

[First Reprint]

ASSEMBLY, No. 1747

STATE OF NEW JERSEY
220th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2022 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman JOHN F. MCKEON

District 27 (Essex and Morris)

Assemblyman WILLIAM F. MOEN, JR.

District 5 (Camden and Gloucester)

Assemblywoman ANGELA V. MCKNIGHT

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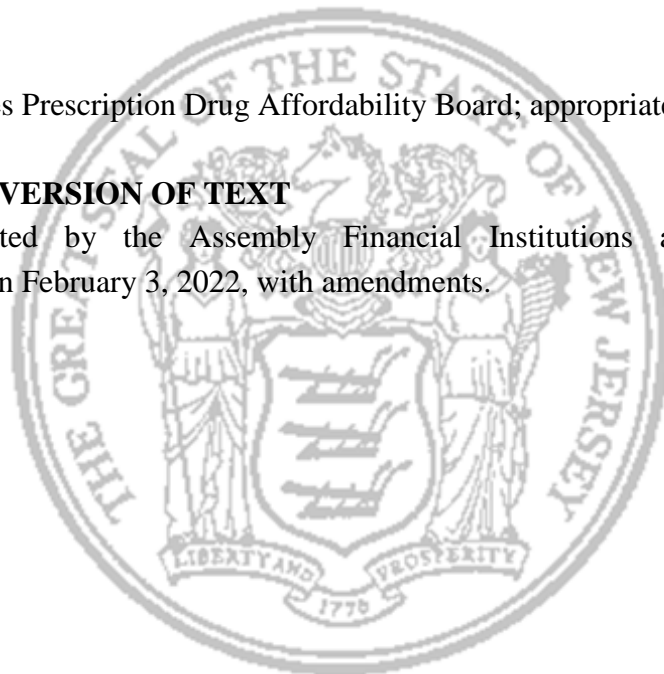
Assemblywoman Jasey, Assemblymen Giblin, Mukherji, Assemblywomen Reynolds-Jackson, Chaparro, Murphy, Assemblymen Danielsen, Spearman, Assemblywoman Timberlake, Assemblymen Verrelli, Calabrese, Caputo, Assemblywomen Tucker, Park, Haider, Jaffer, Jimenez, Sumter and Assemblyman Karabinchak

SYNOPSIS

Establishes Prescription Drug Affordability Board; appropriates \$1,000,000.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As reported by the Assembly Financial Institutions and Insurance Committee on February 3, 2022, with amendments.



(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/26/2022)

1 AN ACT concerning pharmaceuticals, supplementing Title 24 of the
2 Revised Statutes, and making an appropriation.

3

4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5 of New Jersey:

6

7 1. As used in this act:

8 “Biological product” means the same as that term is defined in
9 section 1 of P.L.2015, c.130 (C.24:6K-1).

10 ¹“Biosimilar” means a drug that is produced or distributed in
11 accordance with an approved biologics license application approved
12 under subsection (k) of section 351 of the Public Health Service Act
13 (42 U.S.C. s.262(k)).¹

14 “Board” means the Prescription Drug Affordability Board
15 established pursuant to section 2 of this act.

16 “Brand name drug” means a drug that is produced or distributed
17 in accordance with an original new drug application approved under
18 21 U.S.C. s.355(c). “Brand name drug” shall not include an
19 authorized generic drug as defined in 42 C.F.R. s.447.502.

20 “Carrier” means the same as that term is defined in section 2 of
21 P.L.1997, c.192 (C.26:2S-2).

22 “Council” means the Prescription Drug Affordability
23 Stakeholder Council established pursuant to section 3 of this act.

24 “Generic drug” means: a retail drug that is marketed or
25 distributed in accordance with an abbreviated new drug application
26 that is approved under 21 U.S.C. s.355(j); an authorized generic as
27 defined in 42 C.F.R. s.447.502; or a drug that entered the market
28 before 1962 that was not originally marketed under a new drug
29 application.

30 “Health benefits plan” means the same as that term is defined in
31 section 2 of P.L.1997, c.192 (C.26:2S-2).

32 ¹**【 “Interchangeable” means the same as that term is defined in**
33 **section 1 of P.L.2015, c.130 (C.24:6K-1).】¹**

34 “Logistics provider” means an entity that receives a prescription
35 drug product from the original or contract manufacturer,
36 warehouses and delivers the prescription drug product at the
37 direction of the manufacturer, and does not purchase, sell, trade, or
38 take title to the prescription drug product.

39 “Manufacturer” means an entity that: engages in the
40 manufacture of a prescription drug product or enters into a lease
41 with another manufacturer to market and distribute a prescription
42 drug product under the entity’s own name; and sets or changes the
43 wholesale acquisition cost of the prescription drug product that it
44 manufactures or markets.

EXPLANATION – Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined thus is new matter.

Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows:

¹Assembly AFI committee amendments adopted February 3, 2022.

1 “Prescription drug product” means a brand name drug, a generic
2 drug, ¹or¹ a biological product¹【, or an interchangeable product¹】¹.

3 “Wholesale distributor” means a business registering under
4 P.L.1961, c.52 (C.24:6B-1 et seq.) that is engaged in the wholesale
5 distribution of a prescription drug product. “Wholesale distributor”
6 shall not include a common carrier, or an employee thereof, whose
7 possession of a prescription drug product is in the usual course of
8 the common carrier’s or employee’s business or employment, and
9 shall not include a logistics provider or an employee thereof.

10
11 2. a. The Prescription Drug Affordability Board is established
12 in, but not of, the Department of Law and Public Safety.
13 Notwithstanding the foregoing, the board shall be independent of
14 any supervision or control by the department or by any agency,
15 board, office, or individual within the department.

16 b. It shall be the duty of the board to protect New Jersey
17 residents, State and local governments, health benefits plans, health
18 care providers, licensed pharmacies, and other stakeholders within
19 the State health care system from the high costs of prescription drug
20 products.

21 c. (1) The board shall comprise five public members and three
22 alternate public members, who shall participate in board
23 deliberations in any case in which a public member is recused.

24 (a) The five public members of the board shall be appointed as
25 follows: one member by the Governor; one member by the
26 President of the Senate; one member by the Speaker of the General
27 Assembly; one member by the Attorney General; and one member
28 jointly by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the
29 General Assembly, which member shall serve as chair of the board.

30 (b) The three alternate public members of the board shall be
31 appointed as follows: one member by the Governor; one member
32 by the President of the Senate; and one member by the Speaker of
33 the General Assembly.

34 (2) Each public member and alternate public member of the
35 board shall have expertise in health care economics or clinical
36 medicine.

37 (3) No public member ¹or alternate public member¹ of the board
38 may be an employee of, a board member of, or a consultant to, a
39 manufacturer, pharmacy benefits manager, health benefits plan
40 carrier, or wholesale distributor or related trade association. ¹【No
41 alternate public member of the board may be an employee of, a
42 board member of, or a consultant to, a health benefits plan carrier or
43 a wholesale distributor or related trade association.】¹

44 (4) An individual appointed to the board as a public member or
45 an alternate public member shall disclose, at the time of
46 appointment, any conflict of interest, including whether the
47 individual has an association, including a financial or personal
48 association, that has the potential to bias or has the appearance of

1 biasing the individual's decision in matters related to the board or
2 the conduct of the board's activities.

3 (5) To the extent practicable and consistent with State and
4 federal law, the membership of the board shall reflect the racial,
5 ethnic, and gender diversity of the State.

6 d. Public members and alternate public members of the board
7 shall serve for a term of five years, except that, of the public
8 members first appointed, one shall serve a term of three years, two
9 shall serve a term of four years, and two shall serve a term of five
10 years. Public members and alternate public members shall be
11 eligible for reappointment to the board. Vacancies in the
12 membership shall be filled in the same manner as provided for the
13 original appointment, and members shall serve until a successor has
14 been appointed.

15 e. The chair of the board shall hire an executive director,
16 general counsel, and staff. Every five years, the chair shall develop
17 a five-year budget and staffing plan and submit it to the board for
18 approval. The executive director, general counsel, and staff of the
19 board shall receive a salary as provided in the budget of the board.
20 Public and alternate public members of the board shall be entitled to
21 such compensation as may be approved under the State budget, and
22 shall be entitled to reimbursement for expenses reasonably incurred
23 in the performance of their official duties.

24 f. The board shall meet in open session at least once every six
25 weeks, provided that the chair shall have the authority to postpone
26 or cancel any required meeting. Three members shall constitute a
27 quorum for the purposes of conducting official board business.

28 (1) The following board actions shall be undertaken in open
29 session:

30 (a) the study required under section 5 of this act;

31 (b) deliberations as to whether to subject a prescription drug
32 product to a cost review pursuant to section 7 of this act;

33 (c) any vote on whether to establish an upper payment limit on
34 purchases and payor reimbursements of prescription drug products
35 in the State or to authorize and develop requirements for the
36 importation of prescription drug products from other countries; and

37 (d) any enforcement, regulatory, or other decision by the board.

38 (2) The board may meet in closed session to discuss trade
39 secrets or confidential and proprietary data and information, as
40 described in section 8 of this act.

41 (3) The board shall provide public notice of each board meeting
42 at least two weeks in advance of the meeting. Materials for each
43 board meeting shall be made available to the public at least seven
44 calendar days in advance of the meeting.

45 (4) The board shall provide an opportunity for public comment
46 at each open meeting of the board.

47 (5) The board shall provide the public with the opportunity to
48 provide written comments on pending decisions of the board.

- 1 (6) The board may allow expert testimony at board meetings,
2 including when the board meets in closed session.
- 3 (7) To the extent practicable, the board shall access pricing
4 information for prescription drug products by:
- 5 (a) entering into a memorandum of understanding with another
6 state to which manufacturers already report pricing information;
7 and
- 8 (b) accessing other available pricing information.
- 9 (8) (a) Public members of the board shall recuse themselves
10 from decisions related to a prescription drug product if the member,
11 or an immediate family member of the member, has received or
12 could receive any of the following:
- 13 (i) a direct financial benefit of any amount deriving from the
14 result or finding of a study or determination by or for the board; or
- 15 (ii) a financial benefit from any person that owns, manufactures,
16 or provides prescription drug products, services, or items to be
17 studied by the board that, in the aggregate, exceeds \$500 per year.
- 18 (b) For the purposes of subparagraph (a) of this paragraph, a
19 financial benefit includes honoraria, fees, stock, the value of the
20 member's or immediate family member's stock holdings, and any
21 direct financial benefit deriving from the finding of a review
22 conducted under this act.
- 23 (c) An alternate public member shall serve in the place of a
24 recused public member, provided the alternate public member or an
25 immediate family member of the alternate public member has not
26 received, and could not receive, any financial benefit for which
27 recusal is required pursuant to subparagraph (a) of this paragraph.
- 28 g. In addition to the other powers set forth in this act, the board
29 may:
- 30 (1) conduct hearings concerning possible violations of this act
31 and determine appropriate penalties or other remedies to be
32 assessed against individuals in violation of the requirements of this
33 act;
- 34 (2) refer non-compliance matters to the Attorney General, who
35 may pursue appropriate legal remedies; and
- 36 (3) enter into a contract with a qualified, independent third party
37 for any service necessary to carry out the powers and duties of the
38 board. Unless permission is granted by the board, a third party
39 hired by the board pursuant to this paragraph shall not release,
40 publish, or otherwise use any information to which the third party
41 has access under its contract.
- 42 h. Public members, alternate public members, staff, and third
43 party contractors of the board shall not accept any gift or donation
44 of services or property that indicates a potential conflict of interest
45 or has the appearance of biasing the work of the board.

- 1 3. a. The Prescription Drug Affordability Stakeholder Council
2 is established in, but not of, the Prescription Drug Affordability
3 Board.
- 4 b. It shall be the duty of the council to provide stakeholder
5 input to assist the board in making decisions as required under this
6 act.
- 7 c. The council shall comprise 27 members, to be appointed as
8 follows:
- 9 (1) The Speaker of the General Assembly shall appoint nine
10 members, including: (a) one representative of generic drug
11 corporations; (b) one representative of nonprofit health benefits
12 plan carriers; (c) one representative of a Statewide health care
13 advocacy coalition; (d) one representative of a Statewide advocacy
14 organization for seniors; (e) one representative of a Statewide
15 organization for diverse communities; (f) one representative of a
16 labor union; (g) one health services researcher specializing in
17 prescription drugs; and (h) two public members;
- 18 (2) The President of the Senate shall appoint nine members,
19 including: (a) one representative of brand name drug corporations;
20 (b) one representative of physicians; (c) one representative of
21 nurses; (d) one representative of hospitals; (e) one representative of
22 dentists; (f) one representative of health benefits plan carriers; (g)
23 one representative of the Office of Budget and Management in the
24 Department of the Treasury; (h) one clinical researcher; and (i) one
25 public member; and
- 26 (3) The Governor shall appoint nine members, including: (a)
27 one representative of brand name drug corporations; (b) one
28 representative of generic drug corporations; (c) one representative
29 of biotechnology companies; (d) one representative of for profit
30 health benefits plan carriers; (e) one representative of employers; (f)
31 one representative of pharmacy benefits managers; (g) one
32 representative of pharmacists; (h) one pharmacologist; and (i) one
33 public member.
- 34 d. (1) The membership of the council shall collectively have
35 knowledge of:
- 36 (a) the pharmaceutical business model;
37 (b) supply chain business models;
38 (c) the practice of medicine and clinical training;
39 (d) consumer and patient perspectives;
40 (e) health care cost trends and drivers;
41 (f) clinical and health services research; and
42 (g) the State's health care marketplace.
- 43 (2) To the extent practicable and consistent with State and
44 federal law, the membership of the council shall reflect the racial,
45 ethnic, and gender diversity of the State.
- 46 (3) The chair of the Prescription Drug Affordability Board shall
47 select, from among the membership of the council, two members
48 who shall serve as co-chairs of the council.

1 e. Each member of the council shall serve a term of three
2 years, except that, of the members first appointed, nine shall serve
3 for a term of one year, nine shall serve for a term of two years, and
4 nine shall serve for a term of three years. Members shall be eligible
5 for reappointment to the council. Vacancies in the membership
6 shall be filled in the same manner as provided for the original
7 appointment, and members shall serve until a successor has been
8 appointed.

9 f. Members of the council shall serve without compensation,
10 but may be reimbursed for expenses reasonably incurred in the
11 performance of their official duties.

12
13 4. a. Conflicts of interest involving the Prescription Drug
14 Affordability Board shall be disclosed to the public on the board's
15 Internet website as follows:

16 (1) conflicts of interest involving staff of the Prescription Drug
17 Affordability Board shall be disclosed at the time the staff member
18 is hired or at such time as an existing staff member identifies or
19 acquires a new conflict of interest;

20 (2) conflicts of interest involving the public members and
21 alternate public members of the board shall be disclosed by the
22 appointing authority at the time of appointment or at such time as
23 an existing member identifies or acquires a new conflict of interest;
24 and

25 (3) conflicts of interest requiring recusal of a public member of
26 the board from a final decision resulting from a review of a
27 prescription drug product shall be disclosed in advance of the first
28 public meeting after the conflict is identified, or within five days
29 after the conflict is identified, whichever occurs first.

30 b. Disclosure of a conflict of interest pursuant to this section
31 shall include the type, nature, and magnitude of the interests of the
32 individual involved.

33
34 5. a. The Prescription Drug Affordability Board shall conduct
35 a study of the entire pharmaceutical distribution and payment
36 system in the State and any policy options that are being used in
37 other states and countries to lower the list price of pharmaceutical
38 drug products, including, but not limited to: establishing upper
39 payment limits; using a reverse auction marketplace; using a closed
40 formulary; authorizing importation of prescription drugs from other
41 countries; and implementing a bulk purchasing process. The study
42 required pursuant to this subsection shall be completed no later than
43 18 months after the effective date of this act.

44 b. No later than six months after the effective date of this act,
45 the board shall conduct a study of the operation of the generic drug
46 market in the United States, which study shall include a review of
47 practitioner-administered drugs and consideration of:

48 (1) the prices of generic drugs on a year-to-year basis;

- 1 (2) the degree to which generic drug prices affect yearly
2 insurance premium changes;
 - 3 (3) annual changes in insurance cost-sharing for generic drugs;
 - 4 (4) the potential for, and history of, drug shortages;
 - 5 (5) the degree to which generic drug prices affect annual State
6 spending under the State Health Benefits Program, the School
7 Employees Health Benefits Program, the Medicaid and NJ
8 FamilyCare programs, the Senior Gold program, and the
9 Pharmaceutical Assistance to the Aged and Disabled program; and
 - 10 (6) any other issues the board deems relevant.
- 11 c. No later than six months after the effective date of this act,
12 the board shall conduct a study of pharmacy benefit managers, with
13 a focus on practices used by pharmacy benefit managers that may
14 impact the cost of pharmaceutical drug products in New Jersey, as
15 well as methods to regulate or otherwise restrict practices
16 demonstrated to impact pharmaceutical drug product costs,
17 including:
- 18 (1) requiring pharmacy benefits managers to disclose to the
19 board the sources and formulas used by pharmacy benefit managers
20 to determine multiple source generic drug pricing and brand-name
21 drug pricing, which sources and formulas are set forth in contracts
22 between a pharmacy benefits manager and a pharmacy services
23 administrative organization, or between a pharmacy benefits
24 manager and a contracted pharmacy, pursuant to section 2 of
25 P.L.2015, c.179 (C.17B:27F-2), and reviewing those sources and
26 formulas;
 - 27 (2) reviewing whether health benefits plans and pharmacy
28 benefit managers apply all manufacturer and pharmacy discounts,
29 rebates, concessions, and fees at the point of sale or otherwise use
30 the savings to reduce premiums to reduce the cost of pharmaceutical
31 drug products for covered persons;
 - 32 (3) prohibiting pharmacy benefit managers from establishing
33 high prices for payers and low reimbursement rates for pharmacies;
34 and
 - 35 (4) reviewing the effects of manufacturer couponing on
36 premium costs as well as copay accumulator adjustments and
37 copayment maximizers for such coupons, and ensuring that the
38 value of manufacturer payments are counted against the patient's
39 deductible and limits on out-of-pocket payments.
- 40
- 41 6. a. No later than 18 months after the effective date of this
42 act, the Prescription Drug Affordability Board shall:
 - 43 (1) collect and review publicly-available information regarding
44 prescription drug product manufacturers, health benefits plan
45 carriers, wholesale distributors, and pharmacy benefits managers;
46 and
 - 47 (2) identify states that require reporting on the cost of
48 prescription drug products and initiate the process of entering into

- 1 memoranda of understanding with those states to aid in the
2 collection of transparency data for prescription drug products.
- 3 b. Based on the information and data collected pursuant to
4 subsection a. of this section, the board shall, in consultation with
5 the Prescription Drug Affordability Stakeholder Council:
- 6 (1) establish methods for collecting additional data necessary to
7 carry out its duties under this act; and
- 8 (2) identify circumstances under which the cost of a prescription
9 drug product may create or has created affordability challenges for
10 the State health care system and for New Jersey patients.
- 11 c. The board shall use the information and data collected
12 pursuant to subsection a. of this section to identify prescription drug
13 products that are:
- 14 (1) brand name drugs or biological products that, as adjusted
15 annually for inflation in accordance with the Consumer Price Index,
16 have:
- 17 (a) a launch wholesale acquisition cost of \$30,000 or more per
18 year or course of treatment; or
- 19 (b) a wholesale acquisition cost increase of \$3,000 or more in
20 any 12-month period, or over any course of treatment that is less
21 than 12 months in duration;
- 22 (2) ¹~~interchangeable biological~~ biosimilar¹ products that have
23 a launch wholesale acquisition cost that is not at least 15 percent
24 lower than the referenced brand name biological product at the time
25 the ¹~~interchangeable~~ biosimilar¹ product is launched;
- 26 (3) generic drugs that, as adjusted annually for inflation in
27 accordance with the Consumer Price Index, have a wholesale
28 acquisition cost:
- 29 (a) of \$100 or more for:
- 30 (i) a 30-day supply lasting a patient for a period of 30
31 consecutive days, based on the recommended dosage approved for
32 labeling by the United States Food and Drug Administration;
- 33 (ii) a supply lasting a patient for fewer than 30 days, based on
34 the recommended dosage approved for labeling by the United States
35 Food and Drug Administration; or
- 36 (iii) one unit of the drug, if the labeling approved by the United
37 States Food and Drug Administration does not recommend a finite
38 dosage; and
- 39 (b) that increased by 200 percent or more during the
40 immediately preceding 12-month period, as determined by the
41 difference between the resulting wholesale acquisition cost and the
42 average of the wholesale acquisition cost reported over the
43 immediately preceding 12 months; and
- 44 (4) in consultation with the council, other prescription drug
45 products that the board determines may create affordability issues
46 for the State health care system and New Jersey patients.

1 7. a. After identifying prescription drug products pursuant to
2 subsection c. of section 6 of this act, the Prescription Drug
3 Affordability Board shall determine whether to conduct a cost
4 review for each identified prescription drug product by seeking
5 input from the Prescription Drug Affordability Stakeholder Council
6 about the product and considering the average cost share of the
7 product.

8 b. (1) The information to conduct a cost review may include
9 any document and research related to the manufacturer's selection
10 of the introductory price or price increase of the prescription drug
11 product, including life cycle management, net average price in the
12 State, market competition and context, projected revenue, and the
13 estimated value or cost-effectiveness of the prescription drug
14 product.

15 (2) To the extent that there is no publicly-available information
16 to conduct a cost review pursuant to this section, the board shall
17 request the information from the manufacturer of the prescription
18 drug product and, as appropriate, a wholesale distributor, pharmacy
19 benefits manager, or health benefits plan carrier with relevant
20 information on how the cost of the prescription drug product in the
21 State was established. The failure of a manufacturer, wholesale
22 distributor, pharmacy benefits manager, or health benefits plan
23 carrier to provide the board with information requested under this
24 paragraph shall not affect the ability of the board to conduct a
25 review pursuant to subsection c. of this section.

26 c. (1) If the board conducts a review of the cost of a
27 prescription drug product, the review shall determine whether use
28 of the prescription drug product in a manner that is fully consistent
29 with the labeling approved by the United States Food and Drug
30 Administration or standard medical practice has led or will lead to
31 affordability challenges for the State health care system or high out-
32 of-pocket costs for New Jersey patients.

33 (2) To the extent possible, in determining whether a prescription
34 drug product identified pursuant to subsection c. of section 6 of this
35 act has led or will lead to an affordability challenge, the board shall
36 consider the following factors:

37 (a) the wholesale acquisition cost and any other relevant
38 prescription drug cost index for the prescription drug product sold
39 in the State;

40 (b) the average monetary price concession, discount, or rebate
41 the manufacturer provides or is expected to provide to health
42 benefits plans in the State, as reported by manufacturers and health
43 benefits plans, expressed as a percent of the wholesale acquisition
44 cost for the prescription drug product under review;

45 (c) the total amount of the price concession, discount, or rebate
46 the manufacturer provides to each pharmacy benefits manager
47 operating in the State for the prescription drug product under

- 1 review, as reported by manufacturers and pharmacy benefits
2 managers, expressed as a percent of the wholesale acquisition costs;
- 3 (d) the price at which therapeutic alternatives have been sold in
4 the State;
- 5 (e) the average monetary concession, discount, or rebate the
6 manufacturer provides or is expected to provide to health benefits
7 plan payors and pharmacy benefits managers in the State for
8 therapeutic alternatives;
- 9 (f) the costs to health benefits plans based on patient access
10 consistent with United States Food and Drug Administration label
11 indications;
- 12 (g) the effects on patient access resulting from the cost of the
13 prescription drug product relative to insurance benefit design;
- 14 (h) the current or expected dollar value of the drug-specific
15 patient access programs that are supported by the manufacturer;
- 16 (i) the relative financial effects on health, medical, and social
17 service costs as can be quantified and compared to the baseline
18 effects of existing therapeutic alternatives;
- 19 (j) the average patient copay or other cost-sharing for the
20 prescription drug product in the State; and
- 21 (k) any additional factors established by the board by regulation.
- 22 (3) If the board is unable to determine, using the factors listed in
23 paragraph (2) of this subsection, whether a prescription drug
24 product will produce or has produced challenges to the affordability
25 of the product to the State health care system, the board may
26 consider the following factors:
- 27 (a) the manufacturer's research and development costs, as
28 indicated on the manufacturer's federal tax filing or information
29 filed with the federal Securities and Exchange Commission for the
30 most recent tax year, in proportion to the manufacturer's sales in the
31 State;
- 32 (b) the portion of direct-to-consumer marketing costs specific to
33 the prescription drug product under review that are eligible for
34 favorable federal tax treatment in the most recent tax year,
35 multiplied by the ratio of total manufacturer in-State sales to total
36 manufacturer sales in the United States for the product;
- 37 (c) gross and net manufacturer, pharmacy benefits manager, and
38 wholesale distributor revenues for the prescription drug product
39 under review for the most recent tax year;
- 40 (d) any additional factors proposed by the manufacturer and
41 appropriate health benefits plan carriers, wholesale distributors, and
42 pharmacy benefits managers that the board considers relevant; and
- 43 (e) any additional factors that the board establishes by
44 regulation.
- 45 d. The board's process and criteria for identifying prescription
46 drugs pursuant to subsection c. of section 6 of this act, and for
47 determining whether to conduct a cost review of the prescription
48 drug pursuant to this section, shall be established by the board by

1 rules and regulations adopted pursuant to the “Administrative
2 Procedure Act,” P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), which rules
3 and regulations shall constitute the comprehensive operating plan
4 governing the board, and may include such other requirements as
5 shall be necessary to implement the provisions of this act.
6

7 8. All information and data obtained by the Prescription Drug
8 Affordability Board pursuant to this act shall be made publicly
9 available unless the board determines the information or data to be a
10 trade secret or confidential or proprietary information. Information
11 and data determined to be a trade secret or confidential or proprietary
12 information shall not be a government record pursuant to P.L.1963,
13 c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.) or P.L.2001, c.404 (C.47:1A-5 et al.). Only
14 board members and board staff shall have access to information and
15 data the board determines to be a trade secret or confidential or
16 proprietary information pursuant to this section.
17

18 9. a. If, pursuant to the study conducted under section 5 of this
19 act, the Prescription Drug Affordability Board determines that it is
20 in the best interests of the State to establish a process for
21 establishing upper payment limits for, or allowing importation from
22 other countries of, prescription drug products that it determines
23 have led or will lead to an affordability challenge, the board, in
24 conjunction with the Prescription Drug Affordability Stakeholder
25 Council, shall draft a plan of action for implementing the
26 recommended action. The board, in its discretion, may recommend
27 both establishing upper payments limits and allowing importation
28 from other countries for a given prescription drug product.

29 (1) If the board determines it is in the best interests of the State
30 to establish upper payment limits, the board’s plan of action shall
31 include the criteria the board will use to establish upper payment
32 limits, which criteria shall include consideration of:

33 (a) the cost of administering the prescription drug product;

34 (b) the cost of delivering the prescription drug product to
35 consumers; and

36 (c) other relevant administrative costs related to the prescription
37 drug product.

38 (2) If the board determines it is in the best interests of the State
39 to establish a process for importing prescription drugs from other
40 countries, the board’s plan of action shall include the criteria the
41 board will use to establish the process, which criteria shall include
42 consideration of:

43 (a) the administrative costs of establishing a system to import
44 prescription drugs;

45 (b) whether to allow direct importation by New Jersey
46 consumers or to limit importation to pharmacies or to authorized
47 State entities;

1 (c) the costs of developing mechanisms to ensure the safety and
2 security of a prescription drug importation system, including
3 mechanisms to verify the quality, source, and integrity of imported
4 prescription drug products;

5 (d) whether the added costs of implementing a prescription drug
6 product importation system will negate the anticipated savings of
7 allowing prescription drug importation; and

8 (e) other relevant administrative costs.

9 b. The process for establishing upper payment limits shall:

10 (1) prohibit the application of an upper payment limit for a
11 prescription drug that is included in the prescription drug shortage
12 list promulgated by the United States Food and Drug
13 Administration; and

14 (2) require the board to monitor the availability of any
15 prescription drug product for which it establishes an upper payment
16 limit and, if there becomes a shortage of the prescription drug
17 product in the State, reconsider or suspend the upper payment limit.

18 c. No later than 24 months after the effective date of this act,
19 the board shall submit a plan of action drafted pursuant to
20 subsection a. of this section to the Legislature for approval. The
21 plan shall be deemed rejected unless legislation implementing the
22 plan is adopted within 90 days after the date the plan is submitted to
23 Legislature for approval. Legislation approving a plan submitted by
24 the board may include modifications to the plan as submitted for
25 approval, and in no case shall a plan be deemed rejected solely
26 because the legislation implementing the plan makes technical or
27 substantive changes to the plan submitted by the board. The board
28 shall have no authority to establish upper payment limits for
29 prescription drug products pursuant to section 11 of this act, or
30 authorize the importation of prescription drug products from other
31 countries, unless the board's plan of action has been approved
32 through the adoption of implementing legislation as provided in this
33 subsection.

34

35 10. a. Subject to the requirements of subsection c. of section 10
36 of this act, commencing 30 months after the effective date of this
37 act, the Prescription Drug Affordability Board may establish upper
38 payment limits for prescription drug products that are:

39 (1) purchased or paid for by a unit of State or local government
40 or an organization on behalf of a unit of State or local government;

41 (2) paid for through a health benefit plan on behalf of a unit of
42 State or local government; or

43 (3) purchased or paid for by the State Medicaid or NJ
44 FamilyCare programs.

45 b. The upper payment limits established pursuant to subsection
46 a. of this section shall be established for prescription drug products
47 that have led or will lead to an affordability challenge, and shall be

1 established in accordance with the criteria established by the board
2 by regulation.

3 c. The board shall monitor the availability of any prescription
4 drug for which it establishes an upper payment limit and, if there
5 becomes a shortage of the prescription drug product in the State,
6 determine whether to suspend or alter the upper payment limit for
7 that prescription drug product.

8 d. An upper payment limit established pursuant to subsection a.
9 of this section shall not apply to any prescription drug product
10 included in the prescription drug shortage list maintained by the
11 United States Food and Drug Administration.

12

13 11. a. A person aggrieved by a decision or order of the
14 Prescription Drug Affordability Board may seek a rehearing of the
15 decision or order to the board within 30 days after the issuance of
16 the decision or order, or the decision or order shall become final.

17 b. The board shall conduct a new hearing on a decision or order
18 for which a rehearing is requested pursuant to subsection a. of this
19 section, and make a final decision or issue a final order no later than
20 60 days after the rehearing is requested.

21 c. A final decision or order of the board may be appealed to the
22 Appellate Division of the Superior Court no later than 45 days after
23 the decision or order becomes final. The court shall have the power
24 to grant such relief as it deems just and proper, and to make or enter
25 an order enforcing, modifying, or setting aside, in whole or in part,
26 the board's decision or order. The findings of fact on which a
27 decision or order of the board is based shall be conclusive if
28 supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a
29 whole.

30 d. Filing an appeal to the Appellate Division of the Superior
31 Court pursuant to subsection c. of this section shall not stay
32 enforcement of a final decision or order of the board unless a stay is
33 issued by the court upon application in accordance with the Rules of
34 Court or by the board upon terms and conditions as it deems proper.

35

36 12. The Prescription Drug Affordability Board shall submit the
37 following reports to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2 of
38 P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature:

39 a. No later than March 31 of each year, the board shall submit
40 a report concerning:

41 (1) price trends for prescription drug products;

42 (2) the number of prescription drug products that were subject to
43 board review and the results of the review; and

44 (3) recommendations for legislation or other action as may be
45 necessary to make prescription drug products more affordable in the
46 State.

47 b. No later than 18 months after the effective date of this act,
48 the board shall submit a report concerning the board's

1 recommendations with regard to each policy option reviewed under
2 the study completed pursuant to subsection a. of section 5 of this act
3 and its recommendations for legislative, executive, and
4 administrative action as may be appropriate.

5 c. No later than 36 months after the effective date of this act,
6 the board shall submit a report concerning:

7 (1) the legality, obstacles, and benefits of establishing upper
8 payment limits on all purchases and payor reimbursements of
9 prescription drug products in the State;

10 (2) recommendations as to whether the authority of the board
11 should be expanded legislatively to allow the board to establish
12 upper payment limits on all purchases and payor reimbursements of
13 prescription drug products in the State; and

14 (3) recommendations concerning the importation of prescription
15 drug products from other countries, including recommendations for
16 legislation as may be necessary to authorize the practice and ensure
17 the safety, security, quality, and integrity of imported prescription
18 drug products.

19

20 13. a. There is appropriated from the General Fund to the
21 Prescription Drug Affordability Board established pursuant to this act
22 the sum of \$1,000,000 million for the purposes of effectuating the
23 provisions of this act.

24 b. The Legislature shall annually appropriate from the General
25 Fund to the Prescription Drug Affordability Board established
26 pursuant to this act the sum of \$1,000,000 for the purposes of
27 effectuating the provisions of this act.

28

29 14. This act shall take effect immediately.