[Second Reprint] SENATE, No. 3

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 208th LEGISLATURE

INTRODUCED APRIL 2, 1998

Sponsored by: Senator DONALD T. DIFRANCESCO District 22 (Middlesex, Morris, Somerset and Union) Senator JOHN H. ADLER District 6 (Camden)

Co-Sponsored by:

Senators Kyrillos, Codey, Cardinale, Inverso, Bennett, Assemblymen Bateman, Greenwald, Collins, DiGaetano, Stuhltrager, Kelly, Gregg, Rooney, Assemblywoman Vandervalk, Assemblymen Weingarten, O'Toole, Azzolina, Thompson, Felice, Garrett, Assemblywoman Wright, Assemblymen Talarico, Biondi, Merkt, Moran, Bodine, Chatzidakis, Kramer, Holzapfel, Wolfe, Assemblywoman Murphy, Assemblymen Asselta, Gibson, Assemblywoman Heck, Assemblymen LeFevre, T.Smith, Blee, Assemblywoman Farragher, Assemblyman Arnone, Assemblywoman Myers, Assemblymen Cottrell, Malone, Assemblywoman Crecco, Assemblymen DeCroce, Conners, Conaway and Assemblywoman Previte

SYNOPSIS

"The Automobile Insurance Cost Reduction Act."

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

As amended on April 27, 1998 by the Senate pursuant to the Governor's recommendations.

(Sponsorship Updated As Of: 5/5/1998)

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1	AN ACT concerning automobile insurance and revising parts of the
2	statutory law.
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4	BE IT ENACTED by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
5	of New Jersey:
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7	1. (New section) a. This act shall be known and may be cited as
8	the "Automobile Insurance Cost Reduction Act."
9	b. The Legislature finds and declares:
10	WHEREAS, While New Jersey's automobile insurance no-fault law,
11	enacted twenty-six years ago, has provided valuable benefits in
12	the form of medical benefits and wage replacement benefits,
13	without regard to fault, to New Jersey residents who have been
14	injured in an automobile accident; and
15	WHEREAS, Medical benefits paid by no-fault policies over those
16	years amount to billions of dollars, which would otherwise
17	have been paid by health insurance, thus raising the cost of
18	health insurance for everyone; and
19	WHEREAS, While medical benefits under no-fault insurance were
20	unlimited under the law enacted in 1972, the rapidly escalating
21	cost of those benefits made it necessary for the Legislature to
22	reduce those benefits to a limit of \$250,000 in 1990; and
23	WHEREAS, Since the enactment of the verbal threshold in 1988, the
24	substantial increase in the cost of medical expense benefits
25	indicates that the benefits are being overutilized for the
26	purpose of gaining standing to sue for pain and suffering, thus
27	undermining the limitations imposed by the threshold and
28	necessitating the imposition of further controls on the use of
29	those benefits, including the establishment of a basis for
30	determining whether treatments or diagnostic tests are
31	medically necessary; and
32	WHEREAS, The present arbitration system has not sufficiently
33	addressed the Legislature's goal of eliminating payment for
34	treatments and diagnostic tests which are not medically
35	necessary, leading to the belief that a revised dispute
36	resolution mechanism needs to be established which will
37	accomplish this goal; and
38	WHEREAS, The principle underlying the philosophical basis of the
39	no-fault system is that of a trade-off of one benefit for another;
40	in this case, providing medical benefits in return for a limitation

EXPLANATION - Matter enclosed in bold-faced brackets [thus] in the above bill is not enacted and is intended to be omitted in the law.

Matter underlined <u>thus</u> is new matter. Matter enclosed in superscript numerals has been adopted as follows: ¹ Assembly floor amendments adopted April 20, 1998. ² Senate amendments adopted in accordance with Governor's recommendations April 27, 1998.

on the right to sue for non-serious injuries; and

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2 WHEREAS, While the Legislature believes that it is good public 3 policy to provide medical benefits on a first party basis, 4 without regard to fault, to persons injured in automobile 5 accidents, it recognizes that in order to keep premium costs 6 down, the cost of the benefit must be offset by a reduction in the cost of other coverages, most notably a restriction on the 7 8 right of persons who have non-permanent or non-serious 9 injuries to sue for pain and suffering; and

WHEREAS, The high cost of automobile insurance in New Jersey
 has presented a significant problem for many-lower income
 residents of the state, many of whom have been forced to drop
 or lapse their coverage in violation of the State's mandatory
 motor vehicle insurance laws, making it necessary to provide
 a lower-cost option to protect people by providing coverage to
 pay their medical expenses if they are injured; and

17 WHEREAS, To meet these goals, this legislation provides for the 18 creation of two insurance coverage options, a basic policy and 19 a standard policy, provides for cost containment of medical 20 expense benefits through a revised dispute resolution 21 proceeding, provides for a revised lawsuit threshold for suits 22 for pain and suffering which will eliminate suits for injuries 23 which are not serious or permanent, including those for soft 24 tissue injuries, would more precisely define the benefits 25 available under the medical expense benefits coverage, and 26 establishes standard treatment and diagnostic procedures 27 against which the medical necessity of treatments reimbursable 28 under medical expense benefits coverage would be judged; and

29 WHEREAS, It is generally recognized that fraud, whether in the 30 form of inappropriate medical treatments, inflated claims, 31 staged accidents, falsification of records, or in any other form, 32 has increased premiums, and must be uncovered and vigorously 33 prosecuted, and while the pursuit of those who defraud the 34 automobile insurance system has heretofore been addressed by 35 the State through various agencies, it has been without 36 sufficient coordination to aggressively combat fraud, leading to the conclusion that greater consolidation of agencies which 37 38 were created to combat fraud is necessary to accomplish this 39 purpose; and

WHEREAS, With these many objectives, the Legislature
 nevertheless recognizes that to provide a healthy and
 competitive automobile insurance market, insurers are entitled
 to earn an adequate rate of return through the ratemaking
 process, which shall reflect the impact of the cost-saving
 provisions of this act and other recent legislative insurance
 reforms; and

WHEREAS, The Legislature has thus addressed these and other issues in this comprehensive legislation designed to preserve the no-fault system, while at the same time reducing unnecessary costs which drive premiums higher.

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6 2. Section 2 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2) is amended to read as 7 follows:

8 2. As used in this act:

9 a. "Automobile" means a private passenger automobile of a private 10 passenger or station wagon type that is owned or hired and is neither 11 used as a public or livery conveyance for passengers nor rented to 12 others with a driver; and a motor vehicle with a pickup body, a 13 delivery sedan, a van, or a panel truck or a camper type vehicle used 14 for recreational purposes owned by an individual or by husband and wife who are residents of the same household, not customarily used in 15 the occupation, profession or business of the insured other than 16 An automobile owned by a farm family 17 farming or ranching. 18 copartnership or corporation, which is principally garaged on a farm 19 or ranch and otherwise meets the definitions contained in this section, 20 shall be considered a private passenger automobile owned by two or 21 more relatives resident in the same household.

b. "Essential services" means those services performed not for
income which are ordinarily performed by an individual for the care
and maintenance of such individual's family or family household.

c. "Income" means salary, wages, tips, commissions, fees and other
earnings derived from work or employment.

d. "Income producer" means a person who, at the time of the
accident causing personal injury or death, was in an occupational
status, earning or producing income.

30 e. "Medical expenses" means [expenses for medical treatment, surgical treatment, dental treatment, professional nursing services, 31 32 hospital expenses, rehabilitation services, X-ray and other diagnostic 33 services, prosthetic devices, ambulance services, medication and other 34 reasonable and necessary expenses resulting from the treatment 35 prescribed by persons licensed to practice medicine and surgery 36 pursuant to R.S.45:9-1 et seq., dentistry pursuant to R.S.45:6-1 et 37 seq., psychology pursuant to P.L.1966, c.282 (C.45:14B-1 et seq.) or 38 chiropractic pursuant to P.L.1953, c.233 (C.45:9-41.1 et seq.) or by 39 persons similarly licensed in other states and nations or <u>reasonable</u> 40 and necessary expenses for treatment or services as provided by the policy, including medical, surgical, rehabilitative and diagnostic 41 42 services and hospital expenses, provided by a health care provider 43 licensed or certified by the State or by another state or nation, and 44 reasonable and necessary expenses for ambulance services or other 45 transportation, medication and other services as may be provided for, 46 and subject to such limitations as provided for, in the policy, as

approved by the commissioner. "Medical expenses" shall also include
 any nonmedical remedial treatment rendered in accordance with a

3 recognized religious method of healing.

4 f. "Hospital expenses" means **[**:

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5 (1) The cost of a semiprivate room, based on rates customarily

6 charged by the institution in which the recipient of benefits is confined;

(2) The cost of board, meals and dietary services;

8 (3) The cost of other hospital services, such as operating room; 9 medicines, drugs, anesthetics; treatments with X-ray, radium and 10 other radioactive substances; laboratory tests, surgical dressings and 11 supplies; and other medical care and treatment rendered by the 12 hospital;

13 (4) The cost of treatment by a physiotherapist;

14 (5) The cost of medical supplies, such as prescribed drugs and medicines; blood and blood plasma; artificial limbs and eyes; surgical 15 dressings, casts, splints, trusses, braces, crutches; 16 rental of 17 wheelchair, hospital bed or iron lung; oxygen and rental of equipment for its administration] the cost of treatment and services, as provided 18 19 in the policy approved by the commissioner, by a licensed and 20 accredited acute care facility which engages primarily in providing diagnosis, treatment and care of sick and injured persons on an 21 22 inpatient or outpatient basis; the cost of covered treatment and 23 services provided by an extended care facility which provides room 24 and board and skilled nursing care 24 hours a day and which is 25 recognized by the administrators of the federal Medicare program as 26 an extended care facility; and the cost of covered services at an 27 ambulatory surgical facility supervised by a physician licensed in this State or in another jurisdiction and recognized by the Commissioner 28 29 of Health and Senior Services, or any other facility licensed, certified 30 or recognized by the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services or 31 the Commissioner of Human Services or a nationally recognized 32 system such as the Commission on Accreditation of Rehabilitation 33 Facilities, or by another jurisdiction in which it is located. 34 g. "Named insured" means the person or persons identified as the

insured insured inearistic person of persons identified as the
insured in the policy and, if an individual, his or her spouse, if the
spouse is named as a resident of the same household, except that if the
spouse ceases to be a resident of the household of the named insured,
coverage shall be extended to the spouse for the full term of any policy
period in effect at the time of the cessation of residency.

h. "Pedestrian" means any person who is not occupying, entering
into, or alighting from a vehicle propelled by other than muscular
power and designed primarily for use on highways, rails and tracks.

43 i. "Noneconomic loss" means pain, suffering and inconvenience.

44 j. "Motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle as defined in R.S. 39:1-1,

45 exclusive of an automobile as defined in subsection a. of this section.

46 <u>k. "Economic loss" means uncompensated loss of income or</u>

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1 property, or other uncompensated expenses, including, but not limited 2 to, medical expenses. 3 1. "Health care provider" or "provider" means those persons 4 licensed or certified to perform health care treatment or services 5 compensable as medical expenses and shall include, but not be limited to, (1) a hospital or health care facility which is maintained by a state 6 or any of its political subdivisions, (2) a hospital or health care facility 7 8 licensed by the Department of Health and Senior Services, (3) other 9 hospitals or health care facilities designated by the Department of 10 Health and Senior Services to provide health care services, or other facilities, including facilities for radiology and diagnostic testing, 11 freestanding emergency clinics or offices, and private treatment 12 13 centers, (4) a nonprofit voluntary visiting nurse organization providing 14 health care services other than in a hospital, (5) hospitals or other 15 health care facilities or treatment centers located in other states or 16 nations, (6) physicians licensed to practice medicine and surgery, (7) 17 licensed chiropractors, (8) licensed dentists, (9) licensed optometrists, 18 (10) licensed pharmacists, (11) licensed chiropodists, (12) registered 19 bio-analytical laboratories, (13) licensed psychologists, (14) licensed 20 physical therapists, (16) certified nurse-midwives, (17) certified nurse-21 practitioners/clinical nurse-specialists, (18) licensed health maintenance organizations, (19) licensed orthotists and prosthetists, 22 $^{2}(20)$ licensed professional nurses, 2 and $^{2}[(20)](21)^{2}$ providers of 23 other health care services or supplies, including durable medical 24 25 goods. 26 m. "Medically necessary" means that the treatment is consistent 27 with the symptoms or diagnosis, and treatment of the injury (1) is not 28 primarily for the convenience of the injured person or provider, (2) is the most appropriate standard or level of service which is in 29 accordance with standards of good practice and standard professional 30 31 treatment protocols, as such protocols may be recognized or 32 designated by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, in 33 consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services²[, by or with² a professional licensing or certifying board in the Division 34 of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety, or 35 by a nationally recognized professional organization, and (3) does not 36 involve unnecessary ²[or repeated]² diagnostic testing. 37 n. "Standard automobile insurance policy" means an automobile 38 39 insurance policy with at least the coverage required pursuant to sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-3 and 39:6A-4). 40 41 o. "Basic automobile insurance policy" means an automobile 42 insurance policy pursuant to section of 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill). 43 44 (cf: P.L.1983, c.362, s.6) 45 3. Section 3 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-3) is amended to read as 46

1 follows:

2 3. Compulsory automobile insurance coverage; limits. [Every] 3 Except as provided by section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now 4 before the Legislature as this bill), every owner or registered owner of 5 an automobile registered or principally garaged in this State shall maintain automobile liability insurance coverage, under provisions 6 7 approved by the Commissioner of **Banking and** Insurance, insuring 8 against loss resulting from liability imposed by law for bodily injury, 9 death and property damage sustained by any person arising out of the 10 ownership, maintenance, operation or use of an automobile wherein such coverage shall be at least in: 11 a. an amount or limit of \$15,000.00, exclusive of interest and 12 13 costs, on account of injury to, or death of, one person, in any one 14 accident; and 15 b. an amount or limit, subject to such limit for any one person so 16 injured or killed, of \$30,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, on 17 account of injury to or death of, more than one person, in any one 18 accident; and c. an amount or limit of \$5,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, 19 20 for damage to property in any one accident. 21 No licensed insurance carrier shall refuse to renew the required 22 coverage stipulated by this act of an eligible person as defined in 23 section 25 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-13) except in accordance with 24 the provisions of section 26 of P.L.1988, c.119 (C.17:29C-7.1) or 25 with the consent of the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance. (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.3) 26 27 28 4. (New section) As an alternative to the mandatory coverages 29 provided in sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-3 and 39:6A-4), any owner or registered owner of an automobile registered or 30 31 principally garaged in this State may elect a basic automobile insurance 32 policy providing the following coverage: 33 a. Personal injury protection coverage, for the payment of benefits 34 without regard to negligence, liability or fault of any kind, to the 35 named insured and members of his family residing in his household, who sustained bodily injury as a result of an accident while occupying, 36 entering into, alighting from or using an automobile, or as a 37 38 pedestrian, caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or 39 from an automobile, to other persons sustaining bodily injury while 40 occupying, entering into, alighting from or using the automobile of the 41 named insured, with the permission of the named insured, and to 42 pedestrians sustaining bodily injury caused by the named insured's 43 automobile or struck by an object propelled by or from such 44 automobile. "Personal injury protection coverage" issued pursuant to 45 this section means and includes payment of medical expense benefits, as provided in the policy and approved by the commissioner, for the 46

1 reasonable and necessary treatment of bodily injury in an amount not 2 to exceed \$15,000 per person per accident; except that, medical 3 expense benefits shall be paid in an amount not to exceed \$250,000 for 4 ²[the reasonable and necessary treatment of bodily injuries which 5 result in: death; permanent and significant brain injury; quadriplegia or paraplegia; dismemberment; total loss of vision in one or both eyes; 6 7 total loss of hearing in one or both ears; significant permanent injury due to prominent facial, scalp or neck scarring] <u>all medically necessary</u> 8 9 treatment of permanent or significant brain injury, spinal cord injury 10 or disfigurement or for medically necessary treatment of other 11 permanent or significant injuries rendered at a trauma center or acute 12 care hospital immediately following the accident and until the patient 13 is stable, no longer requires critical care and can be safely discharged 14 or transferred to another facility in the judgement of the attending 15 <u>physician²</u>. In the event benefits paid by an insurer pursuant to this subsection are in excess of \$75,000 on account of personal injury to 16 any one person in any one accident, such excess shall be paid by the 17 18 insurer in consultation with the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund 19 Board and shall be reimbursable to the insurer from the Unsatisfied 20 Claim and Judgment Fund pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1977, c.310 21 (C.39:6-73.1). Benefits provided under basic coverage shall be in 22 accordance with a benefit plan provided in the policy and approved by 23 the commissioner. The policy form, which shall be subject to the approval of the commissioner, shall set forth the benefits provided 24 under the policy, including eligible medical treatments 2 <u>diagnostic</u> 25 tests² and services as well as such other benefits as the policy may 26 provide. The commissioner shall set forth by regulation ${}^{2}a$ statement 27 \underline{of}^{2} the basic benefits which shall be included in the policy. Medical 28 29 treatments, diagnostic tests, and services provided by the policy shall 30 be rendered in accordance with commonly accepted protocols and 31 professional standards and practices which are commonly accepted as 32 being beneficial for the treatment of the covered injury. Protocols and 33 professional standards and practices which are deemed to be 34 commonly accepted pursuant to this section shall be those recognized 35 by national standard setting organizations, national or state 36 professional organizations of the same discipline as the treating provider, or those designated or approved by the commissioner in 37 38 consultation with the professional licensing boards in the Division of 39 Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety. ²<u>The</u> 40 commissioner, in consultation with the Commissioner of the Department of Health and Senior Services and the applicable licensing 41 42 boards, may reject the use of protocols, standards and practices or lists 43 of diagnostic tests set by any organization deemed not to have 44 standing or general recognition by the provider community or the applicable licensing boards.² Protocols shall be deemed to establish 45 guidelines as to standard appropriate treatment ²and diagnostic tests² 46

1 for injuries sustained in automobile accidents, but the establishment of 2 standard treatment protocols or protocols for the administration of 3 diagnostic tests shall not be interpreted in such a manner as to 4 preclude variance from the standard when warranted by reason of 5 The policy form may provide for the medical necessity. 6 precertification of certain procedures, treatments, diagnostic tests, or other services or for the purchase of durable medical goods, as 7 8 approved by the commissioner, provided that the requirement for 9 precertification shall not be unreasonable, and no precertification 10 requirement shall apply within ten days of the insured event. The policy may provide that certain benefits provided by the policy which 11 12 are in excess of the basic benefits required by the commissioner to be 13 included in the policy may be subject to reasonable copayments in 14 addition to the copayments provided for herein, provided that the 15 copayments shall not be unreasonable and shall be established in such 16 as manner as not to serve to encourage underutilization of benefits subject to the copayments, nor encourage overutilization of benefits. 17 18 The policy form shall clearly set forth any limitations on benefits or 19 exclusions, which may include, but need not be limited to, benefits 20 which are otherwise compensable under workers' compensation, or 21 benefits for treatments deemed to be experimental or investigational, 22 or benefits deducted pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1972, c.70 23 (C.39:6A-6). The commissioner may enlist the services of a benefit 24 consultant in establishing the basic benefits level provided in this subsection, which shall be set forth by regulation no later than 25 26 2 [90]<u>120</u>² days following the enactment date of this amendatory and supplementary act. The commissioner shall not advertise for the 27 consultant as provided in sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1954, c.48 (C.52:34-28 29 8 and 52:34-9).

Medical expense benefits payable under this subsection shall not be 30 31 assignable, except to a provider of service benefits, in accordance with 32 policy terms approved by the commissioner, nor shall they be subject 33 to levy, execution, attachment or other process for satisfaction of 34 debts. Medical expense benefits payable in accordance with this 35 subsection may be subject to a deductible ²[of up to \$250,]² and copayments as provided for in the policy, if any. No insurer or 36 37 provider providing service benefits to an insured shall have a right of 38 subrogation for the amount of benefits paid pursuant to any deductible 39 or copayment under this section.

b. Liability insurance coverage insuring against loss resulting from liability imposed by law for ${}^{2}[1bodily injury, death and {}^{1}]{}^{2}$ property damage sustained by any person arising out of the ownership, maintenance, operation or use of an automobile ${}^{2}[1:(1)$ in an amount or limit of \$10,000, exclusive of interests and costs, on account of injury to, or death of, one or more persons in any one accident; and $(2){}^{1}]{}^{2}$ in an amount or limit of \$5,000, exclusive of interest and costs,

1 for damage to property in any one accident. 2 ²c. In addition to the aforesaid coverages required to be provided 3 in a basic automobile insurance policy, optional liability insurance 4 coverage insuring against loss resulting from liability imposed by law 5 for bodily injury or death in an amount or limit of \$10,000, exclusive 6 of interests and costs, on account of injury to, or death of, one or more persons in any one accident.² 7 8 If a named insured has elected the basic automobile insurance policy 9 option and an immediate family member or members or relatives 10 resident in his household have one or more policies with the coverages 11 provided for in sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-3 and 12 39:6A-4), the provisions of section 12 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-13 4.2) shall apply. 14 Every named insured and any other person to whom the basic automobile insurance policy ², with or without the optional \$10,000 15 liability coverage insuring against loss resulting from liability imposed 16 17 by law for bodily injury or death provided for in subsection c. of this section,² applies shall be subject to the tort option provided in 18 subsection a. of section 8 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-8). 19 20 No licensed insurance carrier shall refuse to renew the coverage 21 stipulated by this section of an eligible person as defined in section 25 22 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-13) except in accordance with the 23 provisions of section 26 of P.L.1988, c.119 (C.17:29C-7.1) or with the consent of the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance. 24 25 26 5. (New section) a. All automobile insurance policies issued or 27 renewed on or after the effective date of P.L., c. (C.)(now 28 before the Legislature as this bill) shall be issued or renewed including 29 at least the coverages required pursuant to sections 3 and 4 of 30 P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-3 and 39:6A-4), unless the named insured elects a basic automobile insurance policy pursuant to section 4 of 31 32 P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill). 33 Election of a basic automobile insurance policy shall be in writing and 34 signed by the named insured on the coverage selection form required by section 17 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-23). The coverage election 35 36 form shall contain a statement, clearly readable and in 12-point bold type, in a form approved by the commissioner, that election of a basic 37 automobile insurance policy ²<u>will result in less coverage than the</u> 38 39 \$250,000 medical expense benefits coverage mandated prior to the 40 effective date of this act. Furthermore, the coverage election form 41 shall contain a statement, clearly readable and in 12-point bold type, 42 in a form approved by the commissioner, that election of a basic automobile insurance policy without the optional \$10,000 liability 43 coverage provided for in section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before 44 the Legislature as this bill)² may subject the named insured to a claim 45

46 or judgment for noneconomic loss which is not covered by the basic

automobile insurance policy, and which may place his assets at risk,
 and in the event the named insured is sued, the insurer shall not
 provide legal counsel.

4 b. The insurance coverages provided for in section 4 of P.L. . c. 5)(now before the Legislature as this bill) shall be offered by (C. 6 every insurer which writes insurance coverages pursuant to sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-3 and 39:6A-4) for a period of 7 8 five years after the effective date of P.L. , c. (C.)(now 9 before the Legislature as this bill). The commissioner shall require 10 every company writing such insurance coverage to report to him annually during that five-year period as to the number of policies 11 12 written pursuant to this subsection in the previous year, the number of 13 policies with the coverage offered pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, 14 c.70 (C.39:6A-4) which have been converted to policies with the 15 coverage offered pursuant to section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) and any other information the 16 commissioner may require ²such as, but not limited to, the age of the 17 policyholders and the territories in which the policyholders reside². 18 19 The commissioner shall then report to the Governor and the 20 Legislature regarding the acceptance of the basic automobile insurance 21 policy by the automobile insurance consumers of this State annually 22 for the first four years the basic policy is sold. On or before January 23 1, 2003, the commissioner shall make a final, cumulative report which 24 shall include recommendations as to the continuation of the basic 25 policy to the Governor and the Legislature.

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27 6. Section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) is amended to read as28 follows:

29 4. Personal injury protection coverage, regardless of fault.

30 Every automobile liability insurance policy, issued or renewed on or after January 1, 1991, insuring an automobile as defined in section 31 32 2 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2) against loss resulting from liability 33 imposed by law for bodily injury, death and property damage sustained 34 by any person arising out of ownership, operation, maintenance or use 35 of an automobile shall provide personal injury protection coverage, as defined hereinbelow, under provisions approved by the Commissioner 36 37 of Banking and Insurance, for the payment of benefits without regard 38 to negligence, liability or fault of any kind, to the named insured and 39 members of his family residing in his household who sustained bodily 40 injury as a result of an accident while occupying, entering into, 41 alighting from or using an automobile, or as a pedestrian, caused by an 42 automobile or by an object propelled by or from an automobile, to 43 other persons sustaining bodily injury while occupying, entering into, 44 alighting from or using the automobile of the named insured, with the 45 permission of the named insured, and to pedestrians, sustaining bodily injury caused by the named insured's automobile or struck by an object 46

1 propelled by or from such automobile.

2 "Personal injury protection coverage" means and includes:

3 Medical expense benefits. Payment of reasonable medical a. 4 expense benefits in an amount not to exceed \$250,000 per person per 5 accident. In the event benefits paid by an insurer pursuant to this 6 subsection are in excess of \$75,000 on account of personal injury to 7 any one person in any one accident, such excess shall be paid by the 8 insurer in consultation with the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund 9 Board and shall be reimbursable to the insurer from the Unsatisfied 10 Claim and Judgment Fund pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1977, c.310 11 (C.39:6-73.1).

12 b. Income continuation benefits. The payment of the loss of 13 income of an income producer as a result of bodily injury disability, 14 subject to a maximum weekly payment of \$100.00. Such sum shall be 15 payable during the life of the injured person and shall be subject to an amount or limit of \$5,200.00, on account of injury to any one person 16 in any one accident, except that in no case shall income continuation 17 18 benefits exceed the net income normally earned during the period in 19 which the benefits are payable.

20 Essential services benefits. Payment of essential services c. 21 benefits to an injured person shall be made in reimbursement of 22 necessary and reasonable expenses incurred for such substitute essential services ordinarily performed by the injured person for 23 himself, his family and members of the family residing in the 24 25 household, subject to an amount or limit of \$12.00 per day. Such 26 benefits shall be payable during the life of the injured person and shall 27 be subject to an amount or limit of \$4,380.00, on account of injury to 28 any one person in any one accident.

29 d. Death benefits. In the event of the death of an income producer 30 as a result of injuries sustained in an accident entitling such person to 31 benefits under this section, the maximum amount of benefits which 32 could have been paid to the income producer, but for his death, under 33 subsection b. of this section shall be paid to the surviving spouse, or 34 in the event there is no surviving spouse, then to the surviving children, and in the event there are no surviving spouse or surviving 35 children, then to the estate of the income producer. 36

In the event of the death of one performing essential services as a result of injuries sustained in an accident entitling such person to benefits under subsection c. of this section, the maximum amount of benefits which could have been paid such person, under subsection c., shall be paid to the person incurring the expense of providing such essential services.

e. Funeral expenses benefits. All reasonable funeral, burial and
cremation expenses, subject to a maximum benefit of \$1,000.00, on
account of the death of any one person in any one accident shall be
payable to the decedent's estate.

1 Benefits payable under this section shall: 2 (1) Be subject to any option elected by the policyholder pursuant 3 to section 13 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-4.3); 4 (2) Not be assignable, except to a provider of service benefits 5 under this section in accordance with policy terms approved by the 6 commissioner, nor subject to levy, execution, attachment or other process for satisfaction of debts. 7 8 Medical expense benefit payments shall be subject to a deductible 9 of \$250.00 on account of injury in any one accident and a copayment of 20% of any benefits payable between \$250.00 and \$5,000.00.] 10 Except as provided by section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now 11 before the Legislature as this bill), every standard automobile liability 12 13 insurance policy issued or renewed on or after the effective date of <u>P.L.</u>, c. (C. 14)(now before the Legislature as this bill) shall contain personal injury protection benefits for the payment of 15 benefits without regard to negligence, liability or fault of any kind, to 16 17 the named insured and members of his family residing in his household 18 who sustain bodily injury as a result of an accident while occupying, 19 entering into, alighting from or using an automobile, or as a 20 pedestrian, caused by an automobile or by an object propelled by or 21 from an automobile, to other persons sustaining bodily injury while 22 occupying, entering into, alighting from or using the automobile of the named insured, with permission of the named insured, and to 23 24 pedestrians sustaining bodily injury caused by the named insured's 25 automobile or struck by an automobile or struck by an object propelled 26 by or from that automobile. 27 "Personal injury protection coverage" means and includes: 28 a. Payment of medical expense benefits in accordance with a 29 benefit plan provided in the policy and approved by the commissioner, 30 for reasonable, necessary, and appropriate treatment and provision of 31 services to persons sustaining bodily injury, in an amount not to 32 exceed \$250,000 per person per accident. In the event benefits paid 33 by an insurer pursuant to this subsection are in excess of \$75,000 on 34 account of bodily injury to any one person in any one accident, that 35 excess shall be paid by the insurer in consultation with the Unsatisfied 36 Claim and Judgment Fund Board and shall be reimbursable to the 37 insurer from the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund pursuant to 38 section 2 of P.L.1977, c.310 (C.39:6-73.1). The policy form, which 39 shall be subject to the approval of the commissioner, shall set forth the benefits provided under the policy, including eligible medical 40 treatments ²diagnostic tests² and services as well as such other 41 benefits as the policy may provide. The commissioner shall set forth 42 by regulation ^{2}a statement of 2 the basic benefits which shall be 43 included in the policy. Medical treatments, diagnostic tests, and 44 45 services provided by the policy shall be rendered in accordance with commonly accepted protocols and professional standards and practices 46

1 which are commonly accepted as being beneficial for the treatment of 2 the covered injury. Protocols and professional standards and practices ²and lists of valid diagnostic tests² which are deemed to be commonly 3 accepted pursuant to this section shall be those recognized by national 4 5 standard setting organizations, national or state professional 6 organizations of the same discipline as the treating provider, or those 7 designated or approved by the commissioner in consultation with the professional licensing boards in the Division of Consumer Affairs in 8 the Department of Law and Public Safety. ²The commissioner, in 9 consultation with the Commissioner of the Department of Health and 10 Senior Services and the applicable licensing boards, may reject the use 11 12 of protocols, standards and practices or lists of diagnostic tests set by 13 any organization deemed not to have standing or general recognition by the provider community or the applicable licensing boards.² 14 Protocols shall be deemed to establish guidelines as to standard 15 appropriate treatment ² and diagnostic tests² for injuries sustained in 16 17 automobile accidents, but the establishment of standard treatment 18 protocols or protocols for the administration of diagnostic tests shall 19 not be interpreted in such a manner as to preclude variance from the 20 standard when warranted by reason of medical necessity. The policy 21 form may provide for the precertification of certain procedures, 22 treatments, diagnostic tests, or other services or for the purchase of durable medical goods, as approved by the commissioner, provided 23 24 that the requirement for precertification shall not be unreasonable, and 25 no precertification requirement shall apply within ten days of the 26 insured event. The policy may provide that certain benefits provided 27 by the policy which are in excess of the basic benefits required by the 28 commissioner to be included in the policy may be subject to reasonable 29 copayments in addition to the copayments provided for pursuant to 30 subsection e. of this section, provided that the copayments shall not be 31 unreasonable and shall be established in such as manner as not to serve 32 to encourage underutilization of benefits subject to the copayments, nor encourage overutilization of benefits. The policy form shall clearly 33 34 set forth any limitations on benefits or exclusions, which may include, 35 but need not be limited to, benefits which are otherwise compensable 36 under workers' compensation, or benefits for treatments deemed to be 37 experimental or investigational, or benefits deducted pursuant to section 6 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-6). The commissioner may 38 39 enlist the services of a benefit consultant in establishing the basic benefits level provided in this subsection, which shall be set forth by 40 regulation no later than ²[90] 120² days following the enactment date 41 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill). The 42 43 commissioner shall not advertise for bids for the consultant as provided in sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1954, c.48 (C.52:34-8 and 52:34-44 45 <u>9).</u> b. Income continuation benefits. The payment of the loss of 46

1 income of an income producer as a result of bodily injury disability, 2 subject to a maximum weekly payment of \$100. Such sum shall be 3 payable during the life of the injured person and shall be subject to an 4 amount or limit of \$5,200, on account of injury to any one person in 5 any one accident, except that in no case shall income continuation 6 benefits exceed the net income normally earned during the period in which the benefits are payable. 7 c. Essential services benefits. Payment of essential services 8 9 benefits to an injured person shall be made in reimbursement of 10 necessary and reasonable expenses incurred for such substitute essential services ordinarily performed by the injured person for 11 himself, his family and members of the family residing in the 12 13 household, subject to an amount or limit of \$12 per day. Such benefits 14 shall be payable during the life of the injured person and shall be 15 subject to an amount or limit of \$4,380, on account of injury to any one person in any one accident. 16 17 d. Death benefits. In the event of the death of an income producer as a result of injuries sustained in an accident entitling such person to 18 19 benefits under this section, the maximum amount of benefits which 20 could have been paid to the income producer, but for his death, under 21 subsection b. of this section shall be paid to the surviving spouse, or 22 in the event there is no surviving spouse, then to the surviving children, and in the event there are no surviving spouse or surviving 23 24 children, then to the estate of the income producer. 25 In the event of the death of one performing essential services as a 26 result of injuries sustained in an accident entitling such person to 27 benefits under subsection c. of this section, the maximum amount of 28 benefits which could have been paid to such person, under subsection 29 c., shall be paid to the person incurring the expense of providing such 30 essential services. e. Funeral expenses benefits. All reasonable funeral, burial and 31 32 cremation expenses, subject to a maximum benefit of \$1,000, on account of the death of any one person in any one accident shall be 33 34 payable to the decedent's estate. 35 Benefits payable under this section shall: 36 (1) Be subject to any option elected by the policyholder pursuant to section 13 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-4.3); 37 38 (2) Not be assignable, except to a provider of service benefits 39 under this section in accordance with policy terms approved by the 40 commissioner, nor subject to levy, execution, attachment or other 41 process for satisfaction of debts. 42 Medical expense benefit payments shall be subject to a deductible ² [of \$250 on account of injury in any one accident] ² and f_a 43 copayment of 20% of any benefits payable between \$250 and \$5,000 44 in addition to]² any copayment which may be established ²[pursuant 45 to subsection a. of this section as provided in the policy, of any². 46

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1 Upon the request of the commissioner or any party to a claim for 2 benefits or payment for services rendered, a provider shall present 3 adequate proof that any deductible or copayment related to that claim 4 has not been waived or discharged by the provider. No insurer or health provider providing benefits to an insured shall 5 6 have a right of subrogation for the amount of benefits paid pursuant 7 to any deductible or copayment under this section. 8 (cf: P.L.1997, c.151, s.31) 9 10 7. Section 13 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-4.3) is amended to read 11 as follows: 12 13. Personal injury protection coverage options. With respect to 13 personal injury protection coverage provided on an automobile in 14 accordance with section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4), the 15 automobile insurer shall provide the following coverage options: 16 a. Medical expense benefit deductibles in amounts of \$500.00, 17 \$1,000.00, <u>\$2,000.00</u> and \$2,500.00 for any one accident; b. [The option to exclude all benefits offered under subsections b., 18 c., d., and e. of section 4;]²[(Deleted by amendment, P.L., c. 19 .)] The option to exclude all benefits offered under subsection b., c., 20 21 d., and e. of section 4;² 22 c. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1988, c.119.) 23 d. For policies issued or renewed on or after January 1, 1991, the 24 option that other health insurance coverage or benefits of the insured, 25 including health care services provided by a health maintenance 26 organization and any coverage or benefits provided under any federal 27 or State program, are the primary coverage in regard to medical 28 expense benefits pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4). 29 If health insurance coverage or benefits are primary, an automobile 30 insurer providing medical expense benefits under personal injury 31 protection coverage shall be liable for reasonable medical expenses not 32 covered by the health insurance coverage or benefits up to the limit of 33 the medical expense benefit coverage. The principles of coordination of benefits shall apply to personal injury protection medical expense 34 benefits coverage pursuant to this subsection. ²[The insurer shall 35 provide an appropriate reduction from the territorial base rate for 36 personal injury protection coverage for those electing the options in 37 38 subsections a. and d. of this section. 39 e. Medical expense benefits in amounts of \$150,000, \$75,000, 40 \$50,000 or \$15,000 per person per accident; except that, medical expense benefits shall be paid in an amount not to exceed \$250,000 for 41 42 all medically necessary treatment of permanent or significant brain 43 injury, spinal cord injury or disfigurement or for medically necessary 44 treatment of other permanent or significant injuries rendered at a 45 trauma center or acute care hospital immediately following the 46 accident and until the patient is stable, no longer requires critical care

1 and can be safely discharged or transferred to another facility in the 2 judgment of the attending physician. The coverage election form shall 3 contain a statement, clearly readable and in 12-point bold type, in a 4 form approved by the commissioner, that election of any of the aforesaid medical expense benefits options results in less coverage 5 6 than the \$250,000 medical expense benefits coverage mandated prior to the effective date of this act. 7 8 If none of the aforesaid medical expenses benefits options is 9 affirmatively chosen in writing, the policy shall provide \$250,000 10 medical expense benefits coverage. 11 f. The insurer shall provide an appropriate reduction from the 12 territorial base rate for personal injury protection coverage for those electing any of the options in subsections a., d. and e. of this section.² 13 14 Insurers shall offer the options provided by subsections a. and b. 15 of this section at appropriately reduced premiums. For policies issued 16 or renewed prior to January 1, 1992, insurers shall offer the option provided by subsection d. of this section at a discount of not less than 17 25% from the base rate applicable to the first \$250,000 of medical 18 19 expense benefits, and for policies issued or renewed on or after 20 January 1, 1992, insurers shall offer the option at an appropriate 21 discount from the base rate for the amount of medical expense benefits 22 coverage taken. 23 Any named insured who chooses the option provided by subsection 24 d. of this section shall provide proof that he and members of his family 25 residing in his household are covered by health insurance coverage or 26 benefits in a manner and to an extent approved by the commissioner.

27 Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a health insurer, 28 health maintenance organization or governmental agency to cover 29 individuals or treatment which is not normally covered under the applicable benefit contract or plan. If it is determined that an insured 30 31 who selected or is otherwise covered by the option provided in 32 subsection d. of this section did not have such health coverage in 33 effect at the time of an accident, medical expense benefits shall be 34 payable by the person's automobile insurer and shall be subject to any 35 deductible required by law or otherwise selected as an option pursuant 36 to subsection a. of this section, any copayment required by law and an 37 additional deductible in the amount of \$750.

An option elected by the named insured in accordance with this section shall apply only to the named insured and any resident relative in the named insured's household who is not a named insured under another automobile insurance policy, and not to any other person eligible for personal injury protection benefits required to be provided in accordance with section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4).

In the case of a medical expense benefit deductible, the deductible
elected by the named insured shall be satisfied for any one accident,
whether the medical expense benefits are paid or provided, in the

1 amount of the deductible, to the named insured or to one or more 2 resident relatives in the named insured's household who are not named insureds under another insurance policy, or to any combination 3 4 thereof. 5 Medical expense benefits payable in any amount between the deductible selected pursuant to subsection a. of this section and 6 7 \$5,000.00 shall be subject to [a] the copayment [of 20%] provided 8 in the policy, if any. 9 No insurer or health provider providing benefits to an insured who 10 has elected a deductible pursuant to subsection a. of this section shall 11 have a right of subrogation for the amount of benefits paid pursuant 12 to a deductible elected thereunder or any applicable copayment. 13 The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall adopt rules and 14 regulations to effectuate the purposes of this section and may promulgate standards applicable to the coordination of personal injury 15 16 protection medical expense benefits coverage. 17 (cf: P.L.1997, c.151, s.32) 18 19 8. Section 14 of P.L.1985, c.520 (C.39:6A-4.5) is amended to read 20 as follows: 21 14. a. Any person who, at the time of an automobile accident 22 resulting in injuries to that person, is required but fails to maintain 23 medical expense benefits coverage mandated by section 4 of P.L.1972, 24 c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before 25 the Legislature as this bill) shall have no cause of action for recovery 26 of economic or noneconomic loss sustained as a result of an accident 27 while operating an uninsured automobile. 28 b. Any person who is convicted of, or pleads guilty to, operating 29 a motor vehicle in violation of R.S.39:4-50, section 2 of P.L.1981, c.512 (C.39:4-50.4a), or a similar statute from any other jurisdiction, 30 31 in connection with an accident, shall have no cause of action for 32 recovery of economic or noneconomic loss sustained as a result of the 33 accident. 34 c. Any person acting with specific intent of causing injury to 35 himself or others in the operation or use of an automobile shall have 36 no cause of action for recovery of economic or noneconomic loss sustained as a result of an accident arising from such conduct. 37 (cf: P.L.1997, c.151, s.13) 38 39 40 9. Section 6 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-6) is amended to read as 41 follows: 42 6. Collateral Source. The benefits provided in [section] sections 43 4 and [section] 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 and 39:6A-10) and 44 the medical expense benefits provided in section 4 of P.L., c. 45)(now before the Legislature as this bill) shall be payable as (C. loss accrues, upon written notice of such loss and without regard to 46

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collateral sources, except that benefits, collectible under workers' 1 2 compensation insurance, employees' temporary disability benefit statutes, medicare provided under Federal law, and benefits, in fact 3 collected, that are provided under Federal law to active and retired 4 5 military personnel shall be deducted from the benefits collectible under [section] sections 4 and [section] 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 6 7 and 39:6A-10) and the medical expense benefits provided in section 4 8 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill). 9 If an insurer has paid those benefits and the insured is entitled to, 10 but has failed to apply for, workers' compensation benefits or 11 employees' temporary disability benefits, the insurer may immediately 12 apply to the provider of workers' compensation benefits or of 13 employees' temporary disability benefits for a reimbursement of any 14 section 4 and section 10 benefits <u>pursuant to sections 4 and 10 of</u> P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 and 39:6A-10) or medical expense benefits 15 16 pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 17 Legislature as this bill) it has paid. 18 (cf: P.L.1983, c.362, s.9) 19 20 10. Section 7 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-7) is amended to read as 21 follows: 22 7. Exclusions. a. Insurers may exclude a person from benefits 23 under [section] sections 4 and [section] 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 24 (C.39:6A-4 and 39:6A-10) [where such] and medical expense benefits provided in section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 25 26 Legislature as this bill) if that person's conduct contributed to his 27 personal injuries or death occurred in any of the following ways: 28 (1) while committing a high misdemeanor or felony or seeking to 29 avoid lawful apprehension or arrest by a police officer; or 30 (2) while acting with specific intent of causing injury or damage to 31 himself or others. 32 b. An insurer may also exclude from [section 4 and section 10] the 33 benefits provided in sections 4 and 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 34 and 39:6A-10) and the medical expense benefits provided in section 4 35 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) any 36 person having incurred injuries or death, who, at the time of the 37 accident: 38 (1) was the owner or registrant of an automobile registered or 39 principally garaged in this State that was being operated without 40 personal injury protection coverage; (2) was occupying or operating an automobile without the 41 42 permission of the owner or other named insured; 43 (3) was a person other than the named insured or a member and 44 named insured's family residing in his household, if that person is 45 entitled to coverage under section 4 or section 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 or 39:6A-10), or both, or section 4 of P.L., c. 46

1)(now before the Legislature as this bill), as a named insured (C. 2 or member of the named insured's family residing in his household 3 under the terms of another policy: or 4 (4) was a member of the named insured's family residing in the 5 named insured's household, if that person is entitled to coverage under section 4 or section 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 or 39:6A-10), or 6 7 both, or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 8 Legislature as this bill) as a named insured under the terms of another 9 policy. (cf: P.L.1997, c.270, s.1) 10 11 12 11. Section 8 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-8) is amended to read as 13 follows: 14 8. Tort exemption; limitation on the right to noneconomic loss. 15 One of the following two tort options shall be elected, in 16 accordance with section 14.1 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-8.1), by any named insured required to maintain personal injury protection 17 coverage pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4): 18 19 a. Every owner, registrant, operator or occupant of an automobile 20 to which section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4), personal injury 21 protection coverage, regardless of fault, applies, and every person or 22 organization legally responsible for his acts or omissions, is hereby 23 exempted from tort liability for noneconomic loss to a person who is 24 subject to this subsection and who is either a person who is required 25 to maintain the coverage mandated by this act, or is a person who has a right to receive benefits under section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 26 27 (C.39:6A-4) as a result of bodily injury, arising out of the ownership, 28 operation, maintenance or use of such automobile in this State, unless 29 that person has sustained a personal injury which results in death; dismemberment; significant disfigurement; a fracture; loss of a fetus; 30 31 permanent loss of use of a body organ, member, function or system; 32 permanent consequential limitation of use of a body organ or member; 33 significant limitation of use of a body function or system; or a 34 medically determined injury or impairment of a non-permanent nature 35 which prevents the injured person from performing substantially all of 36 the material acts which constitute that person's usual and customary daily activities for not less than 90 days during the 180 days 37 immediately following the occurrence of the injury or impairment 38 39 Limitation on lawsuit option. Every owner, registrant, operator or 40 occupant of an automobile to which section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4), personal injury protection coverage, or section 4 of 41 42 P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) medical 43 expense benefits coverage, regardless of fault, applies, and every 44 person or organization legally responsible for his acts or omissions, is

45 <u>hereby exempted from tort liability for noneconomic loss to a person</u>

46 who is subject to this subsection and who is either a person who is

1 required to maintain personal injury protection coverage pursuant to 2 section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or medical expense benefits 3 pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 4 Legislature as this bill), or is a person who has a right to receive 5 benefits under section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill), as a 6 result of bodily injury, arising out of the ownership, operation, 7 8 maintenance or use of such automobile in this State, unless that person 9 has sustained a bodily injury which results in death; dismemberment; 10 significant disfigurement or significant scarring; displaced fractures; 11 loss of a fetus; or a permanent injury within a reasonable degree of 12 medical probability, other than scarring or disfigurement. An injury 13 shall be considered permanent when the body part or organ, or both, 14 has not healed to function normally and will not heal to function 15 normally with further medical treatment. For the purposes of this 16 subsection, "physician" means a physician as defined in section 5 of 17 P.L.1939.c.115 (C.45:9-5.1). 18 In order to satisfy the tort option provisions of this subsection, the 19 plaintiff shall, within 60 days following the date of the answer to the 20 complaint by the defendant, provide the defendant with a certification 21 from the licensed treating physician or a board-certified licensed 22 physician to whom the plaintiff was referred by the treating physician. The certification shall state, under penalty of perjury, that the plaintiff 23 24 has sustained an injury described above. The certification shall be 25 based on and refer to objective clinical evidence, which may include 26 medical testing, except that any such testing shall be performed in 27 accordance with medical protocols pursuant to subsection a. of section 28 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) and the use of valid diagnostic tests 29 administered in accordance with section 12 of P.L., c. (C.)(now 30 before the Legislature as this bill). Such testing may not be 31 experimental in nature or dependent entirely upon subjective patient 32 response. The court may grant no more than one additional period not 33 to exceed 60 days to file the certification pursuant to this subsection 34 upon a finding of good cause. 35 A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if that person 36 purposefully or knowingly makes, or causes to be made, a false, 37 fictitious, fraudulent, or misleading statement of material fact in, or 38 omits a material fact from, or causes a material fact to be omitted 39 from, any certification filed pursuant to this subsection. 40 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection e. of N.J.S. 2C:44-1, the 41 court shall deal with a person who has been convicted of a violation 42 of this subsection by imposing a sentence of imprisonment unless, 43 having regard to the character and condition of the person, the court 44 is of the opinion that imprisonment would be a serious injustice which 45 overrides the need to deter such conduct by others. If the court 46 imposes a noncustodial or probationary sentence, such sentence shall

1 not become final for 10 days in order to permit the appeal of such 2 sentence by the prosecution. Nothing in this subsection a. shall 3 preclude an indictment and conviction for any other offense defined by 4 the laws of this State. In addition, any professional license held by the 5 person shall be forfeited according to the procedures established by 6 section 4 of P.L.1997, c.353 (C.2C:51-5); or 7 b. <u>No limitation on lawsuit option</u>. As an alternative to the basic 8 tort option specified in subsection a. of this section, every owner, 9 registrant, operator, or occupant of an automobile to which section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) , personal injury protection coverage, 10 or section 4 of P.L., c. (C,)(now before the Legislature as 11 12 this bill), medical expense benefits coverage, regardless of fault, 13 applies, and every person or organization legally responsible for his 14 acts or omissions, shall be liable for noneconomic loss to a person who 15 is subject to this subsection and who is either a person who is required to maintain the coverage mandated by P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-1 et 16 17 seq.) or is a person who has a right to receive benefits under section 18 4 of that act (C.39:6A-4), as a result of bodily injury, arising out of the 19 ownership, operation, maintenance or use of such automobile in this 20 State. 21 The tort option provisions of subsection b. of this section shall also

22 apply to the right to recover for noneconomic loss of any person eligible for benefits pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 23 24 (C.39:6A-4) or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 25 Legislature as this bill) but who is not required to maintain personal 26 injury protection coverage pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 27 (C.39:6A-4) or medical expense benefits coverage pursuant to section 28 4 of P.L., c. (C,)(now before the Legislature as this bill) and 29 is not an immediate family member, as defined in section 14.1 of 30 P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-8.1), under [an] a standard automobile 31 insurance policy or basic automobile insurance policy.

32 The tort option provisions of subsection a. of this section shall also 33 apply to any person subject to section 14 of P.L.1985, c.520 34 (C.39:6A-4.5) and to every named insured and any other person to 35 whom the medical expense benefits of the basic automobile insurance policy pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 36 Legislature as this bill) apply ²whether or not the person has elected 37 38 the optional \$10,000 liability coverage insuring against loss resulting 39 from liability imposed by law for bodily injury or death provided for 40 in subsection c. of section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 41 <u>Legislature as this bill</u>)². 42 The tort option provisions of subsections a. and b. of this section 43 as provided in this [1988] 1998 amendatory and supplementary act 44 shall apply to automobile insurance policies issued or renewed on or 45 after [January 1, 1989] the effective date of P.L. . c.

46 (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) and as otherwise

1 provided by law.

2 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.9)

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4 12. (New section) The professional licensing boards governing 5 health care providers in the Division of Consumer Affairs shall 6 promulgate, pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," 7 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), a list of valid diagnostic tests 8 to be used in conjunction with the appropriate health care protocols in 9 the treatment of persons sustaining bodily injury and subject to 10 subsection a. of section 8 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-8). Inclusion of a test on the list of valid diagnostic tests shall be based on 11 12 demonstrated medical value, and a level of general acceptance by the 13 relevant provider community and shall not be dependent for results 14 entirely upon subjective patient response. The initial lists shall be 15 promulgated within 180 days of the effective date of this section and shall be revised from time to time as determined by the respective 16 boards to reflect new testing procedures and emerging technologies 17 18 enjoying a level of general acceptance within the appropriate provider 19 community. In updating its list, a board may take action at a regularly 20 scheduled meeting, notwithstanding the provisions of P.L.1968, c.410 21 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) to the contrary, after notice as provided herein. 22 The professional boards, individually or collectively, may enlist the 23 services of a consulting firm to assist in compiling and updating the list. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance may reimburse the 24 boards for the cost of the services of the consultant. The list of valid 25 26 diagnostic ²[test] <u>tests</u>, once approved by the commissioner² shall apply only to benefits under section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) 27 and section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this 28 29 bill). The board or boards hiring a consultant shall not advertise for bids, as provided in sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1954, c.48 (C.52:34-8 and 30 31 52:34-9). Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section to the 32 contrary, a diagnostic test performed in an acute care facility, or 33 extended care facility recognized by Medicare, shall not be excluded 34 from a list of valid diagnostic tests promulgated pursuant to this 35 section.

a. For the purposes of this section, "action" includes, but is notlimited to:

38 (1) the addition or deletion of a test to the list; or

39 (2) procedures and standards for the performance of a test.

40 "Action" shall not include the hearing and resolution of contested
41 cases, licensing matters, personnel matters or any other duties of a
42 professional licensing board.

b. Prior to the adoption of an action by the board, the board shall
forward the notice of intended action and a detailed description of the
intended action to the Office of Administrative Law for publication in
the New Jersey Register.

1 A copy of the text of the intended action shall be available in the 2 Division of Consumer Affairs in accordance with the provisions of P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-1 et seq.). 3 4 c. The board may hold a public hearing on any intended action. d. Whether or not a public hearing is held, the board shall afford all 5 6 interested persons an opportunity to comment in writing on the 7 intended action. Written comments shall be submitted to the board 8 within the time established by the board in the notice of intended 9 action, which time shall not be less than 10 calendar days from the date of notice. The board shall give due consideration to all comments 10 11 received. A copy of the submissions shall be filed with the Office of 12 Administrative Law for publication in the New Jersey Register. 13 e. The board may adopt the intended action immediately following 14 the expiration of the public comment period provided in subsection d. 15 of this section, or the hearing provided for in subsection c. of this section, whichever date is later. The final action adopted by the board 16 shall be submitted for publication in the New Jersey Register to the 17 18 Office of Administrative Law, and shall be effective on the date of the 19 submission or such later date as the board may establish. 20 f. Actions filed with the Office of Administrative Law pursuant to 21 this section shall be filed subject to the provisions of subsections (a), 22 (c), (d) and (e) of section 5 of P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-5). 23 g. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the board 24 from adopting any action pursuant to the provisions of the 25 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 26 seq.). 27 Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the h. 28 Director of the Division of Consumer Affairs from adopting any rule 29 or regulation pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). 30 31 32 13. Section 20 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-9.1) is amended to 33 read as follows: 34 20. An insurer, health maintenance organization or governmental 35 agency paying benefits pursuant to subsection a., b. or d. of section 13 36 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-4.3) or personal injury protection 37 benefits in accordance with section 4 or section 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 38 (C.39:6A-4 or 39:6A-10) or medical expense benefits pursuant to 39 section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this 40 bill), as a result of an accident occurring within this State, shall, within 41 two years of the filing of the claim, have the right to recover the 42 amount of payments from any tortfeasor who was not, at the time of 43 the accident, required to maintain personal injury protection or medical 44 expense benefits coverage, other than for pedestrians, under the laws

of this State, including personal injury protection coverage required tobe provided in accordance with section 18 of P.L.1985, c.520

1 (C.17:28-1.4), or although required did not maintain personal injury 2 protection or medical expense benefits coverage at the time of the 3 accident. In the case of an accident occurring in this State involving 4 an insured tortfeasor, the determination as to whether an insurer, health maintenance organization or governmental agency is legally 5 6 entitled to recover the amount of payments and the amount of 7 recovery, including the costs of processing benefit claims and 8 enforcing rights granted under this section, shall be made against the 9 insurer of the tortfeasor, and shall be by agreement of the involved 10 parties or, upon failing to agree, by arbitration.

- 11 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.10)
- 12

13 14. Section 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-10) is amended to read14 as follows:

15 10. Additional personal injury protection coverage. Insurers shall make available to the named insured electing the standard automobile 16 17 insurance policy and covered under section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 18 (C.39:6A-4), and, at his option, to resident relatives in the household 19 of the named insured, suitable additional first party coverage for 20 income continuation benefits, essential services benefits, death benefits 21 and funeral expense benefits, but the income continuation and essential 22 services benefits shall cease upon the death of the claimant, and shall 23 not operate to increase the amount of any death benefits payable under 24 section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) and such additional first party 25 coverage shall be payable only to the extent that the claimant 26 establishes that the amount of loss sustained exceeds the coverage 27 specified in section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4). Insurers may also 28 make available to named insureds electing a standard automobile 29 insurance policy and covered under section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 30 (C.39:6A-4), and, at their option, to resident relatives in the household 31 of the named insured or to other persons provided medical expense 32 benefits coverage pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4), 33 or both, additional first party medical expense [benefit] benefits 34 coverage. The additional coverage shall be offered by the insurer at 35 least annually as part of the coverage selection form applicable to the 36 standard automobile insurance policy and required by section 17 of 37 P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-23). Income continuation in excess of that provided for in section 4 [must] of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) shall 38 39 be provided as an option by insurers for disabilities, as long as the 40 disability persists, up to an income level of \$35,000.00 per year, provided that a. the excess between \$5,200.00 and the amount of 41 42 coverage contracted for shall be written on the basis of 75% of said 43 difference, and b. regardless of the duration of the disability, the 44 benefits payable shall not exceed the total maximum amount of income 45 continuation benefits contracted for. Death benefits provided pursuant to this section shall be payable without regard to the period of time 46

1 elapsing between the date of the accident and the date of death, if 2 death occurs within two years of the accident and results from bodily 3 injury from that accident to which coverage under this section applies. 4 The Commissioner of Insurance is hereby authorized and empowered to establish, by rule or regulation, the amounts and terms of income 5 6 continuation insurance to be provided pursuant to this section. 7 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.11) 8 9 15. Section 11 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-11) is amended to read 10 as follows: 11 11. Contribution among insurers. If two or more insurers are liable 12 to pay benefits under sections 4 and 10 of this act P.L.1972, c.70 13 (C.39:6A-4 and 39:6A-10) under a standard automobile insurance policy ²[or medical expense benefits under a basic automobile 14 insurance policy pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now 15 <u>before the Legislature as this bill</u>² for the same bodily injury, or 16 17 death, of any one person, the maximum amount payable shall be as specified in those sections 4 and 10 of P.L.1972, C.70 (C.39:6A-4 and 18 19 <u>39:6A-10)</u> and section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 20 Legislature as this bill), respectively, if additional first party coverage 21 applies and any insurer paying the benefits shall be entitled to recover 22 from each of the other insurers, only by inter-company arbitration or 23 inter-company agreement, an equitable pro-rata share of the benefits 24 paid. 25 (cf: P.L.1972, c.70, s.11) 26 27 16. Section 12 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-12) is amended to read 28 as follows: 29 12. Inadmissibility of evidence of losses collectible under personal 30 injury protection coverage. Except as may be required in an action 31 brought pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-9.1), 32 evidence of the amounts collectible or paid under a standard 33 automobile insurance policy pursuant to sections 4 and 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 and 39:6A-10) and amounts collectible or 34 paid for medical expense benefits under a basic automobile insurance 35 36 policy pursuant to 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 37 Legislature as this bill), to an injured person, including the amounts of 38 any deductibles, copayments or exclusions, including exclusions 39 pursuant to subsection d. of section 13 of P.L.1983, c.362 40 (C.39:6A-4.3), otherwise compensated is inadmissible in a civil action 41 for recovery of damages for bodily injury by such injured person. 42 The court shall instruct the jury that, in arriving at a verdict as to 43 the amount of the damages for noneconomic loss to be recovered by 44 the injured person, the jury shall not speculate as to the amount of the 45 medical expense benefits paid or payable by an automobile insurer under personal injury protection coverage payable under a standard 46

1 automobile insurance policy pursuant to sections 4 and 10 of 2 P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 and 39:6A-10) or medical expense benefits 3 under a basic automobile insurance policy pursuant to section 4 of 4 P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) to the 5 injured person, nor shall they speculate as to the amount of benefits 6 paid or payable by a health insurer, health maintenance organization or 7 governmental agency under subsection d. of section 13 of P.L.1983, 8 c.362 (C.39:6A-4.3). 9 Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the right of 10 recovery, against the tortfeasor, of uncompensated economic loss 11 sustained by the injured party. 12 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.12) 13 14 17. Section 13 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-13) is amended to read 15 as follows: 16 13. Discovery of facts as to personal injury protection coverage. 17 The following apply to personal injury protection coverage benefits 18 payable under a standard automobile insurance policy pursuant to 19 sections 4 and 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 and 39:6A-10) and 20 medical expense benefits payable under a basic automobile insurance 21 policy pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 22 Legislature as this bill): a. Every employer shall, if a request is made by an insurer or the 23 24 Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund providing personal injury 25 protection benefits under [this act] <u>a standard automobile insurance</u> policy or medical expense benefits payable under a basic automobile 26 27 insurance policy against whom a claim has been made, furnish 28 forthwith, in a form approved by the Commissioner of **Banking and** 29 Insurance, a signed statement of the lost earnings since the date of the 30 bodily injury and for a reasonable period before the injury, of the 31 person upon whose injury the claim is based. 32 b. Every physician, hospital, [clinic or other medical institution] 33 or other health care provider providing, before and after the bodily 34 injury upon which a claim for personal injury protection benefits or 35 medical expense benefits is based, any products, services or 36 accommodations in relation to such bodily injury or any other injury, or in relation to a condition claimed to be connected with such bodily 37 38 injury or any other injury, shall, if requested to do so by the insurer or 39 the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund against whom the claim has 40 been made, furnish forthwith a written report of the history, condition, treatment, dates and costs of such treatment of the injured person, and 41 42 produce forthwith and permit the inspection and copying of his or its 43 records regarding such history, condition, treatment dates and costs of 44 treatment. The person requesting such records shall pay all reasonable 45 costs connected therewith.

46 c. The injured person shall be furnished upon demand a copy of all

1 information obtained by the insurer or the Unsatisfied Claim and 2 Judgment Fund under the provisions of this section, and shall pay a 3 reasonable charge, if required by the insurer and the Unsatisfied Claim 4 and Judgment Fund. d. [Whenever] ²[Except for medical expense benefits provided] 5 6 under a standard automobile insurance policy pursuant to subsection a. of section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4), under a basic 7 8 automobile insurance policy pursuant to subsection b. of section 4 of 9 P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill), under 10 subsection a. of section 7 of P.L.1972, c.198 (C.39:6-86.1) and 11 additional first party medical expense benefits coverage provided 12 <u>under a standard automobile insurance policy pursuant to section 10</u> 13 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-10), if there is no dispute concerning 14 whether the treatments, health care services or durable medical goods 15 related to an injury for which reimbursement is being sought are causally related to an insured event, whenever Whenever the mental 16 17 or physical condition of an injured person covered by personal injury 18 protection <u>under a standard automobile insurance policy or medical</u> 19 expense benefits under a basic automobile insurance policy is material 20 to any claim that has been or may be made for such past or future 21 personal injury protection benefits or medical expense benefits, such 22 person shall, upon request of an insurer or the Unsatisfied Claim and 23 Judgment Fund submit to mental or physical examination by a 24 physician or physicians, or chiropractor or chiropractors. Only a 25 licensed chiropractor may determine the clinical need for further 26 chiropractic treatment by performing a chiropractic examination and 27 this determination shall not depend solely upon a review of the treating 28 chiropractor patient records in cases of denial of benefits] <u>conducted</u> 29 by a health care provider licensed in this State in the same profession 30 or speciality as the health care provider whose services are subject to 31 review under this section and who is located within a reasonable 32 proximity to the injured person's residence. The injured person shall 33 provide or make available to the provider any pertinent medical 34 records or medical history that the provider deems necessary to the 35 examination. The costs of any examinations requested by an insurer 36 or the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund shall be borne entirely by 37 whomever makes such request. Such examination shall be conducted 38 within the municipality of residence of the injured person. If there is 39 no qualified [physician or chiropractor] health care provider to 40 conduct the examination within the municipality of residence of the 41 injured person, then such examination shall be conducted in an area of 42 the closest proximity to the injured person's residence. [Personal 43 protection insurers] Insurers providing personal injury protection 44 coverage under a standard automobile insurance policy or medical 45 expense benefits under a basic automobile insurance policy are 46 authorized to include reasonable provisions [in personal injury

protection coverage policies for mental and physical examinations of] 1 requiring those claiming personal injury protection coverage benefits 2 3 or medical expense benefits to submit to mental or physical 4 examination as requested by an insurer or the Unsatisfied Claim and 5 Judgment Fund pursuant to the provisions of this section. Failure to submit to a mental or physical examination requested by an insurer or 6 7 the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund pursuant to the provisions 8 of this section shall subject the injured person to certain limitations in 9 coverage as specified in regulations promulgated by the commissioner. 10 e. If requested by the person examined, a party causing an 11 examination to be made, shall deliver to him a copy of every written report concerning the examination rendered by an examining 12 [physician or chiropractor] health care provider, at least one of which 13 14 reports must set out his findings and conclusions in detail. After such 15 request and delivery, the party causing the examination to be made is entitled upon request to receive from the person examined every 16 17 written report available to him, or his representative, concerning any 18 examination, previously or thereafter made of the same mental or 19 physical condition. 20 f. The injured person, upon reasonable request by the insurer or the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund, shall sign all forms, 21 22 authorizations [,] or releases for information, approved by the Commissioner of **Banking and Insurance**, which may be necessary to 23 24 the discovery of the above facts, in order to reasonably prove the 25 injured person's losses. 26 In the event of any dispute regarding an insurer's or the g. 27 Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund's or an injured person's right as 28 to the discovery of facts about the injured person's earnings or about 29 his history, condition, treatment, dates and costs of such treatment, or 30 the submission of such injured person to a mental or physical examination subject to the provisions of this section, the insurer, 31 32 Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund or the injured person may 33 petition a court of competent jurisdiction for an order resolving the 34 dispute and protecting the rights of all parties. The order may be

entered on motion for good cause shown giving notice to all persons 35 36 having an interest therein. Such court may protect against annoyance, 37 embarrassment or oppression and may as justice requires, enter an 38 order compelling or refusing discovery, or specifying conditions of 39 such discovery; the court may further order the payment of costs and 40 expenses of the proceeding, as justice requires.

41 (cf: P.L.1993, c.186, s.1)

42

43 18. Section 11 of P.L.1972, c.203 (C.39:6A-13.1) is amended to 44 read as follows:

45 11. a. Every action for the payment of benefits [set forth in] 46 payable under a standard automobile insurance policy pursuant to

sections 4 and 10 of [this act] P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 and 39:6A-1 2 10) or medical expense benefits payable under a basic automobile 3 insurance policy pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now 4 before the Legislature as this bill), except an action by a decedent's 5 estate, shall be commenced not later than 2 two years after the 6 injured person or survivor suffers a loss or incurs an expense and 7 either knows or in the exercise of reasonable diligence should know 8 that the loss or expense was caused by the accident, or not later than 9 [4] four years after the accident whichever is earlier, provided, 10 however, that if benefits have been paid before then an action for further benefits may be commenced not later than 2 two years after 11 12 the last payment of benefits. 13 b. Every action by a decedent's estate for the payment of benefits 14 [set forth in] provided under a standard automobile insurance policy pursuant to sections 4 and 10 of [this act] P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4 15 and 39:6A-10) or medical expense benefits provided under a basic 16 17 automobile insurance policy pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. 18 (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) shall be commenced 19 not later than [2] two years after death or [4] four years after the 20 accident from which death results, whichever is earlier, provided, 21 however, that if benefits had been paid to the decedent prior to his 22 death then an action may be commenced not later than [2] two years 23 after his death or [4] four years after the last payment of benefits, 24 whichever is earlier, provided, further, that if the decedent's estate has 25 received benefits before then an action for further benefits shall be commenced not later than [2] two years from the last payment of 26 27 benefits. 28 (cf: P.L.1972, c.203, s.11) 29 30 19. Section 15 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-15) is amended to read 31 as follows: 32 15. In any claim or action arising for benefits payable under a 33 standard automobile insurance policy under section 4 of [this act] 34 P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or any claim or action arising for medical 35 expense benefits payable under a basic automobile insurance policy under section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature 36 37 as this bill) wherein any person [,] obtains or attempts to obtain from 38 any other person, insurance company or Unsatisfied Claim and 39 Judgment Fund any money or other thing of value by (1) falsely or 40 fraudulently representing that such person is entitled to <u>such</u> benefits 41 [under section 4 or,] ; (2) falsely and fraudulently making statements 42 or presenting documentation in order to obtain or attempt to obtain 43 such benefits [under section 4]; or [,] (3) cooperates, conspires or 44 otherwise acts in concert with any person seeking to falsely or 45 fraudulently obtain, or attempt to obtain, such benefits under section

4] may upon conviction be fined not more than \$5,000.00, or 1 imprisoned for not more than [3] <u>three</u> years or both, or in the event 2 3 the sum so obtained or attempted to be obtained is not more than 4 \$500.00, may upon conviction, be fined not more than \$500.00, or 5 imprisoned for not more than [6] six months or both, as a disorderly 6 person. 7 In addition to any penalties imposed by law, any person who is 8 either found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have violated any 9 provision of P.L.1983 c.320 (C.17:33A-1 et seq.) pertaining to 10 automobile insurance or been convicted of any violation of Title 2C of 11 the New Jersey Statutes arising out of automobile insurance fraud shall 12 not operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State for a 13 period of one year from the date of judgment or conviction. (cf: P.L.1997, c.151, s.9) 14 15 20. Section 1 of P.L.1972, c.197 (C.39:6B-1) is amended to read 16 17 as follows: 18 1. <u>a.</u> Every owner or registered owner of a motor vehicle 19 registered or principally garaged in this State shall maintain motor 20 vehicle liability insurance coverage, under provisions approved by the 21 Commissioner of **Banking and** Insurance, insuring against loss 22 resulting from liability imposed by law for bodily injury, death and 23 property damage sustained by any person arising out of the ownership, 24 maintenance, operation or use of a motor vehicle wherein such 25 coverage shall be at least in: [a.] (1) an amount or limit of 26 \$15,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, on account of injury to, or 27 death of, one person, in any one accident; and [b.] (2) an amount or 28 limit, subject to such limit for any one person so injured or killed, of 29 \$30,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, on account of injury to or 30 death of, more than one person, in any one accident; and [c.] (3) an 31 amount or limit of \$5,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, for 32 damage to property in any one accident. 33 b. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection a. of this section, 34 an owner or registered owner of an automobile, as defined in section 35 2 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2), registered or primarily garaged in the 36 State may satisfy the requirements of subsection a. of this section by maintaining a basic automobile insurance policy ²[pursuant to] 37 containing coverages provided pursuant to subsections a. and b. of² 38 section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this 39 40 bill). 41 (cf: P.L.1972, c.197, s.1) 42 43 21. Section 2 of P.L.1952, c.174 (C.39:6-62) is amended to read 44 as follows: 45 2. Definitions. As used in this act:

46 "Executive director" means the official designated by and serving

1 at the pleasure of the commissioner to administer to and be in charge 2 of the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund and who shall be 3 responsible to the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund Board. 4 "Treasurer" means the State Treasurer of New Jersey acting as the 5 custodian of the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund. 6 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance. 7 8 "Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund" or "Fund" means the fund 9 derived from the sources specified in this act. "Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment Fund Board" or "Board" means 10 the board created in section 4 of this act. 11 12 "Qualified person" means a resident of this State or the owner of a 13 motor vehicle registered in this State or a resident of another state, 14 territory, or federal district of the United States or province of Canada 15 or of a foreign country, in which recourse is afforded, to residents of this State, of substantially similar character to that provided for by this 16 act; provided, however, that no person shall be a qualified person 17 18 where such person is an insured under a policy provision providing 19 coverage for damages sustained by the insured as a result of the 20 operation of an uninsured motor vehicle in a form authorized to be 21 included in automobile liability policies of insurance delivered or 22 issued for delivery in this State, pursuant to the provisions of, or any supplement to, chapter 28 of Title 17 of the Revised Statutes or in a 23 24 form substantially similar thereto. 25 "Uninsured motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle as to which there 26 is not in force a liability policy meeting the requirements of section 3, 27 or 26 of the "Motor Vehicle Security-Responsibility Law," P.L.1952, 28 c.173 (C.39:6-25 or C.39:6-48), and which is not owned by a holder 29 of a certificate of self-insurance under said law, but shall not include 30 a motor vehicle with a policy in force which is insured pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this 31 32 <u>bill)</u>. 33 "Person" includes natural persons, firms, copartnerships, 34 associations and corporations. 35 "Insurer" means any insurer authorized in this State to write the kinds of insurance specified in paragraphs d. and e. of R.S.17:17-1. 36 37 "Net direct written premiums" means direct gross premiums written 38 on policies, insuring against legal liability for bodily injury or death 39 and for damage to property arising out of the ownership, operation or 40 maintenance of motor vehicles, which are principally garaged in this 41 State, less return premiums thereon and dividends paid to policyholders on such direct business. 42 "Registration license year" means the period beginning June 1, 43 44 1956, and ending May 31, 1957, and each subsequent 12 month 45 period, beginning June 1 and ending the following May 31. (cf: P.L.1985, c.148, s.3) 46

1 22. Section 14 of P.L.1988, c.156 (C.17:29A-15.2) is amended to 2 read as follows: 3 14. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the 4 dollar amount of the commission paid to a producer for residual bodily injury coverage provided pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1972, c.70 5 6 (C.39:6A-8) shall be the same whether the named insured elects the tort option provided for in subsection a. of that section or the tort 7 8 option provided for in subsection b. of that section. This section shall 9 not apply to commissions on a basic automobile insurance policy issued pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 10 11 Legislature as this bill). 12 (cf: P.L.1988, c.156, s.14) 13 14 23. Section 5 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-5) is amended to read as 15 follows: 5. Payment of personal injury protection coverage benefits. 16 a. An insurer may require written notice to be given as soon as 17 18 practicable after an accident involving an automobile with respect to 19 which the policy affords personal injury protection coverage benefits 20 payable under a standard automobile insurance policy pursuant to 21 section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.34:6A-4) or medical expense benefits 22 payable under a basic automobile insurance policy pursuant to [this act section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature 23 as this bill). In the case of claims for medical expense benefits under 24 25 either policy, written notice shall be provided to the insurer by the treating [medical] health care provider no later than 21 days following 26 27 the commencement of treatment. Notification required under this 28 section shall be made in accordance with regulations adopted by the 29 Commissioner of **Banking and** Insurance and on a form prescribed by 30 the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance. Within a reasonable time 31 after receiving notification required pursuant to this act, the insurer 32 shall confirm to the treating [medical]health care provider that its 33 policy affords the claimant personal injury protection coverage benefits 34 section [5] 4 of P.L.1972, as required by c.70 [(C.39:6A-5)](C.39:6A-4) or medical expense benefits pursuant to 35 36 section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this 37 bill). 38 b. For the purposes of this section, notification shall be deemed to 39 be met if a treating [medical]health care provider submits a bill or invoice to the insurer for reimbursement of services within 21 days of 40 41 the commencement of treatment. c. 42 In the event that notification is not made by the treating 43 medical health care provider within 21 days following the

44 commencement of treatment, the insurer shall reserve the right to
45 deny, in accordance with regulations established by the Commissioner
46 of <u>Banking and</u> Insurance, payment of the claim and the treating

[medical] <u>health care</u> provider shall be prohibited from seeking any 1 2 payment directly from the insured. In establishing the standards for 3 denial of payment, the Commissioner of **Banking and** Insurance shall 4 consider the length of delay in notification, the severity of the treating 5 [medical]health care provider's failure to comply with the notification provisions of this act based upon the potential adverse impact to the 6 7 public and whether or not the provider has engaged in a pattern of 8 noncompliance with the notification provisions of this act. In 9 establishing the regulations necessary to effectuate the purposes of this 10 subsection, the Commissioner of **Banking and** Insurance shall define 11 specific instances where the sanctions permitted pursuant to this 12 subsection shall not apply. Such instances may include, but not be 13 limited to, a treating medical provider's failure to provide notification 14 to the insurer as required by this act due to the insured's medical 15 condition during the time period within which notification is required. 16 d. A [medical]health care provider who fails to notify the insurer 17 within 21 days and whose claim for payment has been denied by the 18 insurer pursuant to the standards established by the Commissioner of 19 Banking and Insurance may, in the discretion of a judge of the 20 Superior Court, be permitted to refile such claim provided that the 21 insurer has not been substantially prejudiced thereby. Application to 22 the court for permission to refile a claim shall be made within 14 days 23 of notification of denial of payment and shall be made upon motion 24 based upon affidavits showing sufficient reasons for the failure to 25 notify the insurer within the period of time prescribed by this act. e. [For the purposes of this section, "treating medical provider" 26 shall mean any licensee of the State of New Jersey whose services are

27 28 reimbursable under personal injury protection coverage, including but 29 not limited to persons licensed to practice medicine and surgery, psychology, chiropractic, or such other professions as the 30 31 Commissioner of Insurance determines pursuant to regulation, or other 32 licensees similarly licensed in other states and nations, or the 33 practitioner of any religious method of healing, or any general hospital, 34 mental hospital, convalescent home, nursing home or any other 35 institution, whether operated for profit or not, which maintains or 36 operates facilities for health care, whose services are compensated 37 under personal injury protection insurance proceeds.] (Deleted by 38 amendment, P.L., c. .)

39 In instances when multiple treating [medical] health care f. 40 providers render services in connection with emergency care, the Commissioner of **Banking and** Insurance shall designate, through 41 42 regulation, a process whereby notification by one treating 43 [medical]health care provider to the insurer shall be deemed to meet the notification requirements of all the treating [medical]health care 44 45 providers who render services in connection with emergency care. 46 g. Personal injury protection coverage benefits pursuant to section

1 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) and medical expense benefits 2 pursuant to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 3 Legislature as this bill) shall be overdue if not paid within 60 days after 4 the insurer is furnished written notice of the fact of a covered loss and of the amount of same. If such written notice is not furnished to the 5 6 insurer as to the entire claim, any partial amount supported by written 7 notice is overdue if not paid within 60 days after such written notice 8 is furnished to the insurer. Any part or all of the remainder of the 9 claim that is subsequently supported by written notice is overdue if not 10 paid within 60 days after such written notice is furnished to the 11 insurer; provided, however, that any payment shall not be deemed 12 overdue where, within 60 days of receipt of notice of the claim, the 13 insurer notifies the claimant or his representative in writing of the 14 denial of the claim or the need for additional time, not to exceed 45 15 days, to investigate the claim, and states the reasons therefor. The written notice stating the need for additional time to investigate the 16 claim shall set forth the number of the insurance policy against which 17 18 the claim is made, the claim number, the address of the office handling 19 the claim and a telephone number, which is toll free or can be called 20 collect, or is within the claimant's area code. Written notice to the 21 organization administering dispute resolution pursuant to sections 24 22 and 25 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this 23 bill) shall satisfy the notice request for additional time to investigate <u>a claim pursuant to this subsection.</u> For the purpose of determining 24 25 interest charges in the event the injured party prevails in a subsequent 26 proceeding where an insurer has elected a 45-day extension pursuant 27 to this subsection, payment shall be considered overdue at the 28 expiration of the 45-day period or, if the injured person was required 29 to provide additional information to the insurer, within 10 business 30 days following receipt by the insurer of all the information requested 31 by it, whichever is later. 32 For the purpose of calculating the extent to which any benefits are 33 overdue, payment shall be treated as being made on the date a draft or 34 other valid instrument which is equivalent to payment was placed in the United States mail in a properly addressed, postpaid envelope, or, 35 36 if not so posted, on the date of delivery.

37 h. All overdue payments shall bear interest at the percentage of 38 interest prescribed in the Rules Governing the Courts of the State of 39 New Jersey for judgments, awards and orders for the payment of 40 money.

41 i. All automobile insurers and the Unsatisfied Claim and Judgment 42 Fund shall provide any claimant with the option of submitting a dispute 43 under this section to [binding arbitration. Arbitration proceedings 44 shall be administered and subject to procedures established by the 45 American Arbitration Association. If the claimant prevails in the arbitration proceedings, the insurer shall pay all the costs of the 46

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1 proceedings, including reasonable attorney's fees, to be determined in 2 accordance with a schedule of hourly rates for services performed, to 3 be prescribed by the Supreme Court of New Jersey dispute resolution 4 pursuant to sections 24 and 25 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before 5 the Legislature as this bill). (cf: P.L.1995, c.407, s.1) 6 7 8 24. (New section) a. Any dispute regarding the recovery of 9 medical expense benefits or other benefits provided under personal 10 injury protection coverage pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 11 (C.39:6A-4), or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.) (now before the 12 Legislature as this bill) arising out of the operation, ownership, 13 maintenance or use of an automobile may be submitted to dispute 14 resolution on the initiative of any party to the dispute, as hereinafter 15 provided. 16 b. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall designate an 17 organization, and for that purpose may, at his discretion, advertise for 18 proposals, for the purpose of administering dispute resolution 19 proceedings regarding medical expense benefits and other benefits 20 provided under personal injury protection pursuant to section 4 of P.L. 21 1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or medical expense benefits coverage pursuant 22 to section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this 23 bill). The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations with 24 respect to the conduct of the dispute resolution proceedings. The 25 organization administering dispute resolution shall utilize qualified 26 professionals who serve on a full-time basis and who meet standards 27 of competency established by the commissioner. The commissioner 28 shall establish standards of performance for the organization to ensure 29 the independence and fairness of the review process, including, but not 30 limited to, standards relative to the professional qualifications of the 31 professionals presiding over the dispute resolution process, and 32 standards to ensure that no conflict of interest exists which would 33 prevent the professional from performing his duties in an impartial 34 manner. The standards of performance shall include a requirement 35 that the organization establish an advisory council composed of parties 36 who are users of the dispute resolution mechanism established herein. 37 The commissioner may contract with a consulting firm for the 38 formulation of the standards of performance of the organization and 39 establishment of qualifications for the persons who are to conduct the 40 dispute resolution proceedings. The commissioner shall not advertise 41 for bids for the consulting firm, as provided in sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1954, c.48 (C.52:34-8 and 52:34-9). Compensation to the dispute 42 resolution professionals shall be ² [fixed on a per case basis] 43 <u>established by the commissioner</u>² and adjusted from time to time as 44 45 appropriate, with the approval of the commissioner. In no case shall 46 compensation be paid on a contingency basis. The organization shall

1 establish a dispute resolution plan, which shall include procedures and 2 rules governing the dispute resolution process and provisions for 3 monitoring the dispute resolution process to ensure adherence to the 4 standards of performance established by the commissioner. The plan, and any amendments thereto, shall be subject to the approval of the 5 commissioner. 6 c. Dispute resolution proceedings under this section 24 and section 7 8 25 of this amendatory and supplementary act shall include disputes 9 arising regarding medical expense benefits provided under subsection a. of section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or section 4 of P.L. 10 11 c. (C.) (now before the Legislature as this bill), benefits provided 12 pursuant to subsection b., c., d. or e. of section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 13 (C.39:6A-4), subsection b., c., d. or e. of P.L.1972, c.198 (C.39:6-14 86.1), and disputes as to additional first party coverage benefits 15 required to be offered pursuant to section 10 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-10). Disputes involving medical expense benefits may 16 include, but not necessarily be limited to, matters concerning: (1) 17 18 interpretation of the insurance contract; (2) whether the treatment or 19 health care service which is the subject of the dispute resolution 20 proceeding is in accordance with the provisions of section 4 of 21 P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or section 4 of P.L. , c. (C.) 22 (now before the Legislature this bill) or the terms of the policy; (3) the eligibility of the treatment or service for compensation; (4) the 23 24 eligibility of the provider performing the treatment or service to be 25 compensated under the terms of the policy or under regulations 26 promulgated by the commissioner, including whether the person is 27 licensed or certified to perform such treatment; (5) whether the 28 disputed medical treatment was actually performed; (6) whether 29 diagnostic tests performed in connection with the treatment are those recognized by the ²[professional licensing boards in the Division of 30 Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety or other 31 32 recognized professional organizations, or as otherwise provided in 33 section 12 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) <u>commissioner</u>²; (7) the necessity or appropriateness of 34 35 consultations by other health care providers; (8) disputes involving application of and adherence to fee schedules promulgated by the 36 commissioner; and (9) whether the treatment performed is reasonable, 37 38 necessary, and compatible with the protocols provided for pursuant to 39 P.L. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill). , c. 40 The dispute resolution professionals may review the entire claims file 41 of the insurer, subject to any confidentiality requirement established 42 pursuant to State or federal law. All decisions of the dispute 43 resolution professional shall be in writing, in a form prescribed by the 44 commissioner, shall state the issues in dispute, the findings and 45 conclusions on which the decision is based, and shall be signed by the 46 dispute resolution professional. All decisions of a dispute resolution

1 professional shall be binding. The dispute resolution organization shall 2 provide for the retention of all documents used in dispute resolution 3 proceedings under this section and section 25 of this amendatory and 4 supplementary act, including the written decision, for a period of at least five years, in a form approved by the commissioner, or for such 5 6 additional time as may be established by the commissioner. The 7 written decisions of the dispute resolution professional shall be 8 forwarded to the commissioner, who shall establish a record of the 9 proceedings conducted under the dispute resolution procedure, which shall be accessible to the public and may be ²[determined to have 10 standing as precedent for] used as guidance in² subsequent dispute 11 12 resolution proceedings.

13 With respect to disputes as to the diagnosis, the medical d. 14 necessity of the treatment or diagnostic test administered to the injured 15 person, whether the injury is causally related to the insured event or is the product of a preexisting condition, or disputes as to the 16 17 appropriateness of the protocols utilized by the provider, the dispute 18 resolution professional shall, either at his option or at the request of any party to the dispute, refer the matter to a medical review 19 20 organization for a determination. ²The determination of the medical 21 review organization on the dispute referred shall be binding upon the dispute resolution professional.² 22

23 e. Any person submitting a matter to the dispute resolution process established herein may submit for review all or a portion of a disputed 24 25 treatment or treatments or a dispute regarding a diagnostic test or 26 tests or a dispute regarding the providing of services or durable 27 medical goods. Any portion of a treatment or diagnostic test or 28 service which is not under review shall be reimbursed in accordance 29 with the provisions of section 5 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-5). If the dispute resolution proceeding results in a determination that all or part 30 31 of a treatment or treatments, diagnostic test or tests or service 32 performed, or durable medical goods provided are medically necessary 33 and appropriate, reimbursement shall be made with interest payable in 34 accordance with the provisions of section 5 of P.L.1972, c.70 35 (C.39:6A-5).

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37 25. (New section) a. The commissioner shall establish standards 38 for the certification of medical review organizations, which shall 39 include standards of performance formulated by the commissioner in 40 consultation with the Commissioner of Health and Senior Services. The standards of performance shall set forth procedures to ensure a 41 42 timely and impartial review of the medical records of the injured 43 person by a medical review organization, including, but not limited to, 44 a review of the necessity or appropriateness of treatments for injuries, 45 including diagnostic tests, sustained in an automobile accident. The 46 commissioner shall establish standards for persons conducting the

1 medical review, including standards with respect to credentials, 2 experience, licensure, fees, and confidentiality. The standards shall 3 include a requirement that all persons performing reviews are New 4 Jersey licensed or certified health care providers, and a requirement that any medical review panel contain a health care provider licensed 5 6 or certified in the same profession as the treating health care provider and that it contain a sufficient representation of reviewers to judge the 7 8 appropriateness of treatment or treatments in dispute, including, but 9 not limited to, the medical necessity of such treatments, 10 appropriateness of the protocols used by the treating provider, issues 11 regarding causality and preexisting conditions, the appropriateness and 12 efficacy of diagnostic tests performed in connection with the diagnosis, and whether the diagnostic tests meet the requirements ²[set forth in 13 (C.)(now before the Legislature 14 section 12 of P.L. , c. as this bill) <u>established by the commissioner</u>². The commissioner may 15 contract with a consultant for the formulation of the standards 16 governing the certification of the persons conducting the medical 17 reviews. The commissioner shall not advertise for bids for the 18 consultant, as provided in sections 3 and 4 of P.L.1954, c.48 19 20 (C.52:34-8 and 52:34-9).

b. Before certifying a medical review organization to receive referrals from dispute resolution proceedings, the commissioner shall determine that the organization has a sufficient number of qualified health care providers, by specialty, to perform the reviews, has a satisfactory procedure for maintaining the confidentiality of medical records, is not owned or controlled by an insurer, and has met any other requirements established by the commissioner.

c. The medical review organization shall establish and utilize
written review procedures, which shall be filed with the commissioner.
Every determination made by a medical review organization shall be
in writing and shall be retained by the organization for a period of no
less than five years.

33 The medical review organization may review the medical d. 34 treatment or treatments in dispute to determine whether: (1) the 35 treatment or diagnostic test being given for the injury or the services 36 provided in connection with the injury is medically necessary; (2) the treatment is in accordance with or compatible with medically 37 38 recognized standard protocols, professional standards, and commonly 39 accepted medical practice in the same health care discipline as the 40 treating provider; (3) the treatment is consistent with the symptoms or diagnosis of the injury; (4) the treatment or health care service is 41 42 related to the injury sustained in the insured event, or is required for 43 the diagnosis, evaluation or confirmation of the injury; (5) the 44 treatment is of a palliative, rather than restorative, nature; and (6) 45 medical procedures, treatment, or testing which have been repeated 46 are medically necessary and consistent with standard practice.

1 e. Cases referred by a dispute resolution professional for medical 2 review shall be referred to appropriate certified medical reviewers 3 affiliated with the certified medical review organization by a dispute 4 resolution organization. The dispute resolution organization shall forward the referrals to certified medical reviewers on a random basis, 5 6 so that there is a relatively equal apportionment among all medical 7 reviewers. Referrals shall be made in such a manner so as not to 8 disclose to the medical reviewers the identity of the insurer, nor shall 9 the identity of the reviewer be disclosed to the insurer.

10 f. When appropriate in the context of its review of services or 11 treatments under dispute, a medical reviewer may request and shall 12 receive a written report or copy of the provider's records regarding 13 the case history, treatment dates, or the dates diagnostic tests or other 14 services were performed, and the provider's projected treatment plan. 15 The injured person or provider, as applicable, shall provide or make available to the medical reviewer any pertinent medical records or 16 medical history which the medical reviewer may request. The medical 17 18 reviewer shall complete its review and make a determination within 20 19 business days of receipt of all of the requested information from the 20 dispute resolution professional or provider, as the case may be. The 21 medical reviewer shall submit its determination in writing to the 22 referring dispute resolution organization, which shall forward it to the 23 dispute resolution professional.

g. The cost of the proceedings shall be apportioned by the dispute resolution professional. Fees shall be determined to be reasonable if they are consonant with the amount of the award, in accordance with a schedule established by the New Jersey Supreme Court. If the treatment, diagnostic test, or service performed is not determined to be medically necessary or appropriate, the injured person shall not be liable to pay the provider the disputed amount.

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32 ¹[26. (New section) No later than three months following the 33 effective date of this section, every insurer writing automobile 34 insurance in this State and any rating bureau which establishes a 35 territorial and risk classification plan on behalf of insurers shall 36 establish a procedure for collecting loss experience by postal zip code 37 and shall begin collecting that data in that manner in addition to any 38 other manner which it normally employs no later than six months 39 following the effective date of this section Loss experience collected by zip code shall be confidential.]¹ 40

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¹[27. (New section) There is established an automobile insurance
industry committee to revise the territorial rating system which is in
place as of the effective date of this section. The committee shall
consist of eighteen members. Eleven members shall be representatives
of insurers writing automobile insurance in this State, two members

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1 shall represent a rating bureau which compiles loss experience and 2 assembles statistical data for insurers writing automobile insurance in 3 this State and four members shall be public members. Of the public 4 members, one shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the General Assembly, the Minority Leader of the Senate 5 6 and the Minority Leader of the General Assembly. Of the insurer members, two shall be elected from member companies of the 7 8 American Insurance Association, two from member companies of the 9 Alliance of American Insurers, and two from member companies of the 10 National Association of Independent Insurers or their successor 11 organizations. The remaining members affiliated with the insurance 12 industry shall be elected at large as representatives of insurers writing 13 automobile insurance in this State, but no insurer or group of insurers 14 under common control shall have more than one representative elected 15 to the board. The representatives of insurers shall include at least five actuaries. The commissioner or his designee shall be the eighteenth 16 member of the committee, but shall not have voting privileges.]¹ 17

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19 ¹[28. (New section) No later than three months following the 20 effective date of this section, the commissioner shall cause nominations 21 to be made and an election to be held among all insurers writing 22 automobile insurance in this State. Each trade association shall 23 nominate members from their association and shall hold an election for membership to the committee. The respective trade associations shall 24 nominate candidates for the five seats to be elected at large.]¹ 25

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27 ¹[29. (New section) The committee shall elect a chairman and a 28 vice chairman from among the members representing the insurance 29 industry elected pursuant to section 28 of this amendatory and 30 supplementary act. The committee shall review the present territorial 31 rating system and recommend any revision to the territorial rating plan 32 in existence on the effective date of this section as it deems reasonable 33 and proper; provided, however, that any such recommendation be 34 based on the principles that territories shall:

35 be created in such a manner as to recognize qualitative a. differences in driving environments, which may include, but not be 36 37 limited to, traffic density, population density, comparative severity of 38 loss in like driving environments, similarities in the relative mix of 39 driving environments applicable to each proposed territory and 40 comparative homogeneity;

41 b. be based on statistically credible data, which shall include a consideration of the rate of variability of loss in each territory on a 42 43 year-to-year basis;

44 c. take into account the impact of the overlapping of traffic 45 patterns on exposure to loss, including the relative number of intra-46 territory trips and out-of-territory trips applicable to each proposed

1 territory, for which the committee shall have access to the information

2 on commuting patterns collected pursuant to the provisions of section

3 1 of P.L.1987, c.450 (C.43:21-14a) by the Department of Labor;

d. take into account the relative mix of business in each proposedterritory, by driver classification;

6 e. be created in a manner which shall not result in territory 7 boundaries which are arbitrary, unfairly discriminatory, significantly 8 disproportionate in size although similar in driving environments and 9 losses, or delineated in a manner which is primarily for marketing 10 reasons rather than measuring relativity of exposure to probable 11 loss.]¹

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13 ¹[30. (New section) The committee may utilize the resources of 14 any insurer, rating bureau, or group of insurers in performing its 15 duties. The committee shall review the data made available to it from insurers or rating bureaus collecting data by zip code, as provided in 16 17 section 26 of this amendatory and supplementary act. The committee 18 may also request the commissioner to order a closed claim study from 19 any insurer or insurers writing private passenger automobile insurance 20 in this State, and the commissioner shall provide the committee with 21 the results of the study. The insurer or insurers supplying the 22 information from the closed claim study need not be identified to the members of the committee. The committee may hold public hearings 23 as it determines are necessary in addition to its regular meetings.]¹ 24 25

26 ¹[31. (New section) When the committee determines that it has 27 accumulated sufficient data to develop recommendations to the 28 commissioner, it may submit a territorial revision plan to the 29 commissioner for approval. The plan shall include at least one common territorial rating system, but the committee may recommend, 30 that insurers may file individual territorial rating systems. The 31 32 commissioner may, if he determines that separate territorial rating 33 plans filed by individual insurers are in the interest of the citizens of 34 this State, approve an individual territorial rating system proposed by 35 an insurer, but only if the insurer's individual territorial rating system meets the criteria established in section 29 of this amendatory and 36 supplementary act. The commissioner shall not approve any individual 37 38 territorial rating system, or any portion thereof, which contains 39 territorial configurations which he determines to be primarily directed 40 toward marketing purposes, or which would result in the likelihood 41 that an insurer's market share would be distributed unevenly throughout the State.]¹ 42

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¹[32. (New section) a. Upon finding that the plan or plans meet
the criteria above, the commissioner shall approve the territories or
require that adjustments be made in order that they conform with the

1 standards set forth in sections 26 through 33 of this amendatory and 2 supplementary act. If the commissioner approves territorial rating 3 plans for individual insurers, he shall also approve a territorial rating 4 plan for common use by insurers not filing their own plan. b. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 7of P.L.1983, c.65 5 6 (C.17:29A-36), the territorial configuration established by the 7 committee or by any insurer or filer pursuant to sections 29 through 8 32 of this amendatory and supplementary act shall produce territorial 9 rate relativities which accurately reflect differences in traffic density; 10 population density; and comparative severity of loss in like driving environments, which do not produce unfair cross-subsidization 11 between territories with differing characteristics.]¹ 12 13 14 ¹[33. (New section) Any insurer filing its own territorial rating 15 plan shall file a revised rating plan, along with its proposed territorial relativity factors, which shall not take effect until approved by the 16 commissioner, in accordance with the "Administrative Procedure Act," 17 P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.). In determining whether to 18 19 approve an individual territorial rating plan, the commissioner shall 20 consider whether the territorial relativity factors which are filed are (1) 21 not unfairly discriminatory; and (2) accurately reflect the probable differentials in losses among territories.]¹ 22 23 24 ²[¹26. (New section) The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall promulgate regulations, to take effect no later than 90 days 25 26 following the effective date of this section, which require every insurer or group of insurers writing private passenger automobile 27 28 insurance in this State, by itself or by a rating organization on its 29 behalf, to file and implement a territorial rating plan, including 30 territorial definitions, territorial relativity factors and territorial base 31 rates, that meet the requirements of this section. Automobile 32 insurance territories shall: 33 a. be created in such a manner as to recognize the qualitative 34 differences in driving environments, which may include but not be limited to, traffic density, population density, comparative severity in 35 like driving environments, similarities in the relative mix of driving 36 37 environments applicable to each proposed territory and comparative 38 homogeneity; 39 b. be based on statistically credible data, which shall include a 40 consideration of the rate of variability of loss in each territory on a 41 year-to-year basis; 42 c. consider the impact of the overlapping of traffic patterns on 43 exposure to loss, including the relative number of intra-territory trips 44 and out-of-territory trips applicable to each proposed territory; 45 d. consider the relative mix of business in each territory by driver 46 classification;

1 e. be created in a manner which shall not result in territorial 2 definitions which are arbitrary, unfairly discriminatory, significantly 3 disproportionate, or delineated in a manner which is primarily for 4 marketing reasons, rather than for measuring the relativity of exposure 5 to probable loss; and f. be created so as to include such other reasonable and necessary 6 7 standards as the commissioner may establish by regulation.¹]² 8 9 ²26. (New section) Every insurer writing private passenger 10 automobile insurance in this State and every rating organization 11 establishing territorial rating plans on behalf of its member companies 12 shall establish new territorial rating plans in place of the insurer or filer's territorial rating plan in effect on June 1, 1998, which shall 13 14 include territorial definitions, territorial relativity factors and territorial 15 base rates, and which are in accordance with the provisions of sections 16 26 through 29 of this amendatory and supplementary act. The 17 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall promulgate regulations establishing standards governing the establishment of new rating 18 19 territories, which standards shall include, but not be limited to: 20 a. Territories shall be defined in such a manner as to recognize 21 throughout the territorial rating plan both qualitative similarities and 22 qualitative differences in driving environments or mix of driving 23 environments, which may include, but not be limited to, traffic density, 24 population density, comparative severity of loss, and the degree of 25 homogeneity within a territory in terms of driving environments, 26 population, and driver classification, and the territory shall be 27 comprised of towns or cities which are contiguous; 28 b. Territories shall contain a sufficient number of exposures to 29 result in statistically credible experience, in accordance with regulations established by the commissioner, and shall be defined in a 30 31 manner which minimizes the effect of variability of loss in a territory 32 on a year-to-year basis; 33 c. Territory definitions shall take into account the impact of the 34 overlapping of traffic patterns on exposure to loss, including the 35 relative number of intraterritory trips and inter-territory trips 36 applicable to each proposed territory, for which the commissioner shall 37 make available to the insurer, filer, or the commission established 38 pursuant to section 28 of this amendatory and supplementary act, 39 appropriate information collected pursuant to the provisions of section 40 1 of P.L.1987, c.450 (C.43:21-14a) by the Department of Labor; 41 d. Territories shall be created in a manner which results in an 42 equable distribution of exposures among territories throughout the 43 State and no territorial rating plan shall result in territories which are 44 arbitrary, unfairly discriminatory, significantly disproportionate in 45 terms of the number of exposures per territory, or created in a manner which is primarily for marketing purposes rather than measuring 46

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1 relativity of exposure to probable loss, or created in a manner which 2 can be used to avoid the insurer or filer's obligations under section 27 3 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-15); 4 e. Territories shall be created in a manner which does not result in 5 disproportionate differences in territorial relativity factors or territorial base rates between contiguous territories with similar driving 6 environments or similar mix of driving environments; 7 8 f. Factors to be considered in establishing territorial rate relativities 9 shall include taking into account similarities or differences in driving 10 environments or mix of driving environments, including traffic density, population density, mix of driver classifications within a territory, 11 12 including classifications capped pursuant to the provisions of section 7 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-36), comparative degree of severity 13 14 of loss, and the relative number of intraterritory and inter-territory 15 trips; 16 g. Territories shall be defined in a manner which does not result in 17 unfair inter-territorial subsidization among territories with significant 18 differences in driving environments or mix of driving environments, 19 population density, traffic density, mix of driver classifications, 20 including classifications capped pursuant to the provisions of section 21 7 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-36) and comparative degree of severity 22 of loss. 23 h. For the purpose of defining territories and establishing territorial 24 relativity factors, loss experience allocated to any territory by an 25 insurer or filer (1) shall take into account any recovery applicable to 26 exposures in the territory which are attributable to subrogation or any 27 other kind of recovery by the insurer reporting the losses and (2) shall 28 not include any loss attributable to capping of driver classifications 29 pursuant to section 7 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-36). 30 The commissioner shall establish by regulation the minimum number of exposures which shall be deemed to meet the standard of being 31 statistically credible for the purpose of defining territories.² 32 33 34 ²[¹<u>27. (New section) a. Within 45 days of the establishment of</u> 35 the common territorial rating plan pursuant to section 28 of this 36 amendatory and supplementary act, each filer shall file for approval by 37 the commissioner a territorial rating plan for its use which meets the 38 standards of section 26 of this amendatory and supplementary act. A 39 filer may file for its use: 40 (1) an individual territorial rating plan which it has developed; 41 (2) the territorial rating plan of another filer which has been 42 approved pursuant to this section; or 43 (3) the common territorial rating plan established and approved 44 pursuant to section 28 of this amendatory and supplementary act. 45 b. The commissioner shall approve or disapprove the use of a territorial rating plan by a filer by written notice within 15 days of its 46

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1 filing. If the commissioner disapproves a plan, he shall state his 2 reasons therefor, along with any amendments necessary for his 3 approval. The amended plan shall be filed and approved no later than 4 15 days thereafter. 5 c. Territorial rating plans approved pursuant to this section shall apply to policies of the filer issued or renewed on or after the effective 6 date of the plan, which in no case shall be more than 30 days following 7 the date of that approval and, in the case of plans initially filed and 8 9 approved pursuant to this section, shall be no later than March 1, 10 1999. 11 d. Approved individual territorial rating plans shall be on file and 12 available for review by filers subject to this section. 13 e. Filers shall periodically review, at least once in every five year 14 period following the effective date of this section, the continued 15 validity of the territorial rating plan it has implemented pursuant to subsection a. of this section, and shall report its findings to the 16 17 commissioner. Based on his review of the report and a comparison of the filer's territorial rating plan to the common plan established 18 19 pursuant to section 28 of this amendatory and supplementary act, the 20 commissioner may require the filer to amend its plan or, if the filer fails 21 to do so, to adopt the common plan. 22 f. All rating territories, and any subsequent modifications of 23 territorial rating plans, shall be filed with the commissioner and shall 24 be subject to his prior approval in accordance with this section and 25 section 26 of this amendatory and supplementary act. 26 g. As used in this section, "filer" means a rating organization or an 27 insurer or group of affiliated insurers making its own rates for private 28 passenger automobile insurance in this State.¹]² 29 30 ²27. (New section) a. An insurer or rate filer shall file its territorial rating plan with the commissioner for the commissioner's 31 32 approval. The commissioner shall approve the plan if he finds that the 33 plan complies with the provisions of section 26 of this amendatory and 34 supplementary act and the regulations promulgated thereto. If the 35 commissioner does not believe that the territorial rating plan meets the 36 standards established by this act or by regulation, or that the territorial 37 rating plan would serve to work against competition among insurers 38 in this State, he shall order that the plan be modified. 39 b. A filer may file for its use: 40 (1) an individual territorial rating plan which it has developed; or 41 (2) the common territorial rating plan established and approved pursuant to section 28 of this act. 42 43 c. Approved individual territorial rating plans shall be on file with 44 the commissioner and available for review by filers subject to this 45 section. 46 d. Every filer shall periodically review, at least once in every five-

1 year period, the continued validity of the territorial rating plan which 2 it is using and shall report its findings to the commissioner, along with 3 such data as the commissioner deems necessary. If the commissioner 4 finds that it is not in accordance with the standards established 5 pursuant to section 26 of this act, he may order that the filer amend its plan or, if the filer fails to do so, require the filer to adopt the common 6 7 territorial rating plan established pursuant to section 28 of this act. 8 e. Any filer or filers may object to the territorial rating plan used 9 by another filer on the grounds that it (1) is anticompetitive; (2) does 10 not meet the standards established by the commissioner pursuant to 11 section 26 of this act; or (3) results in the insurer or filer not meeting 12 its obligations pursuant to the provisions of section 27 of P.L.1990, 13 <u>c.8 (C.17:33B-15).</u> 14 f. No territorial rating plan of any insurer or any rating 15 organization filed with and approved by the commissioner pursuant to 16 section 27 of this act shall be implemented by any insurer until the 17 180th day following the approval of the common territorial rating plan 18 established by the commission created pursuant to section 28 of this act, but in no event no later than January 1, 2000.² 19 20 21 ²[¹<u>28. (New section) a. There is established the Automobile</u> 22 Insurance Territorial Rating Plan Advisory Commission to review data 23 and establish one common territorial rating plan for use by insurers not 24 filing a territorial rating plan pursuant to paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection a. of section 27 of this amendatory and supplementary act. 25 26 The territorial rating plan established by the commission shall be 27 established according to the criteria and standards provided in section 28 26 of this amendatory and supplementary act. The common territorial 29 rating plan shall be subject to the prior approval of the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, and shall be reviewed by the commissioner 30 at least once every five years as provided in section 27 of this 31 32 amendatory and supplementary act. The commission shall consist of 14 members: nine 33 b. 34 representatives of insurers writing private passenger automobile 35 insurance in this State appointed by the Governor with the advice and 36 consent of the Senate; four public members, of whom one shall be 37 appointed by the President of the Senate, one by the Speaker of the 38 General Assembly, one by the Minority Leader of the Senate and one 39 by the Minority Leader of the General Assembly; and the 40 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, who shall serve ex-officio. 41 Of the insurer members appointed by the Governor, at least two members shall be selected from member companies of the American 42 43 Insurance Association, two members selected from member companies 44 of the Alliance of American Insurers, and two members selected from 45 member companies of the National Association of Independent Insurers or their successor organizations. The remaining insurer 46

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1 members shall be selected from insurers writing automobile insurance 2 in this State, but no insurer or group of insurers under common 3 control shall have more than one representative appointed to serve on 4 the commission. 5 c. The members of the commission shall serve for two year terms 6 and until their successors are appointed and qualified. d. The commission shall elect a chairman and a vice chairman from 7 8 among the insurer members. 9 e. The commission shall establish a common territorial rating plan 10 pursuant to subsection a. of this section within 45 days of the effective 11 date of the regulations promulgated by the commissioner pursuant to section 26 of this amendatory and supplementary act.¹]² 12 13 ²28. (New section) a. There is established the Automobile 14 15 Insurance Territorial Rating Plan Advisory Commission to review 16 insurer data and establish a common territorial rating plan for use by 17 insurers not filing a territorial rating plan pursuant to section 27 of this amendatory and supplementary act. The territorial rating plan 18 19 established by the commission shall be established according to the 20 criteria and standards provided in section 26 of this amendatory and 21 supplementary act and in accordance with regulations established by 22 the commissioner. The common territorial rating plan shall be subject 23 to the prior approval of the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, 24 and shall be reviewed by the commissioner from time to time but not 25 less than once every five years. 26 b. The commission shall consist of fifteen members: nine 27 representatives of insurers writing private passenger automobile 28 insurance in this State and one representative of a rating bureau filing 29 rates on behalf of its members in this State, who shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate; four public 30 members, of whom one shall be appointed by the President of the 31 32 Senate, one by the Speaker of the General Assembly, one by the 33 Minority Leader of the Senate and one by the Minority Leader of the 34 General Assembly; and the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance, 35 who shall serve ex-officio. Of the insurer members appointed by the 36 Governor, at least two members shall be selected from member companies of the Alliance of American Insurers, and two members 37 38 selected from member companies of the National Association of 39 Independent Insurers or their successor organizations. The remaining 40 insurer members shall be selected from insurers writing automobile 41 insurance in this State, but no insurer or group of insurers under 42 common control shall have more than one representative appointed to 43 serve on the commission. 44 c. The members of the commission shall serve for two-year terms 45 and until their successors are appointed and qualified. 46 d. The commission shall elect a chairman and a vice chairman from

1 among the insurer members. 2 e. After its initial territorial rating plan has been approved, the 3 commissioner may convene the commission at any time to review the 4 plan and to gather data from insurers. The commissioner may, if he 5 finds that the common territorial rating plan does not meet the 6 standards established pursuant to section 26 of this act, order that the 7 plan be revised. 8 9 ¹29. Section 7 of P.L.1983, c.65 (C.17:29A-36) is amended to read 10 as follows: 7. ${}^{2}a.{}^{2}$ Any filing made for the purpose of automobile insurance 11 rate making shall indicate the actual rate needs of the filer; provided, 12 13 however, that (a) each filer's rate classification definitions, as used by 14 that filer, shall be uniform Statewide; and (b) the automobile insurance 15 rate charged an insured shall not exceed two and one-half times the filer's territorial base rate for each coverage, exclusive of driving 16 17 record surcharges and discounts [; and (c) the automobile insurance rate for the base class in any territory for any filer shall not exceed 18 19 1.35 times the filer's Statewide average base rate for each coverage, exclusive of driving record surcharges and discounts $\frac{2}{3}$ and (c) the 20 automobile insurance rate of the base class in any territory for any filer 21 shall not exceed 1.35 times the filer's Statewide average base rate for 22 23 each coverage, exclusive of driving record surcharges and discounts for any standard policy issued or renewed before January 1, 2000 or 24 25 the 180th day following approval of the common territorial rating plan 26 pursuant to section 28 of P.L.1998, c. (C.)(now before the 27 Legislature as this bill), whichever first occurs. 28 b. No rating plan or rate filing applicable to any policy issued or 29 renewed on or after January 1, 2000 or the 180th day following the 30 approval of the common rating territory provided for in sections 27 31 through 28 of P.L.1998, c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this 32 bill), whichever first occurs, shall be approved by the commissioner 33 which creates territorial relativities which are significantly 34 disproportionate to those in effect as of the effective date of P.L. , 35 (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill)². с. $\frac{d^2}{d^2}$ The automobile insurance rate of an automobile whose 36 principal operator is 65 years of age or older shall not exceed one and 37 38 one-quarter times the Statewide average rate for principal operators 39 65 years of age or older for each coverage, exclusive of driving 40 record surcharges and discounts; provided, however, that no filer shall 41 increase rates for principal operators 65 years of age or older as a 42 result of the implementation of this section unless more than 50% of its insureds are principal operators 65 years of age or older. 43 ²e. As a result of the filings made pursuant to sections 26 and 27 44 45 of P.L.1998, c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) and 46 subparagraphs b. and c. of this section, the filer's aggregate premium

1 for all territories shall not exceed the filer's aggregate premium in 2 effect prior to the date established in subparagraph (a) of subsection <u>b. of this section.</u>² 3 4 As used in this section, base rate means the automobile insurance 5 rate charged for an automobile that is not used in business and not 6 used in going to and from work, except for the going to and from work distance included in the pleasure use classification of the filer, 7 8 and where there is no youthful operator, as defined in the filer's 9 classification system. The base rate class shall not include 10 automobiles to which discounts apply under the filer's classification system, including, but not limited to, farmers' and senior citizens' 11 automobiles ²or any discount from a standard rate provided for in the 12 filer's tier rating system². 13 14 The provisions of this section shall be implemented after the 15 implementation of the provisions of subsection a. of section 8 of this act.1 16 (cf: P.L.1983, c.65, s.7) 17 18 19 ¹30. Section 50 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-41) is amended to read 20 as follows: 21 50. a. Upon the termination of a policy of motor vehicle liability 22 insurance by cancellation for nonpayment of premium pursuant to 23 section 2 of P.L.1968, c.158 (C.17:29C-7), notice of that cancellation shall be filed by the insurer with the Division of Motor Vehicles not 24 25 later than 30 days following the effective date of that cancellation. 26 ² Within 180 days of the date of enactment of P.L., c. (now before 27 the Legislature as this bill), the division shall develop and maintain a 28 computer data base to verify compliance of owners and registrants of 29 motor vehicles with the motor vehicle liability insurance requirements of section 1 of P.L.1972, c.197 (C.39:6B-1). The data base shall be 30 31 developed and maintained so that State and local law enforcement 32 agencies can efficiently access the data base. The data base shall be 33 funded from the Uninsured Motorist Prevention Fund established 34 pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1983, c.141 (C.39:6B-3); except that the 35 State Treasurer shall not disburse any funds to the director for the 36 costs associated with the establishment and operation of the data base 37 until the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles certifies to the 38 satisfaction of the Treasurer that the data base is fully operational. 39 (1) The information filed by the insurer shall include: 40 (a) the name, year, and driver's license number of each insured 41 owner or operator, and the address of the named insured; 42 (b) the make, year and vehicle identification number of each 43 insured vehicle; and 44 (c) the policy number, effective date and expiration date of each 45 policy. (2) Each insurer shall provide this information on magnetic tape or 46

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1 in another form the division agrees to accept. 2 (3) The information to be filed pursuant to this subsection shall be 3 confidential and proprietary and shall not be a public record subject to 4 disclosure pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1963, c.73 (C.47:1A-2). The 5 division shall establish security procedures to protect the 6 confidentiality of the information provided pursuant to this subsection. 7 (4) In addition to the information supplied by insurers pursuant to 8 paragraph (1) of this subsection, the computer data base shall also 9 contain the following: 10 (a) the name, date of birth, address and driver's license number of 11 all persons with current driver's licenses in this State; and 12 (b) all current motor vehicle registrations. 13 (5) The division shall, at least monthly: 14 (a) update the data base with the motor vehicle insurance 15 information provided by the insurers in accordance with paragraph (1) of this subsection; and 16 (b) compare all current motor vehicle registrations against the data 17 base.]² 18 19 b. The division shall notify the person whose policy was canceled 20 that, unless proof of motor vehicle liability insurance is filed with the 21 division within 30 days of the notification or some other allowable 22 circumstance exists and the division is notified of that circumstance 23 within 30 days of the notification, the sanctions and penalties of this 24 section shall apply. 25 c. If the Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles has not received proof of motor vehicle liability insurance or other allowable 26 27 circumstances within 30 days pursuant to subsection b. of this section, 28 he shall suspend the registration of such vehicle, except that: 29 (1) Suspension shall not be made under this subsection upon the 30 basis of a cancellation of motor vehicle liability insurance if the 31 registration certificate and registration plates of the motor vehicle are 32 surrendered prior to the time at which the cancellation of insurance 33 becomes effective. Such surrender shall be made to such officers of 34 the division as the director shall direct. For the purposes of this 35 paragraph, the expiration of a registration without renewal of that 36 registration shall be deemed to be a surrender of registration as of the 37 date of expiration; 38 (2) Suspension shall not be made under this subsection upon a 39 cancellation of motor vehicle liability insurance if the vehicle has been, 40 or will be, prior to the date of that cancellation, removed from the 41 United States in North America and the Dominion of Canada for the 42 purpose of international traffic, provided that the owner of the vehicle, 43 prior to the date of that cancellation, has filed with the director a 44 statement, in a form prescribed by him, indicating that the vehicle has 45 been, or will be, so removed, and agreeing to notify the director immediately upon return of the vehicle to the United States in North 46

America or the Dominion of Canada. Upon receipt of the statement
 the director shall restrict the use of the registration to such
 international traffic until new proof that motor vehicle liability
 insurance has been secured for the vehicle;

5 (3) Suspension need not be made under this subsection upon the 6 basis of a cancellation of motor vehicle liability insurance if the period 7 of time during which the motor vehicle remained both registered and 8 uninsured was not greater than 15 days. The director shall promulgate 9 regulations governing the conditions under which suspension action 10 may be withheld pursuant to this paragraph.

11 d. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection c. of this section, 12 an order of suspension may be rescinded if the registrant pays to the 13 commissioner a civil penalty in the amount of \$4 for each day up to 90 14 days for which motor vehicle liability insurance was not in effect. The 15 provisions of this subsection shall apply only once during any 36-month period and only if the registrant surrenders the certificate of 16 registration and registration plates to the director not more than 90 17 18 days from the date of cancellation of motor vehicle liability insurance 19 coverage or submits to the director proof of motor vehicle liability 20 insurance which took effect not more than 90 days from the 21 cancellation of his previous motor vehicle liability insurance.

e. Any motor vehicle, the registration for which has been suspended pursuant to this section, shall not be registered or reregistered in the name of the same registrant, or in any other name where the director has reasonable grounds to believe that such registration or reregistration will have the effect of defeating the purposes of this section, and no other motor vehicle shall be registered in the name of such person during the period of suspension.

29 f. No registration plates shall be returned to the registrant until 30 proof of motor vehicle liability insurance is submitted to the director. 31 g. If a registrant has not surrendered his certificate of registration 32 and registration plates or obtained motor vehicle liability insurance 33 within 90 days from the date of cancellation of motor vehicle liability 34 insurance, the director shall suspend the driver's license of any such registrant. The suspension shall take effect on the date specified in the 35 36 order and shall remain in effect until termination of the suspension of 37 the registrant's registration.

h. The Director of the Division of Motor Vehicles shall adopt rules and regulations pursuant to the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), to implement the provisions of this section. The director may, by regulation, require that the provisions of this section shall be applicable to the termination of policies of motor vehicle liability insurance for reasons other than cancellation for nonpayment of premium, including nonrenewals.

45 ²i. Within 180 days of the effective date of this act the Division of
 46 Motor Vehicles shall develop a format for electronic reporting by

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1 insurers writing private passenger automobile insurance to the 2 division, on a real-time basis, information regarding the cancellation 3 of policies of motor vehicle insurance, the issuance of new policies of 4 motor vehicle insurance, and changes of vehicle on policies of motor 5 vehicle insurance in force in order to verify compliance with the motor 6 vehicle liability insurance requirements of section 1 of P.L1972, c.197 7 (C.39:6B-1), and the mandatory automobile insurance requirements of 8 section 4 of P.L.1998, c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this 9 bill). Information shall be maintained by driver's license number of the 10 named insured. Other information to be provided by insurers shall be 11 established by the director by regulation. 12 j. The director shall establish an electronic data base containing the 13 information provided for in subsection a. of this section, which shall 14 be made available to all law enforcement officers for the purpose of 15 enforcing the mandatory motor vehicle insurance requirements of section 1 of P.L.1972, c.197 (C.39:6B-1). The data base shall not be 16 made available until every insurer writing private passenger insurance 17 18 has complied with regulations of the director and information required 19 by subsection a. of this section is reported on a real-time basis. The 20 Division of Motor Vehicles shall establish security procedures to 21 protect the confidentiality of the information on the data base, which 22 shall preclude access to the information to any person not otherwise 23 entitled to it under this or any other law. 24 k. The data base shall be funded from the Uninsured Motorist Prevention Fund established pursuant to section 2 of P.L.1983, c.141 25 (C.39:6B-3). ² ¹ 26 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.50) 27 28 29 ¹31. Section 1 of P.L.1970, c.215 (C.17:29D-1) is amended to 30 read as follows: 31 1. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance may adopt, issue 32 and promulgate rules and regulations establishing a plan for the 33 providing and apportionment of insurance coverage for applicants 34 therefor who are in good faith entitled to, but are unable to procure the same, through ordinary methods. Every insurer admitted to 35 transact and transacting any line, or lines, of insurance in the State of 36 37 New Jersey shall participate in such plan and provide insurance 38 coverage to the extent required in such rules and regulations. 39 The governing board of any plan established pursuant to the 40 commissioner's rules and regulations shall continue to exercise such 41 administrative authority, subject to the commissioner's oversight and 42 as provided in any rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this 43 section, as is necessary to ensure the plan's efficient operation, 44 including, but not limited to, the authority to investigate complaints 45 and hear appeals from applicants, insureds, producers, servicing 46 carriers or participants about any matter pertaining to the plan's proper

administration, as well as the authority to appoint subcommittees to

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2 hear such appeals. Any determination of an appeal by a plan's governing board shall be subject to review by the commissioner on the 3 4 record below, and shall not be considered a contested case under the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et 5 6 seq.). The commissioner's determination shall be a final order and 7 shall be subject to review by the Superior Court. 8 Any plan established pursuant to this section to provide insurance 9 for automobiles, as defined in section 2 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2), shall provide: 10 11 a. For a rating system which shall produce rates for each coverage 12 which are adequate for the safeness and soundness of the plan, and are 13 not excessive nor unfairly discriminatory with regard to risks in the 14 plan involving essentially the same hazards and expense elements, 15 which rates may be changed from time to time by a filing with the commissioner in a manner and form approved by the commissioner; 16 b. For rates charged to plan insureds which shall be sufficient to 17 18 meet the plan's expenses and the plan's losses on an incurred basis, 19 including the establishment and maintenance of actuarially sound loss 20 reserves to cover all future costs associated with the exposure; 21 c. For a limited assignment distribution system permitting insurers 22 to enter into agreements with other mutually agreeable insurers or 23 other qualified entities to transfer their applicants and insureds under 24 such plan to such insurers or other entities; 25 d. That it shall not provide insurance coverage for more than 10 26 percent of the aggregate number of private passenger automobile 27 non-fleet exposures being written in the total private passenger 28 automobile insurance market in this State. The plan shall provide for 29 the cessation of the acceptance of applications or the issuance of new 30 policies at any time it reaches 10 percent of marketshare, as certified 31 by the commissioner, until such time that the commissioner certifies 32 that the plan is insuring less than 10 percent of the aggregate number 33 of private passenger automobile non-fleet exposures being written in 34 the total private passenger automobile insurance market in this State; e. Except for risks written in automobile insurance urban enterprise 35 36 zones pursuant to subsection i. of this section, that it shall not provide 37 coverage to an eligible person as defined pursuant to section 25 of 38 P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-13); 39 f. (Deleted by amendment, P.L.1997, c.151.) 40 g. That the plan shall not be subsidized by any source external to 41 the plan; 42 h. That a qualified insurer who writes automobile insurance risks 43 in those automobile insurance urban enterprise zones designated by the

44 commissioner pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:33C-2)
45 shall receive assigned risk credits for voluntary risks written in those

46 designated automobile insurance urban enterprise zones as a direct

1 writer or through a UEZ agent or agents or through any agent with 2 whom the insurer has an in-force contract as of the effective date of 3 P.L.1997, c.151(C.17:33B-64 et al.). The commissioner shall establish 4 by regulation the manner in which any qualified automobile insurer may utilize the provisions of this subsection. In no event shall that 5 6 credit apply to reduce an insurer's obligations under subsection i. of 7 this section; and 8 i. (1) For a voluntary rating tier to accommodate eligible persons,

9 as defined in section 25 of P.L.1990, c.8 (C.17:33B-13), residing in
10 automobile insurance urban enterprise zones, designated by the
11 commissioner pursuant to section 20 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:33C-2),
12 to provide increased availability and encourage the voluntary writing
13 of eligible persons residing in those zones;

(2) The rates utilized in this voluntary rating tier shall be the
voluntary market rates in use by the insurer to whom the risk is
assigned in that territory;

(3) The voluntary rating tier shall not provide insurance coverage
for more than five percent of the aggregate number of private
passenger automobile non-fleet exposures being written in the total
private passenger automobile insurance market in this State, and the
number of exposures written in the voluntary rating tier shall be
included for computing the maximum number of exposures permitted
to be written in the plan;

24 (4) The plan shall distribute risks submitted by qualified producers 25 to insurers authorized to write automobile insurance in this State 26 pursuant to a fair and nondiscriminatory formula established by the 27 commissioner. The formula shall provide that insurers which have, 28 and maintain, an aggregate voluntary automobile insurance 29 marketshare in automobile insurance urban enterprise zones, which is reasonably equal to the insurer's voluntary Statewide marketshare 30 31 excluding risks written in automobile insurance urban enterprise zones, shall be exempt from these distributions; 32

33 (5) Qualified producers may submit eligible person risks from 34 automobile insurance urban enterprise zones to the plan for coverage in the voluntary rating tier. As used in this subsection i.: a "qualified 35 producer" means a UEZ agent, as defined in section 19 of P.L.1997, 36 37 c.151 (C.17:33C-1), who has met any limit on exposures that may be 38 written in accordance with the UEZ agent's agreement with the 39 appointing insurer pursuant to section 22 of P.L.1997, c.151 40 (C.17:33C-4); and a producer who: is duly licensed with 41 property/casualty authority for the three years immediately preceding 42 the effective date of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:33B-64 et al.); has no 43 affiliation with a voluntary market insurer for the placement of 44 automobile insurance; had an affiliation with a voluntary market 45 insurer for the placement of automobile insurance that was terminated by the insurer in the last three years; demonstrates to the plan his 46

1 competency, efficiency and effectiveness in the solicitation, negotiation 2 and effectuation of automobile insurance as evidenced by any history 3 of disciplinary actions or complaints against the producer, and other 4 relevant factors; and conducts his business in an office in an automobile insurance urban enterprise zone. For purposes of this 5 6 subsection i., 'insurer" means an insurer or group of affiliated insurers admitted or authorized to transact the business of automobile 7 8 insurance in this State: 9 (6) This subsection shall expire on [December 31, 2000] the first

day of the 61st month after the first policy using the voluntary rating
 tier required by this subsection was issued to a risk, as certified by the
 commissioner.

Prior to the adoption or amendment of such rules and regulations, the commissioner shall consult with such members of the insurance industry as he deems appropriate. Such consultation shall be in addition to any otherwise required public hearing or notice with regard to the adoption or amendment of rules and regulations.

18 The governing body administering the plan shall report annually to 19 the Legislature and the Governor on the activities of the plan. The 20 report shall contain an actuarial analysis regarding the adequacy of the 21 rates for each coverage for the safeness and soundness of the plan.¹ 22 (cf: P.L.1997, c.151, s.26)

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¹[34.] <u>32.</u>¹ (New section) There is established in the Division of 24 25 Criminal Justice in the Department of Law and Public Safety the Office 26 of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor. The Insurance Fraud Prosecutor 27 shall be appointed by, and serve at the pleasure of, the Governor with 28 the advice and consent of the Senate and be under the direction and 29 supervision of the Attorney General. Any person appointed as Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall have had prosecutorial experience, 30 31 including experience in the litigation of civil and criminal cases. The 32 Attorney General shall establish standards of performance for the 33 Office of Insurance Fraud Prosecutor, which shall include standards of 34 accountability.

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¹[35.] <u>33.</u>¹ (New section) The Attorney General may appoint 36 such personnel, including attorneys and clerical personnel, as 37 38 necessary to carry out the duties of the office. The personnel charged with investigatory work in ¹the¹ Division of ¹Insurance¹ Fraud 39 40 Prevention in the Department of Banking and Insurance shall be 41 transferred to the Office of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor as determined by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and the 42 43 Attorney General, in accordance with a plan of reorganization, and 44 shall become the Fraud Investigatory Section of the Office of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor. ¹[A section of the Office of Insurance 45 Fraud Prosecutor shall be designated to be responsible for establishing 46

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1 a liaison and continuing communication between the office and the 2 Department of Health and Senior Services, the Department of Human 3 Services, any professional board in the Division of Consumer Affairs 4 in the Department of Law and Public Safety, the Department of 5 Banking and Insurance, the Division of State Police, every county 6 prosecutor's office, such local government units as may be necessary 7 or practicable and insurers.] <u>Personnel transferred from the Division</u> 8 of Insurance Fraud Prevention in the Department of Banking and 9 Insurance to the Office of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor pursuant to 10 this section and any such reorganization plan shall be transferred with 11 all tenure rights and any rights or protections provided by Title 11A 12 of the New Jersey Statutes or other applicable statutes, as provided in 13 section 8 of P.L.1983, c.320 (C.17:33A-8), and any pension law or retirement system²[; and, notwithstanding the provisions of section 14 4 of P.L.1970, c.74 (C.52:17B-100), or any other law, to the contrary, 15 16 all supervisory and investigative personnel of the Office of the 17 Insurance Fraud Prosecutor including, but not limited to, supervisory 18 and investigative personnel of the Division of Insurance Fraud 19 Prevention transferred pursuant to this section and any such 20 reorganization plan, shall not be confidential employees for the purposes of the "New Jersey Employer-Employee Relations Act," 21 <u>P.L.1941, c.100 (C.34:13A-1 et seq.)</u>]².¹ 22 23 ¹[36.] <u>34.</u>¹ (New section) ¹<u>a. A section of the Office of</u> 24 Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall be designated to be responsible for 25 26 establishing a liaison and continuing communication between the office 27 and the Department of Health and Senior Services, the Department of 28 Human Services, any professional board in the Division of Consumer 29 Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety, the Department 30 of Banking and Insurance, the Division of State Police, every county 31 prosecutor's office, such local government units as may be necessary 32 or practicable and insurers. $\underline{b.}^{1}$ The section of the office responsible for such liaison shall 33 34 establish procedures: (1) for receiving notice from all entities enumerated in ¹<u>subsection a. of this</u>¹ section ¹[35 of this amendatory 35 and supplementary act]¹ of any case in which fraud is suspected or has 36 been substantiated; (2) for receiving referrals for the investigation of 37 38 alleged fraud; (3) for receiving referrals for the prosecution of fraud 39 by the office; (4) for receiving and referring information regarding cases, administrative or otherwise, under investigation by any 40

41 department or other entity to the appropriate authority²[,];² and (5)

for providing information to and coordinating information among anyreferring entities on pending cases of insurance fraud which are under

44 investigation or being litigated or prosecuted. The liaison section of

45 the office shall maintain a record of every referral or investigation.

¹[37.] <u>35.</u>¹ (New section) The Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall investigate and, if warranted, prosecute, cases referred to it by insurers, State agencies, or county and municipal governments. The Insurance Fraud Prosecutor may assist county prosecutors in the investigation and prosecution of fraud, and shall give county prosecutors access to the data base maintained pursuant to section ¹[40] <u>38</u>¹ of this amendatory and supplementary act.

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9 ¹[38.] <u>36.</u>¹ (New section) The Attorney General shall, in 10 consultation with county prosecutors, establish a Statewide fraud enforcement policy for all State and local agencies, including 11 12 guidelines for the investigation and prosecution of fraud, which shall 13 include standards for detecting fraud, for the investigation of alleged fraud and standards for the submission of cases for prosecution. 14 15 Priorities shall be established among the cases referred to the office for prosecution or other litigation and the office shall assist referring 16 17 entities in establishing priorities among investigations or cases to be disposed of by the entities themselves. 18 The Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall prosecute criminal cases, litigate civil cases as 19 20 appropriate, or assist county prosecutors in prosecuting criminal cases 21 in accordance with the guidelines and priorities so established.

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¹[39.] <u>37.</u>¹ (New section) Standards of performance shall be 24 established for the Fraud Investigatory Section, which shall include, 25 but not be limited to, recording the cases referred by insurers, local 26 government agencies and others which are assigned to the Fraud 27 Investigatory Section, investigating cases of alleged fraud in 28 accordance with the priorities established by the Insurance Fraud 29 Prosecutor, recording the disposition of the cases referred to the section, and making recommendations to the Insurance Fraud 30 31 Prosecutor as to any procedural, regulatory, or statutory changes 32 which may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this amendatory 33 and supplementary act.

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¹[40.] <u>38.</u>¹ (New section) a. The Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall maintain a data base which includes referrals, reports of fraud investigations, prosecution, or litigation, and the results of such proceedings, which shall include: (1) identification of the referring entity; (2) type of fraud; (3) disposition of case; and (4) such other data as may be necessary to the work of the office and the referring entities.

b. The Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall provide for the reporting
of claims information by insurers writing at least \$2,000,000 in direct
insurance premiums in any calendar year, in a standard reporting form,
which shall include, but shall not be limited to, information on stolen
vehicles, including the owners of such vehicles, information on

1 automobile accidents, including date and location of accidents, persons 2 involved in accidents, the kinds of injuries sustained in accidents and 3 treating health care providers, for the purpose of identifying patterns 4 of possible fraudulent activity, which information shall be shared with county prosecutors, local law enforcement officials, and the New 5 6 Jersey State Police. Every insurer shall submit the data required by the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor for all claims closing with payment during 7 8 a period established by the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor. 9

¹[41.] <u>39.</u>¹ (New section) The Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall 10 have access to all necessary information in the possession of the State 11 or local public entities, including agency inspection reports, motor 12 13 vehicle records and license information, individual case files, and 14 intelligence information compiled and maintained by the Division of State Police in the Department of Law and Public Safety. Upon the 15 request of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor, any insurer which has 16 referred a case to the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor ²[,]² or to any 17 county or local government agency shall make ²available to the Office 18 of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor² all information on the case 19 ² [available to the Office of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor that the 20 Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall request] in the insurer's possession². 21 22

¹[42.] <u>40.</u>¹ (New section) The Attorney General shall direct the
Office of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor to:

a. Confer from time to time with departments or other units of
State government which have units which investigate fraud, in order
to coordinate activities, share information, and provide any assistance
necessary to any State agency in overseeing administrative
enforcement activities;

b. Formulate and evaluate proposals for legislative, administrativeand judicial initiatives to strengthen insurance fraud enforcement;

c. In connection with insurance fraud enforcement activities, act as
the liaison for the Executive Branch of government with agencies
involved in insurance fraud enforcement outside the Executive Branch,
including federal agencies and the Judiciary.

36 d. Provide an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature, 37 no later than March 1 of each year, as to the activities of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor for the preceding twelve months, including, but not 38 39 limited to, the number of cases referred, the number of cases 40 investigated, the number of cases in which professional licenses were suspended or revoked, by type of license, the number of cases 41 42 prosecuted, the number of convictions procured, and the aggregate amount of money collected in fines and returned in restitution to 43 44 insurers or others.

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46 1 [43.] <u>41.</u>¹ (New section) In the case of a professional licensed

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or certified by a professional licensing board in the Division of
 Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety who is
 guilty of fraud, the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor may recommend to the
 appropriate board a suspension or revocation of the professional
 license.

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¹[44.] <u>42.</u>¹ (New section) The Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall
consider the restitution of moneys to insurers and others who are
defrauded as a major priority, in order that policyholders may benefit
from the prosecution of those persons guilty of insurance fraud, and
to that end, any assets of any person guilty of fraud shall be subject to
seizure.

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¹[45.] <u>43.</u>¹ (New section) The Insurance Fraud Prosecutor shall 14 have access to all information concerning insurance fraud enforcement 15 activities in the possession of all State departments and agencies. The 16 17 office shall meet on a regular basis with representatives of State 18 departments and agencies and county prosecutors to set specific goals 19 and strategies for the most effective resolution of insurance fraud cases, whether by criminal, civil, or administrative enforcement action, 20 21 or a combination thereof.

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¹[46.] <u>44.</u>¹ (New section) Any county prosecutor may apply to 23 the Office of 2 the 2 Insurance Fraud Prosecutor for reimbursement for 24 activities undertaken in connection with investigating and prosecuting 25 26 insurance fraud. The Attorney General shall allocate such funds as he 27 deems necessary from such moneys as may be appropriated for the operation of the Office of ²the ² Insurance Fraud Prosecutor to a fund 28 29 dedicated for the purpose of reimbursing county prosecutors or 30 sharing in fines levied by the Attorney General, which reimbursement 31 or sharing may be made by the Attorney General at his discretion. 32

¹[47.] <u>45.</u>¹ (New section) Every state and local law enforcement 33 agency, including the New Jersey State Police, shall make available to 34 35 investigators employed by insurers, upon presentation of appropriate identification, information from any accident report, as set forth in this 36 37 section, no later than 24 hours following the time of occurrence. The 38 information may include, but need not be limited to, the names and 39 addresses of the owners of the vehicles, insurance information 40 recorded on the accident report, and the names and addresses of 41 passengers in the vehicles at the time of the occurrence and, if 42 applicable, the name of any pedestrian injured in an accident. Every 43 accident report form shall contain the names and addresses of any 44 person occupying a vehicle involved in an accident, and any pedestrian 45 injured in an accident.

¹[48.] <u>46.</u>¹ (New section) The Attorney General shall annually, 1 on or before October 1, certify to the State Treasurer an amount 2 3 allocable to the expenses of the Office of the Insurance Fraud 4 Prosecutor for the preceding fiscal year, which amount shall be 5 transferred to the Department of Law and Public Safety by the State Treasurer from the amounts assessed and collected for the operation 6 7 of the Division of Insurance Fraud Prevention in the Department of 8 Banking and Insurance pursuant to section 8 of P.L.1983, c.320 9 (C.17:33A-8).

10

11 1 [49.] <u>47.</u>¹ (New section) For the purposes of sections 1 [50] <u>48</u>¹ 12 through 1 [63] <u>61</u>¹ of this amendatory and supplementary act:

13 "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Banking and14 Insurance;

"Claim" means any claim filed under a policy of insurance issued
pursuant to R.S.17:17-1, P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-1 et seq.) or any
policy of life or health insurance issued pursuant to Title 17 of the
Revised Statutes or Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes;

"Insurance" means any contract of direct insurance written pursuant
to R.S.17:17-1, P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-1 et seq.) or any policy of
life or health insurance issued pursuant to Title 17 of the Revised
Statutes or Title 17B of the New Jersey Statutes;

23 "Ombudsman" means the Insurance Claims Ombudsman appointed 24 pursuant to section 1 [50] <u>48</u> 1 of this amendatory and supplementary 25 act.

26

¹[50.] <u>48.</u>¹ (New section) There is created within the ²[Division 27 of Consumer Affairs in the Department of Law and Public Safety] 28 29 Department of Banking and Insurance² the Office of the Insurance Claims Ombudsman. The ombudsman shall be appointed by the 30 31 Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate and shall serve at 32 the pleasure of the Governor during the Governor's term of office. The ombudsman shall devote his entire time to the duties of his office. 33 34 Any vacancy occurring in the position of ombudsman shall be filled in 35 the same manner as the original appointment. If the ombudsman shall 36 be unable for any reason to serve his full term of office, the Governor 37 may designate an acting ombudsman until a successor is appointed and 38 qualified. The ombudsman shall have at least a baccalaureate degree 39 and at least seven years' experience in property and casualty or life and 40 health insurance, which may include experience as a broker or an 41 agent.

42

43 1 [51.] <u>49.</u>¹ (New section) The ombudsman shall:

a. Administer and organize the work of the office and hire such
persons as shall be deemed necessary to effectuate his duties, subject
to Title 11A (Civil Service) of the New Jersey Statutes, and within the

limits of funds made available by the Department of Banking and 1 Insurance ²[, in consultation with the Attorney General]². 2 Appoint and employ ²attorneys, in accordance with any 3 b. applicable law, regulation or executive order, and² any consultants, 4 independent adjusters, claims specialists ²[, attorneys]² or others for 5 the purpose of providing ²[legal and]² professional advice as the 6 ombudsman may from time to time require, within the limits of the 7 8 funds provided therefor; 9 c. Investigate consumer complaints regarding policies of insurance, including the payment of claims on policies of insurance; 10 11 d. Establish procedures to monitor the implementation of P.L.1985, c.179 (C17:23A-1 et seq.), P.L.1947, c.379 (C.17:29B-1 et 12 seq.), P.L.1982, c.95 (C.17:35C-1 et seq.) and chapter 30 of Title 17B 13 of the New Jersey Statutes and investigate violations of section 8 of 14 15 P.L.1992, c.144 (C.17:35C-11). e. Respond to inquiries from consumers, including, but not limited 16 17 to, those regarding policy provisions and the availability of coverage; 18 f. Publish and disseminate buyers' guides and, where provided by 19 law, comparative rates; provided, however, that this shall not apply to 20 any policy of health insurance issued pursuant to P.L.1992, c.161 21 (C.17B:27A-2 et seq.) or P.L.1992, c.162 (C.17B:27A-17 et seq.). 22 g. Review conduct of arbitrators appointed under the terms of the 23 policy to arbitrate disputes, except policies issued pursuant to 24 P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-1 et seq.) 25 h. Promulgate such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to effectuate the purposes of sections $1[50] \underline{48}^1$ through $1[63] \underline{61}^1$ of 26 this amendatory and supplementary act; and 27 28 i. Perform such other functions as may be prescribed by this or by 29 any other law or regulation. 30 ¹[52.] <u>50.</u>¹ (New section) Any person who: a. has reasonable 31 cause to believe that an insurer has failed or refuses to settle a claim 32 33 in accordance with the provisions of the insurance contract or engaged in any practice in violation of the provisions of P.L.1985, c.179 34 35 (C.17:23A-1 et seq.), P.L.1947, c.379 (C.17:29B-1 et seq.), P.L.1982, c.95 (C.17:35C-1 et seq.), chapter 30 of Title 17B of the New Jersey 36 Statutes or section 8 of P.L.1992, c.144 (C.17:35C-11); and, in the 37 case of disputed claims, b. has previously filed an appeal with the 38 39 insurer's internal appeals procedure established pursuant to section $\begin{bmatrix} 57 \end{bmatrix} 55^1$ of this amendatory and supplementary act, which has been 40 adjudicated, or other dispute resolution procedure established pursuant 41 42 to P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-1 et seq.), P.L.1997, c.192 (C.26:2S-1 et seq.), ²<u>or</u>² sections 1 through 12 of P.L.1983, c.358 (C.39:6A-24 43 through 39:6A-35, inclusive) ²[or sections 24 and 25 of P.L., c. 44)(now before the Legislature as this bill)]² may file an 45 (C. application with the ombudsman for a review of the claims settlement. 46

63

1 ²Any disputes which may be or have been filed or adjudicated pursuant 2 to sections 24 and 25 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) shall not be subject to the ombudsman's 3 4 <u>review.</u>² 5 ¹[53.] <u>51.</u>¹ (New section) In any investigation involving a 6 7 disputed claim, the ombudsman may: 8 a. Investigate whether the claims settlement was appropriate and 9 in accordance with the contract; 10 b. Make the necessary inquiries and obtain such information as he 11 deems necessary; c. Hold a hearing on the disputed claim; 12 13 d. Inspect any books or records which are relevant to the claim; 14 e. Compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, by subpoena, any documents, books, records, papers, objects or other 15 evidence which he believes may relate to a claim under investigation. 16 17 ¹[54.] <u>52.</u>¹ (New section) The ombudsman need not investigate 18 any complaint if he determines that: 19 20 a. The complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or not made in 21 good faith; 22 b. The complaint has been too long delayed to justify present 23 investigation; c. The resources available, considering the established priorities, 24 25 are insufficient for an adequate investigation; or 26 The matter complained of is not within the investigatory d. 27 authority of the office. 28 29 ¹[55.] <u>53.</u>¹ (New section) The ombudsman shall maintain a 30 central registry of all claims investigations which have been disposed of and closed, the nature of the investigation, findings, and 31 32 recommended actions. No information so compiled shall be construed to be a public record. In addition, the ombudsman shall: 33 34 a. Report to the commissioner any evidence that an insurer has 35 established a pattern of settlement practices which would constitute an 36 unfair claims settlement practice within the meaning of P.L.1947, c.379 (C.17:29B-1 et seq.) or any violations of P.L.1985, c.179 37 38 (C.17:23A-1 et seq.), P.L.1947, c.379 (C17:29B-1 et seq.), P.L.1982, 39 c.95 (C.17:35C-1 et seq.) chapter 30 of Title 17B of the New Jersey 40 Statutes or section 8 of P.L.1992, c.144 (C.17:35C-11); 41 b. Report to the commissioner any contract provision, including any endorsements, which are unfairly discriminatory, confusing, 42 43 misleading or contrary to public policy, along with a recommendation 44 as to whether the policy form should be modified or withdrawn. 45 ¹[56.] <u>54.</u>¹ (New section) With respect to trade or marketing 46

1 practices, the ombudsman may: 2 a. Conduct an investigation regarding an insurer's trade practices, 3 including claims settlement practices and marketing practices; 4 b. Make the necessary inquiries and obtain such information as he 5 deems necessary; 6 c. Hold a hearing; d. Inspect any books or records which may be necessary for the 7 8 investigation; 9 e. Compel any person to produce at a specific time and place, by 10 subpoena, any documents, books, records, papers, objects or other evidence which he believes may relate to the investigation. 11 The ombudsman shall report his findings to the commissioner with 12 respect to the trade practices or marketing practices under 13 14 investigation. 15 ¹[57.] <u>55.</u>¹ (New section) Every insurer writing property and 16 casualty insurance or life insurance in this State shall establish an 17 internal appeals procedure for the ²[adjudication] <u>review</u>² of disputed 18 claims, in accordance with terms set forth by the commissioner by rule 19 20 and regulation or as otherwise provided by law or regulation. The ²[adjudication] <u>review</u>² shall be conducted by a panel of the insurer's 21 employees, who shall be personnel other than those responsible for 22 claims payment on a day-to-day basis and shall be conducted within 10 23 business days of the receipt of the complaint. 24 25 ¹[58.] <u>56.</u>¹ (New section) Complaints shall be filed on a form set 26 The office of the ombudsman shall 27 forth by the ombudsman. 28 acknowledge the receipt of complaints, and advise the applicants of 29 any action taken or opinions and recommendations which may have been made by it to the insurer. The ombudsman shall make 30 recommendations to the commissioner as he deems necessary, 31 32 including, but not limited to: 33 a. A recommendation that a policy form or endorsement thereon 34 which he finds unfairly discriminatory, misleading or contrary to public policy be modified: 35 A recommendation that specific rules and regulations 36 b. promulgated by the commissioner, including rules concerning trade 37 practices and claims settlement practices, be modified or repealed; 38 39 c. A recommendation that the claims settlement practices of a 40 specific insurer or insurers be further investigated by the 41 commissioner; 42 d. A recommendation that the commissioner impose penalties or 43 other sanctions against an insurer or insurers as a result of the insurer's 44 claims settlement practices. 45 ¹[59.] <u>57.</u>¹ (New section) Every buyer's guide which is required 46

to be provided to insureds for any line of insurance shall contain a
notice describing the functions of the ombudsman, the mailing address
of the ombudsman, and a toll-free information telephone number. The
ombudsman may publicize his existence, function and activities to the
public at large.

6

¹[60.] <u>58.</u>¹ (New section) a. Any correspondence or written 7 communication from any ²[applicant] <u>complainant</u>² and any written 8 material submitted by an insurer shall remain confidential and shall not 9 10 be part of any public record, unless the parties authorize, in writing, the release of the information, $2 \circ r^2$ except for such disclosures as may 11 be necessary to enable the ombudsman to perform his duties and to 12 support any opinions or recommendations ²or as may be necessary to 13 enable the commissioner to perform any function authorized by law². 14 15 b. Any person conducting or participating in any investigation of a complaint who discloses to any person, other than the office of the 16 ombudsman²or the Department of Banking and Insurance², or those 17 authorized by the ombudsman $\frac{2}{\text{or the commissioner}^2}$ to receive it, any 18 information collected during the investigation, is guilty of a disorderly 19 20 person's offense.

c. Any statement or communication made by the office of the ombudsman relevant to a complaint received by the ombudsman, to proceedings conducted 2 either² by the ombudsman 2 or by or on behalf of the commissioner², or relating to an investigation conducted by the ombudsman, which is provided to the office in good faith, shall be absolutely privileged.

d. The ombudsman shall not be required to testify in court with respect to matters held to be confidential except as the court may deem necessary to enforce the provisions of sections ${}^{1}[50] \underline{48}^{1}$ through ${}^{1}[63] \underline{61}^{1}$ of this amendatory and supplementary act 2 or as the commissioner may deem necessary in conjunction with the execution of any power of the commissioner authorized by law².

²e. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to limit the disclosure
 of information to law enforcement and regulatory agencies.²

- 35 36 ¹[61.] <u>59.</u>¹ (New section) Upon making his determination as to 37 the appropriate disposition of a claim, the ombudsman shall notify the 38 insurer and the claimant of his decision. The decision shall be 39 admissible in any court action or any other proceeding which is 40 instituted to determine final disposition of the claim. The ombudsman 41 may file a brief with the court in connection with an action relating to 42 the disposition of claim.
- 43

¹[62.] <u>60.</u>¹ (New section) Any person who willfully hinders the
lawful actions of the ombudsman or willfully refuses to comply with
his lawful demands, including the demand for the inspection of

records, shall be subject to a penalty of not more than \$5,000. The 1 2 penalty shall be collected and enforced by summary proceedings 3 pursuant to "the penalty enforcement law," N.J.S.2A:58-1 et seq. Each violation of sections 1 [50] <u>48</u> 1 through 1 [63] <u>61</u> 1 of this 4 5 amendatory and supplementary act shall constitute a separate offense. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no 6 7 investigation or determination made by the ombudsman shall be ²[subject to the provisions] <u>dispositive of a violation</u> ² of P.L.1960, 8 c.39 (C.56:8-1 et seq.)² but may be considered relevant in determining 9 whether a violation of such act has occurred². 10

11

¹[63.] <u>61.</u>¹ (New section) The ombudsman shall report to the Governor and the Legislature on or before September 30 of each year, summarizing his activities for the preceding year, documenting any significant insurance industry problems with regard to claims settlement practices in any line of insurance, and setting forth any recommendations for statutory or regulatory change which will further the State's capacity to resolve claims disputes.

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20 ¹[64.] <u>62.</u>¹ Section 4 of P.L.1968, c.158 (C.17:29C-9) is amended 21 to read as follows:

4. No insurer shall fail to renew a policy unless it shall mail or
deliver to the named insured, at the address shown in the policy, at
least 60 days' advance notice of its intention not to renew. This
section shall not apply:

26 (a) If the insurer has manifested its willingness to renew; nor

27 (b) In case of nonpayment of premium;

provided that, notwithstanding the failure of an insurer to comply
with this section, the policy shall terminate on the effective date of any
other insurance policy with respect to any automobile designated in
both policies.

32 [If a named insured qualifies for his insurer's non-standard rate 33 level after having been insured at the standard rate level, the insurer 34 shall mail or deliver to the named insured, at the address shown in the 35 policy, at least 60 days' advance notice of its intention to renew at the 36 non-standard rate level.]

37 Renewal of a policy shall not constitute a waiver or estoppel with
38 respect to grounds for cancellation which existed before the effective
39 date of such renewal.

40 (cf: P.L.1997, c.240, s.1)

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¹[65.] <u>63.</u>¹ (New section) a. An insurer authorized to transact or transacting automobile insurance business in this State shall file with the commissioner, for the commissioner's approval, an endorsement to its automobile liability insurance policy which contains a "named excluded driver" provision that would exclude physical damage

1 coverage on an automobile covered by an automobile liability 2 insurance policy if it is operated by the "named excluded driver." For 3 purposes of this section, "named excluded driver" means a driver in the 4 household of the named insured who is specifically identified in the endorsement as a person whose operation of an automobile covered 5 6 under the automobile liability insurance policy at the time of an 7 accident would result in the denial of a physical damage claim for that 8 automobile.

b. The premium charged for the physical damage coverage on a
policy containing a "named excluded driver" endorsement shall not
reflect the claim experience or driving record of the "named excluded
driver" or drivers.

c. Election of a "named excluded driver" endorsement shall be in
writing and signed by the named insured on a form prescribed by the
commissioner. The "named excluded driver" endorsement shall
continue in force as to subsequent renewal or replacement policies
until the insurer or its authorized representative receives a properly
executed form electing to discontinue the endorsement.

d. Notwithstanding any other provision of the law to the contrary,
no person, including, but not limited to, an insurer or an insurance
producer, shall be liable in an action for damages on account of the
election of a "named excluded driver" endorsement.

e. The commissioner may promulgate rules and regulationsnecessary to implement the provisions of this section.

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¹[66.] <u>64.</u>¹ (New section) If an insurer has a financial 26 arrangement with ²[an] <u>one or more</u>² auto body repair ²[shop] 27 shops² or other repair ²[facility] <u>facilities</u>² or a network of facilities 28 29 for the purpose of repairing vehicles covered under physical damage, 30 collision, or comprehensive coverages, the insurer shall not deny a 31 person the right to select an auto body repair shop or other repair 32 facility of his choice for repair of a covered vehicle, provided that such auto body repair shop or other repair facility elected by the person 33 accepts the same terms and conditions 2 <u>from the insurer, including, but</u> 34 not limited to, price,² as the shop, facility, or network with which the 35 insurer has ²[an] <u>the most generous</u>² arrangement ²[and agrees to 36 repair the covered vehicle at the same price]². ²Prior to undertaking 37 any repair, the auto body repair shop or other repair facility of the 38 39 insured's choice shall provide the insured with written notification, in 40 a form to established by the Commissioner of the Department of Banking and Insurance by regulation, that, by agreeing to have the 41 42 auto body shop or other repair facility of the insured's choice accept 43 the same terms and conditions from the insurer as the shop, facility or 44 network with which the insurer has the most generous arrangement, 45 the insured may jeopardize any manufacturer or dealer warranty or 46 lease agreement. Such notification form shall be signed by the insured

1 prior to the undertaking of any repair.²

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¹[67.] <u>65.</u>¹ (New section) a. The Commissioner of Banking and 3 Insurance may, in connection with any profits report made under 4 5 P.L.1988, c.118 (C.17:29A-5.6 et seq.), require a review of all or part of the filing by ${}^{2}a^{2}$ qualified independent actuary, fincluding the 6 elements of the filing]² including ², but not limited to,² the ²[insurer 7 8 or ² filer's assumptions with respect to the development of losses or 9 loss adjustment expenses developed to an ultimate basis, allowance for profit and contingencies and anticipated investment income. 10

b. For the purposes of this section, "qualified independent actuary"
means a person or firm with annual billings of at least \$5,000,000, who
has not worked for the insurer or filer whose filing is under review
during the previous three year period.

15 16

¹[68.] <u>66.</u>¹ (New section) a. For the purposes of this section:

"Qualified person" means a person qualified by the Commissioner
of Banking and Insurance to intervene in public hearings pursuant to
this section ², who shall be deemed a "public servant" within the
meaning of N.J.S.2C:30-2²;

"Rate filing" means a filing for a rate increase by an automobile
insurer writing private passenger automobile insurance in this State,
² other than an expedited prior approval rate filing made pursuant to
section 34 of P.L.1997, c.151 (C.17:29A-46.6) and² other than a rate
filing made pursuant to any statutory change in coverage provided
under a policy of private passenger automobile insurance.

27 b. The Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall establish 28 standards for qualifying persons to intervene in rate filings pursuant to 29 this section. The standards shall include, but shall not necessarily be 30 limited to, requiring that any person intervening in a rate filing 31 demonstrate: (1) expertise in the insurance laws of this State; (2) an 32 understanding of the actuarial principles employed in establishing rates 33 and rating systems; (3) sufficient access to a qualified actuary and sufficient expertise to conduct a technical examination of a rate filing; 34 35 (4) sufficient resources to intervene in the rate filing process as provided herein; and (5) that the person represents the interest of 36 37 consumers 2 and accepts a duty of fidelity to do so 2 .

c. The commissioner shall require such documentation as he
determines is necessary to qualify a person to intervene in a rate filing,
and may charge a fee for registration with the department as an
intervenor, which fee shall be payable annually.

d. The commissioner may remove the registration of an intervenor
if he determines that (1) the intervenor no longer meets the
qualifications, or (2) if the intervenor is convicted of a crime or loses
a professional license for misconduct.

46 e. If an insurer or rating organization files for a rate increase for

1 private passenger automobile insurance, the commissioner shall notify 2 the public of the proposed rate change in a newspaper or newspapers 3 of general circulation throughout the State. A qualified person may 4 request, and shall receive, a copy of the rate filing and any amendments and supplements thereto and shall pay the expenses in 5 6 connection therewith. The qualified person may request that the 7 commissioner certify the rate filing for a hearing pursuant to section 8 14 of P.L.1944, c.27 (C:17:29A-14). 9 f. The commissioner shall establish by regulation the terms and 10 conditions under which the proceedings under this section shall be conducted, including, but not limited to the supporting material which 11 12 shall accompany the intervention. 13 g. Upon determining that the intervenor has demonstrated that the 14 qualified person has made a substantial contribution to the adoption of any order ²[, regulation,]² or decision by the commissioner or a court 15 in connection with a rate filing made pursuant to this section, the 16 commissioner shall award reasonable advocacy and witness fees and 17 18 expenses. 19 ²<u>h. A person commits a crime of the third degree if he solicits.</u> 20 accepts or agrees to accept any benefits as consideration for 21 knowingly violating or agreeing to violate a duty of fidelity to which 22 he is subject pursuant to this section. In addition, to any disposition authorized by law, the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall 23 24 forever bar from registration as an intervenor any person convicted 25 under this subsection. i. A person commits a crime of the third degree if he confers, or 26 27 offers or agrees to confer, any benefit the acceptance of which would 28 be criminal under this section. In addition to any disposition 29 authorized by law, the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance shall deny the rate filing of any person convicted under this subsection and 30 31 the person shall be barred from filing for any rate increase for a period 32 of one year. 33 i. Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude a prosecution or conviction for a violation of any other law.² 34 35 (New section) a. Except for the plan established 36 ¹[69.] <u>67.</u>¹ pursuant to section 1 of P.L.1970, c.215 (C.17:29D-1), every insurer 37 38 writing private passenger automobile insurance in this State pursuant 39 to P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-1 et seq.) shall file rates with the 40 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance which result in: (1) a reduction of at least 25% from the personal injury protection 41 42 territorial base rate applicable to medical expense benefits, at least 43 10% of which shall reflect a reduction in the actuarial value of the 44 medical expense benefits provided pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, 45 c.70 (C.39:6A-4), within the policy limits provided for in that section; 46 (2) a reduction of at least 22% in the territorial base rate for bodily

1 injury liability coverage applicable to named insureds to whom the

2 Limitation on Lawsuit Option provided for in subsection a. of section

3 8 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-8) applies;

4 (3) a reduction of at least 6% in the territorial base rate for
5 collision coverage which shall reflect the provisions of section ¹[66]
6 <u>64</u>¹ of this amendatory and supplementary act; and

7 (4) after the reductions required pursuant to paragraphs (1), (2) and 8 (3) of this subsection have been applied, an additional aggregate 9 reduction of at least 3% in the territorial base rates for personal injury protection, bodily injury, property damage, comprehensive and 10 collision coverages, as apportioned by the insurer and approved by the 11 12 commissioner, which reduction is attributable to the effect of the 13 enhanced insurance fraud provisions of this amendatory and 14 supplementary act and of other such laws including, but not limited to 15 P.L.1997, c.353 (C.2C:21-4.2 et seq.) and P.L.1997, c.151 16 (C.17:33B-64 et al.).

b. The rate filings reflecting these reductions shall apply to policiesissued or renewed on or after 90 days following:

(1) the establishment by the commissioner of basic benefits
required to be provided pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70
(C.39:6A-4); or

(2) the adoption by rule of the professional boards of the
designation of valid diagnostic tests pursuant to the provisions of
section 12 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this
bill);

26 whichever is later.

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¹[70.] <u>68.</u>¹ Section 3 of P.L.1991,c.154 (C.17:28-1.7) is amended
to read as follows:

30 3. Every owner, registrant or operator of a motor bus registered or 31 principally garaged in this State and every person or organization 32 legally responsible for his acts or omissions, is hereby exempted from 33 tort liability for noneconomic loss to a passenger who has a right to 34 receive benefits under section 2 of this act as a result of bodily injury 35 arising out of the ownership, operation, maintenance or use of a motor 36 bus in this State, unless that person has sustained a personal injury which results in death; dismemberment; significant disfigurement or 37 38 significant scarring; [a fracture]displaced fractures; loss of a fetus; 39 permanent loss of use of a body organ, member, function or system; 40 permanent consequential limitation of use of a body organ or member; 41 significant limitation of use of a body function or system; or a 42 medically determined injury or impairment of a non-permanent nature 43 which prevents the injured person from performing substantially all of the material acts which constitute that person's usual and customary 44 45 daily activities for not less than 90 days during the 180 days 46 immediately following the occurrence of the injury or impairment <u>or</u>

1 a permanent injury within a reasonable degree of medical probability, 2 other than scarring or disfigurement. An injury shall be considered 3 permanent when the body part or organ, or both, has not healed to 4 function normally and will not heal to function normally with further 5 medical treatment. For the purposes of this subsection, "physician" 6 means a physician as defined in section 5 of P.L.1939, c.115 (C.45:9-7 5.1). 8 In order to satisfy the provisions of this section, the plaintiff shall, 9 within 60 days following the date of the answer to the complaint by 10 the defendant, provide the defendant with a certification from the 11 licensed treating physician or a board-certified licensed physician to 12 whom the plaintiff was referred by the treating physician. The 13 certification shall state, under penalty of perjury, that the plaintiff has 14 sustained an injury described above. The certification shall be based 15 on and refer to objective clinical evidence, which may include medical 16 testing, except that any such testing shall be performed in accordance with medical protocols pursuant to subsection a. of section 4 of 17 18 P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) and the use of valid diagnostic tests 19 administered in accordance with section 12 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the Legislature as this bill). Such testing may not be 20 21 experimental in nature or dependent entirely upon subjective patient 22 response. The court may grant no more than one additional period not 23 to exceed 60 days to file the certification pursuant to this section upon 24 a finding of good cause. 25 A person is guilty of a crime of the fourth degree if that person 26 purposefully or knowingly makes, or causes to be made, a false, 27 fictitious, fraudulent, or misleading statement of material fact in, or 28 omits a material fact from, or causes a material fact to be omitted 29 from, any certification filed pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection e. of N.J.S. 2C:44-1, the court shall deal 30 31 with a person who has been convicted of a violation of this section by 32 imposing a sentence of imprisonment unless, having regard to the 33 character and condition of the person, the court is of the opinion that 34 imprisonment would be a serious injustice which overrides the need to 35 deter such conduct by others. If the court imposes a noncustodial or probationary sentence, such sentence shall not become final for 10 36 37 days in order to permit the appeal of such sentence by the prosecution. 38 Nothing in this section shall preclude an indictment and conviction for 39 any other offense defined by the laws of this State. In addition, any 40 professional license held by the person shall be forfeited according to 41 the procedures established by section 4 of P.L.1997, c.353 (C.2C:51-42 5). 43 (cf: P.L.1991, c.154, s.3) 44 ¹[71.] <u>69.</u>¹ Section 2 of P.L.1977, c.310 (C.39:6-73.1) is amended 45

46 to read as follows:

2. In the event medical expense benefits paid by an insurer, in

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2 accordance with subsection a. of section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 3 (C.39:6A-4) or section 4 of P.L., c. (C.)(now before the 4 Legislature as this bill), are in excess of \$75,000.00 on account of personal injury to any one person in any one accident, the Unsatisfied 5 6 Claim and Judgment Fund shall assume such excess up to \$250,000 and reimburse the insurer therefor in accordance with rules and 7 8 regulations promulgated by the commissioner; provided, however, that 9 this provision is not intended to broaden the coverage available to 10 accidents involving uninsured or hit-and-run automobiles, to provide 11 extraterritorial coverage, or to pay excess medical expenses. 12 (cf: P.L.1990, c.8, s.14) 13 14 ²70. Section 13 of P.L.1995, c.156 (C.17:1C-31) is amended to 15 read as follows: 16 13. The total amount assessable to companies in any fiscal year for all special purpose assessments made pursuant to applicable law as of 17 18 the effective date of this act, including the special purpose 19 apportionment established by this act, shall not increase, as a 20 percentage, more than the percentage increase in the combined net 21 written premiums received, as defined in subsection b. of section 2 of 22 this act, by all companies for the previous year, except that, with respect to fiscal year 1998 and each fiscal year thereafter, the total 23 24 amount of all direct and indirect expenditures incurred by the Division 25 of Insurance Fraud Prevention [in connection with the appointment of additional insurance fraud investigators pursuant to the Special 26 27 Purpose appropriation in P.L.1997, c.131, may], the Office of the 28 Insurance Fraud Prosecutor and the Office of the Insurance Claims 29 Ombudsman shall be included in the special purpose apportionment, 30 notwithstanding any limitation on the total amount assessable to 31 companies under this section. With respect to each fiscal year after 32 1999, the total amount assessable to companies in any fiscal year for 33 all special purpose assessments individually allocable to the direct and 34 indirect expenditures incurred by the Division of Insurance Fraud 35 Prevention, the Office of the Insurance Fraud Prosecutor and the Office of the Insurance Claims Ombudsman, respectively, shall not 36 increase, as a percentage, more than the percentage increase in the 37 38 combined net written premiums received, as defined in subsection b. 39 of section 2 of this act, by all companies for the previous year.² 40 (cf: P.L.1997, c.154, s.1) 41 ²71. Section 2 of P.L.1968, c.385 (C.17:28-1.1) is amended to 42 43 read as follows: 44 2. a. [No] Except for a basic automobile insurance policy, no

45 motor vehicle liability policy or renewal of such policy of insurance,

46 including a standard liability policy for an automobile as defined in

section 2 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2), insuring against loss resulting
from liability imposed by law for bodily injury or death, sustained by
any person arising out of the ownership, maintenance or use of a
motor vehicle, shall be issued in this State with respect to any motor
vehicle registered or principally garaged in this State unless it includes
coverage in limits for bodily injury or death as follows:
(1) an amount or limit of \$15,000.00, exclusive of interest and

8 costs, on account of injury to, or death of, one person, in any one 9 accident, and

(2) an amount or limit, subject to such limit for any one person so
injured or killed, of \$30,000.00, exclusive of interest and costs, on
account of injury to or death of more than one person, in any one
accident,

14 under provisions approved by the Commissioner of Banking and 15 Insurance, for payment of all or part of the sums which the insured or his legal representative shall be legally entitled to recover as damages 16 from the operator or owner of an uninsured motor vehicle, or hit and 17 18 run motor vehicle, as defined in section 18 of P.L.1952, c.174 19 (C.39:6-78), because of bodily injury, sickness or disease, including 20 death resulting therefrom, sustained by the insured, caused by accident 21 and arising out of the ownership, maintenance, operation or use of 22 such uninsured or hit and run motor vehicle anywhere within the 23 United States or Canada; except that uninsured motorist coverage 24 shall provide that in order to recover for non-economic loss, as defined 25 in section 2 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2), for accidents to which the 26 benefits of section 4 (C.39:6A-4) of that act apply, the tort option 27 elected pursuant to section 8 (C.39:6A-8) of that act shall apply to 28 that injured person.

29 All motor vehicle liability policies <u>, except basic automobile</u> 30 insurance policies, shall also include coverage for the payment of all 31 or part of the sums which persons insured thereunder shall be legally 32 entitled to recover as damages from owners or operators of uninsured 33 motor vehicles, other than hit and run motor vehicles, because of 34 injury to or destruction to the personal property of such insured, with a limit in the aggregate for all insureds involved in any one accident of 35 36 \$5,000.00, and subject, for each insured, to an exclusion of the first 37 \$500.00 of such damages.

38 b. Uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage shall be provided 39 as an option by an insurer to the named insured electing a standard 40 automobile insurance policy up to at least the following limits: 41 \$250,000.00 each person and \$500,000.00 each accident for bodily 42 injury; \$100,000.00 each accident for property damage or \$500,000.00 43 single limit, subject to an exclusion of the first \$500.00 of such 44 damage to property for each accident, except that the limits for 45 uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage shall not exceed the insured's motor vehicle liability policy limits for bodily injury and 46

1 property damage, respectively.

2 Rates for uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage for the

3 same limits shall, for each filer, be uniform on a Statewide basis

4 without regard to classification or territory.

c. Uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage provided for in 5 6 this section shall not be increased by stacking the limits of coverage of multiple motor vehicles covered under the same policy of insurance 7 8 nor shall these coverages be increased by stacking the limits of 9 coverage of multiple policies available to the insured. If the insured 10 had uninsured motorist coverage available under more than one policy, 11 any recovery shall not exceed the higher of the applicable limits of the 12 respective coverages and the recovery shall be prorated between the 13 applicable coverages as the limits of each coverage bear to the total of 14 the limits. 15 d. Uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage shall be subject

15 d. Onlineared <u>and underinsured</u> motorist coverage shall be subject 16 to the policy terms, conditions and exclusions approved by the 17 Commissioner of <u>Banking and</u> Insurance, including, but not limited to, 18 unauthorized settlements, nonduplication of coverage, subrogation and 19 arbitration.

20 e. For the purpose of this section, (1) "underinsured motorist 21 coverage" means insurance for damages because of bodily injury and 22 property damage resulting from an accident arising out of the 23 ownership, maintenance . operation or use of an underinsured motor vehicle. Underinsured motorist coverage shall not apply to an 24 25 uninsured motor vehicle. A motor vehicle is underinsured when the 26 sum of the limits of liability under all bodily injury and property 27 damage liability bonds and insurance policies available to a person 28 against whom recovery is sought for bodily injury or property damage 29 is, at the time of the accident, less than the applicable limits for underinsured motorist coverage afforded under the motor vehicle 30 31 insurance policy held by the person seeking that recovery. A motor 32 vehicle shall not be considered an underinsured motor vehicle under 33 this section unless the limits of all bodily injury liability insurance or 34 bonds applicable at the time of the accident have been exhausted by payment of settlements or judgments. The limits of underinsured 35 motorist coverage available to an injured person shall be reduced by 36 the amount he has recovered under all bodily injury liability insurance 37 38 or bonds;

39 (2) "uninsured motor vehicle" means:

40 (a) a motor vehicle with respect to the ownership, operation,
41 maintenance, or use of which there is no bodily injury liability
42 insurance or bond applicable at the time of the accident;

(b) a motor vehicle with respect to the ownership, operation,
maintenance, or use of which there is bodily injury liability insurance
in existence but the liability insurer denies coverage or is unable to
make payment with respect to the legal liability of its insured because

1 the insurer has become insolvent or bankrupt, or the Commissioner of

2 <u>Banking and</u> Insurance has undertaken control of the insurer for the

3 purpose of liquidation; or

4 (c) a hit and run motor vehicle as described in section 18 of 5 P.L.1952, c.174 (C.39:6-78).

"Uninsured motor vehicle" shall not include an automobile covered 6 7 by a basic automobile insurance policy; an underinsured motor vehicle; 8 a motor vehicle owned by or furnished for the regular use of the 9 named insured or any resident of the same household; a self-insurer 10 within the meaning of any financial responsibility or similar law of the 11 state in which the motor vehicle is registered or principally garaged; 12 a motor vehicle which is owned by the United States or Canada, or a 13 state, political subdivision or agency of those governments or any of 14 the foregoing; a land motor vehicle or trailer operated on rails or 15 crawler treads; a motor vehicle used as a residence or stationary structure and not as a vehicle; or equipment or vehicles designed for 16 17 use principally off public roads, except while actually upon public roads.² 18

19 (cf: P.L.1988, c.119, s.11)

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²72. Section 18 of P.L.1985, c.520 (C.17:28-1.4) is amended to
read as follows:

23 18. Any insurer authorized to transact or transacting automobile or 24 motor vehicle insurance business in this State, or controlling or 25 controlled by, or under common control by, or with, an insurer 26 authorized to transact or transacting insurance business in this State, 27 which sells a policy providing automobile or motor vehicle liability 28 insurance coverage, or any similar coverage, in any other state or in 29 any province of Canada, shall include in each policy coverage to 30 satisfy at least the personal injury protection benefits coverage 31 pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or section 19 of 32 P.L.1983, c.362 (C.17:28-1.3) for any New Jersey resident who is not 33 required to maintain personal injury protection coverage pursuant to 34 section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or section 4 of P.L., c.)(now before the Legislature as this bill) and who is not 35 (C. 36 otherwise eligible for such benefits, whenever the automobile or motor 37 vehicle insured under the policy is used or operated in this State. In 38 addition, any insurer authorized to transact or transacting automobile 39 or motor vehicle insurance business in this State, or controlling or 40 controlled by, or under common control by, or with, an insurer 41 authorized to transact or transacting automobile or motor vehicle 42 insurance business in this State, which sells a policy providing 43 automobile or motor vehicle liability insurance coverage, or any similar 44 coverage, in any other state or in any province of Canada, shall include 45 in each policy coverage to satisfy at least the liability insurance requirements of subsection a. of section 1 of P.L.1972, c.197 46

1 (C.39:6B-1) or section 3 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-3), the uninsured 2 motorist insurance requirements of subsection a. of section 2 of 3 P.L.1968, c.385 (C.17:28-1.1), and personal injury protection benefits 4 coverage pursuant to section 4 of P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or of section 19 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.17:28-1.3), whenever the automobile 5 6 or motor vehicle insured under the policy is used or operated in this 7 State. 8 Any liability insurance policy subject to this section shall be 9 construed as providing the coverage required herein, and any named 10 insured, and any immediate family member as defined in section 14.1 11 of P.L.1983, c.362 (C.39:6A-8.1), under that policy, shall be subject 12 to the tort option specified in subsection a. of section 8 of P.L.1972, 13 c.70 (C.39:6A-8). 14 Each insurer authorized to transact or transacting automobile or 15 motor vehicle insurance business in this State and subject to the provisions of this section shall file and maintain with the Department 16 of Banking and Insurance written certification of compliance with the 17 18 provisions of this section. "Automobile" means an automobile as defined in section 2 of 19 P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-2).² 20 21 (cf: P.L.1997, c.436, s.1) 22 23 ²<u>73. (New section) The commissioner may promulgate any rules</u> 24 and regulations pursuant to P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.) deemed necessary in order to effectuate the provisions of this 25 amendatory and supplementary act.² 26 27 ¹[72.] ²[70.] <u>74.² a.</u>¹ This act shall take effect 90 days following 28 29 the establishment by the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance of basic benefits required to be provided pursuant to section 4 of 30 31 P.L.1972, c.70 (C.39:6A-4) or the adoption by rule of the professional 32 boards of the designation of valid diagnostic tests pursuant to the provisions of section 12 of this act, whichever is later, except that $\frac{1}{2}$ 33 $(1)^1$ sections ¹[49] <u>47</u>¹ through ¹[63] <u>61</u>¹ shall take effect on the 34 90th day after the date of enactment 1 [and] : (2) 1 sections 1, 12, 26 35 through 1 [48] 2 [28, 30 through] 2 46¹, 1 [64] 62¹ through 1 [67] 65¹ 36 37 shall take effect immediately and the elimination of the limit on 38 39 territorial base rates provided therein shall apply to policies issued or 40 renewed by an insurer on or after the effective date of the insurer's territorial rating plan approved by the commissioner as provided in 41 section 27, but no later than March 1, 1999¹]². 42 ¹<u>b.</u>¹ Prior to the effective date of any section of this act, the 43 44 Commissioner of Banking and Insurance may take those actions and

45 promulgate those regulations necessary to implement the provisions of46 this act.