a contract
40 or arrangement with any other person to perform labor or services
41 involving, or incidental to, the movement of freight into or out of
42 containers, which have been or which will be carried by a carrier of
43 freight by water, on vessels berthed at waterfront facilities.

44 "Waterborne freight" shall mean freight carried by or consigned for
45 carriage by carriers of freight by water, including ships' stores,
46 baggage and mail carried by or consigned for carriage by carriers of
47 freight by water.

1 “Waterfront employer” means an operator of a waterfront facility,
2 stevedore, or carrier of freight by water who employs longshoremen at
3 a waterfront facility.

4 “Waterfront facility” means any marine terminal or pier, or any
5 other waterfront terminal located in the State.

6 “Waterfront terminal” includes any warehouse, depot or other
7 terminal located in the State, whether enclosed or open, any part of
8 which is used by any person to perform labor or services involving, or
9 incidental to, the movement of waterborne freight or freight.

10
11 2. Any waterfront employer who employs longshoremen at a
12 waterfront facility¹], including, but not limited to, a public waterfront
13 facility,¹ shall pay each longshoreman a rate of wages not less than
14 the applicable waterfront prevailing wage rate. Every waterfront
15 employer employing longshoremen at waterfront facilities shall keep
16 an accurate record showing the name, classification, and hourly rate of
17 wages actually paid to each longshoreman employed by the employer
18 in connection with waterfront facilities. The records shall be
19 preserved for two years from the date of payment, and shall be open at
20 all reasonable hours to the inspection of the commissioner, of any
21 public body which owns, administers or provides financial assistance
22 to the waterfront facility where the longshoremen are employed, and
23 of any labor organization representing longshoremen working at that
24 waterfront facility or other waterfront facilities in the State.

25
26 3. The commissioner shall determine, establish and make public
27 the waterfront prevailing wage rates for each waterfront facility and
28 for each classification of longshoremen working at the facility. ¹ [The
29 prevailing wage shall be determined and computed in accordance with
30 rules and regulations issued by the commissioner as he determines
31 necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. The wage
32 determination may be challenged within 30 days of issuance but only
33 as to the accuracy of the wage information used. Such challenges shall
34 be made by filing a written notice with the commissioner specifying
35 the inaccurate wage information.]¹ All determinations of the
36 waterfront prevailing wage rates made pursuant to this section shall be
37 announced by the commissioner¹ [,] and¹ prominently displayed on a
38 webpage maintained by the department¹ [,] and provided by mail to any
39 public body, any representative of longshoremen, any waterfront
40 employer, or any representative of any group of waterfront employers,
41 who makes a written request to the commissioner to be provided the
42 mailed notifications]¹.

43
44 4. The commissioner shall have the authority to:

45 a. investigate and ascertain the wages of longshoremen employed
46 in any waterfront facility in the State;

1 b. enter and inspect the place of business or employment of any
2 waterfront employer employing longshoremen at any waterfront
3 facility in the State, ¹【for the purpose of examining and inspecting any
4 or all books, registers, payrolls, and other records of the waterfront
5 employer that in any way relate to or have a bearing upon the question
6 of wages, hours, and other conditions of employment of the
7 longshoremen; copy】 and question those employees and investigate
8 any facts, conditions or matters which the commissioner deems
9 appropriate to determine whether any person has violated any
10 provision of this act or rule or regulation adopted pursuant to this act
11 or which may aid in the enforcement of the provisions of this act;

12 c. administer oaths and examine witnesses under oath, issue
13 subpoenas, compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of
14 papers, books, accounts, records, payrolls, documents, and testimony,
15 and take depositions and affidavits in any proceeding before the
16 commissioner;

17 d. Copy¹ any ¹【of those】¹ books, registers, payrolls, and other
18 records as ¹【he or his authorized representative may deem】 the
19 commissioner deems¹ necessary or appropriate; obtain proof of, and
20 question, any longshoreman's identity to determine whether the
21 longshoreman's identity is accurately and truthfully included or
22 reported in any books, registers, payrolls, and other records of the
23 waterfront employer ¹【that in any way relate to or have a bearing upon
24 the question of wages, hours, and other conditions of employment in
25 the waterfront facility;】¹ and question the longshoremen for the
26 purpose of ascertaining whether the provisions of this act have been
27 and are being complied with;

28 ¹【c.】 e.¹ obtain from the waterfront employers full and correct
29 statements in writing, including sworn statements, regarding wages,
30 hours, names, addresses, and such other information pertaining to the
31 waterfront employer's longshoremen and their employment as the
32 commissioner¹【, or his authorized representative】¹ deems necessary
33 or appropriate; and

34 ¹【d.】 f.¹ require any waterfront employer to file, within 10 days of
35 receipt of a request, any records enumerated in ¹【subsections b. and c.
36 of】¹ this section, sworn to as to their validity and accuracy. In the
37 case of a public waterfront facility in which a public body has an
38 agreement to make payments to a waterfront employer, if the
39 waterfront employer fails to provide the requested records within 10
40 days, the commissioner may direct within 15 days the fiscal or
41 financial officer charged with the custody and disbursements of the
42 funds of the public body immediately to withhold from payment to the
43 waterfront employer up to 25 percent of the amount, not to exceed
44 \$100,000, to be paid to the waterfront employer under the terms of the
45 agreement. The amount withheld shall be immediately released upon
46 receipt by the public body of a notice from the commissioner
47 indicating that the request for records has been satisfied.

1 ¹If a person fails to comply with any subpoena lawfully issued, or
2 on the refusal of any witness to testify to any matter regarding which
3 he may be lawfully interrogated, it shall be the duty of the Superior
4 Court, on application by the commissioner, to compel obedience by
5 proceedings for contempt, as in the case of disobedience of the
6 requirements of a subpoena issued from the court or a refusal to testify
7 in the court.¹
8

9 5. Waterfront employers employing longshoremen at
10 waterfront facilities shall post the waterfront prevailing wage rates
11 for each classification involved as determined by the commissioner,
12 including the effective date of any changes thereof, in prominent
13 and easily accessible places at the site of the work or at such place
14 or places as are used by them to pay longshoremen their wages.
15

16 6. Any longshoreman or representative of longshoremen may
17 file with the commissioner a written complaint that the amount of
18 wages paid for work performed by the longshoreman at a waterfront
19 facility is less than the applicable waterfront prevailing wage rate
20 for that work, or a written complaint the longshoreman has suffered
21 a discharge or other discrimination in violation of section 11 of this
22 act, but the complaint may not be filed later than two years after the
23 alleged underpayment or discrimination occurs.
24

25 7. a. Any waterfront employer who willfully hinders or delays
26 the commissioner in the performance of his duties in the enforcement
27 of this act, or who fails to make, keep, and preserve any records as
28 required under the provisions of this act, or falsifies any such record,
29 or refuses to make any such record accessible to the commissioner
30 upon demand, or refuses to furnish a sworn statement of such record or
31 any other information required for the proper enforcement of this act
32 to the commissioner upon demand, or pays or agrees to pay wages at a
33 rate less than the rate applicable under this act, or, during the time that
34 the waterfront employer is included on the debarment list established
35 by the commissioner pursuant to section 9 of this act, employs
36 longshoremen at a waterfront facility, or who discriminates against a
37 longshoreman in violation of section 11 of this act, or otherwise
38 violates any provision of this act or of any regulation or order issued
39 under this act, shall have violated the provisions of this act and be
40 guilty of a disorderly persons offense and shall, upon conviction
41 therefor, be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$2,500 or be
42 imprisoned for not less than 10 nor more than 90 days, or by both such
43 fine and imprisonment. Each week, in which there is a day in which
44 the waterfront employer employs longshoremen while on the
45 debarment list or in which a longshoreman is paid less than the rate
46 applicable under this act and each longshoreman so paid, shall
47 constitute a separate offense. Such fines shall be in addition to the
48 payment of any wage deficiencies.

1 b. As an alternative to, or in addition to, any other sanctions
2 provided by law for violations of any provision of this act, when the
3 commissioner finds that an waterfront employer has violated that act,
4 the commissioner is authorized to assess and collect administrative
5 penalties, up to a maximum of \$2,500 for a first violation and up to a
6 maximum of \$5,000 for each subsequent violation, specified in a
7 schedule of penalties to be promulgated as a rule or regulation by the
8 commissioner in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
9 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). When determining the amount
10 of the penalty imposed because of a violation, the commissioner shall
11 consider factors which include the history of previous violations by the
12 waterfront employer, the seriousness of the violation, the good faith of
13 the waterfront employer and the size of the waterfront employer's
14 business. No administrative penalty shall be levied pursuant to this
15 section unless the commissioner provides the alleged violator with
16 notification of the violation and of the amount of the penalty by
17 certified mail and an opportunity to request a hearing before the
18 commissioner or his designee within 15 days following the receipt of
19 the notice. If a hearing is requested, the commissioner shall issue a
20 final order upon such hearing and a finding that a violation has
21 occurred. If no hearing is requested, the notice shall become a final
22 order upon expiration of the 15-day period. Payment of the penalty is
23 due when a final order is issued or when the notice becomes a final
24 order. Any penalty imposed pursuant to this section may be recovered
25 with costs in a summary proceeding commenced by the commissioner
26 pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274
27 (C.2A:58-10 et seq.). Any sum collected as a fine or penalty pursuant
28 to this section shall be applied toward enforcement and administration
29 costs of the ¹Division of Workplace Standards in the Department of
30 Labor ¹division¹.

31 c. When the commissioner finds that the waterfront employer has
32 violated provisions of this act, the commissioner may refer the matter
33 to the Attorney General or his designee for ¹criminal¹ investigation
34 and prosecution. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to limit
35 the authority of the Attorney General to investigate and prosecute
36 violations of the New Jersey Code of Criminal Justice, nor to limit the
37 commissioner's ability to refer any matter for criminal investigation or
38 prosecution.

39
40 8. As an alternative to, or in addition to, any other sanctions
41 provided by law for violation of this act, the commissioner is
42 authorized to supervise the payment of amounts due to
43 longshoremen under this act, and the waterfront employer may be
44 required to make these payments to the commissioner to be held in
45 a special account in trust for the longshoremen, and paid on order of
46 the commissioner directly to the longshoreman or longshoremen
47 affected. The waterfront employer shall also pay the commissioner
48 an administrative fee equal to not less than 10 percent or more than

1 25 percent of any payment made to the commissioner pursuant to
2 this section. The amount of the administrative fee shall be specified
3 in a schedule of fees to be promulgated by rule or regulation of the
4 commissioner in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure
5 Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). The fee shall be
6 applied toward enforcement and administration costs of the
7 Division of Workplace Standards in the Department of Labor.

8
9 9. If the commissioner determines that a waterfront employer has
10 **'[repeatedly] on more than one occasion'**¹ failed to pay the waterfront
11 prevailing wage, the commissioner shall add the name of the
12 waterfront employer to a debarment list established and maintained by
13 the commissioner of waterfront employers determined to have failed to
14 pay the waterfront prevailing wage. The debarment list and each
15 updating of the list shall be prominently displayed on a website
16 maintained by the department **'[and provided to any public body, any**
17 **representative of longshoremen, any waterfront employer, or any**
18 **representative of any group of waterfront employers who makes a**
19 **written request to the commissioner to be notified of the debarment list**
20 **and any updating of the list']'**¹. Any waterfront employer placed on the
21 debarment list pursuant to this section shall remain on the list until
22 three years have elapsed from the date of listing. If the waterfront
23 employer denies that a failure to pay the waterfront prevailing wage
24 has occurred, the employer **'[shall have the right to apply to the**
25 **commissioner for a hearing which must be afforded and a decision**
26 **rendered within 48 hours of the request for a hearing. If the**
27 **commissioner rules against the waterfront employer, the waterfront**
28 **employer shall have the right to apply for injunctive relief in the**
29 **Superior Court against the listing by the commissioner]** **may request a**
30 **hearing, which shall be conducted in accordance with the**
31 **"Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c. 410 (C.52:14B-1 et**
32 **seq.)'**¹.

33 It shall be a violation of this act for any waterfront employer to
34 employ longshoremen at a waterfront facility, whether or not the
35 facility is a public waterfront facility, during the time that the
36 waterfront employer is included on the debarment list established by
37 the commissioner pursuant to this section.

38
39 10. No public body shall approve, fund, authorize, or administer,
40 or otherwise provide financial assistance to a waterfront facility, by
41 means of any new or renewed agreement to do so, without first
42 ascertaining that no waterfront employer employing longshoreman
43 at the facility is on the current debarment list of names of
44 waterfront employers who have failed to pay waterfront prevailing
45 wages required by this act. No contract shall be awarded by a
46 public body to any listed waterfront employer or to any other

1 waterfront employer in which the listed waterfront employer has an
2 interest.

3 For purposes of this section, "interest" means an interest,
4 affiliation, relationship or connection of a waterfront employer
5 listed pursuant to section 9 of this act in or with another waterfront
6 employer employing, or seeking to employ, longshoremen at a
7 waterfront facility, whether having the interest is as an owner,
8 partner, officer, manager, employee, agent, consultant or
9 representative. The listed waterfront employer shall be regarded as
10 having an interest in another waterfront employer if the listed
11 waterfront employer enters into a contract or agreement with the
12 other waterfront employer for services performed or to be
13 performed, for services that have been or will be assigned or
14 subletted, or for the sale, rental or lease of vehicles, tools,
15 equipment or supplies during the period from the initiation of the
16 proceedings under section 9 of this act against the waterfront
17 employer until three years have elapsed from the date that the
18 waterfront employer was listed by the commissioner under section 9
19 of this act. The term "interest" shall not include shares held in a
20 publicly traded corporation if the shares were not received as
21 compensation after the initiation of proceedings under section 9 of
22 this act.

23 A rebuttable presumption that a waterfront employer listed by
24 the commissioner under section 9 of this act has an interest in
25 another waterfront employer may arise if the two share any of the
26 following capacities or characteristics: occupy the same premises,
27 have the same telephone number or fax number, have the same
28 email address or internet website, employ substantially the same
29 administrative employees, utilize the same tools and equipment, or
30 employ or engage the services of any listed person or persons
31 involved in the direction or control of the other.

32 If the rebuttable presumption that a listed waterfront employer
33 has an interest in another waterfront employer results in a
34 determination to include of the other waterfront employer in the
35 debarment list, the other waterfront employer may request a hearing
36 to challenge the determination, to be conducted in accordance with
37 the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
38 seq.).

39

40 11. Any waterfront employer who discharges or in any other
41 manner discriminates against any longshoreman because the
42 longshoreman has made any complaint to his waterfront employer,
43 to a representative of the longshoreman, a public body, or the
44 commissioner that he has not been paid wages in accordance with
45 the provisions of this act, or because the longshoreman has caused
46 to be instituted or is about to cause to be instituted any proceeding
47 under or related to this act, or because the longshoreman has
48 testified or is about to testify in any such proceeding, or because the

1 longshoreman has requested information from the waterfront
2 employer relevant to such a proceeding, shall be in violation of this
3 act, shall be guilty of a disorderly persons offense, and shall, upon
4 conviction therefor, be fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than
5 \$2,500. Such fines shall be in addition to the payment of any wage
6 deficiencies.

7
8 12. If any longshoreman is paid by an waterfront employer less
9 than the waterfront prevailing wage to which the longshoreman is
10 entitled under the provisions of this act, or suffers discharge or
11 other discrimination in violation of section 11 of this act, that
12 longshoreman may recover in a civil action the full amount of such
13 waterfront prevailing wage less any amount actually paid to the
14 longshoremen by the waterfront employer together with costs and
15 reasonable attorney's fees as allowed by the court, and in the case of
16 discharge or other discrimination, reinstatement to employment
17 with payment of any wages lost because of the discharge or
18 discrimination. An agreement between longshoremen and a
19 waterfront employer to pay less than the prevailing wage shall not
20 be a defense to the action. Any longshoreman shall be entitled to
21 maintain such action for and on behalf of himself or other
22 longshoremen similarly situated, and the longshoreman or
23 longshoremen may designate an agent or representative to maintain
24 such action for and on behalf of all longshoremen similarly situated.
25 At the request of any longshoreman paid less than the waterfront
26 prevailing wage to which such longshoreman was entitled under the
27 provisions of this act, the commissioner may take an assignment of
28 the wage claim in trust for the assigning longshoreman and may
29 bring any legal action necessary to collect the claim, and the
30 waterfront employer shall be required to pay the costs and such
31 reasonable attorney's fees as may be allowed by the court.

32
33 13. Nothing in this act shall be deemed to interfere with, impede,
34 or in any way diminish the right of longshoremen to bargain
35 collectively through representatives of their own choosing in order to
36 establish ¹ ~~["wages in excess of any applicable minimum under"]~~ wage
37 rates that are different than wage rates set by¹ this act.

38
39 ¹14. Except for waterfront employers located in the Port of New
40 York district, no waterfront employer shall be permitted to operate in
41 New Jersey, unless it is registered with the department as a waterfront
42 employer on a form, which may be an electronic form provided by the
43 commissioner. The form shall require the following information:

44 a. The name, principal business address and telephone number of
45 the waterfront employer;

46 b. Whether the waterfront employer is a corporation, partnership,
47 sole proprietorship, or other form of business entity;

1 c. If the waterfront employer's principal business address is not
2 within the State, the name and address of the waterfront employer's
3 custodian of records and agent for service of process in this State;

4 d. The name and address of each person with a financial interest
5 in the waterfront employer and the percentage interest, except that if
6 the waterfront employer is a publicly-traded corporation, the
7 waterfront employer shall supply the names and addresses of the
8 corporation's officers;

9 e. The waterfront employer's tax identification number and
10 unemployment insurance registration number;

11 f. A certification form provided by the commissioner, with
12 documentation satisfactory to the commissioner, that the waterfront
13 employer has all valid and effective licenses, registrations or
14 certificates required by State law, including registrations or
15 certifications required to do business in the State of New Jersey; and

16 g. Other relevant and appropriate information as determined by
17 the commissioner.

18 At the time of registration, and subsequently upon request, the
19 waterfront employer shall submit to the commissioner documentation
20 demonstrating that the waterfront employer has workers'
21 compensation insurance coverage for all workers as required by law.¹

22
23 ¹15. The waterfront employer shall pay an initial annual non-
24 refundable registration fee of \$300 to the commissioner. The non-
25 refundable registration fee for the second annual registration shall be
26 \$300. Upon successful completion of two consecutive years of
27 registration, a waterfront employer may elect to register for a two-year
28 period and pay a non-refundable registration fee of \$500.¹

29
30 ¹16. A contractor who is operating on the effective date of this act
31 shall submit the registration application form and fee to the
32 Commissioner within 30 days of the effective date of this act.¹

33
34 ¹17. Registration fees collected pursuant to this act shall be
35 applied toward the enforcement and administration costs of the
36 division.¹

37
38 ¹18. Upon receipt of the fee, form and documentation required by
39 sections 14 and 15 of this act, the commissioner shall issue a
40 certificate of registration to the waterfront employer. A registration
41 certificate shall be valid for one calendar year from the date of
42 registration. Registrations shall be renewed not less than 30 days prior
43 to the expiration date of the immediately preceding registration.¹

44
45 ¹19. Each waterfront employer shall, as a condition to receipt of
46 any financial assistance from a public body, submit to the public body
47 the waterfront employer's certificate of registration and the certificates
48 of registration for all known subcontractors who are waterfront

1 employers. Applications for registration shall not be acceptable as a
2 substitute for a certificate of registration for the purposes of
3 compliance with this section.¹

4
5 ¹20. a. The commissioner is authorized, as an alternative to or in
6 addition to any other sanctions or remedies provided by this act, to
7 take the actions indicated in subsection b. of this section if a waterfront
8 employer:

9 (1) Willfully hinders or delays the commissioner in the
10 performance of his duties under this act;

11 (2) Fails to make, keep and preserve any records required under
12 the provisions of this act;

13 (3) Falsifies any required record, or refuses to make it accessible to
14 the commissioner upon demand;

15 (4) Refuses to furnish a sworn statement of any records or other
16 information required for the enforcement of this act to the
17 commissioner on demand;

18 (5) Pays or agrees to pay wages at a rate less than the rate
19 prescribed under this act; or

20 (6) Otherwise violates any provision of this act.

21 b. The commissioner may, after providing the waterfront
22 employer with notice of the alleged violation and an opportunity to
23 request a hearing before the commissioner or his designee:

24 (1) Deny renewal, revoke or suspend the registration of a
25 waterfront employer for a period of not more than five years; or

26 (2) Require a waterfront employer, as a condition of initial or
27 continued registration, to provide a surety bond payable to the State.
28 The surety bond shall be for the benefit of workers damaged by any
29 failure of a waterfront employer to pay wages or benefits pursuant to
30 or otherwise comply with the provisions of this act. The surety bond
31 shall be in the amount and form that the Commissioner deems
32 necessary for the protection of the waterfront employer's workers, but
33 shall not exceed \$10,000 per worker. The surety bond shall be issued
34 by surety that meets the requirements of N.J.S.2A:44-143.

35 c. The commissioner is authorized and empowered to prescribe,
36 adopt, promulgate, rescind and enforce rules and regulations as may be
37 required for the administration and enforcement of the provisions of
38 this act.¹

39
40 ¹[14.] 21.¹ The commissioner is authorized and empowered to
41 prescribe, adopt, promulgate, rescind and enforce rules and
42 regulations as may be required for the administration and
43 enforcement of the provisions of this act.

44
45 ¹[15.] 22.¹ The provisions of this act shall be deemed to be
46 severable and if any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence or
47 other part of this act is declared to be unconstitutional or preempted

1 by federal law, or the applicability thereof to any person or facility
2 is held invalid, the remainder of this act shall not thereby be
3 deemed to be unconstitutional, preempted or invalid.

4

5 '16.1 23.1 This act shall take effect on the 180th day following
6 enactment, but the commissioner shall take any anticipatory action
7 in advance as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

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11

12 Establishes waterfront wage standards.