Title 17B.
Chapter 30A. (New)
Viatical Settlements
§\$1-10
C.17B:30A-1 to
17B:30A-10
§11 - Note to §\$1-10

## P.L. 1999, CHAPTER 211, *approved September 17*, *1999*Senate Committee Substitute for

Senate, No. 1515

1 AN ACT concerning life insurance viatical settlements.

**BE IT Enacted** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey:

## 1. As used in this act:

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance.

"Financing entity" means an underwriter, placement agent, lender, purchaser of securities, purchaser of a policy or certificate from a viatical settlement provider, credit enhancer, or any person who may be a party to a viatical settlement contract and who has a direct ownership in a policy or certificate that is the subject of a viatical settlement contract but whose sole activity related to the transaction is providing funds to effect the viatical settlement and who has an agreement in writing with a licensed viatical settlement provider to act as a participant in a financing transaction.

"Financing transaction" means a transaction in which a licensed viatical settlement provider or a financing entity obtains financing for viatical settlement contracts, viaticated policies or interests therein including, without limitation, any secured or unsecured financing, any securitization transaction or any securities offering either registered or exempt from registration under federal and State securities law, or any direct purchase of interests in a policy or certificate, if the financing transaction complies with federal and State securities law.

"Viatical settlement broker" means a person who on behalf of a viator and for a fee, commission or other valuable consideration, offers or attempts to negotiate viatical settlements between a viator and one or more viatical settlement providers. Irrespective of the manner in which the viatical settlement broker is compensated, a viatical settlement broker is deemed to represent only the viator and owes a fiduciary duty to the viator to act according to the viator's instructions and in the best interest of the viator. The term does not include an attorney, accountant or financial planner retained to represent the viator whose compensation is paid directly by or at the direction of the viator.

"Viatical settlement contract" means a written agreement entered into between a viatical settlement provider and a viator. The agreement shall establish the terms under which the viatical settlement

provider will pay compensation or anything of value, which 1 2 compensation or value is less than the expected death benefit of the 3 insurance policy or certificate, in return for the viator's assignment, 4 transfer, sale, devise or bequest of the death benefit or ownership of 5 all or a portion of the insurance policy or certificate of insurance to the viatical settlement provider. A viatical settlement contract also 6 7 includes a contract for a loan or other financial transaction secured 8 primarily by an individual or group life insurance policy, other than a 9 loan by a life insurance company pursuant to the terms of the life

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"Viatical settlement provider" means a person, other than a viator, who enters into a viatical settlement contract. Viatical settlement provider also means a person who obtains financing from a financing entity for the purchase, acquisition, transfer or other assignment of one or more viatical settlement contracts, viaticated policies or interests therein, or otherwise sells, assigns, transfers, pledges, hypothecates or otherwise disposes of one or more viatical settlement contracts, viaticated policies or interests therein. Viatical settlement provider does not include:

insurance contract, or a loan secured by the cash value of a policy.

- (1) A bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union or other licensed lending institution that takes an assignment of a life insurance policy as collateral for a loan;
- (2) The issuer of a life insurance policy providing accelerated benefits pursuant to N.J.A.C.11:4-30.1 et seq. and pursuant to the policy; or
- (3) A natural person who enters into no more than one agreement in a calendar year for the transfer of life insurance policies for any value less than the expected death benefit.

"Viatical settlement representative" means a person who is an authorized agent of a licensed viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement broker, as applicable, who acts or aids in any manner in the solicitation of a viatical settlement. Viatical settlement representative shall not include:

- (1) An attorney, an accountant, a financial planner or any person exercising a power of attorney granted by a viator; or
- (2) Any person who is retained to represent a viator and whose compensation is paid by or at the direction of the viator, regardless of whether the viatical settlement is consummated.
- A viatical settlement representative shall represent only the viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement broker.
- "Viaticated policy" means a life insurance policy or certificate that has been acquired by a viatical settlement provider pursuant to a viatical settlement contract.

"Viator" means the owner of a life insurance policy or a certificate holder under a group policy insuring the life of an individual, who has a catastrophic, life-threatening or chronic illness or condition and who enters or seeks to enter into a viatical settlement contract.

- 2. a. A person shall not operate as a viatical settlement provider, viatical settlement representative or viatical settlement broker without first having obtained a license from the commissioner.
- b. Application for a viatical settlement provider, viatical settlement representative or viatical settlement broker license shall be made to the commissioner by the applicant on a form prescribed by the commissioner, and the application shall be accompanied by a fee, the amount of which shall be set by the commissioner by regulation.
- c. Licenses may be renewed from year to year on the anniversary date upon payment of the annual renewal fee in an amount set by the commissioner by regulation. Failure to pay the fee by the renewal date shall result in expiration of the license.
- d. The applicant shall provide information on forms required by the commissioner. The commissioner shall have authority, at any time, to require the applicant to fully disclose the identity of all stockholders, partners, officers, members and employees, and the commissioner may refuse to issue a license in the name of a legal entity if not satisfied that any officer, employee, stockholder, partner or member thereof who may materially influence the applicant's conduct meets the standards of this act.
- e. A license issued to a legal entity authorizes all members, officers and designated employees to act as viatical settlement providers, viatical settlement brokers or viatical settlement representatives, as applicable, under the license, and all those persons shall be named in the application and any supplements to the application.
- f. Upon the filing of an application and the payment of the license fee, the commissioner shall make an investigation of each applicant and issue a license if the commissioner finds that the applicant:
  - (1) Has provided a detailed plan of operation;
- (2) Is competent and trustworthy and intends to act in good faith in the capacity of the license applied for;
- (3) Has a good business reputation and has had experience, training or education so as to be qualified in the business for which the license is applied for; and
- (4) If a legal entity, provides a certificate of good standing from the state of its domicile.
- g. The commissioner shall not issue a license to a nonresident applicant unless a written designation of an agent for service of process is filed and maintained with the commissioner, or the applicant has filed with the commissioner the applicant's written irrevocable consent that any action against the applicant may be commenced against the applicant by service of process on the commissioner.
- h. A viatical settlement provider, viatical settlement representative

or viatical settlement broker transacting business in this State prior to the effective date of this act may continue to do so pending approval or disapproval of the provider, representative or broker's application for a license as long as the application is filed with the commissioner on or before the 180th day after the effective date of this act.

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- 3. a. The commissioner may suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of a viatical settlement provider, viatical settlement representative or viatical settlement broker if the commissioner finds that:
- 11 (1) There was any material misrepresentation in the application for the license;
  - (2) The licensee or any officer, partner, member or key management personnel has been convicted of fraudulent or dishonest practices, is subject to a final administrative action or is otherwise shown to be untrustworthy or incompetent;
  - (3) The viatical settlement provider demonstrates a pattern of unreasonable payments to viators;
  - (4) The licensee has been found guilty of, or has pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, any felony, or to a misdemeanor involving fraud or moral turpitude, regardless of whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court;
  - (5) The viatical settlement provider has entered into any viatical settlement contract that has not been approved pursuant to this act;
  - (6) The viatical settlement provider has failed to honor contractual obligations set out in a viatical settlement contract;
  - (7) The licensee no longer meets the requirements for initial licensure;
  - (8) The viatical settlement provider has assigned, transferred or pledged a viaticated policy to a person other than a viatical settlement provider licensed in this State or a financing entity; or
    - (9) The licensee has violated any provision of this act.
  - b. Before the commissioner shall deny a license application or suspend, revoke or refuse to renew the license of a viatical settlement provider, viatical settlement broker or viatical settlement representative, the commissioner shall conduct a hearing.

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4. A person shall not use a viatical settlement contract or provide to a viator a disclosure statement form in this State unless filed with and approved by the commissioner. The commissioner shall disapprove a viatical settlement contract or disclosure statement form if, in the commissioner's opinion, the contract or provisions contained therein are unreasonable, contrary to the interests of the public, or otherwise misleading or unfair to the viator.

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5. a. Each licensee shall file with the commissioner on or before

1 March 1 of each year an annual statement containing that information 2 which the commissioner by regulation may prescribe.

- b. Except as otherwise allowed or required by law, a viatical settlement provider, viatical settlement representative, viatical settlement broker, insurance company, insurance agent, insurance broker, information bureau, rating agency or company, or any other person with actual knowledge of a viator's identity, shall not disclose that identity as a viator to any other person unless the disclosure:
- (1) Is necessary to effect a viatical settlement between the viator and a viatical settlement provider and the viator has provided prior written consent to the disclosure;
- (2) Is provided in response to an investigation by the commissioner or any other governmental officer or agency; or
- (3) Is a term of or condition to the transfer of a viaticated policy by one viatical settlement provider to another viatical settlement provider.

- 6. a. The commissioner may, when he determines it reasonably necessary to protect the interests of the public, examine the business and affairs of any licensee or applicant for a license under this act. The commissioner shall have the authority to order any licensee or applicant to produce any records, books, files or other information reasonably necessary to ascertain whether or not the licensee or applicant is acting, or has acted in violation of the law or otherwise contrary to the interests of the public. The expenses incurred in conducting any examination shall be paid by the licensee or applicant.
- b. Names and individual identification data for all viators shall be considered private and confidential information and shall not be disclosed by the commissioner, unless required by law.
- c. Records of all transactions of viatical settlement contracts shall be maintained by the viatical settlement provider and shall be available to the commissioner for inspection during reasonable business hours. A viatical settlement provider shall maintain records of each viatical settlement for five years after the death of the insured.

- 7. a. A viatical settlement provider, viatical settlement representative or viatical settlement broker shall disclose the following information to the viator no later than the time of application:
- (1) Possible alternatives to viatical settlement contracts for individuals with catastrophic, life threatening or chronic illnesses or conditions, including any accelerated death benefits offered under the viator's life insurance policy;
- (2) Some or all of the proceeds of the viatical settlement may be free from federal income tax and from state franchise and income taxes, and that assistance should be sought from a professional tax advisor;

- (3) Proceeds of the viatical settlement could be subject to the claims of creditors;
  - (4) Receipt of the proceeds of a viatical settlement may adversely affect the viator's eligibility for Medicaid or other government benefits or entitlements, and that advice should be obtained from the appropriate government agencies;
  - (5) The viator's right to rescind a viatical settlement contract 15 calendar days after the receipt of the viatical settlement proceeds by the viator, as provided in subsection c. of section 8 of this act;
  - (6) Funds will be sent to the viator within two business days after the viatical settlement provider has received the insurer or group administrator's acknowledgment that ownership of the policy or interest in the certificate has been transferred and the beneficiary has been designated pursuant to the viatical settlement contract; and
  - (7) Entering into a viatical settlement contract may cause other rights or benefits, including conversion rights and waiver of premium benefits that may exist under the policy or certificate, to be forfeited by the viator and that assistance should be sought from a financial adviser.
  - b. A viatical settlement provider shall disclose the following information to the viator prior to the date the viatical settlement contract is signed by all parties:
  - (1) The affiliation, if any, between the viatical settlement provider and the issuer of an insurance policy to be viaticated;
  - (2) If an insurance policy to be viaticated has been issued as a joint policy or involves family riders or any coverage of a life other than the insured under the policy to be viaticated, the viator shall be informed of the possible loss of coverage on the other lives and be advised to consult with his insurance producer or the company issuing the policy for advice on the proposed viatication; and
  - (3) The dollar amount of the current death benefit payable to the viatical settlement provider under the policy or certificate. The viatical settlement provider shall also disclose the availability of any additional guaranteed insurance benefits, the dollar amount of any accidental death and dismemberment benefits under the policy or certificate and the viatical settlement provider's interest in those benefits.

- 8. a. A viatical settlement provider entering into a viatical settlement contract shall first obtain:
- (1) If the viator is the insured, a written statement from a licensed attending physician that the viator is of sound mind and under no constraint or undue influence to enter into a viatical settlement contract;
- (2) A witnessed document in which the viator consents to the viatical settlement contract, acknowledges that the insured has a catastrophic, life threatening or chronic illness or condition, represents

that the viator has a full and complete understanding of the viatical settlement contract, that he has a full and complete understanding of the benefits of the life insurance policy and acknowledges that he has entered into the viatical settlement contract freely and voluntarily; and

- (3) A document in which the insured consents to the release of his medical records to a viatical settlement provider or viatical settlement broker.
- b. All medical information solicited or obtained by any licensee shall be confidential.
- c. All viatical settlement contracts entered into in this State shall provide the viator with an unconditional right to rescind the contract for at least 15 calendar days from the receipt of the viatical settlement proceeds. If the insured dies during the rescission period, the viatical settlement contract shall be deemed to have been rescinded, subject to repayment to the viatical settlement provider of all viatical settlement proceeds.
- d. Immediately upon the viatical settlement provider's receipt of documents to effect the transfer of the insurance policy, the viatical settlement provider shall pay the proceeds of the viatical settlement to an escrow or trust account in a state or federally chartered financial institution whose deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The account shall be managed by a trustee or escrow agent independent of the parties to the contract. The trustee or escrow agent shall transfer the proceeds to the viator immediately upon the viatical settlement provider's receipt of acknowledgment of the transfer of the insurance policy or interest therein.
- e. Failure to tender consideration to the viator for the viatical settlement contract within the time disclosed pursuant to paragraph (6) of subsection a. of section 7 of this act renders the viatical settlement contract voidable by the viator for lack of consideration until consideration is tendered to and accepted by the viator.
- f. Contacts with the insured for the purpose of determining the health status of the insured after the viatical settlement has occurred shall only be made by the viatical settlement provider or broker licensed in this State and shall be limited to once every three months for insureds with a life expectancy of more than one year, and to no more than one per month for insureds with a life expectancy of one year or less. The viatical settlement provider or broker shall explain the procedure for these contacts at the time the viatical settlement contract is entered into. The limitations set forth in this subsection shall not apply to any contacts with an insured under a viaticated policy for reasons other than determining the insured's health status.

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- 9. The commissioner shall have the authority to:
- a. Promulgate regulations implementing the provisions of this act;

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1	b. Establish standards for evaluating reasonableness of payments
2	under viatical settlement contracts. This authority includes, but is not
3	limited to, regulation of discount rates used to determine the amount
4	paid in exchange for assignment, transfer, sale, devise or bequest of a
5	benefit under a life insurance policy or interest therein;
6	c. Establish appropriate licensing requirements, fees and standards
7	for continued licensure for viatical settlement providers,
8	representatives and brokers;
9	d. Require a bond or other mechanism for financial accountability
10	for viatical settlement providers; and
11	e. Adopt rules governing the relationship and responsibilities of
12	both insurers and viatical settlement providers, brokers and
13	representatives during the viatication of a life insurance policy or
14	certificate.
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16	10. A violation of this act shall be considered an unfair practice
17	pursuant to N.J.S.17B:30-1 et seq. and shall be subject to the penalties
18	contained in N.J.S.17B:30-17.
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20	11. Section 9 of this act shall take effect immediately and the
21	remainder shall take effect on the 180th day after enactment.
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26	Provides for regulation of viatical settlement contracts and providers,
27	brokers and representatives.