

SENATE, No. 885

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 27, 2020

Sponsored by:

Senator JOSEPH P. CRYAN

District 20 (Union)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senator Turner

SYNOPSIS

Limits authority of DHS to impose liens and seek recovery from Medicaid recipient's estate after death.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 3/16/2020)

1 AN ACT concerning liens imposed and recovery sought from
2 Medicaid recipient's estate after death and amending P.L.1979,
3 c.365.

4
5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
6 of New Jersey:

7
8 1. Section 7 of P.L.1979, c.365 (C.30:4D-7.2) is amended to
9 read as follows:

10 7. a. (1) **[A lien may be filed against and recovery sought**
11 **from the estate of a deceased recipient for assistance correctly paid**
12 **or to be paid on his behalf for all services received when he was 65**
13 **years of age or older, except as provided in section 1 of P.L.1981,**
14 **c.217 (C.30:4D-7.2a).]** (deleted by amendment, P.L. , c.)
15 (pending before the Legislature as this bill)

16 (2) In the case of a recipient who became deceased on or after
17 April 1, 1995 for whom a Medicaid payment was made on or after
18 October 1, 1993, a lien may be filed against and recovery sought
19 from the estate of the deceased recipient for assistance correctly
20 paid or to be paid on **[his]** the recipient's behalf for **[all services]**
21 nursing facility services, home and community-based services, and
22 hospital and prescription drug services provided concurrently with
23 nursing facility or home and community-based services received
24 when **[he]** the recipient was 55 years of age or older, except as
25 provided in section 1 of P.L.1981, c.217 (C.30:4D-7.2a).

26 (3) As used in this section, "estate" includes all real and
27 personal property and other assets included in the recipient's estate
28 as defined in N.J.S.3B:1-1**],** as well as any other real and personal
29 property and other assets in which the recipient had any legal title
30 or interest at the time of death, to the extent of that interest,
31 including assets conveyed to a survivor, heir or assign of the
32 recipient through joint tenancy, tenancy in common, survivorship,
33 life estate, living trust or other arrangement**].**

34 "Estate" shall not include amounts received as reparations or
35 restitution for the loss of liberty or damage to health by the victims
36 of National Socialist persecution; returns of tangible or intangible
37 property seized, misappropriated or lost as a result of National
38 Socialist actions or policies and any cash values in replacement of
39 such property; payments of insurance policies purchased by the
40 victims of National Socialist persecution; and any accumulated or
41 accrued interest on such amounts. National Socialist actions or
42 policies include, but are not limited to, actions and policies taken by
43 Germany and other countries, or by organizations and institutions
44 within those countries, against the victims of the Nazi Holocaust.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

1 and hospital and prescription drug services provided concurrently
2 with nursing facility or home and community-based services
3 received on or after the age of 55.

4 Additionally, this bill would restrict the definition of “estate” to
5 real and personal property and other assets included in the Medicaid
6 recipient's estate as defined in N.J.S.3B:1-1. In doing so, recovery
7 would be limited to all property and assets that pass from a deceased
8 person to his or her heirs under probate law. Currently, the New
9 Jersey Medicaid estate recovery program utilizes an expanded
10 definition of “estate” which enables DMAHS to also recover from
11 some or all property that bypasses probate, such as life insurance,
12 pension benefits, retirement accounts, and jointly owned real estate
13 and accounts.

14 Finally, the bill makes technical corrections by revising the use of
15 pronouns and removing certain statutory language that no longer
16 applies under current law.