ASSEMBLY, No. 1796

STATE OF NEW JERSEY

208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED MARCH 2, 1998

Sponsored by: Assemblyman JOHN E. ROONEY District 39 (Bergen)

SYNOPSIS

Prohibits State purchase of certain tropical hardwoods.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As introduced.



1 AN ACT concerning the purchase of tropical hardwoods and tropical hardwood products, and supplementing Title 52 of the Revised Statutes.

BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

1. The Legislature finds that the equatorial tropical forests are the earth's oldest and richest terrestrial ecological systems, and are home to at least half of all the earth's plant and animal species as well as thousands of indigenous tribal peoples; that the tropical forests are being destroyed worldwide, through commercial logging, burning, and other activities, at a rate of 115,000 acres per day, and this rate is accelerating; that over one-fourth of all tropical forest destruction results from logging to support the international trade in tropical hardwoods; and that 70 percent of all deforestation is the direct result of increased access that is only made possible by the construction of extensive networks of logging roads.

The Legislature further finds that deforestation of the tropical forests has been scientifically linked to atmospheric imbalance and global warming, which cause drought, floods, melting of the polar ice caps, and changes in weather patterns worldwide; that destruction of the tropical forests at the current rate results in the extinction of an estimated 30 species of plant and animal life each day and a consequent loss of genetic diversity invaluable to the production of medicines, foods, and industrial products; and that tropical deforestation causes the death and displacement of indigenous tribal peoples, resulting in the destruction of their culture and the loss of their intimate knowledge of commercial, medicinal, and nutritional uses of tropical forest species, which is often superior to that of any western-trained scientist.

The Legislature further finds that the United States is the third largest importer of tropical hardwoods; that the International Tropical Timber Organization (ITTO) has committed to exclusively trading tropical hardwoods harvested only from sustainably managed sources by the year 2000; that limiting the State to the use of sustainably produced tropical hardwoods will help the ITTO to meet its goal by the year 2000 and will encourage the development of markets for tropical hardwoods originating from sustainably managed forests; that a limitation on the State's use and purchase of tropical hardwoods to those which are sustainably produced would not create shortages of building materials for the State inasmuch as many acceptable equivalents to tropical hardwoods are grown domestically in the United States; and that this limitation would therefore stimulate domestic business and create jobs for American timber workers.

The Legislature therefore declares that it is critical to the well-being

of the planet that the United States and other industrialized nations take immediate measures to curb consumption of tropical hardwoods

3 in order to halt the destruction of the tropical forests and to avert

irreversible global environmental destruction; and that the State can

contribute to these measures by ending State purchases of tropical

6 hardwood and hardwood products.

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2. As used in this act:

"Public work" means any public building or other public betterment, or work or improvements constructed, repaired or improved wholly or in part at the expense of the public.

"State agency" means a principal department in the Executive Branch of State Government or any division, board, bureau, office, commission, agency, or other instrumentality within or created by a principal department, or any independent authority, commission, instrumentality, or agency.

"Sustainably produced" means the providing of marketable timber or timber products through various technologies, which include, but are not limited to, plantation forestry, agroforestry, and management of natural forests that actualizes ongoing timber yields with no foreseeable future expiration or reduction of those yields and without threatening the extinction of or endangering plant or animal populations and species, either locally or globally.

"Tropical forest" means any and all forest formations occurring in, and also in several cases outside of, the region known as "the tropics" in the Torrid zone, including, but not limited to, the scientific classifications of tropical moist forest, tropical monsoon forest, tropical dry forest, and subtropical moist forest.

"Tropical hardwood" means any hardwood taken from a tree or other plant, scientifically classified as angiosperme, that grew in and was harvested or otherwise obtained from any tropical forest. Tropical hardwoods include, but are not limited to, the following species:

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1	Scientific Name	Common Name
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3	Vouacapoua americana	Acapu
4	Pericopsis elata	Afrormosis
5	Shorea almon	Almon
6	Peltogyne spp	Amaranth
7	Guibourtia ehie	Amazaque
8	Aningeria spp	Anlingeria
9	Dipterocarpus grandiflorus	Apitong
10	Ochrama lagopus	Balsa
11	Virola spp	Banak
12	Anisoptera thurifera	Bella Rosa
13	Guibourtia arnoldiana	Benge
14	Detarium Senagalese	Boire
15	Guibourtia demeusil	Bubinga
16	Prioria copaifera	Cativo
17	Antiaris africana	Chenchen
18	Dalbergia retusa	Cocobolo
19	Cordia spp	Cordia
20	Diospyros spp	Ebony
21	Aucoumea klaineanal	Gaboon
22	Chlorophora excelsa	Iroko
23	Acacia koa	Koa
24	Pterygota macrocarpa	Koto
25	Shorea negrosenis	Red Lauan
26	Pentacme contorta	White Lauan
27	Shorea polysperma	Tanguile
28	Terminalis superba	Limba
29	Aniba duckel	Lemiro
30	Khaya ivorensis	Africa Mahogany
31	Swietenia macrophylla	Amer. Mahogany
32	Tieghemella hackelii	Makore
33	Distemonanthus benthamianus	Movingui
34	Pterocarpus soyauxii	African Paduak
35	Pterocarpus angolensis	Angola Paduak
36	Aspidosperma spp	Peroba
37	Peltogyne spp	Purpleheart
38	Gonystylus spp	Ramin
39	Dalbergia spp	Rosewood
40	Entandrophragma cylindricum	Sapele
41	Shorea philippinensis	Sonora
42	Tactona grandis	Teak
43	Lovoa trichilioides	Tigerwood
44	Milletia laurentii	Wenge
45	Microberlinia brazzavillensis	Zebrawood

"Tropical hardwood product" means any hardwood product, wholesale or retail, in any form, including, but not limited to, veneer, plywood, furniture, cabinets, paneling, moldings, doorskins, joinery, or sawnwood, that is composed in whole or in part of tropical hardwood.

3. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, the Director of the Division of Purchase and Property in the Department of the Treasury, the Director of the Division of Building and Construction in the Department of the Treasury, or any State agency having authority to contract for the purchase of goods or services shall not enter into or renew any contract with any individual or business entity for the purchase of goods or services, including but not limited to a contract for the construction, improvement, or maintenance of any public work, that requires the use of any tropical hardwood or tropical hardwood product, wholesale or retail, in any form. In addition, where a contract entered into prior to the effective date of this act allows either of the directors or a State agency to exercise discretion with regard to future purchases under the contract, the director or agency shall not purchase or accept any tropical hardwood or tropical hardwood product, wholesale or retail, in any form, pursuant to that contract. The provisions of this section shall also apply to any purchase of goods or services not made pursuant to a contract.

In preparing the specifications for any contract for the purchase of goods or services, including but not limited to a contract for the construction, improvement, or maintenance of any public work, the Director of the Division of Purchase and Property, the Director of the Division of Building and Construction, or any State agency having authority to contract for the purchase of goods or services shall not require or permit the use of any tropical hardwood or tropical hardwood product, and shall include in the invitation to bid, where relevant, a statement that any response to the invitation that proposes or calls for the use of any tropical hardwood or tropical hardwood product shall be deemed to be unresponsive. Any such contract that in any way involves the use of wood products shall include the following as a material condition of the contract:

"Except as expressly permitted pursuant to P.L. , c. C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), the contractor shall not provide any items to the State in performance of this contract that are tropical hardwoods or tropical hardwood products."

- b. The provisions of subsection a. of this section shall not apply:
- (1) To any binding contractual obligations for the purchase of goods or services entered into prior to the effective date of this act;
- (2) To bid packages advertised and made available to the public, or to any competitive and sealed bids received by the State, prior to

1 the effective date of this act;

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- (3) To any amendment, modification, or renewal of a contract, which contract was entered into prior to the effective date of this act where the application would delay timely completion of a project or involve an increase in the total moneys to be paid by the State under that contract: or
- (4) Upon a finding by the Director of the Division of Purchase and 8 Property, the Director of the Division of Building and Construction, 9 or a State agency having authority to contract for the purchase of 10 goods or services, as appropriate, that:
 - (a) No person or entity doing business in the State is capable of performing the contract using acceptable nontropical hardwood equivalents;
 - (b) The inclusion or application of the provisions of subsection a. of this section will violate or be inconsistent with the terms or conditions of a grant from or contract with an agency of the United States or the instructions of an authorized representative of any agency with respect to any grant or contract;
 - (c) The use of tropical hardwoods is necessary for purposes of historical restoration and there exists no available acceptable nontropical hardwood equivalent; or
 - The tropical hardwood has been verified as sustainably produced by a comprehensive, reliable, and independent tropical hardwood certification program approved by the Department of Environmental Protection.

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27 4. a. Whenever the Director of the Division of Purchase and 28 Property, the Director of the Division of Building and Construction, 29 or any State agency having authority to enter into contracts for the purchase of goods or services, including but not limited to contracts 30 for the construction, improvement, or maintenance of any public work, 31 32 discovers, after an investigation by the director or State agency, as 33 appropriate, and the Attorney General, that a person or entity being 34 considered for a contract or under contract with the State has, in connection with the bidding, execution, or performance of any State 35 contract, falsely represented to the State the nature or certification 36 37 status of any tropical hardwood or tropical hardwood product offered, 38 used, or supplied under the contract, or provided the State with any 39 tropical hardwood or tropical hardwood product in violation of this 40 act, any rules and regulations adopted pursuant to this act, or any 41 contract provisions pertaining to the prohibition against the use or 42 purchase of tropical hardwoods or tropical hardwood products, the 43 director or State agency may impose sanctions or take other actions 44 designed to ensure compliance with the provisions of this act, which 45 may include, but are not limited to:

(1) Refusal to certify the award of a contract;

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- (2) Suspension of a contract;
 - (3) Ordering the withholding of funds due the contractor under any contract with the State;
- (4) Ordering the revision of a contract based upon a material breach of contract provisions or pertaining to representations made in bidding, execution, or performance of the contract; and
- (5) Disqualification of a bidder or contractor from eligibility for providing goods or services to the State for a period not to exceed five years, with a right to review and reconsideration after two years upon a showing of corrective action indicating violations are not likely to reoccur.
- b. A contract with the State shall provide that in the event any bidder or contractor fails to comply in good faith with any of the provisions of this act, the bidder or contractor shall be liable for liquidated damages in an amount equal to the bidder's or contractor's net profit under the contract, or five percent of the total amount of the contract, whichever is greater. All contracts shall also contain a provision whereby the bidder or contractor acknowledges and agrees that the liquidated damages assessed shall be payable to the State upon demand and may be set off against any moneys due the bidder or contractor from any contract with the State.

- 5. a. The Director of the Division of Purchase and Property and the Director of the Division of Building and Construction may adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this act.
- b. The Department of Environmental Protection shall adopt, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), any rules and regulations necessary to implement a method for approving tropical hardwood certification programs as required by this act.

6. This act shall take effect immediately.

STATEMENT

This bill would prohibit Executive Branch State departments, as well their agencies and independent authorities, from purchasing tropical hardwoods, unless the hardwoods are verified as sustainably produced by a comprehensive, reliable and independent tropical hardwood certification program approved by the Department of Environmental Protection.

The bill prohibits the Director of the Division of Purchase and Property in the Department of the Treasury, the Director of the 1 Division of Building and Construction in the Department of the

- 2 Treasury, and any agency having the authority to purchase goods or
- 3 services, from entering into contracts for the provision of services that
- 4 require the use of any tropical hardwood or hardwood product. This
- 5 prohibition does not apply when bids have been made or contracts
- 6 entered into prior to the bill's effective date, where project delays or
- 7 increased costs would result under existing contracts, or when the
- 8 director finds in certain cases that nontropical hardwood equivalents
- 9 are not available, that the prohibition would conflict with federal
- 10 grants or contracts, that the use of tropical hardwoods is necessary for
- 11 purposes of historical restoration and there exists no available
- 12 acceptable nontropical hardwood equivalent, or that the tropical
- 13 hardwood has been verified as sustainably produced.

14 Contracts with the State would be required to contain an express 15 condition that the contractor shall not provide any tropical hardwood items. Upon a finding that a person has falsely represented the nature 16 17 or certification status of tropical hardwood offered, used or supplied 18 under a contract, or provided the State with tropical hardwood in 19 violation of the act, the director would have authority to impose various contract-related sanctions. These sanctions include, but are 20 21 not limited to, the refusal to certify the award of a contract, 22 suspension of the contract, the withholding of funds due to the 23 contractor, ordering a revision of the contract, and disqualifying the bidder or contractor from eligibility for providing goods or services to 24 25 the State for a period not to exceed five years. Disqualified bidders or 26 contractors would have the right to reconsideration after two years 27 upon a showing of corrective action indicating violations are not likely

The bill would also require that contracts with the State contain provisions subjecting contractors to liability for liquidated damages for failure to comply in good faith with the provisions of the bill.

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to reoccur.