P.L.1999, CHAPTER 250, *approved October 15, 1999* Assembly, No. 2255

AN ACT concerning licensed lenders and amending P.L.1996, c.157 1 2 and P.L.1960, c.40. 3 4 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State 5 of New Jersey: 6 7 1. Section 2 of P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-2) is amended to read as follows: 8 9 2. As used in this act: 10 "Billing cycle" means the time interval between periodic billing 11 dates. A billing cycle shall be considered monthly if the closing date 12 of the cycle is the same date each month or does not vary by more than four days from such date. 13 14 "Borrower" means any person applying for a loan from a lender 15 licensed under this act, whether or not the loan is granted, and any person who has actually obtained such a loan. 16 17 "Closed-end loan" with respect to a secondary mortgage loan 18 means a [secondary] mortgage loan pursuant to which the licensee 19 advances a specified amount of money and the borrower agrees to repay the principal and interest in substantially equal installments over 20 a stated period of time, except that: (1) the amount of the final 21 22 installment payment may be substantially greater than the previous 23 installments if the term of the loan is at least 36 months, or under 36 24 months if the remaining term of the first mortgage loan is under 36 25 months; or (2) the amount of the installment payments may vary as a 26 result of the change in the interest rate as permitted by this act. 27 "Closed-end loan" with respect to a consumer loan means a loan which 28 meets the requirements of section 35 of P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-29 35) and pursuant to which the licensee advances a specified amount 30 of money and the borrower agrees to repay the principal and interest in substantially equal installments over a stated period of time. 31 32 "Consumer loan business" means the business of making loans of 33 money, credit, goods or things in action in the amount or value of 34 \$15,000 or less and charging, contracting for, or receiving a greater rate of interest, discount or consideration therefor than the lender 35 36 would be permitted by law to charge if he were not a licensee 37 hereunder, except as authorized by this act and without first obtaining a license from the commissioner. Any person directly or indirectly 38 39 engaging in the business of soliciting or taking applications for such 40 loans of \$15,000 or less, or in the business of negotiating or arranging 41 or aiding the borrower or lender in procuring or making such loans of

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter.

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

1 \$15,000 or less, or in the business of buying, discounting or indorsing

2 notes, or of furnishing, or procuring guarantee or security for

3 compensation in amounts of \$15,000 or less, shall be deemed to be

4 engaging in the consumer loan business.

5 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Banking and6 Insurance.

7 "Consumer lender" means a person licensed, or a person who
8 should be licensed, under this act to engage in the consumer loan
9 business.

"Consumer loan" means a loan of \$15,000 or less made by a
consumer lender pursuant to the terms of this act, and not a first
mortgage loan or a secondary mortgage loan.

13 "Controlling interest" means ownership, control or interest of 25%14 or more of the licensee or applicant.

15 "Correspondent mortgage banker" means a mortgage banker
16 [which] who: (1) in the regular course of business, does not hold
17 mortgage loans in its portfolio, or service mortgage loans, for more
18 than 90 days; and (2) has shown to the department's satisfaction an
19 ability to fund loans through warehouse agreements, table funding
20 agreements or otherwise.

21 "Department" means the Department of Banking and Insurance.

"Depository institution" means a state or federally chartered bank,
savings bank, savings and loan association, building and loan
association or credit union, irrespective of whether the entity accepts

25 <u>deposits</u>.

26 "First mortgage loan" means any loan secured by a first mortgage
27 on real property on a one to six family dwelling, a portion of which
28 may be used for nonresidential purposes.

29 "Licensee" means a person who is licensed under this act <u>, or who</u>
30 <u>should be so licensed</u>.

"Mortgage banker" means any person, not exempt under section 4
of this act and licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act, and any
person who should be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act,
who for compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation
or gain, either directly or indirectly originates, acquires or negotiates
first mortgage loans in the primary market.

37 "Mortgage broker" means any person, not exempt under section 4
38 of this act and licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act, and any
39 person who should be licensed pursuant to the provisions of this act,
40 who for compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation
41 or gain, either directly or indirectly negotiates, places or sells for
42 other, or offers to negotiate, place or sell for others, first mortgage
43 loans in the primary market.

44 "Open-end loan" means a secondary mortgage loan [or consumer
45 loan] made by a secondary lender or <u>a consumer loan made by a</u>
46 consumer lender pursuant to a written agreement with the borrower

1 whereby:

2 (1) The lender may permit the borrower to obtain advances of 3 money from the secondary lender from time to time or the secondary

3 money from the secondary lender from time to time or the secondary4 lender may advance money on behalf of the borrower from time to

4 lender may advance money on behalf of the borrower from time to5 time as directed by the borrower;

6 (2) The amount of each advance and permitted interest and charges
7 are debited to the borrower's account and payments and other credits
8 are credited to the same account;

9 (3) Interest is computed on the unpaid principal balance or 10 balances of the account from time to time; and

(4) The borrower has the privilege of paying the account in full at
any time or, if the account is not in default, in monthly installments of
fixed or determinable amounts as provided in the agreement.

"Person" means an individual, association, joint venture,
partnership, limited partnership association, limited liability company,
corporation, trust, or any other group of individuals however
organized.

"Primary market" means the market wherein first mortgage loans
are originated between a lender and a borrower, whether or not
through a mortgage broker or other conduit <u>, and shall not include the</u>
<u>sale or acquisition of a mortgage loan after a mortgage loan is closed</u>.
"Sales finance company" shall have the meaning ascribed to [it]

23 that term in section 1 of P.L.1960, c.40 (C.17:16C-1).

24 "Secondary lender" means a person licensed, or a person who
25 should be licensed, under this act to engage in the secondary mortgage
26 loan business.

27 "Secondary mortgage loan" means a loan made to an individual, 28 association, joint venture, partnership, limited partnership association, 29 limited liability company, trust, or any other group of individuals, however organized, except a corporation, which is secured in whole 30 31 or in part by a lien upon any interest in real property, including but not 32 limited to shares of stock in a cooperative corporation, created by a 33 security agreement, including a mortgage, indenture, or any other 34 similar instrument or document, which real property is subject to one 35 or more prior mortgage liens and on which there is erected a structure containing one, two, three, four, five or six dwelling units, a portion 36 of which structure may be used for nonresidential purposes, except 37 38 that the following loans shall not be subject to the provisions of this 39 act: (1) a loan which is to be repaid in 90 days or less; (2) a loan which 40 is taken as security for a home repair contract executed in accordance 41 with the provisions of the "Home Repair Financing Act," P.L.1960, 42 c.41 (C.17:16C-62 et seq.); or (3) a loan which is the result of the 43 private sale of a dwelling, if title to the dwelling is in the name of the 44 seller and the seller has resided in that dwelling for at least one year, 45 if the buyer is purchasing that dwelling for his own residence and, if the buyer, as part of the purchase price, executes a secondary 46

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mortgage in favor of the seller. "Secondary mortgage loan business" means advertising, causing to 2 3 be advertised, soliciting, negotiating, offering to make or making a 4 secondary mortgage loan in this State, whether directly or by any person acting for his benefit, or becoming the subsequent holder of 5 a promissory note or mortgage, indenture or any other similar 6 7 instrument or document received in connection with a secondary 8 mortgage loan]. 9 "Solicitor" means any person not licensed as a mortgage banker. 10 correspondent mortgage banker or mortgage broker who is employed 11 as a solicitor by one, and not more than one, licensee, who is subject 12 to the direct supervision and control of that licensee, and who solicits, 13 provides or accepts first mortgage loan applications, or assists 14 borrowers in completing first mortgage loan applications, and whose 15 compensation is in any way based on the dollar amount or volume of first mortgage loan applications, first mortgage loan closings or other 16 17 first mortgage loan activity. (cf: P.L.1996, c.157, s.2) 18 19 20 2. Section 21 of P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-21) is amended to 21 read as follows: 22 21. a. A borrower shall not be required to purchase credit life or 23 accident and health insurance or credit involuntary unemployment insurance in connection with a first mortgage loan, a secondary 24 mortgage loan or a consumer loan. If the borrower or borrowers 25 26 consent thereto in writing, a licensee may obtain or provide: 27 (1) Insurance on the life and on the health or disability, or both, of 28 one borrower, and on the lives, health or disability of two borrowers 29 pursuant to the provisions of N.J.S. 17B:29-1 et seq.; and (2) Credit involuntary unemployment insurance in accordance with 30 31 forms and rates filed and approved by the commissioner pursuant to 32 applicable regulations. 33 b. If a licensee obtains or provides any credit insurance for a 34 borrower or borrowers pursuant to subsection a. of this section, a 35 licensee may deduct from the principal of a loan and retain an amount equal to the premium lawfully charged by the insurance company. The 36 37 premium may be charged monthly in the case of an open-end loan or 38 open-end consumer loan. The amount so deducted and retained shall 39 not be considered a prohibited charge or amount of any examination, service, brokerage, commission, expense, fee or bonus or other thing 40 41 or otherwise. 42 c. If a borrower or borrowers obtain such insurance from or 43 through a licensee, the licensee shall show the amount of the charge 44 for the insurance and cause to be delivered to the borrower or 45 borrowers a copy of the policy, certificate or other evidence of that

46 insurance when the loan is made. Nothing in this act shall prohibit the

licensee from collecting the premium or identifiable charge for 1 2 insurance permitted by this section and from receiving and retaining 3 any dividend, or any other gain or advantage resulting from that 4 insurance. 5 d. A licensee may require a borrower to demonstrate that the property securing a first mortgage loan or secondary mortgage loan is 6 7 insured against damage or loss due to fire and other perils, including those of extended coverage, for a term not to exceed the term of the 8 9 loan and in an amount not to exceed the amount of the [secondary] 10 loan, together with the amount needed to satisfy all prior liens on that 11 property. 12 The licensee shall provide the borrower with the following written statement, to be printed in at least 10-point bold type: 13 NOTICE TO THE BORROWER 14 YOU MAY BE REQUIRED TO PURCHASE PROPERTY 15 16 INSURANCE AS A CONDITION OF RECEIVING THE LOAN. 17 IF PROPERTY INSURANCE IS REQUIRED, YOU MAY SECURE INSURANCE FROM A COMPANY OR AGENT OF 18 YOUR OWN CHOOSING. 19 e. Incident to a consumer loan, a licensee may make available, 20 insurance covering direct or indirect damage or loss, by fire or other 21 22 perils, including those of extended coverage, to the personal property of the borrower all or part of which is security for the loan. The 23 24 insurance shall be for an amount and term not to exceed the total 25 amount of payments and term of the loan. 26 The licensee shall provide the borrower with the following written 27 statement, to be printed in at least 10-point bold type: NOTICE TO THE BORROWER 28 YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO PURCHASE PERSONAL 29 PROPERTY INSURANCE AS A CONDITION OF RECEIVING 30 THE CONSUMER LOAN. IF YOU DESIRE PERSONAL 31 PROPERTY INSURANCE YOU MAY SECURE INSURANCE 32 FROM A COMPANY OR AGENT OF YOUR OWN CHOOSING. 33 34 (cf: P.L.1996, c.157, s.21) 35 36 3. Section 23 of P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-23) is amended to 37 read as follows: 23. a. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, a person 38 39 licensed as a mortgage banker or correspondent mortgage banker, 40 incidental to the origination, processing and closing of a mortgage loan 41 transaction, shall have the right to charge only the following fees: (1) 42 credit report fee; (2) appraisal fee; (3) application fee; (4) 43 commitment fee; (5) warehouse fee; (6) fees necessary to reimburse 44 the mortgage banker for charges imposed by third parties; and (7) 45 discount points. b. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, a person 46

1 licensed as a mortgage broker, incidental to the brokering of a first 2 mortgage loan transaction, shall have the right to charge only the 3 following fees: (1) application fee; and (2) discount points. 4 No person licensed as a mortgage banker, correspondent 5 mortgage banker or mortgage broker may charge any fee either not expressly authorized by this section or authorized by the commissioner 6 7 by regulation. (cf: P.L.1996, c.157, s.23) 8 9 10 4. Section 28 of P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-28) is amended to 11 read as follows: 12 28. a. A secondary lender shall not contract for, charge, receive or 13 collect directly or indirectly, any of the following in connection with 14 a secondary mortgage loan: a broker's or finder's fee; commission; 15 expense; fine; penalty; premium; or any other thing of value other than the charges authorized by this act; except the expenses incurred on 16 17 actual sale of the real property in foreclosure proceedings or upon the 18 entry of judgment, which are otherwise authorized by law; provided, 19 however, that: 20 (1) A secondary lender may charge and receive no more than three 21 discount points computed as a percentage of the principal amount of 22 the loan and may add such discount points to the principal balance of 23 the loan, which discount points shall be fully earned when the loan is made. The annual percentage rate charged to the borrower, including 24 25 the discount points, if any, shall be subject to N.J.S.2C:21-19. As 26 used in this paragraph, "discount point" means one percent of the 27 principal amount of the loan, and "principal amount of the loan" means 28 the total amount of credit extended, including all loan closing fees, 29 expenses or costs that are financed, but excluding the discount points; 30 and 31 (2) A secondary lender may require a borrower to pay a reasonable 32 legal fee at the time of the execution of the secondary mortgage loan, 33 provided that any legal fee shall represent a charge actually incurred in connection with the secondary mortgage loan and shall not be paid 34 35 to any person other than an attorney authorized to practice law in this State; provided further that the legal fee shall be evidenced by a 36 37 statement issued to the licensee from the attorney. 38 b. Secondary lenders shall have authority to collect fees for title 39 examination, abstract of title, survey, title insurance, credit reports, 40 appraisals, and recording fees when those fees are actually paid by the 41 licensee to a third party for those services or purposes and to include 42 those fees in the amount of the loan principal. 43 c. Secondary lenders shall also have the authority to charge and 44 collect a returned check fee in an amount not to exceed \$20 which the 45 secondary lender may charge the borrower if a check of the borrower

46 is returned to the licensee uncollected due to insufficient funds in the

1 borrower's account. Licensees shall also have the authority to charge

2 and collect a late charge in any amount as may be provided in the note

3 or loan agreement, but no late charge shall exceed 5% of the amount

4 of payment in default. Not more than one late charge shall be assessed

5 on any one payment in arrears.

d. A secondary lender shall not make any other charge or accept an
advance deposit prior to the time a secondary mortgage loan is closed,
except that a secondary lender may charge:

9 (1) an application fee at closing; and

10 (2) on an open-end loan, an annual fee of \$50 or 1% of the line of 11 credit, whichever is less.

e. A promissory note of loan agreement may provide for the payment of attorney fees in the event it becomes necessary to refer the promissory note or loan agreement to an attorney for collection; provided, however, that any such provision shall be void and unenforceable unless:

17 (1) The promissory note or loan agreement is referred to an18 attorney authorized to practice law in this State;

(2) The attorney to whom the promissory note or loan agreement
is referred is not a partner, officer, director or employee, whether
salaried or commissioned, of the secondary lender; and

22 (3) Suit is actually filed by the attorney to whom the promissory 23 note or loan agreement is referred and subsequently decided in favor of the secondary lender, in which event the attorney fees shall not 24 exceed 15% of the first \$500, 10% of the next \$500 and 5% of any 25 excess amount due and owing under the promissory note or loan 26 27 agreement and, provided further that at least 15 days prior to the 28 commencement of the suit, the secondary lender or his attorney shall 29 send to the borrower, by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, at the borrower's last known address, a statement of the 30 31 secondary lender's intention to sue, which statement shall also specify 32 the amount of principal, interest and any other charge due and owing 33 to the secondary lender.

34 (cf: P.L.1996, c.157, s.28)

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36 5. Section 7 of P.L.1960, c.40 (C.17:16C-7) is amended to read as
37 follows:

7. Every application for a new license shall be accompanied by an 38 39 application fee of not more than [\$300] <u>\$500</u>, as established by the 40 commissioner by regulation. Every sales finance company shall pay to 41 the commissioner at the time of making the application and biennially 42 thereafter upon renewal a license fee for its principal place of business 43 and for each additional place of business conducted in this State. The 44 commissioner shall charge for a license such fee as he shall prescribe 45 by rule or regulation. The license fee, as prescribed by the commissioner by regulation, shall be based on the number of the 46

following activities in which the person is licensed to act: as a 1 2 mortgage banker, correspondent mortgage banker or mortgage 3 broker, as a secondary mortgage lender, as a consumer lender, or as 4 a sales finance company. The fee shall be set according to the 5 following schedule: a. If the person is licensed to engage in one activity, the fee shall 6 7 not be more than \$3,000; b. If the person is licensed to engage in two activities, the fee shall 8 9 not be more than \$4,000; 10 c. If the person is licensed to engage in three activities, the fee shall not be more than \$5,000; and 11 12 d. If the person is licensed to engage in all four activities, the fee 13 shall not be more than \$6,000. 14 The license shall run from the date of issuance to the end of the 15 biennial period. When the initial license is issued in the second year of the biennial licensing period, the license fee shall be an amount equal 16 17 to one-half of the fee for the biennial licensing period. For the purpose of coordination with licensing under the "New 18 Jersey Licensed Lenders Act," P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-1 et al.), 19 20 each sales finance company license issued pursuant to the "Retail 21 Installment Sales Act of 1960," P.L.1960, c.40 (C.17:16C-1 et seq.), 22 shall expire at the end of the biennial period. The first biennial period shall begin on July 1, 1997, and shall end on June 30, 1999. 23 (cf: P.L.1996, c.157, s.52) 24 25 26 6. This act shall take effect on the 30th day after enactment. 27 28 **STATEMENT** 29 30 This bill clarifies certain provisions of the "New Jersey Licensed Lenders Act," P.L.1996, c.157 (C.17:11C-1 et seq.), and provides: a 31 definition of "principal amount" with respect to secondary mortgage 32 33 loans which ensures that discount points are not compounded by 34 prohibiting their inclusion in the amount to be financed, which amount is used to determine the dollar amount of the points to be charged in 35 a secondary mortgage loan; and that the department may charge an 36 amount not to exceed \$500 for an application for a new license as a 37 38 sales finance company. 39 40 41 42 43 Makes certain changes in the "New Jersey Licensed Lenders Act."