# SENATE, No. 1102 STATE OF NEW JERSEY 220th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED JANUARY 31, 2022

Sponsored by: Senator JOSEPH F. VITALE District 19 (Middlesex)

#### SYNOPSIS

Establishes limitations on and conditions associated with prescribers' acceptance of compensation from pharmaceutical manufacturers.

#### **CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT**

As introduced.



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AN ACT concerning prescriber compensation by pharmaceutical
 manufacturers and supplementing Title 45 of the Revised
 Statutes.

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**BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

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1. As used in this act:

9 "Bona fide services" means those services provided by a 10 prescriber pursuant to an arrangement formalized in a written 11 agreement including, but not limited to, presentations as speakers at 12 promotional activities and continuing educational events, 13 participation on advisory boards, and consulting arrangements. The 14 written agreement shall specify the services to be provided, specify 15 the dollar value of the consideration to be received by the prescriber 16 based on the fair market value of the services, and identify the 17 following: the legitimate need for services in advance; the connection between the competence, knowledge, and expertise of 18 19 the prescriber and the purpose of the arrangement; how 20 participation of the prescriber is reasonably related to achieving the identified purpose; the manner by which the prescriber will 21 22 maintain records concerning the arrangement and the services 23 provided by the prescriber; the venue and circumstances of any 24 meeting in which the prescriber participates and how the venue and 25 circumstances are conducive to the services provided and advance 26 the primary focus of the meeting; and an attestation that the 27 prescriber's decision to render the services is not unduly influenced by a pharmaceutical manufacturer's agent. 28

29 "Continuing education event" means a continuing education 30 event, third-party scientific or educational conference, professional 31 meeting, U.S. Food and Drug Administration required education 32 and training, or any other gathering where responsibility for and 33 control over the selection of content, faculty, educational methods, 34 materials, and venue belongs to the event's organizers in 35 accordance with the standards of a nationally recognized 36 accrediting entity, held in a venue that is appropriate and conducive 37 to informational communication and training about healthcare information, where: the gathering is primarily dedicated, in both 38 39 time and effort, to promoting objective scientific and educational 40 activities and discourse, in which one or more educational 41 presentations is the highlight of the gathering; and the main purpose 42 for bringing attendees together is to further their knowledge on the 43 topics being presented.

44 "Modest meals" means food or refreshment, the fair market
45 value of which does not exceed \$15 for each prescriber, or such
46 other amount as may be established by the Director of the Division
47 of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety by
48 regulation.

"Non-faculty" means a prescriber who does not serve as a
 speaker or provide actual and substantive services as a faculty
 organizer or academic program consultant for a continuing
 education event or for a promotional activity.

5 "Pharmaceutical manufacturer" or "manufacturer" means any 6 entity that: is engaged in the production, preparation, propagation, 7 compounding, conversion, or processing of prescription drugs or 8 biologics, by extraction from substances of natural origin or 9 independently by means of chemical synthesis; or is directly 10 engaged in the packaging, repackaging, labeling, relabeling, or 11 distribution of prescription drugs or biologics. "Pharmaceutical 12 manufacturer" or "manufacturer" does not include a health care 13 facility licensed by the Department of Health or a pharmacy holding 14 a permit issued by the New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy.

15 "Pharmaceutical manufacturer's agent" or "manufacturer's 16 agent" means a person who, while employed by or under contract 17 with a pharmaceutical manufacturer, engages in detailing, 18 promotional activities, or other marketing of prescription drugs or 19 biologics to: a prescriber authorized to prescribe, dispense, or 20 purchase prescription drugs or biologics; a health care facility; or a "Pharmaceutical 21 pharmacist. manufacturer's agent" or 22 "manufacturer's agent" does not include a prescriber or pharmacist 23 when acting within the ordinary scope of the practice for which the 24 prescriber or pharmacist is licensed.

25 "Prescriber" means a physician, podiatrist, physician assistant,
26 advanced practice nurse, dentist, or optometrist licensed pursuant to
27 Title 45 of the Revised Statutes. "Prescriber" does not include a
28 licensee who is an employee of a pharmaceutical manufacturer who
29 does not provide patient care.

30 "Promotional activity" means any unaccredited activity, meeting, 31 or program organized or sponsored by a pharmaceutical 32 manufacturer or the manufacturer's agent that is directed at 33 prescribers to promote the prescription, recommendation, supply, 34 administration, use, or consumption of the manufacturer's products 35 through any medium.

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a. A prescriber shall not accept, directly or indirectly, any
financial benefit or benefit-in-kind, including, but not limited to,
gifts, payments, stock, stock options, grants, scholarships,
subsidies, or charitable contributions, except as permitted under
section 3 of this act, from any manufacturer or manufacturer's
agent.

b. A prescriber shall not accept, directly or indirectly, any
entertainment or recreational items, such as tickets to theater or
sporting events, or leisure or vacation trips, from any manufacturer
or manufacturer's agent.

47 c. Except as permitted under section 3 of this act, a prescriber48 shall not accept from any manufacturer or manufacturer's agent any

item of value that does not advance disease or treatment education,
 including:

3 (1) pens, note pads, clipboards, mugs, or other items with a 4 company or product logo;

5 (2) items intended for the personal benefit of the prescriber or 6 staff, such as floral arrangements, sporting equipment, artwork, or 7 items that may have utility in both the professional and non-8 professional setting, such as electronic devices;

9 (3) any payment in cash or cash equivalent, such as a gift card 10 or gift certificate; or

(4) any payment or direct subsidy to a non-faculty prescriber to
support attendance at, or as remuneration for time spent attending,
or for the costs of travel, lodging, or other personal expenses
associated with attending, any continuing education event or
promotional activity.

d. A prescriber shall not accept meals from any manufactureror manufacturer's agent, except as provided in section 3 of this act.

18 Unless an immediate family member is employed by a e. 19 manufacturer and receives, as part of the usual and customary 20 employment relationship, compensation, financial benefit, or other 21 item of value, the prohibitions listed in this rule shall also apply to 22 the prescriber's immediate family. For purposes of this subsection, 23 "immediate family" means an individual's spouse, civil union 24 partner, or domestic partner, or the individual's or spouse's, civil 25 union partner's, or domestic partner's parent, child, brother, sister, 26 aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, grandparent, grandchild, son-in-law, 27 daughter-in-law, stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, stepsister, halfbrother, or half-sister, whether the relative is related to the 28 29 individual or the individual's spouse, civil union partner, or 30 domestic partner by blood, marriage, or adoption.

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32 3. Consistent with the requirements of this section, a prescriber
33 may accept the following from a manufacturer or manufacturer's
34 agent:

35 Items designed primarily for educational purposes for the a. 36 prescriber or patients that have minimal or no value to the prescriber 37 outside of the prescriber's professional responsibilities. Examples of 38 educational items include anatomical models for use in an examination 39 room or other information and materials in any form directly related to 40 patient care or prescriber education. Items that may have an 41 independent value to the prescriber outside of the prescriber's 42 professional responsibilities, such as electronic devices, may only be 43 accepted if they are used by patients and remain in a common area of 44 the prescriber's office.

b. A manufacturer-subsidized registration fee at a continuingeducation event if that fee is available to all event participants.

c. Modest meals provided through the event organizer at a
continuing education event, provided the meals facilitate the
educational program to maximize prescriber learning.

d. Modest meals provided to non-faculty prescribers through
 promotional activities no more than four times in a calendar year from
 the same manufacturer.

4 e. Compensation, based on fair market value, for providing bona 5 fide services as a speaker or faculty organizer or academic program 6 consultant for a continuing education event. A prescriber serving in 7 this capacity also may accept reasonable payment and remuneration 8 for travel, lodging, and other personal expenses associated with such 9 services. A prescriber may be granted continuing education credit for 10 participation in such activities if the continuing education 11 requirements of the prescriber's professional licensing board are 12 satisfied.

13 f. Compensation, based on fair market value, for providing bona 14 fide services as a speaker or faculty organizer or academic program 15 consultant for a promotional activity, consistent with the limits set 16 forth in section 5 of this act. A prescriber serving in this capacity may 17 also accept reasonable payment or remuneration for travel, lodging, 18 and other personal expenses associated with such services. А 19 prescriber may not claim continuing education credit for participation 20 in such activities.

g. Compensation, based on fair market value, for participation on
advisory bodies or under consulting arrangements, consistent with the
limits set forth in section 5 of this act.

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4. A prescriber may accept sample medications or devices that
are intended to be used exclusively for the benefit of the
prescriber's patients, provided the prescriber does not charge
patients for such samples, and all applicable dispensing standards
set forth in the prescriber's licensing board rules are satisfied.

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31 5. A prescriber shall not accept more than \$10,000, or such 32 other amount as may be established by the Director of the Division 33 of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety by 34 regulation, in the aggregate from all manufacturers in any calendar 35 year for the bona fide services of presentations as a speaker or 36 faculty organizer or academic program consultant at promotional 37 activities, participation on advisory boards, and consulting Payments for speaking at continuing education 38 arrangements. 39 events are not subject to this limit, but shall be in an amount that 40 constitutes fair market value and is set forth in a written agreement. 41

6. A prescriber serving as a speaker at a continuing education
event or for a promotional activity shall directly disclose to
attendees either orally or in writing at the beginning of the
presentation whether the prescriber has accepted payment for bona
fide services from the sponsoring manufacturer within the preceding
five years.

1 7. A prescriber who is employed by a manufacturer and who 2 also provides patient care shall comply with the disclosure 3 requirements of section 6 of this act, but is exempt from the 4 compensation prohibitions of this act.

8. The Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the
Department of Law and Public Safety, in accordance with the
"Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B1 et seq.), shall adopt any rules and regulations as the director
deems necessary to carry out the provisions of this act.

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9. This act shall take effect on the first day of the seventh month next following the date of enactment, except that the Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety may take any anticipatory administrative action in advance as shall be necessary for the implementation of this act.

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#### STATEMENT

This bill establishes limitations on, and conditions associated
with, prescribers' acceptance of compensation from pharmaceutical
manufacturers.

25 Licensed physicians, podiatrists, physician assistants, advanced 26 practice nurses, dentists, and optometrists are all authorized to 27 prescribe pharmaceutical products within the scope of their professional practice. These professionals are also permitted to 28 29 enter into financial relationships with drug manufacturers, which 30 are limited in varying ways by the different licensing boards, but 31 which may raise concerns that these relationships might influence 32 prescriber's treatment decisions to the detriment of their patients.

33 The bill generally prohibits prescribers and members of their 34 immediate families from accepting, from a pharmaceutical 35 manufacturer or a manufacturer's agent, any financial benefits or benefits-in-kind, entertainment or recreational items, things of value 36 37 that do not advance disease or treatment education, or meals. A 38 prescriber would be permitted to accept gifts or payments that meet 39 certain conditions, including: items that are used primarily for 40 educational purposes for the prescriber or patients that have 41 minimal value outside of the prescriber's professional 42 responsibilities; subsidized registration fees at continuing education 43 events if that subsidized fee is available to all participants; modest 44 meals provided at a continuing education event; up to four modest 45 meals at promotional activities per year; and compensation based on 46 fair market value for bona fide services as a speaker or organizer or 47 consultant at a continuing education event.

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1 The bill permits prescribers to accept sample medications and 2 devices exclusively for the benefit of the prescriber's patients, 3 provided that the prescriber does not charge patients for such 4 samples and all requirements of the prescriber's licensing board are 5 met.

6 The bill also permits a prescriber to receive compensation for 7 bona fide services as a speaker or faculty organizer or academic 8 program consultant at promotional events, participation on advisory 9 boards, and other consulting arrangements, subject to a cap of \$10,000 10 per year in aggregate. The \$10,000 cap may be altered by the 11 Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs in the Department of 12 Law and Public Safety by regulation.

Under the bill, a prescriber who serves as a speaker at a continuing
education or promotional event would be required to disclose whether
the prescriber has accepted payment for bona fide services from the
sponsoring manufacturer in the preceding five years.

A prescriber employed by a manufacturer who also provides patient
care would be subject to the disclosure requirements of the bill, but
exempt from the compensation provisions.