SENATE, No. 2763 **STATE OF NEW JERSEY** 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED AUGUST 3, 2020

Sponsored by: Senator KRISTIN M. CORRADO District 40 (Bergen, Essex, Morris and Passaic)

Co-Sponsored by: Senator Holzapfel

SYNOPSIS

Requires certain group homes to install electronic monitoring devices in common areas, upon uniform request of residents, and to permit consensual use of such devices in private rooms.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 8/3/2020)

AN ACT concerning the installation and use of electronic monitoring

1

2 devices at group homes for individuals with developmental 3 disabilities, and supplementing Title 30 of the Revised Statutes. 4 5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 6 of New Jersey: 7 8 1. This act shall be known, and may be cited, as "Billy Cray's 9 Law." 10 2. As used in this act: 11 12 "Authorized representative" means a group home resident's court-13 appointed guardian of the person or, if there is no guardian of the 14 person, the person who holds a valid power of attorney or is otherwise 15 legally authorized to act as the representative of the group home 16 resident for the purposes of making decisions related to the resident's 17 care and living arrangements. "Authorized representative" does not include a caregiver or any other person who is employed or 18 contracted, on a paid or unpaid basis, by the group home licensee. 19 20 "Common areas" means the living areas, dining areas, entrances, 21 outdoor areas, stairwells, and any other areas within a group home, 22 except bathrooms, which are commonly and communally accessible 23 to all residents and are not dedicated for private use by a particular 24 resident. 25 "Division" means the Division of Developmental Disabilities in 26 the Department of Human Services. 27 "Electronic monitoring device" means a camera or other electronic device that uses video, but not audio, recording 28 29 capabilities to monitor the activities taking place in the area where 30 the device is installed. 31 "Group home" means a living arrangement that is licensed by the 32 division and is operated in a residence or residences leased or owned 33 by a licensee, which living arrangement either provides the 34 opportunity for multiple adults with developmental disabilities to live 35 together in a home, sharing in chores and the overall management of the residence, or provides the opportunity for a single adult with 36 37 developmental disabilities and extreme behavioral difficulties to live 38 more independently while receiving full-time care, and in which on-

39 site staff provides supervision, training, or assistance, in a variety of 40 forms and intensity, as required to assist the individual or individuals 41 as they move toward independence. "Group home" does not include 42 a living arrangement that is dedicated for use by children with 43 developmental disabilities.

44 "Licensee" means an individual, partnership, or corporation that 45 is licensed by the division and is responsible for providing services 46 associated with the operation of a group home.

47 "Private room" means the private bedroom of a group home 48 resident.

2

3

"Private single occupancy room" means a private room that is
 occupied by only a single group home resident.

3 "Private double occupancy room" means a private room that is4 occupied by two or more group home residents.

5

6 3. a. A group home that does not have electronic monitoring 7 devices already installed in the group home's common areas shall be 8 required to install electronic monitoring devices in those common 9 areas, upon the collective request of the residents and the residents' 10 authorized representatives, if all of the residents of the group home 11 and their authorized representatives agree to have such electronic 12 monitoring devices installed and expressly consent to the installation and use of such devices. A licensee shall not require current residents 13 14 to consent to the installation and use of electronic monitoring devices 15 in the common areas as a condition of their continued residency in 16 the group home. Each licensee operating a group home that does not 17 have electronic monitoring devices already installed in the common 18 areas shall:

(1) within six months after the group home adopts an internal
electronic monitoring policy pursuant to section 5 of this act, take
affirmative action to determine whether the residents of the group
home and their authorized representatives want and consent to have
electronic monitoring devices installed and used in the group home's
common areas pursuant to this section; and

(2) annually provide written notice to all residents and their
authorized representatives informing them of their right to request
the installation and use of electronic monitoring devices in the group
home's common areas, as provided by this section.

b. A group home that installs and uses electronic monitoring
devices in its common areas pursuant to the agreement, request, and
consent of the residents, as provided by this section, shall:

(1) require each person employed by the group home to provide
express written consent to the use of the electronic monitoring
devices in the group home's common areas, as a condition of the
person's employment;

36 (2) ensure that a prominent written notice is posted at the entrance
37 and exit doors to the home informing visitors that they will be subject
38 to electronic video monitoring while present in the home; and

39 (3) ensure that, in the future, the group home only allows
40 residence by those individuals who consent to the ongoing use of
41 electronic monitoring devices in the group home's common areas.

c. An individual's refusal to agree and consent to the use of
electronic monitoring devices in a group home's common areas shall
not be used as a basis to prevent the timely placement of the
individual in appropriate housing without surveillance.

d. Any electronic monitoring devices installed pursuant to this
section shall be unobstructed and recording at all times, and any
recordings produced by the devices shall be retained by the program

1 for a period of 45 days. Each licensee shall inspect the devices, and 2 shall document the results of each inspection, on a weekly basis. 3 The Department of Human Services shall annually conduct an e. 4 on-site device inspection at each group home in order to ensure that 5 any electronic monitoring devices installed in the common areas are 6 functioning properly, as required by subsection d. of this section. 7 The department may elect to conduct the on-site device inspection 8 required by this subsection as part of the broader inspection of each 9 group home that it is required to perform under section 8 of P.L.2017, 10 c.328 (C.30:11B-4.3). 11 f. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit a group 12 home licensee from installing and utilizing electronic monitoring 13 devices in the group home's common areas, pursuant to the group 14 home's internal policies, in cases where the group home's residents 15 have not submitted a collective request for such monitoring.

16

4. a. A group home for individuals with developmental
disabilities shall permit electronic monitoring devices to be installed
and used in a resident's private room, as provided by this section, for
the purposes of monitoring the resident's in-room care, treatment,
and living conditions. Each licensee shall:

22 (1) within six months after the effective date of this act, and 23 annually thereafter, provide written notice to all residents, and to 24 their authorized representatives, informing them of their right to 25 install and use electronic monitoring devices in the residents' private 26 rooms, as provided by this section, and articulating the notice 27 requirements that are to be satisfied, pursuant to subsection b. of this 28 section, before an electronic monitoring device may be installed and 29 used in a private single occupancy room, and the consent 30 requirements that are to be satisfied, pursuant to subsection c. of this 31 section, before an electronic monitoring device may be installed and 32 used in a private double occupancy room;

33 (2) ensure that reasonable accommodations are made, as
34 necessary, to enable the authorized use of electronic monitoring
35 devices in private rooms, as provided by this section; and

(3) provide written notice to the relevant resident, or the 36 37 resident's authorized representative, of any applicable installation or 38 building construction requirements or restrictions with which the 39 resident must comply when installing and using an electronic 40 monitoring device in the private room. Such notice shall be provided 41 within 10 days after the licensee receives notice of the resident's 42 intent to install electronic monitoring devices in a single occupancy 43 room under subsection b. of this section or within 10 days after the 44 licensee receives a resident's request for electronic monitoring of a 45 double occupancy room under subsection c. of this section.

b. (1) The installation and use of electronic monitoring devices
in a private single occupancy room: (a) shall be noncompulsory; and
(b) may be done by the resident or the resident's authorized

representative, at any time, following the resident's provision of
 notice to the licensee pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection.

3 (2) Any person who wishes to install and utilize electronic 4 monitoring devices in a resident's private single occupancy room 5 shall provide the licensee with a written notice of intent at least 15 6 days prior to installation of the devices, and shall comply with any 7 installation or building construction constraints that are identified by 8 the licensee in the notice that is provided to the resident pursuant to 9 paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section.

(3) Any resident who provides a notice of intent to install
electronic monitoring devices in a private single occupancy room, or
who so installs such devices, shall be deemed to have implicitly
consented to electronic monitoring in the private room.

14 c. (1) The installation and use of electronic monitoring devices 15 in a private double occupancy room shall: (a) be noncompulsory; (b) 16 be conditioned upon the licensee's receipt of written consent to such 17 monitoring from all roommates of the resident who is requesting the 18 monitoring, or from the roommates' authorized representative, as 19 appropriate; and (c) to the extent practicable, protect the privacy 20 rights of all roommates of the resident who is requesting the 21 monitoring.

22 (2) The roommate of a resident who requests electronic 23 monitoring of a double occupancy room, or the roommate's 24 authorized representative, may place conditions on his or her consent 25 to the use of electronic monitoring devices within the private double 26 occupancy room, including conditions that require the electronic 27 monitoring devices to be pointed away from the consenting 28 roommate at all times during operation or at certain specified times. 29 The roommate's consent to electronic monitoring, and any conditions 30 on a roommate's consent that are established pursuant to this 31 paragraph, shall be memorialized in an electronic monitoring agreement that is executed between the consenting roommate and the 32 33 resident who requested the monitoring, or between their authorized 34 representatives, as appropriate. The licensee, either through its own 35 activities, or through the activities of a third party, shall ensure that 36 the conditions established in the agreement are followed.

37 (3) Each resident, or the authorized representative thereof, who 38 wishes to install and use an electronic monitoring device in a double 39 occupancy private room, shall file with the licensee: (a) a signed 40 form, developed by the division, formally requesting and giving the 41 resident's express consent for the installation and use of one or more 42 electronic monitoring devices in the double occupancy room; and (b) 43 a copy of the electronic monitoring agreement that has been executed 44 between the resident and the resident's roommate pursuant to 45 paragraph (2) of this subsection, or, if the roommate or the roommate's authorized representative has refused to consent to 46 47 electronic monitoring of the private room, a copy of the consent 48 declination form that has been signed by the roommate or the 49 roommate's authorized representative.

6

(4) The installation and use of electronic monitoring devices in a
private double occupancy room shall be done in compliance with any
installation or building construction constraints that are identified by
the licensee in the notice that is provided to the resident pursuant to
paragraph (3) of subsection a. of this section.

d. If a resident's roommate or the roommate's authorized 6 7 representative, as appropriate, refuses to consent to the installation 8 and use of an electronic monitoring device in a private double 9 occupancy room, or if the licensee is unable to ensure compliance 10 with the conditions on such installation and use that are imposed by a consenting roommate or the roommate's authorized representative 11 12 in the agreement executed pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection c. 13 of this section, the licensee shall, within a reasonable period of time, 14 and to the extent practicable, transfer the resident requesting the 15 installation of the device to a different private room in order to 16 accommodate the resident's request for private monitoring. If a 17 request for private monitoring cannot be accommodated, the resident 18 or the resident's authorized representative may notify the division, in 19 which case, the division shall make every reasonable attempt to 20 timely transfer the resident to a group home that can accommodate 21 the request.

e. A licensee shall not refuse to admit an individual to a group
home, and shall not transfer or remove an individual from a group
home, except as otherwise provided by subsection d. of this section,
on the basis that the individual, or the individual's authorized
representative, has requested electronic monitoring of the
individual's private room, as authorized by this section.

f. A licensee shall ensure that a prominent written notice is
posted on the entry door to any private room wherein electronic
monitoring devices are installed and used pursuant to this section.
The notice shall indicate that an electronic monitoring device has
been installed in the room and that visitors will be subject to
electronic video monitoring while present therein.

g. All of the costs associated with installation and maintenance
of an electronic monitoring device in the private room of a resident
shall be paid by the resident who requested the monitoring or by the
authorized representative thereof.

38

39 5. a. (1) Within 90 days after the effective date of this act, the
40 division, in consultation with the Ombudsman for Individuals with
41 Intellectual or Developmental Disabilities and Their Families, the
42 New Jersey Council on Developmental Disabilities, and the group
43 home provider community, shall establish and publish guidelines for
44 the development of internal policies pursuant to this section.

(2) Within 180 days after the publication of guidelines pursuant
to paragraph (1) of this subsection, each licensee shall develop and
submit to the division a written internal policy specifying the
procedures and protocols that are to be used by facility staff when

1 installing and utilizing electronic monitoring devices as provided by 2 this act. 3 b. An internal electronic monitoring policy established pursuant 4 to this section shall: 5 (1) describe the procedures and protocols that are to be used: (a) 6 when obtaining consent from residents and facility staff for the use 7 of electronic monitoring devices in a group home's common areas, as provided by section 3 of this act; and (b) when obtaining consent 8 9 from residents and roommates for the use of electronic monitoring 10 devices in a private double occupancy room, as provided by 11 subsection c. of section 4 of this act; 12 (2) describe the procedures and protocols that are to be used in the review of footage recorded by electronic monitoring devices in 13 14 the group home's common areas. The procedures and protocols 15 adopted pursuant to this paragraph shall, at a minimum, reflect the 16 requirements of subsection c. of this section; and 17 (3) identify the persons who will have access to footage recorded 18 by electronic monitoring devices installed in the group home's 19 common areas and private rooms, and the circumstances under which 20 recorded footage will be subject to review by such persons. 21 c. Whenever a licensee receives notice about a complaint, 22 allegation, or reported incident of abuse, neglect, or exploitation 23 occurring within the group home, the licensee shall forward to the 24 division, for appropriate review, all potentially relevant footage 25 recorded by electronic monitoring devices in the group home's 26 common areas. 27 6. a. The division shall: 28 29 (1) develop, and provide to each licensee, consent forms that are to be filled out and signed by individuals who consent to or request 30 31 electronic monitoring under section 3 or subsection c. of section 4 of 32 this act, and consent declination forms that are to be filled out and 33 signed by individuals who refuse to consent to such electronic 34 monitoring; and 35 (2) develop, and post on its Internet website, standardized notice 36 of intent forms that a group home resident and the resident's 37 authorized representative may elect to use when providing a licensee 38 with a notice of intent to engage in electronic monitoring of a private 39 single occupancy room, as required by subsection b. of section 4 of 40 this act.

b. Consent forms and consent declination forms filed under
section 3 or subsection c. of section 4 of this act and notices of intent
filed under subsection b. of section 4 of this act shall be retained by
the licensee for a period of time to be determined by the division.

c. When seeking to obtain consent from residents for electronic
monitoring, as required by this act, a licensee shall comply with best
practices that apply to professional interactions or communications
being undertaken with persons with developmental disabilities and

1 particularly, with those persons who have difficulty with 2 communication or understanding.

3 d. The division may establish additional consent or consent 4 declination requirements, for the purposes of this act, as deemed by 5 the division to be necessary.

6

7 7. Notwithstanding the provisions of this act to the contrary, if, 8 as of the effective date of this act, a licensee has already installed and 9 is utilizing electronic monitoring devices in a group home's common 10 areas or private rooms, the licensee: may continue to utilize the 11 devices so installed, in accordance with the licensee's written internal 12 policies; shall not be required to remove the devices from service; and shall not be required to comply with the provisions of this act in 13 14 order to continue utilizing the previously-installed devices. 15 However, to the extent that a group home's common areas or private 16 rooms do not contain electronic monitoring devices on the effective 17 date of this act, the licensee shall comply with the provisions of 18 section 3 and 4 of this act, as applicable, when installing and utilizing 19 new electronic monitoring devices in such unmonitored areas. 20

21 8. a. Any licensee that fails to comply with the provisions of 22 this act shall be subject to a penalty of \$5,000 for the first offense 23 and a penalty of \$10,000 for the second or subsequent offense, to be 24 collected with costs in a summary proceeding pursuant to the 25 "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274 (C.2A:58-10 26 et seq.), as well as an appropriate administrative penalty, the amount 27 of which shall be determined by the division.

28 b. A group home licensee shall not be subject to penalties under 29 this section, or to any other disciplinary action, for failing to comply 30 with the requirements of section 3 or 4 of this act, as applicable, if 31 the group home licensee establishes, through documentation or 32 otherwise, that electronic monitoring devices were installed and 33 being utilized in the group home's common areas or private rooms, 34 or both, as of the effective date of this act, as provided by section 7 35 of this act, and that the group home is, therefore, exempt from compliance with the requirements of section 3 or section 4 of this act, 36 37 as appropriate.

38

39 9. a. Within five years after the effective date of this act, the 40 division shall prepare and submit to the Governor, and, pursuant to 41 section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature, a 42 written report that:

43 (1) identifies best practices for the installation and use of 44 electronic monitoring devices under this act;

45 (2) identifies best practices and provides recommendations 46 regarding the obtaining of informed consent for electronic 47 monitoring, as provided by this act; and

1 (3) provides recommendations for the implementation of new 2 legislation, policies, protocols, and procedures related to the use of 3 electronic monitoring devices in group homes.

b. The Commissioner of Human Services, in consultation with
the assistant commissioner of the division, shall annually prepare and
submit to the Governor, and, pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1991, c.164
(C.52:14-19.1 et seq.), to the Legislature, a written report describing
how this act has been implemented in the State. Each annual report
shall include, at a minimum:

(1) a list of group homes that are currently using electronicmonitoring devices in the common areas;

(2) a list of group homes that have not installed electronicmonitoring devices in the common areas;

(3) to the extent known, a list of group homes that have failed to
install and use electronic monitoring devices in the common areas
upon the request of the residents, as provided by section 3 of this act,
despite the licensee's receipt of uniform resident consent authorizing
such monitoring, and an indication of the penalties that were imposed
under section 8 of this act in response to such failures;

20 (4) a list of group homes that are exempt from compliance with
21 the provisions of section 3 or 4 of this act, as provided by section 7
22 of this act;

(5) an indication of the number and percentage of private single
occupancy rooms where electronic monitoring devices are installed
and used, as provided by subsection b. of section 4 of this act, and
the number and percentage of private double occupancy rooms where
electronic monitoring devices are installed and used, as provided by
subsection c. of section 4 of this act; and

(6) recommendations for legislative, executive, or other action
that can be taken to improve compliance with the act's provisions or
otherwise expand the consensual use of electronic monitoring
devices in group homes.

c. The Ombudsman for Individuals with Intellectual or
Developmental Disabilities and Their Families shall include, in each
of the ombudsman's annual reports prepared pursuant to section 3 of
P.L.2017, c.269 (C.30:1AA-9.3), a section evaluating the
implementation of this act and providing recommendations for
improvement.

39

10. The Commissioner of Human Services, in consultation with
the assistant commissioner of the division, shall adopt rules and
regulations, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act,"
P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), as may be necessary to
effectuate the provisions of this act.

45

46 11. This act shall take effect on the 90th day following the date of47 enactment.

STATEMENT

3 This bill would provide certain requirements in association with 4 the use of electronic monitoring devices (EMDs) at group homes for 5 individuals with developmental disabilities. An "EMD" is a camera 6 or other electronic device that uses video, but not audio, recording 7 capabilities to monitor the activities taking place in the area where 8 the device is installed. The sponsor believes that it is imperative to 9 enhance the quality of life of people with disabilities. Through this 10 bill, the sponsor aims to make video monitoring technology more 11 available in group home settings, taking great care to strike the 12 important balance between protecting people's privacy and protecting their overall well-being. In so doing, the bill respects the 13 14 rights of all individuals with intellectual or developmental 15 disabilities, placing a premium on their individuality and recognizing 16 that different people have different needs and preferences.

17

18 Scope of Bill

19 The term "group home" is defined more broadly in this bill than it 20 is in other laws. Specifically, the term is defined to mean a living 21 arrangement that is licensed by the Division of Developmental 22 Disabilities (DDD) in the Department of Human Services (DHS), and 23 is operated in a residence or residences leased or owned by a licensee; 24 which living arrangement either provides the opportunity for multiple 25 adults with developmental disabilities to live together in a home, 26 sharing in chores and the overall management of the residence, or 27 provides the opportunity for a single adult with developmental 28 disabilities and extreme behavioral difficulties to live more 29 independently while receiving full-time care, and in which on-site 30 staff provides supervision, training, or assistance, in a variety of 31 forms and intensity, as required to assist the individual or individuals 32 as they move toward independence. "Group home" does not include 33 a living arrangement that is dedicated for use by children with 34 developmental disabilities. The revised definition used in the bill 35 makes it clear that this term not only includes facilities that house multiple persons with developmental disabilities, but also includes 36 37 facilities that, while commonly referred to as supervised apartments, 38 provide group home-style living for a single person who has 39 developmental disabilities and particularly severe behavioral 40 difficulties that prevent them from being housed in a group home 41 with other disabled persons.

The bill would require group homes, as defined thereunder, to install EMDs in the common areas, upon the agreement, request, and uniform consent of all residents. "Common areas" is defined to include entrances, living areas, dining areas, stairwells, and outdoor areas, but not bathroom areas. The bill would additionally require group homes to permit the installation and use of EMDs in the private rooms of group home residents.

1 2

1 The bill is not intended to impose new requirements on those 2 group home providers who already engage in electronic monitoring 3 pursuant to an internal organizational policy. As a result, the bill 4 includes a provision that grandfathers-in and exempts from the bill's 5 provisions those group homes that have already installed, and are 6 utilizing, EMDs as of the bill's effective date. Specifically, the bill 7 provides that any such group home: 1) may continue to use 8 previously installed electronic monitoring devices in accordance with 9 the organization's written policies; 2) will not be required to remove 10 the devices from service; and 3) will not be required to comply with 11 the bill's consent requirements in order to continue utilizing the 12 devices. However, to the extent that a group home's common areas 13 or private rooms do not contain EMDs on the bill's effective date, the 14 licensee will be required to comply with the bill when installing new 15 EMDs in such unmonitored areas. The bill is intended to give 16 residents - particularly those with severe behavioral difficulties - the 17 right to request electronic monitoring in the group home, as necessary 18 to ensure their safe care. The bill is not intended to impose new 19 electronic monitoring requirements on providers that already engage 20 in electronic monitoring; and it is not intended to require other group 21 home providers to commence electronic monitoring, except in those 22 cases where the residents have requested and agreed to such 23 monitoring.

24

25 Installation and Use of EMDs in Common Areas

26 Under the bill's provisions, any group home that does not have 27 EMDs already installed in the group home's common areas will be 28 required to install EMDs in those common areas, upon the collective 29 request of the residents and the residents' authorized representatives, 30 if all of the residents of the group home and their authorized 31 representatives agree to have such EMDs installed and expressly 32 consent to the installation and use of such devices. A licensee will 33 be prohibited from requiring the group home's current residents to 34 consent to the installation and use of EMDs in the common areas as 35 a condition of their continued residency in the group home.

A licensee operating a group home that does not have EMDs 36 37 already installed in the common areas will be required: 1) within six 38 months after the group home adopts an internal electronic monitoring 39 policy pursuant to the bill's provisions, to take affirmative action to 40 determine whether the residents of the group home and their 41 authorized representatives want and consent to have EMDs installed 42 and used in the group home's common areas; and 2) annually provide 43 written notice to all residents and their authorized representatives 44 informing them of their right to request the installation and use of 45 EMDs in the group home's common areas.

The bill would require any group home that installs and uses
EMDs in its common areas, pursuant to the agreement, request, and
consent of the residents, to: 1) require each person employed by the

1 group home to provide express written consent to the use of the 2 EMDs in the group home's common areas, as a condition of the 3 person's employment; 2) ensure that a prominent written notice is 4 posted at the entrance and exit doors to the home informing visitors 5 that they will be subject to electronic video monitoring while present 6 in the home; and 3) ensure that, in the future, the group home only 7 allows residence by those individuals who consent to the ongoing use 8 of EMDs in the group home's common areas.

9 The EMDs installed in a group home's common areas are to be 10 unobstructed and recording at all times. Each licensee will be 11 required to inspect the devices, and document the results of each 12 inspection, on a weekly basis. The DHS will further be required to annually conduct an on-site device inspection, as part of its broader 13 14 group home inspection authority, in order to ensure that the EMDs 15 installed in a group home's common areas are functioning properly, 16 as required by the bill.

17 An individual's refusal to consent to the use of EMDs in a group 18 home's common areas may not be used as a basis to prevent the 19 timely placement of the individual in appropriate housing without 20 surveillance.

21 The bill would specify that nothing in the provisions of section 3, 22 regarding the installation of EMDs in a group home's common areas, 23 may be deemed to prohibit a group home licensee from installing and 24 utilizing EMDs in the group home's common areas, pursuant to the 25 group home's internal policies, in cases where the group home's 26 residents have not submitted a collective request for such monitoring. 27 This bill is intended to require the placement of EMDs in common 28 areas only in cases where group home residents have collectively 29 requested the electronic monitoring of such common areas. It is not 30 intended to limit a licensee's discretionary ability to install and 31 utilize EMDs in the common areas, in accordance with the group home's internal policies, in the absence of a collective resident 32 33 request.

34

35 Installation and Use of EMDs in Private Rooms

The bill would further require all group homes to permit EMDs to
be installed and used, on a voluntary and noncompulsory basis, in the
private rooms of residents.

39 The installation and use of EMDs in a private single occupancy 40 room may be done by the resident or the resident's authorized 41 representative, at any time, following the resident's provision of 42 written notice to the licensee of the resident's intent to engage in 43 electronic monitoring of the private room. Such written notice is to 44 be submitted to the licensee at least 15 days prior to installation of 45 the devices in the private single occupancy room. Any resident, or 46 the authorized representative thereof, who provides such a notice of 47 intent to install EMDs in a private single occupancy room, or who so

1 installs such devices, will be deemed to have implicitly consented to 2 electronic monitoring of the private room. 3 The installation and use of EMDs in a private double occupancy 4 room may be effectuated only with the express written consent of the 5 roommates of the resident who requested the monitoring, or of the 6 roommates' authorized representatives, as the case may be. A 7 roommate may place conditions on his or her consent to the use of 8 EMDs within the double occupancy room, including conditions that 9 require the EMDs to be pointed away from the consenting roommate 10 at all times during operation, or at certain specified times. The 11 roommate's consent to electronic monitoring, and any conditions on 12 the roommate's consent, are to be memorialized in a formal 13 electronic monitoring agreement that is executed between the 14 consenting roommate and the resident who requested the monitoring, 15 or between their authorized representatives, as appropriate. The 16 licensee, either through its own activities or through a third-party's 17 activities, will be required to ensure that the conditions established 18 in the agreement are followed.

19 If a resident's roommate or the roommate's authorized 20 representative, as appropriate, refuses to consent to the installation 21 and use of an EMD in a private double occupancy room, or if the 22 licensee is unable to ensure compliance with the conditions on such 23 installation and use that are imposed by a consenting roommate or 24 the roommate's authorized representative, the licensee will be 25 required, within a reasonable period of time, and to the extent 26 practicable, to transfer the resident requesting the installation of the 27 device to a different private room, in order to accommodate the 28 resident's request for private monitoring. If a request for private 29 monitoring cannot be accommodated, the resident or resident's 30 authorized representative may notify the DDD, which will be 31 required to make every reasonable attempt to timely transfer the resident to a group home that can accommodate the request. 32

All of the costs associated with installation and maintenance of an
EMD in a private room are to be paid by the resident who requested
the monitoring, or by the authorized representative thereof.

36

37 Additional Provisions

38 The bill would require a group home licensee, when seeking to 39 obtain consent from residents for electronic monitoring, to comply 40 with best practices that apply to professional interactions or 41 communications being undertaken with persons with developmental 42 disabilities, and particularly, with those persons who have difficulty 43 with communication or understanding. The DDD would be 44 authorized to impose any additional consent or consent declination 45 requirements that it deems to be necessary.

Any recordings produced by an EMD in a group home's common
areas are to be retained by the group home for a period of 45 days.
Any consent forms, consent declination forms, and notice of intent

forms submitted under the bill are to be retained by the group home
 for a period of time to be determined by the DDD.

3 Within 180 days after the bill's effective date, each group home 4 will be required to develop and submit to the division a written 5 internal policy specifying the procedures and protocols that are to be 6 used by program staff when installing and utilizing EMDs. The 7 internal policy is to provide, amongst other things, that whenever a 8 licensee receives notice about a complaint, allegation, or reported 9 incident of abuse, neglect, or exploitation occurring within the group 10 home, the licensee will forward to the DDD, for appropriate review, 11 all potentially relevant footage recorded by EMDs in the group 12 home's common areas.

13 Any residential program that fails to comply with the bill's 14 requirements will be subject to a penalty of \$5,000 for the first 15 offense and \$10,000 for the second or subsequent offense, as well as 16 an appropriate administrative penalty, the amount of which is to be 17 determined by the DHS. However, a group home licensee will not 18 be subject to penalties or other disciplinary action for failing to 19 comply with the bill's requirements if the group home licensee 20 establishes, through documentation or otherwise, that EMDs were 21 installed and being utilized in the group home on the bill's effective date, and that the group home is, therefore, exempt from compliance 22 23 with the bill's provisions related to the placement of EMDs in 24 unmonitored areas.

25 The Commissioner of Human Services, in consultation with the 26 assistant commissioner of the DDD, will be required to annually 27 report to the Governor and Legislature on the implementation of the bill's provisions. The Ombudsman for Individuals with Intellectual 28 29 or Developmental Disabilities and Their Families will similarly be 30 required to include, in each of the ombudsman's annual reports, a 31 section evaluating the implementation of the bill and providing 32 recommendations for improvement. In addition, the bill requires the 33 DDD, within five years of the bill's effective date, to submit a written 34 report that: 1) identifies best practices for the installation and use of 35 EMDs under the bill; 2) identifies best practices and provides 36 recommendations regarding the obtaining of informed consent for 37 monitoring under the bill; and electronic 3) provides 38 recommendations for the implementation of new legislation, policies, 39 protocols, and procedures related to the use of EMDs in group homes. 40 This bill is named in honor of Billy Cray, an individual with a 41 developmental disability who, in 2017, at 33 years of age, was 42 unfortunately found dead in the group home in New Jersey where he 43 resided.