# SENATE, No. 4295 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 219th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED DECEMBER 20, 2021

Sponsored by: Senator STEPHEN M. SWEENEY District 3 (Cumberland, Gloucester and Salem)

## SYNOPSIS

Concerns changes in control of hotels and disruptions of hotel services.

# **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT** As introduced.



AN ACT concerning changes in control of hotels and disruptions of
 hotel services and supplementing Title 29 of the Revised Statutes.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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7 1. a. (1) Not less than 30 days before a change in control or 8 change in controlling interest or identity, a former hotel employer 9 shall provide the successor hotel employer with a full and accurate 10 list containing the name, address, date of hire, phone number, wage 11 rate, and employment classification of each hotel service employee 12 employed at an affected hotel. At the same time that the former hotel 13 employer provides the list, the former hotel employer shall post the 14 list in a notice to the hotel service employees that also sets forth the 15 rights provided by this section, in the same location and manner that 16 other statutorily required notices to the employees are posted at the 17 affected hotel; provided that if the hotel is not open to the public, the 18 notice shall be transmitted in the same manner as any offer of 19 employment made pursuant to paragraph (2) of this subsection a. The 20 notice shall also be provided to the employees' collective bargaining 21 representative, if any.

(2) A successor hotel employer shall, during the hotel service 22 23 employee retention period, offer each eligible hotel service employee 24 employment for no less than 90 working days under the terms and 25 conditions established by the successor hotel employer, with no 26 reduction of wages or benefits, except that the wage and benefit rates 27 offered and paid for the period may be higher than the rates last paid 28 to the employee by the former hotel employer, and shall not be lower 29 than any rate required by law. The offers shall be made in writing 30 and shall remain open for at least 10 business days from the date of 31 the offer.

32 (3) Except as provided in paragraph (4) of this subsection, an
33 eligible hotel service employee retained pursuant to this section shall
34 not be discharged without cause during the hotel service employee
35 retention period.

36 (4) If at any time during the hotel service employee retention 37 period the successor hotel employer determines that fewer hotel 38 service employees are required than were employed by the former 39 hotel employer, the successor hotel employer shall retain eligible 40 hotel service employees by seniority and experience within each job 41 classification, to the extent the classification exists, and offer to 42 rehire the laid-off employees if the positions are subsequently 43 restored.

44 (5) A successor hotel employer shall retain written verification of
45 each offer of employment made pursuant to paragraph (2) of this
46 subsection. The verification shall include the name, address, date of
47 hire, phone number, wage rate, and employment classification of the
48 eligible hotel service employee to whom the offer was made. A

successor hotel employer shall retain the verification for no less than
 three years from the date the offer is made.

3 (6) At the end of the hotel service employee retention period, the 4 successor hotel employer shall perform a written performance 5 evaluation for each hotel service employee retained pursuant to this 6 section. If the employee's performance during the retention period is 7 satisfactory, the successor hotel employer shall offer the employee 8 continued employment under the terms and conditions established by 9 the successor hotel employer. A successor hotel employer shall 10 retain the written performance evaluation for no less than three years 11 from the date it is issued.

b. A hotel service employee who has been discharged or not retained in violation of this section, or a representative of the employee, may bring an action in a court of competent jurisdiction against a former hotel employer or successor hotel employer for any violation of an obligation imposed pursuant to this section.

The court shall have authority to order preliminary and permanent equitable relief, including, but not limited to, reinstatement of any employee who has been discharged or not retained in violation of this section. If the court finds that by reason of a violation of any obligation imposed pursuant to subsection b. of this section, a hotel service employee has been discharged or not retained in violation of this section, the court shall award:

24 (1) back pay, and an equal amount as liquidated damages, for 25 each day during which the violation continues, which shall be 26 calculated at a rate of compensation not less than the higher of: the 27 average regular rate of pay received by the employee during the last 28 three years of the employee's employment in the same occupation 29 classification; or the final regular rate of pay received by the 30 employee. Back pay shall apply to the period commencing on the 31 date of the discharge or refusal-to-retain by the successor hotel 32 employer and ending on the effective date of any offer of instatement 33 or reinstatement of the employee;

34 (2) costs of benefits the successor hotel service employer would
35 have incurred for the employee under the employee's benefit plan;
36 and

37 (3) the employee's reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

The court shall have authority to order the former or successor
hotel employer, as applicable, to provide any information required
pursuant to subsection b. of this section.

c. This section shall not apply to:

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(1) any successor hotel employer who, on or before the change of
control or change in controlling interest or identity, agrees to assume,
or to be bound by, the collective bargaining agreement of the former
hotel employer until the end of the term of the agreement or the end
of hotel service employee retention period, whichever is later,
provided that the collective bargaining agreement includes terms and
conditions for the discharge or laying off of employees;

1 (2) if there was no existing collective bargaining agreement as 2 described in paragraph (1) of this subsection, any successor hotel 3 employer who agrees, on or before the change of control or change 4 in controlling interest or identity, to enter into a new collective 5 bargaining agreement covering its hotel service employees, provided 6 that the collective bargaining agreement includes terms and 7 conditions for the discharge or laying off of employees; or

8 (3) a former hotel employer who obtains a written commitment 9 from a successor hotel employer that the successor hotel employer's 10 hotel service employees will be covered by a collective bargaining 11 agreement that includes terms and conditions for the discharge or 12 laying off of employees.

d. Each hotel employer shall maintain for three years, for each employee and former employee, by name, a record showing the employee's regular hourly rate of pay for each week of the employee's employment. The hotel employer shall make an employee's or former employee's records available in full to the employee or former employee upon request.

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e. For the purposes of this section:

20 "Affected hotel" means a hotel or discrete portion of a hotel that
21 has been the subject of a change in control or a change in controlling
22 interest or identity.

"Change in control" means any sale, assignment, transfer,
contribution or other disposition of all or substantially all of the
assets used in the operation of a hotel or a discrete portion of a hotel.
A change in control shall be defined to occur on the date of execution
of the document effectuating the change.

"Change in controlling interest or identity" means any sale, 28 29 assignment, transfer, contribution or other disposition of a 30 controlling interest, including by consolidation, merger or 31 reorganization, of a hotel employer or any person who controls a 32 hotel employer; or any other event or sequence of events, including 33 a purchase, sale or lease termination of a management contract or 34 lease, that causes the identity of the hotel employer at a hotel to 35 change. A change in controlling interest or identity shall be defined to occur on the date of execution of the document effectuating the 36 37 change.

38 "Eligible hotel service employee" means a hotel service employee39 employed by a hotel employer at an affected hotel.

40 "Former hotel employer" means any hotel employer who owns,
41 controls or operates a hotel prior to a change in control or change in
42 controlling interest or identity of a hotel or of a discrete portion of a
43 hotel that continues to operate as a hotel after the change.

"Hotel" means a hotel, apartment hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp,
tourist cabin, tourist home, rooming or boarding house, club, or
similar establishment where sleeping accommodations are supplied
for pay to transient or permanent guests.

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"Hotel employer" means any person who owns, controls or
operates a hotel, and includes any person or contractor who, in a
managerial, supervisory or confidential capacity, employs one or
more hotel service employees.

5 "Hotel service" means work performed in connection with the 6 operation of a hotel, including, but not limited to, letting of guest 7 rooms, letting of meeting rooms, provision of food or beverage 8 services, provision of banquet services, or provision of spa services.

9 "Hotel service employee" means: any person employed to perform 10 a hotel service at an affected hotel during the 365-day period 11 immediately preceding the change in control or change in controlling 12 interest or identity of the hotel; or any person formerly employed to 13 perform a hotel service at an affected hotel who retains recall rights 14 under the former hotel employer's collective bargaining agreement, 15 if any, or under any comparable arrangement established by the 16 former hotel employer, on the date of the change in control or change 17 in controlling interest or identity of the hotel, except that "hotel 18 service employee" shall not include persons who are managerial, 19 supervisory or confidential employees or who otherwise exercise 20 control over the management of the hotel.

21 "Hotel service employee retention period" means the 90-day 22 period beginning on the date of a change in control or change in 23 controlling interest or identity of the hotel or of a discrete portion of 24 the hotel that continues to operate as a hotel after the change, except 25 that, if the hotel is not open to the public on the date, the 90-day 26 period shall begin on the first day that the hotel is open to the public 27 after the change.

"Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate,
trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint
venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or
instrumentality, public corporation, or any other legal or commercial
entity.

"Successor hotel employer" means a hotel employer who owns,
controls or operates a hotel after a change in control or change in
controlling interest or identity of the hotel or of a discrete portion of
the hotel that continues to operate as a hotel after the change.

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2. 38 a. Within 24 hours of the occurrence of a service disruption, 39 a hotel operator shall provide, in all modifiable mediums in which 40 the hotel advertises, solicits customers, or through which customers 41 can book or reserve rooms or services, notification of the service disruption to each third-party vendor and each guest who is seeking, 42 43 or has entered into, a reservation, booking, or agreement with the 44 hotel operator or a third-party vendor for the use or occupancy of a 45 room. The notification shall also be provided immediately before 46 accepting or entering into any new reservation, booking, or 47 agreement for the use or occupancy of a room or hotel service. The 48 notification shall also be provided to any current guest. If the

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circumstances of the service disruption make timely notification
 impracticable, the notification shall be made as soon as practicable.

3 The notification shall describe: the nature of the service b. 4 disruption; the extent of the service disruption's effect on 5 reservations, bookings, or agreements to use or occupy the room or hotel services; and the right of a guest to cancel or terminate the 6 7 reservation, booking, or agreement for the use or occupancy of the 8 room or hotel services, with a refund if applicable and without the 9 imposition of any fee, penalty, or other charge, as provided in 10 subsections c. and d. of this section. If the notification is included in 11 a communication containing other information, the notification shall 12 be in a significantly larger font and different color than the remainder 13 of the communication.

c. A hotel operator shall not impose any fee, penalty, or other charge, nor retain any deposit, in the event a guest, prior to checking in, cancels a reservation, booking, or agreement with the hotel operator for the use or occupancy of a room, if the guest's stay or room is, or could be, affected by a service disruption during the guest's stay or use of a hotel service.

20 d. If a service disruption arises only after any guest of the room 21 has checked in, the hotel operator shall prominently and clearly 22 notify the guest of the service disruption within 24 hours of the 23 disruption, as provided in subsection a. of this section. The 24 notification shall specify the rights set forth in this subsection, 25 pursuant to subsection b. of this section. The guests of the room or 26 hotel service may terminate any reservation, booking, or agreement 27 for the rental of the room or use of a hotel service, and the hotel 28 operator shall not impose any fee, penalty, or other charge for the 29 termination, nor retain any deposit related to any unused portion of 30 the period of the reservation, booking, or agreement following the 31 onset of the service disruption.

e. A hotel operator that violates or causes another person to
violate a provision of this section or any rule promulgated pursuant
to the section, shall be subject to a civil penalty collectible by the
Department of Community Affairs in a summary proceeding
pursuant to the "Penalty Enforcement Law of 1999," P.L.1999, c.274
(C.2A:58-10 et seq.), as follows:

(1) a civil penalty of \$500 for the first violation;

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39 (2) a civil penalty of \$1,000 for the second violation issued for
40 the same offense within a period of two years of the date of the first
41 violation;

42 (3) a civil penalty of \$2,500 for the third violation issued for the
43 same offense within a period of two years of the date of the first
44 violation; and

45 (4) a civil penalty of \$5,000 for the fourth and each subsequent
46 violation issued for the same offense within a period of two years of
47 the date of the first violation.

1 The continuation of a violation shall constitute a separate offense 2 for each successive day 3 In addition to any other penalties or remedies for violations of f. 4 this section, any guest or customer may also bring a private cause of 5 action in any court of competent jurisdiction to recover, in addition to the remedies provided for in this act, compensatory, equitable and 6 7 consequential damages, and reasonable costs of the action and 8 attorney's fees. 9 g. For the purposes of this section: 10 "Hotel" means a hotel, apartment hotel, motel, inn, tourist camp, tourist cabin, tourist home, rooming or boarding house, club, or 11 12 similar establishment where sleeping accommodations are supplied 13 for pay to transient or permanent guests. 14 "Hotel operator" means any person, including a contractor, who 15 owns, controls or operates a hotel. 16 "Hotel service" means work performed in connection with the 17 operation of a hotel, including, but not limited to, letting of guest 18 rooms, letting of meeting rooms, provision of food or beverage 19 services, provision of banquet services, or provision of spa services. 20 "Room" means a room available or let out for use or occupancy in 21 a hotel. 22 "Service disruption" means any of the following conditions where 23 the condition substantially affects or is likely to substantially affect 24 any guest's use of a room or utilization of a hotel service: 25 (1) construction work in or directly related to the hotel that 26 creates excessive noise that is likely to substantially disturb a guest, 27 other than construction that is intended to correct an emergency 28 condition or other condition requiring immediate attention; 29 (2) conditions of which the hotel operator is aware, indicating the presence in the hotel of any infestation by bed bugs, lice or other 30 31 insects, rodents or other vermin capable of spreading disease or being carried, including on one's person, if the infestation has not been 32 33 fully treated by a licensed exterminator within 24 hours of identifying 34 it; 35 (3) the unavailability, for a period of 24 hours or more, of any 36 advertised hotel amenity, including, but not limited to, a pool, spa, 37 shuttle service, internet access, or food and beverage service; 38 (4) the unavailability, for a period of 24 hours or more, of any 39 advertised room appliances or technology, including but not limited 40 to, in-room refrigerators, or internet or Wi-Fi services; 41 (5) the unavailability of any advertised or legally required 42 accessibility feature, including, but not limited to, an elevator, 43 wheelchair lift, ramp, or accessible bathroom in the room or in any 44 common area of the hotel; 45 (6) the unavailability for a period of 24 hours or more, of any 46 utility, including, but not limited to, gas, water, or electricity when 47 the unavailability affects only the location of the hotel; or

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1 (7) any strike, lockout or picketing activity, or other 2 demonstration or event for a calendar day or more at or near the hotel. 3 "Third-party vendor" means a vendor with which a hotel operator 4 has an arrangement for third-party room reservations, or any other 5 entity that has reserved or entered into an agreement or booking for 6 the use or occupancy of one or more rooms in a hotel in furtherance 7 of the business of reselling the rooms to guests.

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9 3. The provisions of this act shall be deemed to be severable and 10 if any section, subsection, paragraph, sentence or other portion of this act is for any reason held or declared by any court of competent 11 12 jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or preempted by federal law, or the applicability of that portion to any person or facility is held invalid, 13 14 the remainder of this act shall not thereby be deemed to be 15 unconstitutional, preempted or invalid.

17 4. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to any 18 change in control or change in controlling interest or identity of a 19 hotel occurring after the effective date.

### **STATEMENT**

24 This bill, in the case of a change in control, controlling interest, or 25 identity of a hotel, requires the successor hotel employer to offer 26 employment to each eligible hotel service employee, with no 27 reduction of wages or benefits, for a retention period of not less than 90 days. The former hotel employer is required to provide the 28 29 successor hotel employer with a full list of the identities, wage rates, 30 and classifications of the hotel's service employees, and notify the 31 employees of their rights under the bill.

32 The successor employer is not allowed to discharge the employees 33 during the retention period, except for a reduction in force in which 34 the employer retains employees on the basis of seniority and 35 experience, and offers to rehire the laid off employees if the positions are subsequently restored. The employer is required, at the end of 36 37 the retention period, to make a performance evaluation of each 38 retained employee, and offer continued employment if the 39 employee's performance is satisfactory.

40 The provisions of the bill regarding retention of employees do not 41 apply if there is a collective bargaining agreement that includes terms 42 and conditions for the discharge or laying off of employees.

43 The bill also requires a hotel operator to provide notification to 44 third-party vendors and guests of any services disruption within 24 45 hours of becoming aware of the disruption, and provide guests the 46 right to cancel any agreement for occupancy without penalty.